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# Assessment of the 4 VsW cod management unit following the 1985 fishery. 

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## ABSTRACT

Nominal catch in 1985 was slightly over $57,000 \mathrm{t}$, the highest since 1972, and 2,000 $t$ in excess of the TAC. The 1977-1980 year-classes made up $75 \%$ of the biomass and $83 \%$ of the numbers in the 1985 catch. A comparison of the observed and projected catches indicated that the relative sizes of these important year-classes had been well predicted in the previous assessment. Analysis of geographic distribution of catch at age from research surveys and mean fish size in commercial catches indicated segregation of age groups. The estimated $5+$ numbers per tow from the research surveys indicated an increasing trend since the early 1980s and current levels higher than any in the time series (1970 to present). The standardized commercial catch rate in 1985 was $45 \%$ higher than in 1984. These two time series of population estimates were used to calibrate sequential population analysis. Calibration indicated a 1985 terminal fishing mortality of .30 . Catch projections based on these results indicated that if the 1986 TAC of $48,000 \mathrm{t}$ is taken this would generate a fishing mortality of .26 , and the projected $\mathrm{F}_{0.1}$ catch in 1987 was found to be $38,000 \mathrm{t}$.

## RESUME

En 1985, les prises nominales dēpassaient lēgèrement 57000 t , chiffre le plus êlevé depuis 1972, et dépassaient de 2000 t le TPA. Les classes d'âge 1977 à 1980 reprësentaient jusqu'à 75 \% de la biomasse et $83 \%$ du chiffre des prises de 1985. La comparaison entre les prises observées et projetées a indiqué que les dimensions relatives de ces importantes classes d'âge avaient été correctement calculées dans l'évaluation précédente. L'analyse de la distribution géographique des prises selon l'âge, déterminée d'après des relevés par navire de recherche, et la dimension moyenne des poissons dans les prises commerciales, ont indiquē une sëgrëgation des groupes d'âge. Les nombres estimés $5+$ par trait, tels que déduits des relevēs de recherche, ont indiqué qu'il existait une tendance ascendante depuis le dēbut des annēes 1980 et que les niveaux actuels ētaient plus ēlevēs que dans toute la sērie temporelle (1970 à maintenant). En 1985, le taux normalisē de prises commerciales ētait de $45 \%$ plus ēlevé qu'en 1984. Ces deux sēries temporelles d'estimations des populations ont servi à ētalonner l'analyse séquentielle de population. L'étalonnage a indiqué une mortalité par pêche de dernière année de 0,30 en 1985. Les projections relatives aux pêches, fondēes sur ces rēsultats, ont indiquē que si l'on prenait le TPA de 1986 000 t ), on atteindrait une mortalité par pêche de 0,26 , et qu'en 1987, les prises prēvues d'après $F_{0,1}$ seraient de 38000 t .

## INTRODUCTION

Preliminary estimates of nominal catch for 1985 indicate an increase from $52,423 \mathrm{t}$ in 1984 to $57,062 \mathrm{t}$ in 1985 (Table 1). As has been the case since the extension of fisheries jurisdiction in 1977, Canada took well over $95 \%$ of the catch. Portugal was the only other nation to take a significant catch, $954 t$ under a national allocation of 1300 t .

Catches by Canadian vessels are taken mainly by otter trawlers (Table 2). There was a slight increase in the total otter trawler catch in 1985. Nominal catch by longliners increased substantially in 1985, however unconfirmed reports from the industry and Fisheries and Oceans (DFO) personnel indicate that this may be partially due to misreporting of catch from Div. 3NO. Nominal catch by seiners was down slightly while the miscellaneous catch increased, due mainly to an increase in pair trawler activity.

A map of the Scotian Shelf showing common fishing banks and NAFO Divisions is given in Figure 1. There has been a trend since 1980 for a greater proportion of the catch to be taken in Subdiv. 4Vs than Div. 4W (Figure 2). This trend is apparent for the three major gear components in the fishery. The otter trawler fishery is usually divided into spring and fall components. In the past both Subdiv. $4 V s$ and Div. 4W have been fished in the spring, but in 1984 and 1985 the spring fishery was almost exclusively concentrated in Subdiv. 4Vs. The fall fishery has traditionally been concentrated in Subdiv. 4Vs. The longliners, which fish mainly in the months of June to October, have increased activity in Subdiv. 4Vs (Table 2).

The 1985 TAC of $55,000 \mathrm{t}$ was exceeded by $2,000 \mathrm{t}$. Recent Canadian allocations and associated catches are given in Table 3. The mobile gear less than $65^{\prime}$ gear sector exceeded its 1985 quota by over $3,500 \mathrm{t}$ mainly due to an influx of vessels based in southwest Nova Scotia in April and May (Sinclair and Gavaris 1985a). Despite the quota being exceeded in early June the fishery was allowed to continue with no quota transfer. Other gear sectors also exceeded their quotas, but by smaller amounts. Shortfalls in the foreign catch (Portugal) and fixed gear $65-100^{\prime}$ resulted in the overall TAC being exceeded by only 2,000 t.

Maps of the distribution of catch per unit effort as recorded by Scotia-Fundy Region fisheries observers in 1980 and 1985 are shown in Figure 3. These are to augment similar maps presented in Gavaris and Sinclair (1985). In the January-June period of 1985 in Subdiv. 4Vs, the density of fish (CPUE) was higher and the distribution of fishing effort more extensive than in the 1980-84 period.

The advised $F_{0.1}$ catch level for 1986 is $36,000 \mathrm{t}$ (CAFSAC
Advisory Doc. 85/19). This represents a reduction over advice in the
previous 4 years, however it is not due to a perceived reduction in stock size. Indeed, the projected exploitable stock size for 1985 and 1986 indicated that the stock was increasing in size. Rather, the reduced $F_{0.1}$ catch level was due to two factors, the estimation of a fully recruited $F$ of .4 , twice $\mathrm{F}_{0.1}$; and a reduction in the estimated sizes of the 1979-1981 year-classes (Sinclair and Gavaris 1985b).

The Atlantic Groundfish Advisory Committee (AGAC) set the 1986 TAC at $48,000 \mathrm{t}$. This was because of evidence of high catch rates in 1985, that most other groundfish TAC's in the Scotia-Fundy Region had been recently reduced, and that industry was unwilling to accept a decreased TAC for a stock which appeared to be large and increasing in size.

## CATCH AT AGE

No adjustments were made to previously estimated catch at age since no new sampling data were available and no significant change has been made to nominal catch statistics.

Sampling in 1985 was good for most gears. However, additional ageing material for the seiners would have been desirable. Only one age-length key was developed for this gear rather than the traditional two semi-annual keys. Catch in the second half of the year by this gear was low. Quarterly age-length keys were generated for otter trawlers and semi-annual keys for longliners. Examination of observer length frequencies for the Portuguese catch, which occurred in the fourth quarter, indicated close agreement with the Canadian otter trawlers in the same period. Thus, the Portuguese catch was included with the Canadian and catch at age was calculated using Canadian samples only. By-catch in the foreign fishery was less than 20 t in 1985, and since it was so small a separate age composition was not calculated. Length-weight parameters were obtained from an analysis of the 1985 summer groundfish survey collections.

Input data for generating the seven keys is given in Table 4. These accounted for $54,250 t$ or $95 \%$ of the total catch. The difference consisted of Canadian catch by miscellaneous gears and foreign by-catch. The APL workspace CATCH (Gavaris and Gavaris, 1983) (Anon. 1986) was used to calculate the catch at age. In the final calculation the individual keys were combined and the catches at age were increased to reflect the total landings. This assumes that the additional catch has the same age composition as the combined otter trawler, longline and seine. The 1985 estimated catch at age by gear and time period are given in Table 5 and the total catch, mean weight, mean length, standard error, and coefficients of variation are given in Table 6. These variance estimates are recognized to be minimum estimates because the variation in individual length frequency samples is not taken into account.

The 1985 catch was dominated by the 1977 to 1980 year-classes (ages 5 to 8) which accounted for $78 \%$ of the catch biomass and $83 \%$ of the numbers.

A comparison of the observed and projected 1985 catch at age, indicates close agreement for most ages (Figure 4). The observed catch of age 3 fish ( 1982 year-class) was very small compared to the projected. There was also a shortfall for the age 4 (1981 year-class). These differences may be due to a decrease in partial recruitment of these year-classes in 1985 or to an overestimation of their sizes. For the ages 5 and 6 (1980 and 1979 yearclasses) slightly more fish were caught than projected.

Catch at age for ages 1 to 15 and $1970-85$ is given in Table 7. There has been a noticable reduction in the catches of young fish in recent years. Specifically the 1985 catch at age 3 is the lowest in the time period while that of age 4 is the lowest since 1977. These are the 1982 and 1981 year-classes respectively. Mean commercial weight at age for the same ages and time period are given in Table 8. The 1985 mean weights were similar to those of 1984 but lower than in the recent past, an average of which was used in last year's catch projections.

Estimates of the coefficients of variation in catch-at-age data were available for the period 1983-85 (Table 9). These were used to obtain preliminary estimates of the variance in sequential population analysis (SPA) calculations (White, G.N., pers. comm.). Variance in catch-at-age for the period prior to 1983 was estimated by applying the 1983-85 average coefficients of variation to the catch-at-age estimates for the same time period. It is noted, however, that this probably underestimates the true variance due to the poor levels of sampling in the early and mid 1970's for this stock. These variance estimates were then used to estimate the variance of the integrated catch which would closely approximate that of SPA for the converged part of the SPA matrix. The estimated coefficients of variation of the integrated catch (Table 10) indicate values less than $10 \%$ for ages 1-10 followed by increases to $30 \%$ for age 15.

## RESEARCH SURVEY RESULTS

Plots of mean catch per tow at age by $10^{\prime}$ square summarized over the 16 year research vessel survey time series are given in Figure 5. At age 2 the highest catches were around Sable Island and on the Eastern Shoal of Banquereau Bank. Through ages 3, 4, and 5+ the distribution shifts away from the shallow banks to the mixed depth strata north of Banquereau. This pattern suggests the spatial segregation of age groups within the management unit.

Preliminary population estimates from the 1985 summer survey were given in Sinclair and Gavaris (1985a). Following complete editing of the cruise data the estimates were recalculated with only minor differences appearing. No conversion factors were applied to account for possible differences in fishing power of the three vessels involved in the surveys pending analysis of a comparative fishing experiment carried out in the fall of 1985 in accordance with recommendations of the Statistics, Sampling, and Surveys Subcommittee. The trend in total population numbers
has been declining since 1982, however the 1982 estimate was very high due to 2 large catches of age 2 and 3 fish, the 1980 and 1979 year-classes (Table 11).

The survey time series was also calculated assuming the Delta distribution for the observed catches per tow. This is a special case for estimating the mean and variance of a random variable which has some zero observations and the distribution of non-zero observations is lognormal (Pennington 1983). The use of the Delta distribution leads to more efficient estimates of sample means than using arithemetic averages providing sample sizes are adequate (Smith, S.J. pers. comm.). Estimated mean catch per tow at age and the associated variances using the Delta distribution are shown in Table 12. Mean and variance were proportional. The coefficients of variation of the means indicate values in excess of $20 \%$ for most cells (Table 12). The mean values which have been considered anamoulous in the past (i.e. the 1973 age 2 and 3 and the 1982 age 2 and 3 ) also had extremely high coefficients of variation.

The trend in arithmetic and Delta $5+$ mean numbers per tow are very similar (Figure 6). The plot indicates that the 1985 estimate was lower than the 1984, but higher than the 1983 estimate. This supports the conclusion of Sinclair and Gavaris (1985b) that the 1984 estimate was anomalously high. The agreement between the age 4 estimates was not as close (Figure 6). For several of the higher estimates (1972, 1973, 1981, 1982, 1983) the Delta estimates were lower. This is generally expected when a log transformation is used. Given the advantages of the Delta distribution it was decided to use it when calculating survey indices for calibration.

## DISTRIBUTION OF MEAN SIZE IN COMMERCIAL CATCHES

Detailed sampling data from the commercial fishery are available from the Scotia Fundy Region Observer Program for the years 1978 to the present. At this time the 1980-1985 data series are completely edited and available for analysis. To investigate spatial segregation in the commercial fishery mean fish weights by sample were calculated. The distribution of mean weights was divided into quantiles and coded values of the quantiles were plotted by the start position of the tow (Figure 7). On Banquereau Bank, the main area of the fishery, all size groups were found. Size class $1(.2-1.4 \mathrm{~kg})$ dominated the Middle Bank area. Size class $2(1.5-1.8 \mathrm{~kg})$ were found in the northeast fishery area (Misaine Bank). The area south of Sable Island and along the 100 m contour of southwest Banquereau Bank was dominated by size class 4 samples (greater than 2.3 kg ). These patterns, with the exception of the last mentioned, were consistent across years. The occurrence of large fish on southwest Banquereau was evident only in the spring of 1985.

Thus, within the commercial fishery, spatial segregation by size is evident.

COMMERCIAL CATCH RATES
The preliminary 1985 catch and effort data for Scotia-Fundy and Newfoundland based otter trawlers and longliners were added to the 1965-1984 data set used last year (Gavaris and Sinclair 1985). These data were analyzed using the multiplicative catch rate standardization (Gavaris 1980), using the APL workspace STANDARD. All observations where either the catch or effort was less than 10 units were eliminated from the dataset because of bias due to truncation of small numbers. Following Gagne et al (1984) Canada-Maritimes otter trawler data prior to 1974 were not used because the individual catch rate trends of these gears did not reflect the trend in fishable biomass of the stock. The Canada Maritime otter trawl catch rates for 1978 and 1979 were not used due to suspected misreporting. The same seven extreme observations noted and eliminated by Gavaris and Sinclair (1985) were also eliminated from the current analysis.

The remaining data were analysed using country-gear-tonnage class combinations, division, months, and years as categories. Side otter trawlers (M) TC4 in 4Vs in January of 1965 were used as the standard. Following the initial run the residual pattern was examined and no obvious outliers were recognized.

It was observed by Sinclair and Gavaris (1985a) that catch rates reported by Maritimes stern otter trawlers TC4 and 5 were deflated in 1985 because of restrictive cod trip limits. Narrative reports from fisheries observers indicated that beginning in the late fall of 1984 most of the vessels were given 50,000 1bs trip limits for cod in Subdiv. 4Vs, accompanied by much larger limits on haddock, pollock and flounders. All of these species were actively fished in the same statistical unit area in 1985, a situation not previously observed. In the course of a trip the captain would often first fish for cod to fill the trip limit, then change locations and fish for other species. At the end of the trip, cod was often the main species caught in the unit area, and thus all the effort would be allocated to cod directed. The result was that the cod catch rates were artificially deflated. This did not occur with other vessel types fishing in the area.

Examination of the residuals associated with Canada Maritimes stern otter trawlers (0TB2) TC5 from the initial analysis indicated the effect of the bias in the 1985 data (Figure 8). There was a disproportionate number of negative residuals indicating that the reported catch rates were consistently less than expected given the catch rates of other gear classes. This is not a desirable situation given the underlying assumptions of the multiplicative model. It was concluded that the magnitude of this bias was unpredictable and therefore no attempt was made to correct the input data. Rather, these data were not used in subsequent analysis.

The analysis was run a second time using the reduced data set. The residual distribution was re-examined for outliers as were partial
regression leverage plots for the last year (White and Gavaris 1983). No obvious outliers were found. The residuals for 0TB2, TC5 did not show an undesirable trend. Examination of the residual distribution for side trawlers and selected months indicated some temporal trends (Figure 9). Recently the side trawler fleet has been reduced in size and this may have resulted in only the most efficient vessels remaining. However, at this time there is no clear reason to explain the observed trends and the effect of these on the standardized series is unclear. Further study of this problem is warranted.

The model explained $57 \%$ of the observed variance in catch rates and all variable categories were significant (Table 13). The regression coefficients are given in Table 14. The predicted catch rates and standardized effort are given in Table 15 and the catch rate trend with $90 \%$ confidence intervals is shown in Figure 10 . The trend shows a large decline in catch rate in the late 1960s and early 1970s. There was an increase from 1975 to 1980, a levelling off, then a large rise ( $45 \%$ ) in 1985. A plot of standardized fishing effort indicates a minimum effort level in 1977, followed by an increase to a level comparable to the late 1960s between 1979-1984 (Figure 11). The 1985 effort level was $25 \%$ lower than the 1984 level.

## PARTIAL RECRUITMENT

Yearly fishing mortalities at age from an initial cohort analysis using the 1984 PR estimate from the last assessment (PR 84 Table 16) were examined for trends in partial recruitment (PR). As was concluded in the past 3 assessments of the stock there was a period of flat topped recruitment in the early and mid 1970s, followed by a period of dome shaped recruitment (1979-81), and recently recruitment appeared to be again flat topped.

PR for the recent period (82-84) was estimated by assuming full recruitment for ages $7-10$, calculating a yearly fully recruited $F$ weighted by population numbers, then estimating PR at partially recruited ages. Averages were calculated for all ages over the 3 years, and the average vector was adjusted so that the age 7-10 mean was equal to 1 . This vector was re-introduced to another cohort analysis and the process was repeated until a stable vector was found. The resulting vector is given as PR $82-84$ in Table 16. Age 6 was found to be fully recruited and there was little variation across ages $6-11$. In subsequent analyses the $P R$ for ages $7-15$ was set to 1.0 .

The significant feature of this new $P R$ vector is that it indicates higher recruitment at age than what was used last year (PR 84) and what is apparent for the 1979-81 period (PR 79-81). This is contrary to what is expected given a mesh size increase in the fishery in 1982 (Sinclair and Gavaris 1985b).

## YIELD PER RECRUIT

A Thompson and Bell yield per recruit analysis was performed using the current estimate of partial recruitment and mean weights at age for the period 1970-85.

Input parameters are:

| AGE | WEIGHT AT AGE | PARTIAL RECRUITMENT |
| ---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | .091 | .000 |
| 2 | .395 | .000 |
| 3 | .661 | .130 |
| 4 | .994 | .510 |
| 5 | 1.484 | .870 |
| 6 | 2.081 | 1.000 |
| 7 | 2.785 | 1.000 |
| 8 | 3.653 | 1.000 |
| 9 | 4.401 | 1.000 |
| 10 | 5.505 | 1.000 |
| 11 | 6.382 | 1.000 |
| 12 | 7.357 | 1.000 |
| 13 | 8.510 | 1.000 |
| 14 | 8.803 | 1.000 |
| 15 | 9.991 | 1.000 |

Yield per recruit at $F=.20$ was estimated to be .622 kg , while at $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{MAX}}$ $=.33$ it was $.655 \mathrm{~kg} . \mathrm{F}_{0.1}$ was estimated to be .19.

SEQUENTIAL POPULATION ANALYSIS (SPA)
The catch at ages 1-15 and 1970-1985 were used in cohort analysis. Natural mortality was assumed to be .2. For calibrations $F$ on the oldest age (15) were set to .3 rather than iterating. Preliminary SPA's indicated that this had a negligable effect on the calibration variables. The input partial recruitment used was PR 82-84 from Table 16 with age $7-15$ values set to 1.00 . The SPA was calibrated using mean population numbers age $5+$ vs survey $5+$ mean catch per tow (Delta mean), and exploitable biomass against catch per unit effort. Linear regression using least squares was used for calibration. The criteria used for choosing terminal F were the maximal correlation coefficient, the closeness of the intercept to the origin, and the minimal sum of the last 5 squared standardized residuals (standardized by the mean squared error).

A comparison of the estimated coefficients of variation of the mean catch per tow from the survey results (using the Delta distribution) and the coefficients of variation of the integrated catch at age (i.e. SPA) indicated that survey estimates were more variable than the SPA ( 5 to 10 times). Therefore it was considered appropriate to calculate calibration
regressions which minimized the residuals around the more variable survey estimates. Thus the calibrations were done using the survey data as the dependent variable.

The slope and intercept parameters of the regressions were highly sensitive to the choice of terminal $F$ since the most recent points were also the highest in the time series. The correlation coefficient was highest and the intercept was closest to the origin at $F_{t}=.25$ (Table 17). However, the sum of the last 5 squared standardized residuals was lowest at $F_{t}=.35$.

Exploitable biomass was estimated using mean population numbers, commercial weights at age, and PR at age for 3 time periods, 1970-78, 1979-81, 1982-85. These were calibrated with standardized catch per unit effort. The current estimate of PR for 1982-84 is higher than that used last year. The result was that the estimated exploitable biomass was higher causing these three points to be above the regression line. The correlation coefficient peaked between $F_{t}=.25$ and .30 and the intercept was closest to the origin at $F_{t}=.40$ (Table 18). The sum of the squared residuals did not give a clear pattern due to the position of the 1982-84 points. However, at $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{t}}$ greater than .35 the correlation coefficient declines quickly.

In summary, the observed catch at age in 1985 compared favorably with that predicted indicating that the relative sizes of the major year-classes (1977-1980) were well estimated last year. The 1985 catch rates were expected to increase but not as much as observed. However, the 1985 CPUE may have been overestimated due to changing conditions in the fishery (eg. increased relative power of side trawlers). Based on the results of calibration and the comparison of observed and predicted events in the 1985 fishery a teminal F of .30 in 1985 was selected. This is consistent with recent levels of $F$ in the SPA (.29-. 33 for 1982-84), and with the projected $1985 \mathrm{~F}=.35$ at a catch of $55,000 \mathrm{t}$. The two calibration plots at $F_{t}=.30$ are given in Figure 12. Estimated beginning of the year population numbers, mean biomass, and fishing mortalities at age are given in Tables 19-21 respectively. For the final SPA $F$ on the oldest ages was set equal to the weighted mean $7+$ value for the year.

## ASSESSMENT RESULTS

## Recruitment

The method used to estimate PR is not sensitive to short term changes in this important factor. It has been demonstrated that the resource is spatially segregated by age (survey results Figure 5) and by size (commercial catch Figure 7). Thus the fishermen should be able to select the size and age of the catch by changing the location fished. Thus PR may change substantially just by the behaviour of the fishermen.

Using a $1985 \mathrm{~F}_{\mathrm{t}}$ of . 30 and the PR given above the estimated sizes of the 1981 and 1982 year-classes at age 1 were well below the smallest previously observed. The same condition was noted in the previous assessment. However, these two year-classes do not appear to be so small in the research survey results. Due to the lack of internal consistency along cohorts in the survey data it was concluded that survey estimates at ages 4 and younger could not be used for calibrating the sizes of the 1981 and 1982 year-classes. Rather, due to uncertainties in the estimated PR for these ages it was decided to increase the population estimates so that they would be approximately equal to the smallest previously observed (64 million at age 1 for the 1972 year-class). The PR required to give these estimates is given in the table on projection input.

## Production

Production calculations were carried out using APL programs developed by Rivard (1982) using the FISH workspace. Total production in the early 1970's was due mainly to growth with recruitment production (age 3) being low (Figure 13). Simultaneously the catch was exceeding surplus production and this led to the decline in biomass in the mid 1970's. The recruitment of larger year-classes, a reduction of the catch of young fish in the foreign small mesh fishery, and a general reduction in the level of fishing mortality has occurred since the extension of fisheries jurisdiction. As a result surplus production has exceeded catch for the period 1976-1983, and population biomass has recovered to historic high levels. Recent declines in mean weight at age have contributed to a levelling off of growth production. With the current estimate of stock size, catches in 1984 and 1985 have slightly exceeded surplus production.

## PROGNOSIS

Catch projections were made using the 1985 population size from the SPA and the 1985 catch at age. Weights at age in the commercial fishery showed a decreasing trend through the early 1980's. This is likely to be due to a change in the seasonal and geographic pattern of the fishery since this trend was not found in the research survey weights at age. The 1985 commercial weights at age were similar to those from 1984. Thus the 1985 weights were used for projections. The long term geometric mean recruitment (1958-present) for this stock is 107 million fish at age 1. Since 1970 there have only been three year-classes greater in size than this, the 1977 at 119 million, the 1978 at 113 million and the 1979 at 133 million. It was considered more appropriate to use the geometic mean for the 1969-1980 year-classes, namely 91 million fish as input values for the 1983-1985 year-classes in projections. The expected long term average yield at the $F=.2$ yield per recruit of .622 kg would be $57,000 \mathrm{t}$. Input data for projections are as follows:

| Age | Number $\left(\times 10^{-3}\right)$ <br> 1985 | Catch $\left(\times 10^{-3}\right)$ <br> 1985 | Weight $(\mathrm{kg})$ | PR |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 91000 | 0 |  | 0 |
| 1 | 74504 | 4 | .635 | .0002 |
| 2 | 42560 | 154 | .701 | .013 |
| 3 | 35427 | 2323 | 1.044 | .250 |
| 4 | 40003 | 8353 | 1.456 | .869 |
| 5 | 32722 | 7782 | 1.981 | 1.000 |
| 6 | 16613 | 2922 | 2.491 | 1.000 |
| 7 | 9420 | 978 | 3.170 | 1.000 |
| 8 | 4143 | 427 | 3.933 | 1.000 |
| 9 | 1809 | 274 | 5.105 | 1.000 |
| 10 | 161 | 65 | 6.368 | 1.000 |
| 11 | 712 | 19 | 6.14 | 1.000 |
| 12 | 80 | 16 | 9.935 | 1.000 |
| 13 | 27 |  | 11.167 | 1.000 |
| 14 |  |  | 11.255 | 1.000 |
| 15 |  |  |  |  |

If the 1986 TAC of $48,000 \mathrm{t}$ is taken, which would generate a fishing mortality of .26 , the projected $\mathrm{F}_{0.1}=.2$ catch in 1987 is $38,000 \mathrm{t}$. The projected $\mathrm{F}_{0.1}$ catches in $1986{ }^{\circ}$ and 1987 are $38,000 \mathrm{t}$ and $40,000 \mathrm{t}$. The projected catch at age in 1986 and 1987 under both scenarios is given in Table 22.

The implied fishable biomass in 1985 and that for 1986 and 1987 under the assumption that the 1986 TAC is taken are $200,000 \mathrm{t}, 207,000 \mathrm{t}$, and 206,000 t. This suggests that catch rates will be stable and that the recent increasing trend in stock size has ended.

A summary of vital parameters estimated from the past 3 assessments of the stock are given below:

| Population <br> Year | $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{t}}$ | Year-Class Size at Age $3\left(\times 10^{6}\right)$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $)$ | 1979 | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 |  |
| 1983 | .35 | 111 | 112 | $(72)^{\star}$ | $(72)^{\star}$ |
| 1984 | .40 | 81 | 69 | 43 | $(72)^{\star}$ |
| 1985 | .30 | 89 | 71 | 44 | 43 |

* assumed

Each estimate of $F_{t}$ has been well above $F_{0.1}$. The major difference between 1983 and 1984 assessment resuilts was the sizes of the 1979 and 1980 year-classes. Estimates for these year-classes in 1985 were consistent with those from 1984. However, the 1982 year-class estimate has been revised downward in 1985.

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Table 1. $4 V$ sW cod nominal catches by country and NAFO Divisions.

| YEAR | CANADA | FRANCE | PORTUGAL | SPAIN | USSR | OTHERS | TOTAL | SUBDIV. 4Vs | DIV. 4W | TAC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1958 | 17938 | 4577 | 1095 | 14857 | - | 124 | 38591 | 23790 | 14801 | - |
| 1959 | 20069 | 16378 | 8384 | 19999 | - | 1196 | 66026 | 47063 | 18963 | - |
| 1960 | 18389 | 1018 | 1720 | 29391 | - | 126 | 50645 | 27689 | 22956 | - |
| 1961 | 19697 | 3252 | 2321 | 40884 | 113 | 42 | 66309 | 34237 | 32072 | - |
| 1962 | 17579 | 2645 | 341 | 42146 | 2383 | 60 | 65154 | 26350 | 38804 | - |
| 1963 | 13144 | 72 | 617 | 44528 | 9505 | 307 | 68173 | 27566 | 40607 | - |
| 1964 | 14330 | 1010 | - | 39690 | 7133 | 1094 | 63257 | 25496 | 37761 | - |
| 1965 | 23104 | 536 | 88 | 39280 | 7856 | 122 | 70986 | 36713 | 34273 | - |
| 1966 | 17690 | 1494 | - | 43157 | 5473 | 711 | 68525 | 27177 | 41348 | - |
| 1967 | 18464 | 77 | 102 | 33934 | 1068 | 513 | 54158 | 26607 | 27551 | - |
| 1968 | 24888 | 225 | - | 50418 | 4865 | 32 | 80428 | 48781 | 31647 | - |
| 1969 | 14188 | 217 | - | 32305 | 2783 | 672 | 50165 | 22316 | 27849 | - |
| 1970 | 11818 | 420 | 296 | 41926 | 2521 | 453 | 57434 | 28639 | 28795 | - |
| 1971 | 17064 | 4 | 18 | 30864 | 4506 | 107 | 52563 | 24128 | 28435 | - |
| 1972 | 19987 | 495 | 856 | 28542 | 4646 | 7119 | 61645 | 36533 | 25112 | - |
| 1973 | 15929 | 922 | 849 | 30883 | 2918 | 2592 | 54093 | 23401 | 30692 | 60500 |
| 1974 | 10700 | 35 | 1464 | 27384 | 3097 | 1061 | 43741 | 19611 | 24130 | 60000 |
| 1975 | 9939 | 1867 | 546 | 15611 | 3041 | 1512 | 32517 | 11694 | 20823 | 60000 |
| 1976 | 9567 | 697 | - | 11090 | 1018 | 2035 | 24407 | 11553 | 12854 | 30000 |
| 1977 | 9890 | 68 | - | - | 97 | 335 | 10390 | 2873 | 7517 | 7000 |
| 1978 | 24642 | 437 | - | 57 | 218 | 51 | 25405 | 10357 | 15048 | 7000 |
| 1979 | 39219 | 18 | - | 2 | 683 | 108 | 40030 | 15393 | 24637 | 30000 |
| 1980 | 48821 | 17 | 5 | 5 | 338 | 66 | 49252 | 31378 | 17874 | 45000 |
| 1981 | 53053 | - | - | - | 630 | 35 | 53718 | 32107 | 21611 | 50000 |
| 1982 | 55675 | - | - | - | 45 | 34 | 55754 | 40110 | 15644 | 55600 |
| 1983 | 50898 | - | 1230 | - | 190 | 62 | 52380 | 33170 | 19210 | 64000 |
| $1984{ }^{\text { }}$ | 51981 | - | 303 | - | 110 | 29 | 52423 | 42474 | 9949 | 55000 |
| 1985 | $56090^{2}$ | - | $954{ }^{3}$ | - | $9^{3}$ | $9^{3}$ | 57062 | 47830 | 9232 | 55000 |

1 Prellminary NAFO
2 Prellminary Scotia-Fundy and Newfound land
3 FLASH

Table 2. Canadlan catch of $4 V$ sW cod by gear and (sub) Division (from NAFO).

|  | 4Vs |  |  |  |  | 4W |  |  |  |  | 4VsW |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| YEAR | OTB | LL | SDN | MIS | TOTAL | OTB | LL | SDN | MIS | TOTAL | OTB | LL | SDN | MIS | TOTAL |
| 1964 | 2056 | 42 | 2 | - | 2100 | 7324 | 708 | 88 | 4110 | 12230 | 9380 | 750 | 90 | 4110 | 14330 |
| 1965 | 7366 | 84 | 22 | - | 7472 | 10290 | 1339 | 159 | 3844 | 15632 | 17656 | 1423 | 181 | 3844 | 23104 |
| 1966 | 6374 | 143 | 14 | - | 6531 | 6614 | 1472 | 38 | 3035 | 11159 | 12988 | 1615 | 52 | 3035 | 17690 |
| 1967 | 6735 | 99 | 27 | - | 6861 | 6460 | 1453 | 71 | 3619 | 11603 | 13195 | 1552 | 98 | 3619 | 18464 |
| 1968 | 9501 | 48 | 18 | - | 9567 | 8360 | 1928 | 89 | 4944 | 15321 | 17861 | 1976 | 107 | 4944 | 24888 |
| 1969 | 3540 | 43 | 7 | - | 3590 | 4695 | 2647 | 13 | 3243 | 10598 | 8235 | 2690 | 20 | 3243 | 14188 |
| 1970 | 3054 | 21 | 1 | - | 3076 | 3602 | 3039 | 62 | 2039 | 8742 | 6656 | 3060 | 63 | 2039 | 11818 |
| 1971 | 5827 | 40 | - | - | 5867 | 4768 | 4173 | 26 | 2230 | 11197 | 10595 | 4213 | 26 | 2230 | 17064 |
| 1972 | 9856 | 115 | 4 | - | 9975 | 4732 | 3350 | 7 | 1923 | 10012 | 14588 | 3465 | 11 | 1923 | 19987 |
| 1973 | 6392 | 82 | 3 | - | 6477 | 4723 | 3173 | 20 | 1536 | 9452 | 11115 | 3255 | 23 | 1536 | 15929 |
| 1974 | 4644 | 56 | - | - | 4700 | 1335 | 2512 | 5 | 2148 | 6000 | 5979 | 2568 | 5 | 2148 | 10700 |
| 1975 | 1824 | 63 | - | - | 1887 | 3566 | 2558 | 11 | 1917 | 8052 | 5390 | 2621 | 11 | 1917 | 9939 |
| 1976 | 3755 | 42 | - | - | 3797 | 937 | 2289 | 14 | 2530 | 5770 | 4692 | 2331 | 14 | 2530 | 9567 |
| 1977 | 2751 | 50 | 4 | - | 2805 | 1873 | 3121 | 68 | 2023 | 7085 | 4624 | 3171 | 72 | 2023 | 9890 |
| 1978 | 9561 | 294 | 19 | - | 9874 | 7997 | 4321 | 839 | 1611 | 14768 | 17558 | 4615 | 858 | 1611 | 24642 |
| 1979 | 14853 | 438 | 86 | - | 15377 | 13784 | 5577 | 3245 | 1236 | 23842 | 28637 | 6015 | 3331 | 1236 | 39219 |
| 1980 | 28941 | 2116 | 321 | - | 31378 | 6298 | 6032 | 3440 | 1673 | 17443 | 35239 | 8148 | 3761 | 1673 | 48821 |
| 1981 | 27662 | 4274 | 171 | - | 32107 | 9148 | 7660 | 2433 | 1705 | 20946 | 36810 | 11934 | 2604 | 1705 | 53053 |
| 1982 | 32247 | 7069 | 794 | - | 40110 | 6352 | 5877 | 1943 | 1393 | 15565 | 38599 | 12946 | 2737 | 1393 | 55675 |
| 1983 | 26817 | 4475 | 671 | - | 31963 | 11280 | 4451 | 1936 | 1268 | 18935 | 38097 | 8926 | 2607 | 1268 | 50898 |
| $1984{ }^{1}$ | 37149 | 4123 | 879 | 20 | 42171 | 3496 | 3067 | 2144 | 1103 | 9810 | 40645 | 7190 | 3023 | 1123 | 51981 |
| $1985{ }^{2}$ | 38192 | 7390 | 718 | 567 | 46867 | 3010 | 2756 | 1230 | 2227 | 9223 | 41202 | 10146 | 1948 | 2794 | 56090 |

1 Preliminary NAFO
2 Prellminary Scotla-Fundy, prellminary Newfoundland

Table $3.4 V s W$ cod recent allocations and catches. Data were taken from final yearly quota reports. The catch figures from quota reports were close to (within $3 \%$ ) but not exactly equal to the nominal catches reported in the Canadian statistics. All figures are metric tons.

| Gear Sector | 1982 |  |  | 1983 |  |  | 1984 |  |  | 1985 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | initial quota | Final Quota | Catch | Initial Quota | Final Quota | Catch | Initial Quota | Final Quota | Catch | Initial Quota | Final Quota | Catch |
| Vessels >100' | 33950 | 36200 | 34926 | 39000 | 40500 | 36015 | 33550 | 38350 | 38275 | 34850 | 34850 | 34642 |
| MG 65-100' | 500 | 750 | 858 | 850 | 850 | 1218 | 730 | 1630 | 1360 | 730 | 1230 | 1481 |
| FG 65-100' | 1050 | 1280 | 1433 | 1250 | 1250 | 649 | 1070 | 870 | 470 | 1070 | 370 | 87 |
| MG < 65 , | 6500 | 6700 | 6546 | 7400 | 7400 | 3894 | 6340 | 4640 | 4399 | 6340 | 6340 | 9877 |
| FG < 65. | 8000 | 10700 | 11735 | 12500 | 12500 | 9394 | 10710 | 8210 | 7635 | 10710 | 10910 | 11558 |
| Canadian | 50000 | 55600 | - | 61000 | 62500 | - | 52400 | 53700 | - | 53700 | 53700 | - |


| Key | Gear | Period Covered | $\begin{gathered} \text { Length } \\ a \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Coeff. $\mathrm{b}$ | No. Measured | No. aged | Catch |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Otter Trawl | Jan-Mar | . 0088 | 3.006 | 7284 | 775 | 11009 |
| 2 | Otter Trawl | Apr-June | . 0088 | 3.006 | 9590 | 350 | 15780 |
| 3 | Otter Trawl | July-Sept | . 0088 | 3.006 | 2882 | 284 | 5640 |
| 4 | Otter Trawl | Oct-Dec | . 0088 | 3.006 | 5713 | 340 | 9727 |
| 5 | Longline | Jan-June | . 0088 | 3.006 | 3319 | 380 | 3588 |
| 6 | Longline | July-Dec | . 0088 | 3.006 | 2244 | 372 | 6558 |
| 7 | Seines | Jan-Dec | . 0088 | 3.006 | 2008 | 148 | 1948 |
|  | TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  | 54,250 |

Table 5. 4VsW cod catch at age ('000) by key in 1985.

| AGE | ОТВ |  |  |  | LL |  | SDN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Q1-2 | Q3-4 | Q1-4 |
| 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2 | - | - | - | 1 | - | 3 | - |
| 3 | 59 | 4 | 13 | 48 | - | 13 | 10 |
| 4 | 339 | 604 | 297 | 678 | 1 | 100 | 191 |
| 5 | 1254 | 2473 | 1438 | 1871 | 119 | 347 | 439 |
| 6 | 1478 | 2769 | 875 | 1413 | 111 | 482 | 269 |
| 7 | 1084 | 1068 | 391 | 439 | 174 | 343 | 230 |
| 8 | 664 | 551 | 107 | 235 | 164 | 319 | 75 |
| 9 | 379 | 164 | 27 | 110 | 123 | 106 | 22 |
| 10 | 134 | 51 | 10 | 58 | 66 | 87 | 1 |
| 11 | 63 | 35 | 5 | 24 | 74 | 60 | 1 |
| 12 | 48 | 27 | 1 | 5 | 40 | 37 | 1 |
| 13 | 3 | 3 | - | - | 19 | 36 | - |
| 14 | 2 | 1 | - | - | 9 | 7 | - |
| 15 | 1 | - | - | - | 5 | 9 | - |
| $16+$ | 2 | 2 | - | - | 10 | 1 | - |

Table 6. 1985 catch at age ('000) for $4 V$ vW cod with mean weights ( kg ), mean lengths (cm), and standard error.

|  | AUEFRAGE |  | CATEH |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AGE | WEIGHT | LEMGTH | MEAM | STH, EFFF, | $c . v$. |
| --- | ------- | ------ | ---- |  |  |
| 2 | 0.635 | 40.613 | 4 | 2.07 | 0.50 |
| 3 | 0.701 | 42.464 | 154 | 24.91 | 0.16 |
| 4 | 1.044 | 48.443 | 2323 | 183.08 | 0.08 |
| 5 | $1+456$ | 54.017 | 8353 | 342.44 | 0.04 |
| 6 | 1.981 | 59.797 | 7782 | 357.70 | 0.05 |
| 7 | 2.491 | 64.398 | 3922 | 237.36 | 0.06 |
| 8 | 3.170 | 69.545 | 2224 | 151.91 | 0.07 |
| 9 | 3.933 | 74.601 | 778 | 80.72 | 0.08 |
| 10 | 5.105 | 80.897 | 427 | 48.27 | 0.11 |
| 11 | 6.363 | 86.876 | 274 | 31.74 | 0.12 |
| 12 | 6.121 | 84.476 | 168 | 32.57 | 0.17 |
| 13 | 9.735 | 102.544 | 65 | 12.05 | 0.19 |
| 14 | 11.167 | 106.338 | 19 | 5.55 | 0.27 |
| 15 | 11.255 | 107.085 | 16 | 6.03 | 0.37 |
| $16+$ | 14.414 | 115.326 | 17 | 3.85 | 0.23 |

Table 7.

| 1 | 1970 | 1971 | 1772 | 1773 | 1774 | 1775 | 17\% | 1777 | 1778 | 1777 | 1700 | 1981 | 1798 | 1783 | 1784 | 1705 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1293 | 2311 | 2303 | 1415 | 1482 | 1792 | 723 | 2 | 177 | 12 | 31 | 3 | J | 0 | $\hat{4}$ |  |
| 21 | 863. | 15218 | 17730 | 12142 | 6451 | 9977 | 4051 | 24 | ${ }_{15} 15$ | 81 | 45 | 346 | 147 | 0 | 2 |  |
| 31 | 8086 | 12532 | 14237 | 14801 | 12805 | 9485 | 3587 | 36 | 1004 | 127 | 20.34 | 3742 | 2500 | 3048 | 421 | 154 |
| 41 | 14502 | 7146 | 13361 | 7507 | 7947 | 4341 | 3713 | $1{ }^{103}$ | 3 Sajo | 8164 | 5117 | 7724 | 76 | 8251 | 6210 | 2323 |
| 5 | 13673 | 8807 | 9661 | 975 | 7130 | 4547 | 4618 | 155 | 46.21 | 9145 | 7112 | 7276 | 7953 | 7365 | 9371 | 2355 |
| 61 | 4539 | 10262 | 8700 | 3823 | 2706 | 2594 | 2412 | 871 | 2441 | 4871 | 6147 | 4852 | 3449 | 5997 | 6113 | 7702 |
| 71 | 1742 | 5160 | 3432 | 2776 | 744 | 2627 | 1426 | 501 | 768 | 1162 | 2727 | 2991 | 2406 | 1938 | 4102 | 392 |
| 81 | 759 | 1847 | 1917 | 3724 | 1323 | 612 | 511 | 220 | 213 | 371 | 1050 | 1455 | 1273 | 977 | 1294 | 2224 |
| 91 | 236 | 476 | 358 | 1166 | 413 | 497 | 184 | 128 | 112 | 76 | 317 | 375 | 674 | 576 | - 369 | 776 |
| 101 | 72 | 114 | 393 | 273 | 307 | 660 | 49 | 35 | 80 | 23 | 88 | 126 | 304 | 229 | 293 | 427 |
| 11 | 137 | 131 | 79 | 279 | 15 | 153 | 22 | 44 | 26 | 10 | 47 | 62 | 156 | 140 | 149 | 274 |
| 12 ! | 56 | 72 | 2 | 7 | 5 | 126 | 107 | 55 | 28 | 5 | 26 | 32 | 67 | 50 | 61 | 158 |
| 13 | 9 | 78 | 37 | 7 | 0 | 36 | 1 | 11 | 26 | , | 4 | 21 | 57 | 22 | 35 | 65 |
| 14 - | 12 | 12 | 0 | 5 | 0 |  | 4 | 3 |  |  | 1 | 2 | 51 | 16 | 17 | 19 |
| 151 | , | 51 | , | 5 | 0 | 9 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 4 | , | 17 | , | 2 | 16 |
| 1+1 | 55051 | 66311 | 72371 | 56004 | 45730 | 37469 | 21724 | 4714 | 13312 | 23554 | 25079 | 31053 | 23726 | 28610 | 20637 | 26707 |
| $2+1$ | 53758 | 67000 | 69988 | 56586 | 44248 | 35677 | 20996 | 4912 | 13155 | 23541 | 25045 | 31030 | 20725 | 28610 | 28059 | 26707 |
| $3+1$ | 45127 | 43782 | 52250 | 44444 | 35777 | 25698 | 16935 | 4068 | 12782 | 23460 | 24896 | 30582 | 28574 | 28610 | 26037 | 26705 |
| $4+1$ | 30241 | 36200 | 38023 | 27563 | 22912 | 16213 | 13348 | 4502 | 11978 | 21831 | 22062 | 26940 | 26074 | 25562 | 28216 | 26551 |
| 5 | 21437 | 27054 | 24552 | 22056 | 12765 | 11872 | 7635 |  | $\underline{0328}$ | 15606 | 17743 | 17216 | 18409 | 17311 | 22006 | 24820 |
| $6+1$ | 7766 | 18245 | 15001 | 12301 | 5835 | 7323 | 4817 | 1870 | 3707 | 6522 | $10 \pm 51$ | 9740 | 8457 | 7943 | 12635 | 15875 |

Table_ 8.

|  | 4Vsw con commercial meights at age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1770 | 1971 | 1972 | 1773 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1777 | 1978 | 1979 | 1780 | 1981 | 1782 | 1783 | 1784 | 1985 |
| $1)$ | 0.020 | 0.010 | 0.650 | 0.080 | 0.130 | 0.100 | 0.100 | 0.100 | 0.200 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.120 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 2 | 0.150 | 0.110 | 0.180 | 0.220 | 0.330 | 0.270 | 0.280 | 0.260 | 0.620 | 0.530 | 0.570 | 0.616 | 0.55 | 0.350 | 0.557 | 0.635 |
| 3 | 0.450 | 0.320 | 0.440 | 0.450 | 0.620 | 0.530 | 0.570 | 0.810 | 0.350 | 0.760 | 0.800 |  |  | 0.807 | 0.724 | 0.701 |
| 5 | 1.750 1.500 | 1.670 | 1.270 | 1.210 | 1.530 | 1.340 | 1.460 | 1.6 | 1.250 1.600 | 1.000 | 1.600 | 1.1693 | 1.675 | 1.547 | 1.422 | . 1.454 |
| 6 | 2.190 | 1.560 | - | 1.720 | 2.150 | 1.870 | 2.030 | 2,360 | 2,470 | 2.390 | 2.210 | 2,133 | 2.395 | 2.100 | 1,71 | 1,73i |
| 7 | 2.740 | 2.070 | 2.4 | 2,280 | 2.620 | 2.470 | 2.650 | 3+170 | 3.610 | 3.150 | 3.080 | 2.765 | 2.779 | 3.103 | 2+400 |  |
| 8 | 3.730 | 2.50 | 3.140 | 2,900 | 3.580 | 3.120 | 3.350 | 4.580 | 5.235 | 3.710 | 4.310 | 3.941 | 4.074 | 3.527 | 3.437 | 3.170 |
| ${ }^{9} 10$ | 4.510 5.280 | 3.210 3 3 | 3.830 4.520 | 3.540 4.20 | 4.410 5 5 | 3.810 4.530 | 4.070 4.300 | 4.140 <br> 5 | 5.590 $\mathbf{6} 540$ | 4.770 | 5.260 | 5. 6 | 5.472 | 4,376 | 3.776 4.764 | 3.933 5 5 5 |
| 10 | 5.280 6.020 | 3.750 4.200 | 4.520 5.200 | 4.220 4.700 | 5.230 3.170 | 4.530 5.270 | 4.800 5.550 | 5.330 4.650 | 6.540 7.720 | 6.840 7.860 | 7.520 | 7.165 7.673 | 7.078 8.743 | 5,763 6,760 | 4.754 6.337 | 5.105 6.305 |
| 12 | 6.710 | 4,770 | 5.870 | 5.590 | 7.130 | 6.010 | 6.290 | 4.910 | 9.210 | 9,410 | 10.190 | 7+201 | 9.077 | 9.041 | 8.098 | 6.121 |
| 13 | 7.350 | 5.230 | 6.520 | 6.220 | 8.070 | 6.750 | 7.020 | 7.140 | 10.400 | 10.630 | 7,720 | 11,868 | 11.423 | 10.026 | 3.945 | 9,735 |
| 14 | 7.350 | 5.450 | 7,140 | 6,760 | 9.050 | 7.510 | 7.740 | 8.590 | 9,750 | 10.030 | ${ }^{3.130}$ | 8. 654 | 10.589 | 11.715 | 10.230 | 11.157 |
| 151 | 8.490 | 6.040 | 7.730 | 7.520 | 10.010 | 3.240 | 3.430 | 10.600 | 3.680 | 11.450 | 14.450 | 7.836 | 12.464 | 12.073 | 11.647 | 11.255 |

table 9: coefticients of variation of Catch at age for 4usw cod.

|  | 83 | 84 | 85 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| -+.400 | .400 | .400 |  |
| 1 | . | .400 | .400 |
| 2 | .400 |  |  |
| 3 | . | .068 | .130 |
| 4 | .162 |  |  |
| 5 | .037 | .038 | .079 |
| 6 | .037 | .033 | .041 |
| 7 | .056 | .041 | .046 |
| 8 | .064 | .044 | .061 |
| 9 | .060 | .063 | .068 |
| 10 | .070 | .095 | .083 |
| 11 | .103 | .123 | .113 |
| 12 | .120 | .103 | .116 |
| 13 | .160 | .122 | .194 |
| 14 | .213 | .156 | .185 |
| 15 | .250 | .186 | .293 |
| 1 | .289 | .500 | .375 |

TABLE 10: 4UsW COD COEFFICIENTS OF VARIATION FOR INTEGRATED CATCH.

|  | 1 | 70 | 71 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78 | 79 | 80 | 81 | 82 | 83 | 84 |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -1.0 | .084 | .096 | .089 | .072 | .068 | .031 | .018 | .018 | .018 | .021 | .021 | .024 | .064 | .145 | .362 | .362 |
| 1 | .047 | .085 | .098 | .091 | .073 | .069 | .030 | .018 | .018 | .018 | .021 | .021 | .024 | .064 | .145 | .362 |
| 2 | .047 | .029 | .038 | .042 | .044 | .036 | .020 | .018 | .018 | .018 | .018 | .021 | .021 | .024 | .064 | .146 |
| 3 | .027 | .020 | .020 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | .020 | .020 | .021 | .020 | .024 | .020 | .019 | .019 | .018 | .018 | .019 | .018 | .021 | .021 | .026 | .071 |
| 5 | .020 | .020 | .022 | .021 | .021 | .021 | .021 | .021 | .020 | .019 | .020 | .020 | .020 | .024 | .026 | .037 |
| 6 | .024 | .025 | .025 | .026 | .026 | .025 | .026 | .025 | .024 | .024 | .023 | .024 | .026 | .024 | .032 | .042 |
| 7 | .032 | .030 | .033 | .032 | .033 | .035 | .034 | .035 | .030 | .030 | .031 | .030 | .032 | .034 | .034 | .055 |
| 8 | .040 | .042 | .038 | .044 | .041 | .046 | .046 | .047 | .047 | .038 | .037 | .040 | .038 | .044 | .047 | .062 |
| 9 | .050 | .051 | .057 | .050 | .063 | .056 | .076 | .072 | .062 | .059 | .047 | .049 | .055 | .051 | .066 | .075 |
| 10 | .074 | .067 | .066 | .078 | .064 | .083 | .066 | .136 | .093 | .079 | .067 | .059 | .062 | .078 | .076 | .102 |
| 11 | .073 | .093 | .088 | .086 | .121 | .078 | .088 | .083 | .180 | .122 | .085 | .081 | .071 | .076 | .109 | .105 |
| 12 | .118 | .104 | .220 | .167 | .130 | .132 | .118 | .103 | .124 | .257 | .129 | .106 | .103 | .100 | .106 | .175 |
| 13 | .143 | .158 | .147 | .238 | .198 | .142 | .212 | .138 | .146 | .228 | .286 | .155 | .133 | .147 | .136 | .168 |
| 14 | .296 | .202 | .351 | .220 | .351 | .198 | .191 | .233 | .220 | .295 | .310 | .323 | .195 | .205 | .198 | .265 |
| 15 | .351 | .351 | .351 | .351 | .351 | .351 | .351 | .351 | .351 | .351 | .351 | .351 | .351 | .261 | .452 | .339 |

Table 11.

tarle 12: 4ysw con research survey results calculated assumihu the delta distribution, a) meah catch per tow, b) variahce, cjcy,


| C. | 1970 | 1971 | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1979 | 1780 | 1981 | 1902 | 1983 | 1784 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0.000 | - 0 |  | 0.302 | 0.665 | 1.265 | 0.00 | . |  |  | , |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 0.280 | 0.364 | 0.715 | 0.871 | 0.413 | 0.436 | 0.352 | 0.2 |  | 0 | 0.287 | 0.606 | 0.328 |  | 0.596 | 0.665 |
| 2 | 0.346 | 0.301 | 0.303 | 0.916 | 0.459 | 0.377 | 0.252 | 0.185 | 0.440 | 0.315 | 0.392 | 0.456 | 0.832 | 0.59 | 0.335 | 0.317 |
| 3 | 0.304 | 0.587 | 0.488 | 0.623 | 0.349 |  |  | 0.204 |  | 0.581 |  | 0.322 | 0.635 | 0.375 |  | 0.199 |
| 4 | 0.355 | 0.466 | 0.657 | 0.661 | 0.203 | 0.445 | 0.287 | 0.271 | 0.240 | 0.239 | 0.275 | 0.428 | 0.481 | 0.304 | 0.422 | 0.294 |
| 5 | 0.426 | 0.585 | 0.451 | 0.717 | 0.238 | 0.195 | 0.333 | 0.338 | 0.294 | 0.287 | 0.292 | 0.425 | $0+304$ | 0.410 | 0.629 | 0.371 |
| 6 | 0.376 | 0.547 | 0.623 | 0.773 | 0.272 | 0.230 | 0.354 | 0.331 | 0.174 | 0.239 | 0.364 | 0.407 | 0.304 | $0+257$ | 0.425 | 0.293 |
| 7 | 0.403 | 0.520 | 0.637 | 0.673 | 0.287 | 0.298 | 0.268 | 0.305 | 0.097 | 0.174 | 0.277 | 0.468 | 0.312 | 0.175 | 0.457 | 0.220 |
| 8 | 0.517 | 0.343 | 0.629 | 0.360 | 0.453 | 0.386 | 0.595 | 0.411 | 0.479 | 0.175 | 0.321 | 0.353 | 0.367 | 0.315 | 0.323 | 0.185 |
| 9 | 0.855 | 0.690 | 0.644 | 0.795 | 0.422 | 0.408 | 0.000 | 0.363 | 0.000 | 0.215 | 0.464 | 0.488 | 0.390 | 0.231 | 0.447 | 0.209 |
| 10 | 0.502 | 0.000 | 0.813 | 0.541 | 0.545 | 0.000 | 0.7 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.577 | 0.526 | 0.506 | 0.416 | 0.329 | 0.268 |
| 11 | 0.843 | 0.645 | 0.000 | 0.536 | 1.375 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.758 | 0.758 | 0.566 | 0.000 | 0.715 | 0.410 |
| 12 | 0.878 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.318 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0,000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.00 0.00 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| $13+1$ | 0.520 | 0.502 | 0.000 | 0.508 | 0.000 | 1.171 | 0.870 | 0.988 | 0.951 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.054 | 0.000 | 0.687 | 0.000 |

Table 13. Analysis of variance from the multiplicative analysis of 4VsW cod catch rates.

REGRESSION OF MULTIPLICATIUE MODEL

| MULTIPLE R. .............. . 758 |
| :--- |
| MULTIPLE R SOUARED..... |

ANALYSIS OF VARIAMCE


Table 14. Regression coefficients from the multiplicative analysis of 4VsW cod catch rates.
regressioh corfticients

| CATEGOR | CODE | VARIABLE | coefricient | STD. ERROR | NO. OBS. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ----- | ---- | -------- | $0.289$ | $\begin{gathered} --------144 \\ 0.14 \end{gathered}$ | $1396$ |
| 2 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 4 | 1 | -0.558 | 0.093 | 43 |
|  | 5 | 2 | 0.007 | 0.071 | 95 |
|  | 6 | 3 | 0.207 | 0.069 | 95 |
|  | 3 | 4 | 0.426 | 0.061 | 141 |
|  | 8 | 5 | -0.602 | 0.060 | 196 |
|  | 9 | 6 | -0.552 | 0.062 | 165 |
|  | 10 | 7 | -0.549 | 0.084 | 53 |
|  | 11 | 8 | -0.121 | 0.083 | 57 |
|  | 12 | 9 | 0.193 | 0.103 | 33 |
|  | 13 | 10 | 0.260 | 0.083 | 57 |
|  | 15 | 11 | 0.534 | 0.067 | 232 |
|  | 16 | 12 | 0.916 | 0.075 | 93 |
| 2 | 2 | 13 | -0.139 | 0.030 | 674 |
| 3 | 2 | 14 | -0.062 | 0.076 | 114 |
|  | 3 | 15 | -0.116 | 0.072 | 154 |
|  | 4 | 16 | -0. 294 | 0.072 | 153 |
|  | 5 | 17 | -0.330 | 0.073 | 142 |
|  | 6 | 18 | -0.384 | 0.077 | 110 |
|  | 7 | 13 | -0.447 | 0.082 | 87 |
|  | 8 | 20 | -0.366 | 0.078 | 107 |
|  | 9 | 21 | -0.326 | 0.077 | 112 |
|  | 10 | 22 | -0.326 | 0.075 | 130 |
|  | 11 | 23 | -0.093 | 0.075 | 118 |
|  | 12 | 24 | -0.053 | 0.079 | 93 |

## LEGEND

| Category | Code |  |  |  | Category |  | Code |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 Gear | 3 | OTB1 | TC4 | Maritime | 1 | Gear | 13 | OTB2 | TC5 | Newfoundland |
|  | 4 | 0TB2 | TC2 | Maritime |  |  | 15 | PT | TC4 | Spain |
|  | 5 | OTB2 | TC3 | Maritime |  |  | 16 | PT | TC5 | Spain |
|  | 6 | OTB2 | TC4 | Maritime |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 7 | 0TB2 | TC5 | Maritime | 2 | Area | 1 | 4Vs |  |  |
|  | 8 | LL | TC2 | Maritime |  |  | 2 | 4W |  |  |
|  | 9 | LL | TC3 | Maritime |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 10 | LL | TC4 | Maritime | 3 | Month | 1 | 2 Ja | uary | December |
|  | 11 | OTB1 | TC4 | Newfoundland |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 12 | OTB2 | TC4 | Newfoundland | 4 | Year | 1 | 1965 |  |  |

Tąble 15. Predicted catch rates for $4 V \operatorname{sW}$ cod.

## PREDICTED CATCH RATE

GTANDARDS USED UARIABLE NUMBERS: 31

|  | TOTAL |  | CATCH RATE |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| YEAR | CATCH | PROP. | MEAN | S.E. | EFFORT |
| 1965 | 70988 | 0.554 | 1.502 | 0.215 | 47247 |
| 1966 | 68270 | 0.632 | 1.490 | 0.230 | 45822 |
| 1967 | 54157 | 0.366 | 0.959 | 0.117 | 56452 |
| 1968 | 80425 | 0.645 | 1.239 | 0.162 | 64921 |
| 1969 | 50157 | 0.636 | 1.293 | 0.165 | 38805 |
| 1970 | 57427 | 0.673 | 1.161 | 0.151 | 49470 |
| 1971 | 52563 | 0.585 | 0.912 | 0.098 | 57618 |
| 1972 | 61645 | 0.459 | 0.807 | 0.081 | 76435 |
| 1973 | 54093 | 0.595 | 0.782 | 0.075 | 69201 |
| 1974 | 43741 | 0.719 | 0.570 | 0.050 | 76760 |
| 1975 | 32517 | 0.586 | 0.443 | 0.044 | 73353 |
| 1976 | 24407 | 0.599 | 0.555 | 0.049 | 44010 |
| 1977 | 10390 | 0.389 | 0.599 | 0.058 | 17335 |
| 1976 | 25405 | 0.068 | 0.816 | 0.091 | 31143 |
| 1979 | 40030 | 0.122 | 0.888 | 0.101 | 45086 |
| 1980 | 49252 | 0.675 | 0.749 | 0.082 | 51876 |
| 1981 | 53718 | 0.675 | 0.944 | 0.080 | 56883 |
| 1982 | 55754 | 0.792 | 1.035 | 0.087 | 53657 |
| 1983 | 52332 | 0.725 | 0.951 | 0.092 | 55004 |
| 1984 | 52130 | 0.725 | 1.122 | 0.100 | 46479 |
| 1985 | 56090 | 0.352 | 1.610 | 0.151 | 34641 |

AUERAGE G.U. FOR THE MEAN: . 106

Table 16. Partial recruitment estimates for $4 V s W$ cod.

| AGE | PR 84 | PR 82-84 | PR 79-81 | PR 70-78 |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | .07 | .13 |  |  |
| 4 | .34 | .51 | .07 | .21 |
| 5 | .65 | .87 | .34 | .54 |
| 6 | .85 | 1.01 | 1.00 | .91 |
| 7 | 1.00 | 1.11 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| 8 | 1.00 | 1.03 | .87 | 1.00 |
| 9 | 1.00 | 1.01 | .63 | 1.00 |
| 10 | 1.00 | 1.86 | .45 | 1.00 |
| 11 |  | 1.06 | .45 | 1.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |

Table 17. Calibration results using delta mean $5+$ catch per tow as dependent variable vs SPA $5+$ mean population numbers, 1970 point not included. The results are the correlation coefficient $(r)$, intercept (a), slope (b), student $T$ for the intercept ( $T$ ), and the sum of standardized residuals (RES).

|  |  | $F_{t}$ |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | .20 | .25 | .30 | .35 | .40 |
| $r$ | .86 | .87 | .86 | .85 | .83 |
| $a$ | 1.31 | .02 | -1.13 | -2.06 | -2.76 |
| $\mathrm{~b} \times 10^{-4}$ | 1.69 | 2.15 | 2.57 | 2.95 | 3.25 |
| T Res | 5.77 | .01 | -.55 | -.89 | -1.06 |
|  |  | 5.76 | 5.70 | 5.68 | 5.78 |

Table 18. Calibration results using SPA fishable biomass as dependent variable vs CPUE. See Table 17 for legend.

|  |  | $F_{t}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: | :---: |
|  | .20 | .25 | .30 | .35 | .40 | .45 |  |
| $r$ |  | .83 | .84 | .84 | .83 | .81 |  |
| a $\times 10^{-4}$ | -7.66 | -4.59 | 2.54 | -1.07 | .79 |  |  |
| b | 234 | 186 | 154 | 131 | .87 |  |  |
| $T$ | -2.01 | -1.55 | -1.03 | -.49 | .01 | 101 |  |
| Res | 9.4 | 10.4 | 11.1 | 11.4 | 10.6 | 11.1 |  |

Table 19. 4 VsW cod beginning of the year population at age with 1985 terminal F of 0.30 .

|  | 1970 | 1971 | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1975 | 1977 | 1978 | 1779 | 1790 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 94640 | 96106 | 73825 | 65270 | 79307 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | 87620 | 78315 | 76594 | 58287 | 52156 | 86774 63590 | 74343 69423 | 74890 60208 | 118900 | 113466 97187 | 133893 | 106765 | 65252 | 63495 | 91000 | 90996 |
| 3 | 51826 | 63927 | 48711 | 46660 | 36735 | 35055 | 69423 43034 | 80208 53164 | 61313 47273 | 77187 50060 | 72887 79496 | 109594 | 87409 89417 | 53419 71429 | 51786 | 74505 |
| 4 | 54245 | 34391 71019 | 40955 | 27008 | 24737 | 18417 | 20110 | 31987 | 43178 | 39437 | 79496 39512 | 85712 | 87413 58766 | 71427 | 43736 5777 | 72550 |
| 5 | 45685 | 31019 | 19882 | 21441 | 15320 | 11253 | 11151 | 13112 | 4,178 25218 | 32048 | 39512 | 83246 27718 | 58766 42902 | 70744 | 55723 50613 | 35427 40003 |
| 6 | 19352 6790 | 25032 | 17425 | 7536 | 6728 | 6091 | 5097 | 4770 | 9324 | 16466 | 17964 | 15431 | 427110 | 41178 26185 | 27047 | 40003 32963 |
| 8 | 6290 2929 | 11737 | 11209 | 6322 | 2711 | 4643 | 2640 | 1990 | 3117 | 5425 | 9074 | 7146 | 8243 | 10049 | 16040 | 32763 16613 |
| 9 | 299 585 | 3393 1712 | 4941 1105 | 6072 2309 | 2465 | 1385 | 1424 | 871 | 1176 | 1857 | 3390 | 4779 | 4782 | 4570 | 64970 | $\begin{array}{r}18420 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| 10 | 319 | 285 | 953 | 581 | 835 | 921 | 223 |  |  | 770 | 1185 | 1811 | 2596 | 2764 | 2838 | 4143 |
| 11 | 320 | 196 | 114 | 424 | 228 | 350 | 170 | 275 138 |  |  | 562 | 681 | 1127 | 1516 | 1741 | 1809 |
| 12 | 211 | 138 | 42 | 22 | 77 | 173 | 148 | 120 | 73 | 244 | 191 | 381 | 444 | 648 223 | 1034 | 1151 |
| 13 | 30 | 122 | 48 | 33 | 15 | 178 | 148 28 | 120 24 | 73 48 | 148 35 | 191 | 153 133 | 255 | 223 | 404 | 712 |
| 14 | 156 | 116 | 11 | 6 | 20 | 12 | 15 | 22 | 10 | 16 | 117 | 133 92 | 98 90 | 148 28 | 137 102 | 275 80 |
| 151 | 15 | 117 | 2 | 9 | 0 | 17 | 1 | 2 | 15 | 16 | 12 | 19 | 74 | 28 | . 102 | 80 68 |
| $1+1$ | 364223 | 344486 | 295816 | 241979 | 224935 | 229557 | 228380 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $2+1$ | 269583 | 248379 | 221991 | 176709 | 145629 | 142703 | 154037 | 242214 167324 | 19785 | 244 | 405 | 415862 | 377641 | 346644 | 348904 | 350736 |
| $3+1$ | 181963 | 172064 | 145397 | 118422 | 93473 | 79173 | 84614 | 107116 | 132543 |  |  | 190907 | 312397 224980 | 203149 | 257903 | 259739 |
| $4+1$ | 130137 | 108137 | 96685 | 71762 | 56738 | 44139 | 41580 | 107110 | 132271 | 149822 | 178476 | 199503 | 224780 | 229729 158300 | 205918 | 185235 |
| $5+1$ | 75891 | 73746 | 55731 | 44754 | 32001 | 25722 | 21462 | 21964 | 40093 | 96702 57327 | 78980 59469 | 123591 60345 | 175567 76801 | 158300 87357 | 162182 106459 | 142674 |
| $6+1$ | 30206 | 42727 | 35849 | 23312 | 16681 | 14469 | 10311 | 8853 | 14875 | 25281 | 32762 | 32628 | 33817 | 46170 | 100459 55841 | $\begin{array}{r} 107247 \\ 67244 \end{array}$ |

table 20: 4v5w cod mean population biokass at age mith 1985 tekhinal $\operatorname{F}$ of 0.30.

|  | 1770 | 1971 | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1979 | 1780 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 | 1703 | 860 | 3288 | 4677 | 9251 | 7778 | 6703 | 6788 | 21535 | 0 | 979 | 1108 | 0 | 5906 | 0 | 0 |
| 21 | 11273 | 6763 | 10871 | 10271 | 14203 | 14214 | 17061 | 15276 | 34408 | 46664 | 47945 | 61084 | 46008 | 18882 | 26378 | 42878 |
| 31 | 19132 | 16509 | 16192 | 15546 | 16447 | 14253 | 21226 | 30879 | 41962 | 33879 | 56849 | 55799 | 64281 | 51073 | 28552 | 23989 |
| 41 | 37818 | 16945 | 24424 | 18286 | 17461 | 12888 | 15711 | 31031 | 46671 | 34617 | 30257 | 59756 | 53040 | 65172 | 47782 | 32336 |
| 51 | 51494 | 25222 | 16417 | 17115 | 15310 | 10415 | 10970 | 18555 | 34494 | 41362 | 32889 | 36215 | 53547 | 52073 | 58532 | 45674 |
| 61 | 33350 | 26839 | 20260 | 8117 | 13785 | 7720 | 6707 | 7169 | 17783 | 29648 | 20869 | 24452 | 30752 | 43462 | 40910 | 51787 |
| 7 | 13799 | 16416 | 20701 | 9339 | 5532 | 6729 | 4244 | 4907 | 3783 | 13548 | 20531 | 19953 | 17305 | 25284 | 30945 | 32566 |
| 8 | 8453 | 5404 | 10882 | 9727 | 5354 | 2828 | 3225 | 3101 | 5016 | 5550 | 10856 | 14077 | 14976 | 12830 | 17971 | 23500 |
| 91 | 1822 | 4158 | 3121 | 5130 | 5468 | 1748 | 1670 | 2033 | 2288 | 3152 | 4787 | 8217 | 11026 | 7689 | 3628 | 12022 |
| 101 | 1333 | 671 | 2952 | 1593 | 2944 | 2036 | 850 | 1334 | 2025 | 1706 | 3221 | 3969 | 6126 | 7259 | 7106 | 7206 |
| 11 1 | 1301 | 428 | 289 | 996 | 1236 | 1236 | 798 | 475 | 1403 | 1722 | 1474 | 2409 | 2803 | 3607 | 5893 | 5016 |
| 121 | 1089 | 405 | 217 | 102 | 479 | 479 | 431 | 305 | 474 | 1244 | 1630 | 1151 | 1793 | 1594 | 2716 | 3428 |
| 131 | 163 | 242 | 127 | 163 | 111 | 217 | 175 | 115 | 302 | 312 | 825 | 1303 | 642 | 1312 | 750 | 2153 |
| 141 | 1076 | 40 | 72 | 5 | 166 | 47 | 91 | 158 | 12 | 140 | 178 | 715 | 558 | 175 | 855 | 707 |
| 151 | 100 | 475 | 12 | 42 | 0 | 33 | 11 | 74 | 103 | 0 | 129 | 142 | 715 | 279 | 82 | 300 |
| 1+1 | 183904 | 121373 | 129835 | 99108 | 107750 | 82670 | 89888 | 132279 | 217243 | 213743 | 248541 | 209255 | 303592 | 297620 | 276865 | 287122 |
| $2+1$ | 182201 | 120518 | 126598 | 94430 | 98499 | 74893 | 83186 | 125472 | 195727 | 213743 | 248541 | 289255 | 303572 | 292714 | 276865 | 209122 |
| $3+1$ | 170928 | 113755 | 115727 | 84160 | 84296 | 60679 | 66125 | 110215 | 151317 | 167079 | 200596 | 228171 | 257583 | 273832 | 250527 | $24 \leq 244$ |
| $4+1$ | 151796 | 97246 | 99535 | 68613 | 67847 | 46422 | 44897 | 71337 | 119350 | 133200 | 143747 | 172382 | 193302 | 222759 | 221776 | 219255 |
| $5+1$ | 113981 | 80301 | 75111 | 52328 | 50385 | 33534 | 29188 | 40303 | 72686 | 98583 | 105490 | 112326 | 140262 | 157587 | 174593 | 183919 |
| $6+1$ | 62487 | 55078 | 58694 | 35212 | 35077 | 23119 | 18218 | 21752 | 38193 | 57220 | 72601 | 76411 | 86715 | 105514 | 116042 | 140245 |

tagle 21: qusw cod fishihg mortality at age with 1985 tekinal for o. 30.

|  | 1970 | 1971 | 1972 | 19731974 | 1975 | 19761977 | 1978 | 1979 | 1780 | 1981 | 1982 | 198 | 1984 | 1935 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0.015 | 0.22 | 0.336 | 0.240 .01 | 0.15 | . 017 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | 0.115 | 0.249 | 0.296 | 0.2620 .197 | 0.1750 | 0.0670 .000 |  |  |  |  | 0.002 |  |  |  |
| 4 | 0.21 | 0.24 | 0.447 | 0.4 | 0.302 | 0.0 |  |  |  |  | 0. | 0.1 |  | . 075 |
| 5 | 0.402 | 0.377 | 0.770 | 0.6 | 0.592 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.220 |  |  |
| $9$ |  |  |  |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | 0, 357 | 0.122 | 0.561 | 1,133 0.6 | 0.684 | 0.6430 .327 |  |  |  | . 410 | 0.34 | 0.277 | 0.2 |  |
| 9 | - | 0. | 0. | 0.8170 .3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.262 |  |  |
| 10 | 0.287 | 0.645 | 0.609 | 0. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 | 0.642 | 1.342 | 1,455 | 1.509 0.165 | 1,624 | 0.154 1.6060 .734 0.710 | 0.55 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 0.410 | 2.197 | 1.954 | 0.2720 .000 | 1.145 |  |  |  |  | . 192 | 1.039 | 0.179 | 0.3 | 0.300 |
| 14 | 0.089 | 1.743 | 0.000 | 7.4270 .000 | 1.634 | $0.3444^{0.163}$ | 7.679 | . | . 046 | . 024 | 0.979 | 0.976 | . 205 |  |
| 15 | 0.338 | 0.648 | 0.643 | 0.9140 .521 | 0.890 | 0.8020 .286 | 0,338 |  |  |  | 0.328 | 0.273 |  |  |

Table 22. Catch at age in 1985 and projected to 1986-87 under 2 options:
a) $F=.2$ in both years
b) a catch of $48,000 \mathrm{t}$ in 1986 and $\mathrm{F}=.2$ in 1987

B.

| 1 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 21 | 4 | 3 | 2 |
| 31 | 154 | 192 | 147 |
| 41 | 2323 | 1988 | 2202 |
| 51 | 8353 | 4962 | 3859 |
| 61 | 7782 | 5274 | 2896 |
| 71 | 3922 | 4137 | 2624 |
| 81 | 2224 | 2106 | 2058 |
| 91 | 978 | 1194 | 1048 |
| 101 | 427 | 525 | 594 |
| 111 | 274 | 229 | 261 |
| 12 l | 168 | 147 | 114 |
| 131 | 65 | 90 | 73 |
| 141 | 19 | 35 | 45 |
| 151 | 16 | 10 | 17 |
| 1+1 | 26709. | 20891 | 15941 |
| 2+1 | 26709 | 20891 | 15941 |
| $3+1$ | 26705 | 20888 | 15938 |
| $4+1$ | 26551 | 20697 | 15791 |



Figure 1. Map of the Scotian Shelf indicating common fishing banks and NAFO statistical areas.



Figure 2. Total nominal catch and catch by Division for 4VsW cod, 1958-1985.





```
            LECFND
- i.e.30 T0 3 O . 3 to .G O . % ro 1.j D more. man 1.3
    SETS WHERE COD MAIN SPECIES CRUCHT
```

Figure 3. Distribution of catch per unit effort for $4 V$ SW cod for 1980 and 1985. Data from the Scotia Fundy Region Observer Program.


Figure 4. Comparison of observed and projected 1985 catch at age ('000) for $4 V / W$ cod.





Figure 5. Summer research survey mean catch per tow at age aggregated by $10^{\prime}$ square for $4 V s W$ cod.
A.

$-\quad$ DELTA
$\times \times$ ARITHMETIC
. в.


[^0]Figure 6. Comparison of summer research survey arithmetic and delta mean catches per tow for a) age 4 and b) age $5+$.


Figure 7. Commercial sample mean fish weight from the Scotia-Fundy Region Observer Program.


Figure 8. Residuals vs year for stern otter trawlers (M) TC5 from the initial multiplicative analysis.


Figure 9. Residual distributions by year for side otter trawlers (OTBI) and the month of April from the final catch rate standardization.


Figure 10. Trend in standardized catch rate with $90 \%$ confidence intervals.


Figure 11. Trend in standardized effort.


| 5 | year mesidual 5 |  | IHD | DEP |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F | 1970 | 1.000 | 57955 | 3 |
| $E$ | 1971 | -0.692 | 52705 | 10 |
| D | 1972 | -1.414 | 37267 | 3 |
| $c$ | 1973 | 1.152 | 28509 | 10 |
| - | 1974 | -0.762 | 22113 | 2 |
| A | 1975 | -0.356 | 16872 | 2 |
| 6 | 1976 | 0.478 | 14255 | 4 |
| 7 | 1977 | 0.680 | 18213 | 6 |
| 8 | 1978 | -0.548 | 32138 | 5 |
| 9 | 1979 | 0.808 | 43909 | 13 |
| 0 | 1980 | 1.068 | 44716 | 14 |
| 1 | 1981 | 0.382 | 45812 | 12 |
| 2 | 1982 | -1.440 | 60214 | 9 |
| 3 | 1963 | -0.508 | 70423 | 15 |
| 4 | 1984 | 1.707 | 85035 | 27 |
| 5 | 1985 | -0.473 | 84671 | 19 |



## 5 tear residuals ind def

| F | 1970 | -0.589 | 1161 | 135024 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| E | 1971 | -0.701 | 912 | 92078 |
| D | 1972 | -0.249 | 807 | 91429 |
| c | 1973 | -1.059 | 782 | 63976 |
| $B$ | 1974 | 0.036 | 570 | 63290 |
| A | 1975 | 0.040 | 443 | 43065 |
| 6 | 1976 | -0.601 | 555 | 42431 |
| 7 | 1977 | -0.101 | 599 | 63757 |
| 8 | 1978 | 0.133 | 816 | 103933 |
| 9 | 1979 | -0.429 | 898 | 98622 |
| 0 | 1980 | -0.440 | 947 | 107691 |
| 1 | 1981 | -0.047 | 944 | 118349 |
| 2 | 1932 | 1.220 | 1035 | 169245 |
| 3 | 1983 | 2.413 | 951 | 191055 |
| 4 | 1984 | 1.581 | 1122 | 193133 |
| 5 | 1985 | -1.129 | 1610 | 189237 |

Figure 12. Calibration plots for $4 V \operatorname{sW}$ cod.
a) Research survey $5+$ mean catch per tow (Delta) vs SPA mean $5+$ population (1970 point excluded)
b) Fishable biomass vs standardized catch rate.


Figure 13. Summary of the components of production for $4 V \mathrm{VW}$ cod for the period 1970-85.


[^0]:    - DELTA
    $\times \times$ ARITHMETIC

