# Not to be cited without permission of the authors.<sup>1</sup>

1

Canadian Atlantic Fisheries Scientific Advisory Committee

CAFSAC Research Document 84/3

# Ne pas citer sans autorisation des auteurs<sup>1</sup>

Comité scientifique consultatif des pêches canadiennes dans l'Atlantique

CSCPCA Document de recherche 84/3

#### Assessment of Snow Crab (Chionoecetes opilio) Stocks in NewfoundTand for 1981

by

David M. Taylor and Paul G. O'Keefe Department of Fisheries and Oceans Fisheries Research Branch P.O. Box 5667 St. John's, Newfoundland A1C 5X1

<sup>1</sup> This series documents the scientific basis for fisheries management advice in Atlantic Canada. As such, it addresses the issues of the day in the time frames required and the Research Documents it contains are not intended as definitive statements on the subjects addressed but rather as progress reports on ongoing investigations.

Research Documents are produced in the official language in which they are provided to the Secretariat by the author.

<sup>1</sup> Cette série documente les bases scientifiques des conseils de gestion des pêches sur la côte atlantique du Canada. Comme telle, elle couvre les problèmes actuels selon les échéanciers voulus et les Documents de recherche qu'elle contient ne doivent pas être considérés comme des énoncés finals sur les sujets traités mais plutôt comme des rapports d'étape sur des études en cours.

Les Documents de recherche sont publiés dans la langue officielle utilisée par les auteurs dans le manuscript envoyé au secrétariat.

#### ABSTRACT

Population size estimates for snow crab (<u>Chionoecetes opilio</u>) off the east coast of Newfoundland, based on Leslie and Petersen mark recapture analyses are presented. Within given crab management areas, estimates of population size ranged from 504 to 11,289 MT and exploitation rates from 35 to 73%.

# RÉSUMÉ

Nous présentons des estimations d'effectifs de populations de crabe des neiges (<u>Chionoecetes opilio</u>) au large de la côte est de Terre-Neuve, estimations fondées sur des analyses des recaptures de marques de Leslie et Petersen. Ces estimations varient de 504 à 11 289 tm selon la zone de gestion; quant aux taux d'exploitation, ils se situent entre 35 et 73 pour cent.

#### INTRODUCTION

After a year of poor market conditions and long labour disputes, the Newfoundland snow crab fishery made a strong recovery in 1981 with total landings of  $\simeq 14,000$  MT. Increased demand for snow crab as well as increased processing capacity are largely responsible for this increase in landings.

As in previous assessments (Taylor and O'Keefe 1981, 1983) commercial biomass available in each management area (Fig. 1) has been calculated, where possible, using Leslie analysis and Petersen's mark recapture method.

#### MATERIALS AND METHODS

Information was obtained from individual fishermen's logbooks and verified by examination of processors sales slips. From these data CPUE and cumulative catch were calculated for each management area. Summaries of the weekly catch/effort data for most management areas are given and Leslie graphs of biweekly catches for most management areas are found in Fig. 2-10.

In areas where tagging was conducted (Areas 18, 24 and 26) the methodology as described by Taylor and O'Keefe (1981) was followed exactly.

#### RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

SOUTHERN ZONE

### Areas 26 Western Bonavista Bay

Historical data on landings (MT), mean CPUE (kg/trap haul) and effort (trap hauls) are summarized below. A graph of Leslie analysis is depicted in Fig. 2 while a summary of bi-weekly catch/effort data is presented in Table 2.

	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	. 1980	1981
Landings CPUE Effort	-	105 - -	-	300 7.7 38,875				651 11.5 56,724	635 8 79,250

Area 24 - Eastern Bonavista Bay

Historical data on landings (MT), mean CPUE (kg/trap haul) and effort (trap hauls) are summarized below.

	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981
Landings CPUE Effort	-	4 1	5.9	7.7	10.4	12.7	8.4	1,254 9.29 135,030	741 8 92,435

1981 data for these management areas have been presented previously (Taylor and O'Keefe 1983). Both areas have exceeded the exploitation rates recommended by CAFSAC (Taylor and O'Keefe 1983). As in 1980 the fishery virtually collapsed in June in both Area 24 and Area 26. X CPUE in both Area 26 and Area 24 was 8 kg/trap. For a summary of Leslie analysis and catch/effort data see Fig. 3 and Table 3.

Effort in this area was substantially reduced in 1981 due to the discovery of a significant snow crab resource in Area 19. Vessels from Bonavista Bay began to fish in Area 19 at a high level of activity for much of the remainder of the fishing season. Although a "spaghetti" tagging program was carried out in Areas 24 and 26 during 1981 calculation of a biomass based on Petersen's mark-recapture method was impractical due to the shift in effort away from Bonavista Bay to Area 19. Many tagged animals that would have been recaptured probably moulted and lost their tags making Petersen's analysis impractical.

## Area 20 - Trinity Bay

The historical data on landings (MT), mean CPUE (kg/trap haul) and effort (trap hauls) are summarized below.

	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981
Landings CPUE Effort	14 5	11 3	10.4	11.3	9.5	17.2	67 16.0 4,165	12.9	110 6.9 15,790

In 1981 very little fishing effort was expended in this area with only three vessels fishing there late in the season. Although effort increased threefold over 1979 and 1980, CPUE was reduced to its lowest recorded level. Fishermen presently restrict their activity to the mouth of the Bay, however, early exploratory fishing cruises conducted during the late 1960's and early 1970's found commercial quantities of crab at the head of this bay. It is apparent that if fishermen wish to continue fishing in this area profitably they will have to expand their fishing grounds.

Data for this area are insufficient for Leslie Analysis.

#### Area 16 - Conception Bay

The historical data on landings (MT), mean CPUE (kg/trap haul) and effort (trap hauls) for this area are summarized below.

	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981
Landings	-	235	46	56	174	81	464	868.7	502
CPUE		6.8	5.0	9.1	8.6	10.9	16.1	15.4	11.5
Effort		34,492	9;152	6;205	20,171	7,414	28,845	56,393	43,546

In 1981 the fishery in this area began in mid-February. CPUE was initially quite high, 23.5 kg/trap haul. However, even though effort was reduced (see Table 4) X CPUE also fell.

Leslie analysis of the 1981 data for this management area provides a usable biomass of 689.3 MT with 95% confidence limits of 618.9 MT and 747.4 MT;  $r^2 = 0.85$ ;  $q = -3.074 \times 10^{-5}$  (Fig. 4).

Problems experienced with soft shelled crab during the latter part of the 1981 fishing season caused some fishermen to transfer effort from Conception Bay to Area 18.

Exploitation rates have risen steadily in this area: 1979 - 35%; 1980 - 55%, peaking in 1981 at 73%. This level of exploitation exceeds that recommended by CAFSAC and effort should therefore be reduced to 1979 levels.

#### Area 18 - Northeastern Avalon

The historical data on landings (MT), mean CPUE (kg/trap haul) and effort (trap hauls) are summarized below.

	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981
Landings CPUE Effort 5	15 0	64	64	10.4	1,480 13.2 112,522	13.6	17.2	20.91	16.4

This area continues to be the most productive of all commercial fishing areas. Fishing is conducted over a large area, from 2 to 64 km offshore. Vessels tend to be larger than those in other areas and have a much greater catching capacity than is indicated by their daily landings. A total of 24 vessels presently fish in this area.

The upswing in markets in 1981 meant increased plant-imposed vessel-quotas for the crab fleet making fishing in the offshore area economically attractive. Much of the effort expended in Area 16 in 1980 was transferred to Area 18 in 1981.

Leslie analysis of the data for this area provides a usable biomass (B) of 11,289.3 MT with 95% confidence limits of 909.6 MT and 17,067.4 MT;  $r^2 = 0.83$ ,  $q = -2.248 \times 10^{-6}$  (Fig. 5). The 1981 exploitation rate was 60%, as compared to 44% in 1979 and 35% in 1980. It appears that effort in this area has reached

the optimum level and should not exceed 1981 levels. A summary of the 1981 catch/effort statistics for this management area is provided in Table 5.

#### PETERSEN'S ESTIMATE

During March and April of 1981 a total of 2437 legal sized snow crab were tagged using Floy vinyl "Spaghetti" tags and released at 17 randomly selected stations on the commercial fishing grounds.

Tagging locations were depth stratified in order to ensure that all animals were released in depths > 170 mm. All tagging was conducted in exactly the same manner as that described for previous tagging studies (Taylor and O,Keefe 1981). A total of 1460 (60%) tags were returned by commercial fishermen or processing plant employees during 1981. As in previous snow crab tagging studies, these data were used to calculate a biomass estimate using Petersen's mark recapture methodology;

$$B = \frac{(M) (N)}{m}$$
(1)

where:

ン

- M = the number of animals released from the first sample (number tagged).
- N = the number of animals examined for marks in the second sample (total catch of crab after release of tagged animals).
- m = the number of marked animals in the second sample (number of tagged crabs caught).

The approximate 95% confidence limits for these estimates when m > 50 are calculated  $m + 1.92 \pm 1.96 / m+1$ , Ricker (1975). Solved for m, the value is re-entered into equation (1).

The snow crab population in the northwestern Avalon area is calculated by:

 $B = \frac{(M) (N)}{m}$ =  $\frac{(2437) (6,577,795)}{1460}$ = 10,979,511 kg (10,980 MT)

with 95% confidence limits of 10,430,569 kg (10,431 MT) and 11,557,364 kg (11,557 MT). Since 191,334 kg were landed prior to commencement of tagging, initial biomass is calculated as 10,979,511 kg + 191,334 kg = 11,170,845 kg (11,171 MT). Using the Robson and Regier (1974) criteria that (M) (N) must exceed 4 times the estimated popuation size B (in this case based on Leslie analysis) we find the Petersen's estimate for this area is unbiased (1375 B).

#### Area 14 - Eastern Avalon

The historical data on landings (MT), mean CPUE (kg/trap haul) and effort (trap hauls) for this area are summarized below.

	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981
Landings	-	366	659	655	167	824	762	120.9	434
CPUE		8.2	9.1	11.3	9.9	15.9	20.1	20.6	16.0
Effort		44,840	72,589	57,718	16,761	51,888	37,950	5,860	27,113

In 1981 effort in this area increased markedly as did landings. This was due in large part to the opening of a new crab processing plant in St. Mary's, a community very close to these grounds. Data obtained from log books indicates that in 1981 fishermen fished a greater area than they had previously. This is perhaps why (although landings increased by a factor of four) X CPUE was still quite acceptable. A summary of bi-weekly catch/effort data is provided in Table 6.

Leslie analysis based on 1981 log books provides a usable biomass of 614.3 MT with 95% confidence limits of 506.1 MT and 1,043 MT;  $r^2 = 0.64$ ,  $q = -5.115 \times 10^{-5}$  (Fig. 6). Exploitation rates for this area have not changed significantly since 1979, 71% in 1981, 70% in 1980.

As the effort in this area has increased, so too have the number of reports of soft shell occurrence. It is felt that the grounds are presently fully exploited and further increases in effort should be avoided. In fact, if catch rates again decrease significantly in 1982, effort should be reduced.

Area 12 - Southeastern Avalon

	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981
Landings CPUE Effort	547 	749 13.6 55;045			457 14.9 30,562	276 14.1 19,643	- - -	292 21.1 13,825	854 18.8 45,455

The increased CPUE in this area in 1980 is probably the result of the lack of fishing activity in 1979. A summary of bi-weekly catch/effort data is provided in Table 7.

The high catch rates in 1980 appear to have given fishermen incentive to increase both the effort expended and the grounds fished in this area.

Leslie analysis of log book data provides a usable biomass of 1,291 MT with 95% confidence limits of 1,114 MT and 1,639 MT;  $r^2 = 0.88$ ,  $q = -2.526 \times 10^{-5}$  (Fig. 7).

The 1981 exploitation rate for snow crab stocks in this area was 66% down from the 78% experienced in 1980. This reduction in exploitation rate for 1981

is probably a function of fishermen expanding their fishing grounds and encountering new unfished populations of crabs.

#### Area 8 - St. Mary's Bay

In 1981, very little fishing effort was expended in St. Mary's Bay (11,150 trap hauls) landings were very low (167.7 MT) but X CPUE was quite acceptable (15.0 kg/trap haul).

Data are insufficient to perform Leslie analysis for this area.

### Area 6 - Eastern Placentia Bay

Although this area was heavily fished when the crab fishery began, the resource has been largely ignored. Recent exploratory surveys carried out by the Provincial Department of Fisheries have been very disappointing. Crab in this area are old, small and difficult to process.

In 1981 only 31.8 MT were landed from this area from 2,120 trap hauls. X CPUE was 15.0 kg/trap haul.

Despite the high CPUE processors refused to purchase crab from this area and fishermen abandoned the grounds.

#### Northern Zone

Area 36 - White Bay

The historical data on landings (MT), mean CPUE (kg/trap haul) and effort (trap hauls) for this area are summarized below.

-	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981
Landings	62		45	48	52	169	156	158	230
CPUE Effort	-	-	-		16.3 3,210		7.3 21,298	8.8 17,864	11.6 19,840

In 1981 a new processing plant opened in Jackson's Arm. This resulted in individual vessels being given higher daily "quotas" due to the increased processing capacity. A vessel which had traditionally fished White Bay, shifted its effort to the Horse Islands area leaving extra fishing grounds for those remaining which resulted in an increased CPUE in 1981. A summary of biweekly catch/effort data is provided in Table 8.

Leslie analysis of the log book data for this area provides a usable biomass (B) of 503.7 MT with 95% confidence limits of 402.8 MT and 710.1 MT;  $r^2 = 0.85$ ,  $q = 3.095 \times 10^{-5}$  (Fig. 8).

The exploitation rate for this area in 1981 was 46%. This is somewhat reduced from the 1980 level of exploitation even though landings are substantially higher, which is perhaps indicative of a high level of recruitment between the 1980 and 1981 fishing seasons.

Area 34 - Horse Islands

	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	<b>1978</b>	1979	1980	1981
Landings CPUE Effort		46	347	92	62 9.1 6,842	98	141 11.9 11,830	96 14.3 7,330	322 16.7 19,250

In 1981, three vessels fished this area. Fishing was conducted up to 12 nautical miles northeast of the outer island. Much of the grounds fished in 1981 are virgin grounds and catch rates are higher than those experienced in 1979 and 1980. As a result of the excellent market conditions in 1981 and the opening of the new processing plant in Jackson's Arm both effort and landings approximately tripled from 1980 levels. A summary of bi-weekly catch/effort data is provided in Table 9.

Leslie analysis of log book data provides a usable biomass (B) 604.1 MT with 95% confidence limits of 501.7 MT and 792.3 MT;  $r^2 = 0.90$ ,  $q = 3.842 \times 10^{-5}$  (Fig. 9).

Due to the great expansion of commercially fished grounds, the exploitation rate has dropped from 91% in 1980 to a more acceptable level of 53% in 1981.

1980 1981 1977 1978 1979 1976 1973 1974 1975 374 650 491 173 232 340 49 117 Landings 83 9.9 11.9 8.7 10.6 6.4 CPUE 54,416 46,183 33,261 36,477 39,008 -Effort

Area 32 - Notre Dame Bay

In 1979 and 1980 fishermen generally restricted themselves to fishing their traditional grounds. However, in 1981 increased demand for crab from the processor in Little Bay Islands provided the incentive for two vessels to fish more distant grounds. CPUE was slightly higher than in the two previous years and landings rose appreciably. A summary of bi-weekly catch/effort data is provided in Table 10.

Leslie analysis of log book data for this area provides a usable biomass (B) of 1,845.5 MT with 95% confidence limits of 1,193.4 MT and 6,614.5 MT;  $r^2 = 0.63$ ,  $q = 8.125 \times 10^{-6}$  (Fig. 10). CPUE in this area was very stable (probably a reflection of the outward expansion of the fishing fleet) over the

course of the season, making Leslie analysis difficult as evidenced by the wide confidence limits. Although effort and landings have increased over 1979 and 1980 levels, the 1981 exploitation rate dropped to 35% compared to 56% in 1979 and 43% in 1980.

#### New Fishing Areas

In 1981 fishing commenced in two previously unexploited areas; area 15, approximately 40-50 nautical miles due east of St. John's, and Area 19, approximately 60-100 nautical miles northeast of St. John's, (Fig. 1). Fishing began in Area 15 during the late summer and early fall, while in Area 19, vessels from Area 24 began fishing in June.

Area 15 - Danger Zone

This area (Fig. 1) is situated southwest of the main fishing grounds in Area 18. It is fortuitous that fishing even started here as the water is much more shallow than fishermen used to deem necessary for commercial concentrations of crab.

#### Area 19 - Northeastern Grand Banks

Fishermen from Area 24 first began fishing in 1981 after the fishery on their traditional grounds collapsed. Catch rates in 1981 were quite high, often exceeding 50 kg/trap haul. These high catch rates attracted many fishermen from Area 18 and as a result landings from this area reached 1,796 t.

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The authors wish to thank Moira Hynes and Janice Lannon for typing this document and Herb Mullet for drawing the graphs. We also wish to thank the Captain and crew of the M.V. SHAMOOK for their assistance in carrying out the tagging studies.

#### REFERENCES

Ricker, W. E. 1975. Computations and interpretation of biological statistics of fish populations. Bull. Fish. Board Can. 191: 382 p.

Robson, D. S., and H. A. Regier. 1974. Sample size in Petersen mark-recapture experiments. Trans. Am. Fish. Soc. 93: 215-226.

Taylor, D. M., and P. G. O'Keefe. 1983. Assessment of snow crab (Chionoecetes opilio) stocks in Newfoundland in 1980. CAFSAC Res. Doc. 83/3.

1981. Assessment of snow crab (<u>Chionoecetes</u> opilio) stocks in Newfoundland, 1979. CAFSAC Res. Doc. 81/57.

Management area	Effort (trap hauls)	Landings (MT)	X CUPE (kg/trap haul)	Biomass (MT)	Exploitaiton rate (%)
6	2,120	31.8	15.0	-	
6 8 12	11,150	167.8	15.0	-	-
12	45,455	853.7	18.8	1,290.5	66
14	27,113	434.4	16.0	614.3	71
15	18,128	404.3	22.3	-	-
16	43,546	502.0	11.5	689.0	73
18	413,815	6,769.1	16.4	11,289.3	60
19	64,208	1,795.6	28.0	-	-
20	15,970	110.3	6.9	-	-
24	92,435	741.0	8.0	941.0	79
26	79,250	635.0	8.0	646.8	98
32	54,416	649.5	11.9	1,845.5	35
32	19,250	321.8	16.7	604.1	53
36	19,840	230.3	11.6	503.7	46
Totals	906,696	13,646.6			

7

٠.

Table 1. Summary of catch/effort data for the Newfoundland snow crab fishery, 1981.

.

Two-week period	Effort trap hauls	Cumulative _effort	CPUE kg/trap haul	Catch (mt)	Cumulative catch (mt)	Estimated biomass (mt) (CPUE/q)
Mar. 30-Apr. 11 Apr. 13-25 Apr. 27-May 9 May 11-23 May 25-June 6 June 8-20 June 22-July 4 July 6-18 July 20-Aug. 1 Aug. 3-15 Aug. 17-29 Aug. 31-Sept. 12 Sept. 14-26 Sept. 28-Oct. 10 Oct. 12-24 Oct. 26-Nov. 7	4,945	1,050 2,475 8,970 15,535 21,715 27,030 32,620 37,150 43,225 49,400 54,410 58,700 63,645 67,910 73,495 77,510 79,250	$ 15.3 \\ 13.0 \\ 9.0 \\ 10.0 \\ 10.3 \\ 8.5 \\ 7.3 \\ 7.5 \\ 6.3 \\ 4.2 \\ 4.7 \\ 6.5 \\ 8.1 \\ 7.3 \\ 8.3 \\ 10.6 \\ 9.4 $	16.11* 18.55* 58.70* 65.88* 45.44* 40.89* 33.99* 38.43* 25.63* 27.93* 40.17* 31.08* 46.51* 42.46* 16.29*	34.66 93.36 159.24 222.70 268.14 309.03 343.02 381.45 407.08 430.55 458.48 498.65 529.73 576.24 618.70	742.72 631.07 436.89 485.44 500.00 412.62 354.37 364.08 305.83 203.88 228.16 315.53 393.20 354.37 402.91 514.56 456.31

Table 2. Catch and effort statistics for the snow crab fishery in western Bonavista Bay (Area 26). Newfoundland 1981.

X CPUE = 8.01 kg/trap haul

÷

,

Two-week period	Effort trap hauls	Cumulative effort	CPUE kg/trap haul	Catch (mt)	Cumulative catch (mt)	Estimated biomass (mt) (CPUE/q)
Mar. 2-14	3960	3960	10.8	42.58	42.58	701.75
Mar. 16-28	7725	11,685	12.5	96.78	139.36*	812.22
Mar. 30-Apr. 11	14,015	25,700	11.2	157.40	296.76*	727.75
Apr. 13-25	9710	35,410	9.7	94.59	391.34*	630.28
Apr. 27-May 9	23,060	58,470	7.0	160.62	551.96*	454.84
May 11-23	9765	68,235	5.8	57.06	609.02*	376.87
May 25-June 6	8150	76,385	6.3	51.16	660.19*	409.36
June 8-20	5460	81,845	5.0	27.18	687.36*	324.89
June 22-July 4	2655	84,500	4.1	10.76	698.12*	266.41
July 6-18	1185	85,685	3.0	3.51	701.63*	194.93
July 20-Aug. 1	1980	87,665	3.4	6.70	708.32*	220.92
Aug. 3-15	1200	88,865	3.6	4.32	712.64*	233.92
Aug. 17–29	1030	89,895	1.6	1.65	714.29*	103.96
Aug. 31-Sept. 12		03,020				
Sept. 14-26	370	90,265	3.2	1.18	715.47	207.93
Sept. 28-Oct. 10		90,635	1.6	0.60	716.07	103.96
Oct. 12-24	575		<b>-</b>			
Oct. 26-Nov. 7						
Nov. 9-21	1050	91,685	15.3	16.12	732.18	994.15
Nov. 23-Dec. 5	750	92,435	12.0	8.83	741.01	779.73

Table 3. Catch and effort statistics for the snow crab fishery in eastern Bonavista Bay (Area 24) Newfoundland 1981.

X CPUE = 8.02 kg/trap haul

Two-week period	Effort trap hauls	Cumulative effort	CPUE kg/trap haul	Catch (mt)	Cumulative catch (mt)	Estimated biomass (mt)(CPUE/q)
			02.45	E 62	5.63	762.85
Feb. 13-28	240	240	23.45	5.63 49.42*	55.04	687.05
Mar. 2-14	2,340	2580	21.12			644.76
Mar. 16-28	3,360	5940	19.82	66.59*	178.05	577.10
Mar. 30-Apr. 11	3,180	9120	17.74	56.41*		419.32
Apr. 13-25	2,340	11,460	12.89	30.16*		332.14
Apr. 27-May 9	6,220	17,680	10.21	63.48*		317.50
May 11-23	5,320	23,000	9.76	51.92*		
May 25-June 6	2,430	25,430	9.88	24.01*		321.41
June 8-20	496	25,926	13.42	6.66*		436.56
June 22-July 4	1,290	27,216	10.55	13.62*		343.20
July 6-18	3,210	30,426	13.26	42.55*		431.36
July 20-Aug. 1	2,700	33,126	9.94	26.83*		323.36
Aug. 3-15	<b>54</b> 0	33,666	6.82	3.68*		221.86
Aug. 17-29	1,080	34,746	6.19	6.68*		201.37
Aug. 31-Sept. 12	2,910	37,656	6.65	19.34*	466.99	216.33
Sept. 14-26	2,280	39,936	5.59	12.76*	479.29	181.85
Sept. 28-Oct. 10		42,006	6.23	12.89*	492.18	202.67
Oct. 12-24	760	42,766	6.92	5.26*	497.43	225.11
Oct. 26-Nov. 7	660	43,426	5.08	3.36*	500 <b>.79</b>	165.26
Nov. 9-21	-			-	-	-
Nov. 23-Dec. 5	120	43,546	9.96	1.20	501.98	324.00

Table 4. Catch and effort statistics for the snow crab fishery in Conception Bay (Area 16) Newfoundland 1981.

X CPUE = 11.53 kg/trap haul

Two-week period	Effort trap hauls	Cumulative effort	CPUE kg/trap haul	Catch (mt)	Cumulative catch (mt)	Estimated biomass (mt)(CPUE/q)
Mar. 2-14 Mar. 16-28 Mar. 30-Apr. 11 Apr. 13-25 Apr. 27-May 9 May 11-23 May 25-June 6 June 8-20 June 22-July 4 July 6-18 July 20-Aug. 1 Aug. 3-15 Aug. 17-29 Aug. 31-Sept. 12 Sept. 14-26 Sept. 28-0ct. 10 Oct. 12-24 Oct. 26-Nov. 7 Nov. 9-21 Nov. 23-Dec. 5 Dec. 7-19	1,865 5,218 8,040 7,976 17,367 37,319 47,416 32,937 42,394 34,062 43,030 14,900 20,615 20,049 28,983 19,049 13,520 7,510 5,255 5,110 1,200	1,865 7,083 15,123 23,099 40,466 77,785 125,201 158,138 200,532 234,594 277,624 292,524 313,139 333,188 362,171 381,220 394,740 402,250 407,505 412,615 413,815	$14.31 \\18.75 \\19.93 \\15.31 \\15.03 \\16.41 \\18.17 \\21.40 \\16.83 \\16.33 \\14.64 \\14.01 \\13.46 \\15.14 \\12.49 \\16.44 \\15.26 \\16.43 \\16.22 \\19.69 \\21.40$	26.69 97.85 160.26 122.08 260.96 612.52 861.38 704.72* 713.45* 556.38* 629.86* 208.79* 277.54* 303.55* 378.74* 313.13 206.28 123.42 85.23 100.62 25.68	3559.91 4116.29 4746.15 4954.94 5232.48 5536.03	6365.66 8340.75 8865.66 6810.50 6685.94 7299.82 8082.74 9519.57 7486.66 7264.23 6512.46 6232.21 5987.54 6734.88 5556.05 7313.17 6788.26 7308.72 7215.30 8758.90 9519.57

Table 5. Catch and effort statistics for the snow crab fishery in the Northeastern Avalon (Area 18) Newfoundland 1981.

X CPUE = 16.36 kg/trap haul

Two-week period	Effort trap hauls	Cumulative effort	CPUE kg/trap haul	Catch (mt)	Cumulative catch (mt)	Estimated biomass (mt) (CPUE/q)
Mar. 14-28	1,060	1,060	19.81	20.99	20.99	387.29
Mar. 30-Apr. 11	2,560	3,620	13.99	35.81	56.81	273.51
Apr. 13-25	2,460	6,080	20.78	51.12	107.93	406.26
Apr. 27-May 9	5,573	11,653	22.10	123.18	231.11*	432.06
May 11-23	3,834	15,487	16.17	61.96	293.10*	316.13
May 25-June 6	2,410	17,897	13.88	33.45	326.55*	271.36
June 8-20	1,596	19,493	16.84	26.84	353.42*	329.23
June 22-July 4	950	20,443	19.89	18.90	372.32*	388.86
July 6-18	520	20,963	14.06	7.31	379.64*	274.88
July 20-Aug. 1	2,660	23,623	9.92	26.40	406.03*	193.94
Aug. 3-15	1,320	24,943	6.52	8.60	414.63*	127.47
Aug. 17-29	1,020	25,963	9.05	9.23	423.86*	176.93
Aug. 30-Sept. 12	960	26,923	8.28	7.95	431.81*	161.88
Sept. 14-26	190	27,113	13.51	2.57	434.38	264.13

Table 6. Catch and effort statistics for the snow crab fishery in Eastern Avalon (Area 14) Newfoundland 1981.

X CPUE = 16.02 trap/haul

.

\* cumulative catches used in Leslie analysis

Two-week period	Effort trap hauls	Cumulative effort	CPUE kg/trap haul	Catch (mt)	Cumulative catch (mt)	Estimated biómass (mt) (CPUE/q)
Mar. 14-28	2,650	1,010	20.30	20.50	20.50	803.64
Mar. 30-Apr. 11		2,000	20.43	20.22	40.73	808.79
Apr. 13-25		3,360	21.68	29.48	70.21	858.27
Apr. 27-May 9		6,680	22.30	74.02	144.23	882.82
May 11-23		10,420	21.21	79.32	223.56	839.67
May 25-June 6		15,090	19.08	89.12	312.67	755.34
June 8-20		20,030	23.12	114.22	426.90*	915.28
June 22-July 4		23,400	22.15	74.63	501.53*	876.88
July 6-18		24,110	18.49	13.13	514.66*	731.99
July 20-Aug. 1		28,000	17.35	67.48	582.14*	686.86
Aug. 3-15		31,090	17.13	52.92	635.06*	678.15
Aug. 17-29		33,540	18.32	44.90	679.96*	725.26
Aug. 30-Sept. 12		35,510	15.35	30.24	710.20*	607.68
Sept. 14-26		38,160	13.07	34.63	744.84*	517.42
Sept. 28-Oct. 10		40,345	11.43	24.97	769.81*	452.49
Oct. 12-24		41,855	14.51	21.90	791.71	574.43
Oct. 26-Nov. 7		43,505	16.60	27.40	819.12	657.17
Nov. 9-21		44,865	17.52	23.82	842.93	693.59
Nov. 23-Dec. 5		45,455	18.30	10.80	853.73	724.47

J

Table 7. Catch and effort statistics for the snow crab fishery in at Southeastern Avalon (Area 12) Newfoundland 1981.

# X CPUE = 18.78 kg/trap haul

Two-week period	Effort trap hauls	Cumulative effort	CPUE kg/trap haul	Catch (mt)	Cumulative catch (mt)	Estimated biomass (mt) (CPUE/q)
June 1-13	802	802	16.28	13.06*	13.06	526.01
June 15-27	2,147	2,949	15.14	32.51*	45.57	489.18
June 29-July 11	1,751	4,700	13.72	24.02*	69.59	443.30
July 13-25	2,639	7,339	11.47	30.27*	99.86	370.60
July 27-Aug. 8	2,390	9,729	10.72	25.62*	125.47	346.37
Aug. 10-22	2,440	12,169	10.94	26.70*	152.17	353.47
Aug. 24-Sept. 5	2,050	14,219	12.34	25.90*	177.46	398.71
Spet. 7-19	2,842	17,061	10.02	28.48*	205.94	323.75
Sept. 21-Oct. 3	1,588	18,649	9.36	14.87*	220.80	302.42
Oct. 5-17	991	19,640	8.03	7.96*		259.45
Oct. 19-31	200	19,840	7.47	1.49	230.25	241.36

Table 8. Catch and effort statistics for the snow crab fishery in White Bay (Area 36) Newfoundland 1981.

X CPUE = 11.61 kg/trap haul

Two-week period	Effort trap hauls	Cumulative effort	CPUE kg/trap haul	Catch (mt)	Cumulative catch (mt)	Estimated biomass (mt) (CPUE/q)
June 8-20 June 22-July 4 July 6-18 July 20-Aug. 1 Aug. 3-15 Aug. 17-29 Aug. 30-Sept. 12 Sept. 14-26 Sept. 28-Oct. 10 Oct. 12-24 Oct. 26-Nov. 7	1,335 1,445 2,145 4,265 3,440 565 2,445 1,450 890 820 450	1,335 2,780 4,925 9,190 12,630 13,195 15,640 17,090 17,980 18,800 19,250	22.68 21.43 19.20 17.73 15.91 18.95 16.77 10.53 10.39 10.38 9.50	30.28* 30.97* 41.18* 75.62* 54.72* 10.71 41.01* 15.27* 9.25* 8.51* 4.28	178.04 232.77 243.47 284.49 299.76 309.00	590.32 557.78 499.74 461.48 414.11 493.23 436.49 274.08 269.11 270.17 247.27

Table 9. Catch and effort statistics for the snow crab fishery in Horse Islands (Area 34) Newfoundland 1981.

X CPUE = 16.72 kg/trap haul

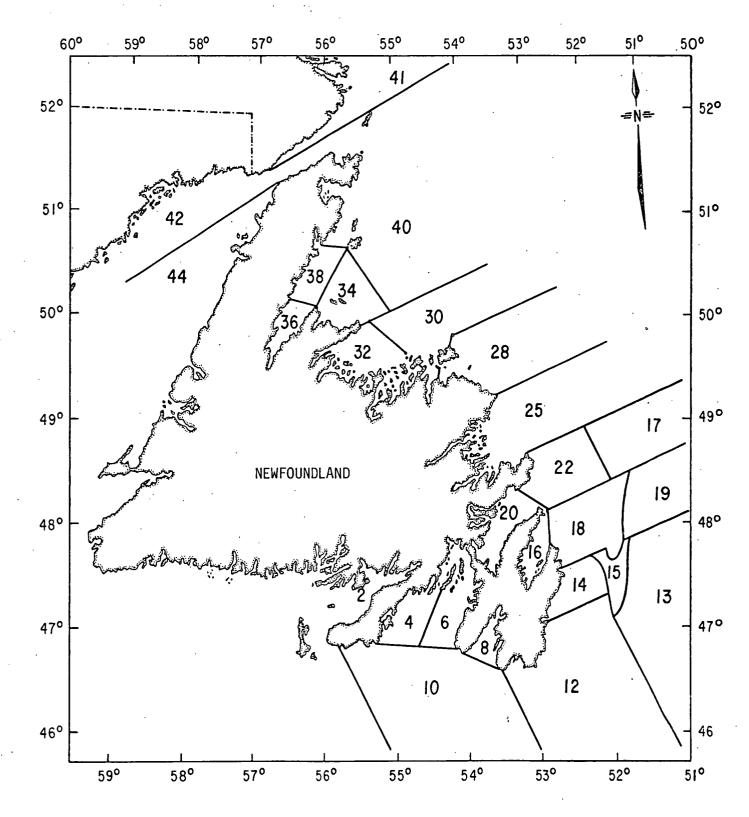
.

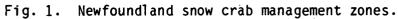
Two-week period	Effort trap hauls	Cumulative effort	CPUE kg/trap haul	Catch (mt)	Cumulative catch (mt)	Estimated biomass (mt) (CPUE/q)
Apr. 27-May 9 May 11-23 May 25-June 6 June 8-20 June 22-July 4 July 6-18 July 20-Aug. 1 Aug. 3-15 Aug. 17-29 Aug. 31-Sept. 12 Sept. 14-26 Sept. 28-Oct. 10 Oct. 12-24	2,395	2,802 7,419 12,463 16,815 22,158 27,003 32,601 38,029 42,456 50,571 52,966 53,441 54,416	$13.58 \\ 11.63 \\ 14.25 \\ 13.24 \\ 11.43 \\ 13.33 \\ 12.27 \\ 11.93 \\ 11.82 \\ 9.02 \\ 12.10 \\ 15.59 \\ 8.61$	38.06 53.71 71.88* 57.62* 61.06* 64.59* 68.67* 64.73* 51.13* 73.21* 28.99 7.51 8.39	221.26 282.32 346.91 415.58 480.31 531.44	1671.38 1431.38 1753.85 1629.54 1406.77 1640.62 1510.15 1468.31 1454.77 1110.15 1489.23 1918.77 1059.69

Table 10. Catch and effort statistics for the snow crab fishery in Notre Dame Bay (Area 32) Newfoundland 1981.

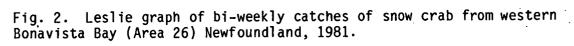
X CPUE = 11.94 kg/trap haul

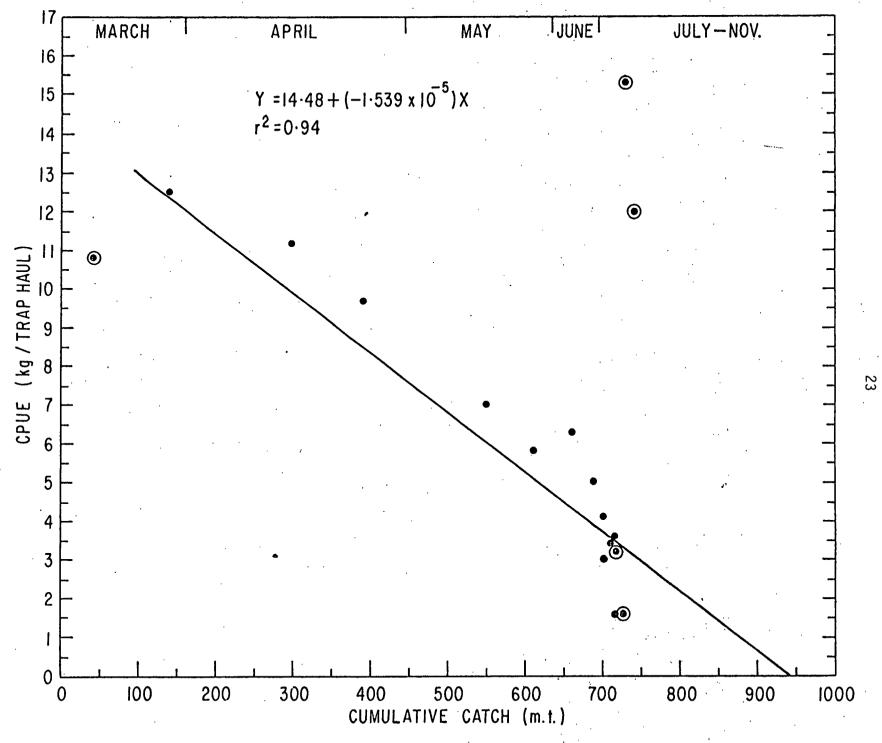
.

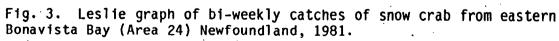


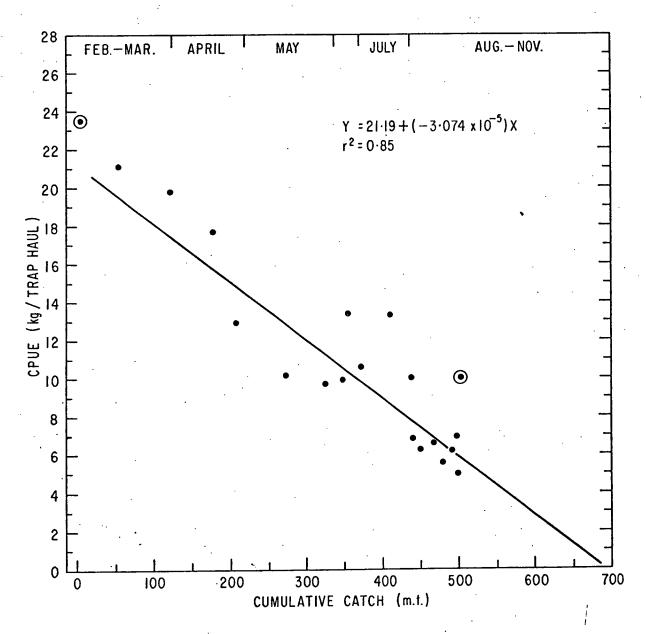


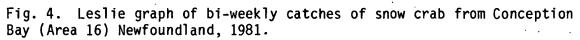
17 APRIL JUNE NOV. MAY JULY AUG. SEPT. OCT. Y =  $13.32 + (-2.060 \times 10^{-5}) \times r^2 = 0.85$ П CPUE (kg / TRAP HAUL) 2 80 6 0  $oldsymbol{O}$  $\odot$ • I CUMULATIVE CATCH (m.t.)











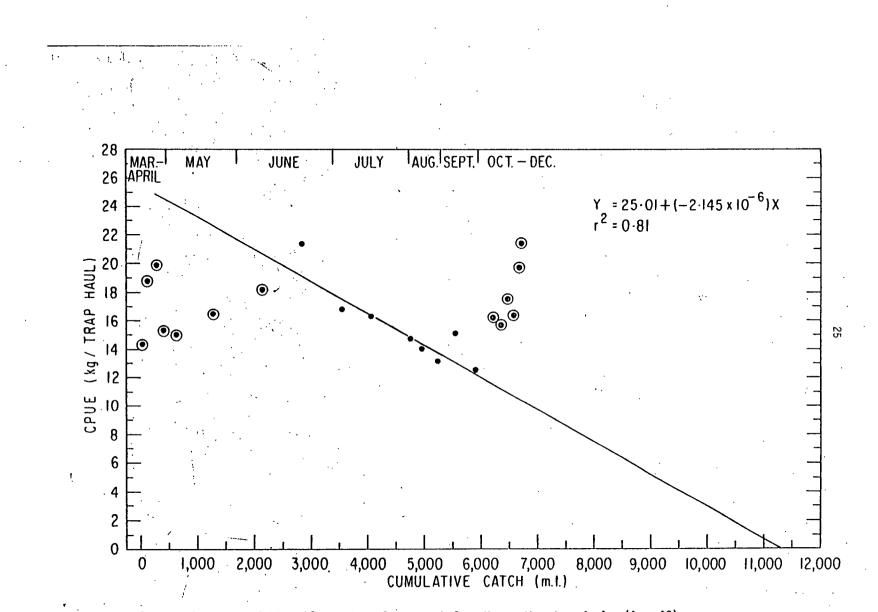
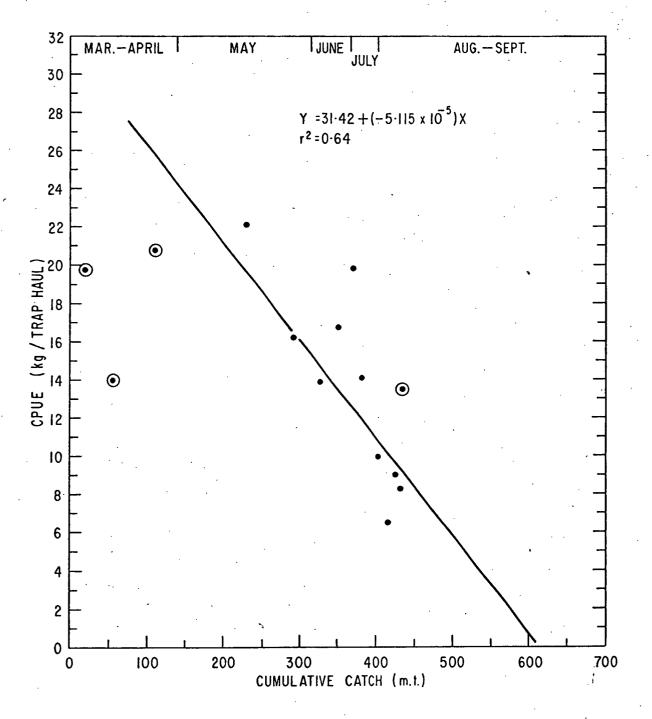
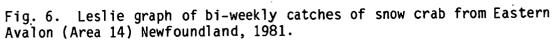
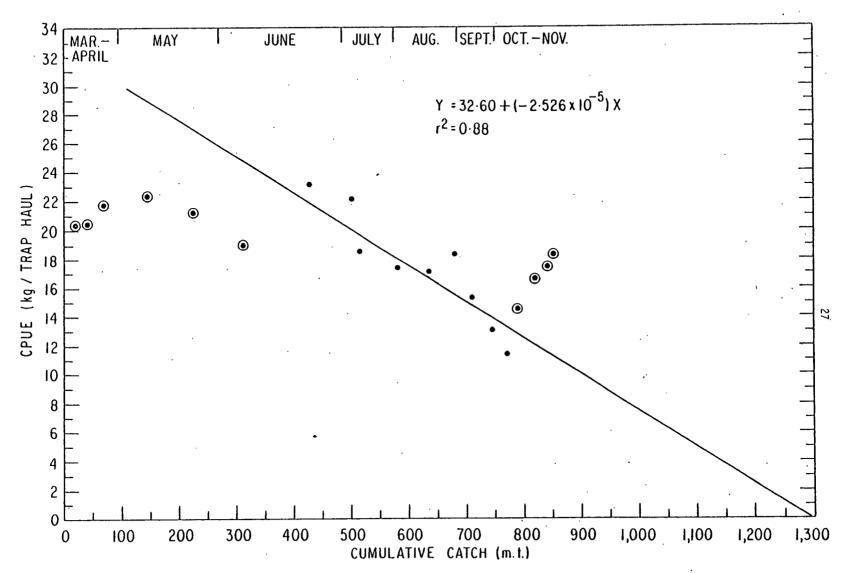
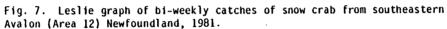


Fig. 5. Leslie graph of bi-weekly catches of snow crab from the northeastern Avalon (Area 18) Newfoundland, 1981.









. . ....

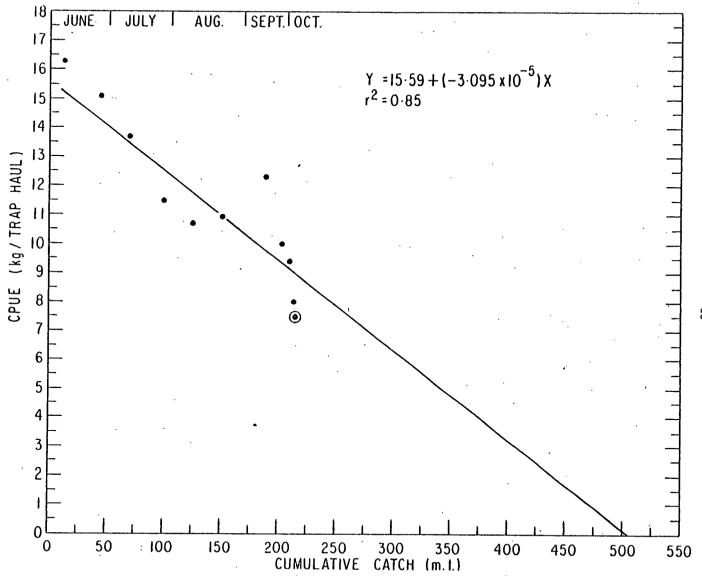


Fig. 8. Leslie graph of bi-weekly catches of snow crab from White Bay (Area 36) Newfoundland, 1981.

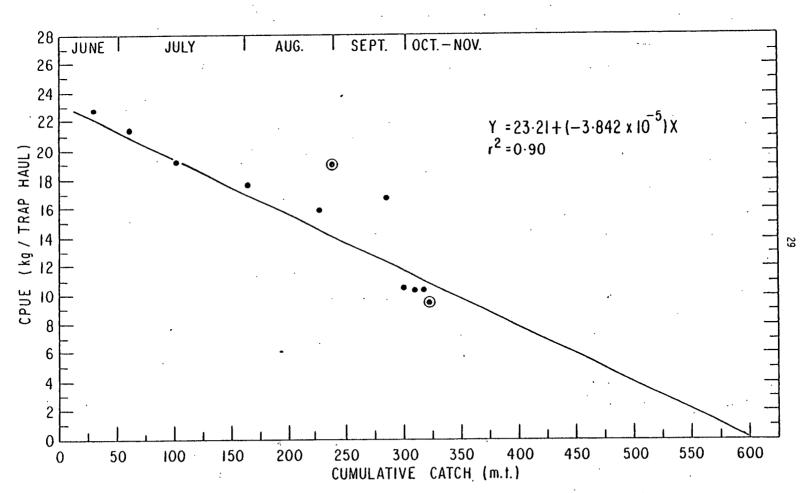


Fig. 9. Leslie graph of bi-weekly catches of snow crab from the Horse Islands (Area 34) Newfoundland, 1981.

. ..

