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A Technical Review of the Management Approach for Stream-Type Fraser River Chinook

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## Foreword

This series documents the scientific basis for the evaluation of aquatic resources and ecosystems in Canada. As such, it addresses the issues of the day in the time frames required and the documents it contains are not intended as definitive statements on the subjects addressed but rather as progress reports on ongoing investigations.

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#### Abstract

Starting in 2008, Fisheries and Oceans Canada (DFO) implemented a series of fisheries closures and restrictions to protect Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ Chinook Salmon stocks. These restrictions were expanded in 2010, and again in 2012, to allow additional protections for Fraser Spring 52 and Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook Salmon stocks. The 2012 management approach was documented in a letter written by the Regional Director for DFO's Pacific Region Fisheries Management Branch to First Nations and stakeholder groups (RD directive). An objective of the 2012 management approach was to ensure that First Nations fishing for food, social, and ceremonial purposes had priority over other use. In this paper, we present a technical review of the available data and methods with which to evaluate recent management outcomes relative to the objectives laid out in the 2012 RD directive. We summarize recent patterns in spawner abundance, biological properties, and annual exploitation rates for Fraser River Spring $4_{2}$, Spring $5_{2}$, Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook stock management units. We then compare two alternative approaches for estimating fishery- and sector-specific exploitation rate indices using readily available data and assessment tools. The first of these approaches relies on the coded wire tag (CWT) mark and recovery program for the Spring 42 Nicola River CWT indicator stock, while the second combines an existing Fraser River Chinook Run Reconstruction model with genetic stock identification (GSI) catch composition estimates from marine fisheries. We then use predicted exploitation rate indices from the Run Reconstruction approach to evaluate management outcomes relative the objectives stated in the 2012 RD directive. Results show that all three stream-type Fraser Chinook stock management units (SMUs) show depressed escapement in recent years and consistent declines over the last four years. Time series of exploitation rate indices for the Spring $4_{2}$ SMU were similar for the CWT and Run Reconstruction methods, but with higher values for the Run Reconstruction approach. Results from the Run Reconstruction approach show that stream-type Fraser Chinook have experienced a reduction in exploitation rates in recent years, and that First Nations fisheries have experienced a larger reduction in harvest impacts than other sectors. However, data were insufficient to fully evaluate management performance relative to harvest reduction and allocation objectives. The reliance on an exploitation rate index, as opposed to a complete estimate of total mortality, meant that exploitation rate indices were underestimates. Furthermore, an uncertainty analysis highlighted that measurement of sector-specific changes in exploitation rates were highly uncertain, especially for lower impact recreational and commercial fisheries, whose estimates relied on GSI sampling. The fact that we cannot estimate reductions in commercial and recreational fisheries with reasonable error, using the available data, does not mean that they did not occur. The management measures implemented in various fisheries, such as time and area closures during periods of peak stream-type Fraser Chinook migration, were reasonably expected to reduce impacts on stream-type Fraser Chinook. We make recommendations for future work to address key gaps in the management and assessment framework for stream-type Fraser Chinook.


## 1 OVERVIEW OF TECHNICAL REVIEW APPROACH

The objectives of this technical review are to:

1. Summarize trends in spawner abundance, biological properties, and annual exploitation rates for Fraser River Spring $4_{2}$, Spring $5_{2}$, Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook Salmon stock management units (SMUs) over the review period.
2. Estimate and present fishery mortalities (catch and release by First Nations, recreational, commercial), as well as the proportion of overall harvests attributable to each harvest sector. Where direct estimates are not available, use alternative methods to project fishery mortalities (e.g., using a run reconstruction approach or other method) to the extent possible.
3. To the extent possible, evaluate management outcomes relative to the stated management objectives in the 2012 letter written by the Regional Director for DFO's Pacific Region to First Nations and stakeholder groups (Appendix A; hereafter referred to as the 2012 RD directive) for Fraser River Spring $4_{2}$, Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook SMUs.
4. Examine and identify uncertainties in the data and methods. Use sensitivity analyses to identify which information gaps have the largest potential impact on estimated outcomes.
5. Document data sources, data treatments, models, key assumptions, uncertainties, and implications for results.

In order to address these objectives, we compiled detailed data on escapement, marine survival rate, length-at-age, age composition, fishery catch, fishery releases, fishery effort, and stock composition of catch, as estimated using coded wire tag (CWT) and genetic stock identification (GSI) data. Data used for our analyses are described in Section 4, with datasets compiled in accompanying appendices. Changes in biological properties, such as length-at-age and age composition, are relevant to the current review because they influence fisheries selectivity. Reductions in both of these properties have the potential to reduce the effectiveness of management measures.

We then compare two alternative approaches for estimating fishery- and sector-specific exploitation rate indices using readily available data and assessment tools. The first of these approaches relies on the Joint Chinook Technical Committee (CTC) Exploitation Rate Analysis (ERA), applied to the Spring $4_{2}$ Nicola River CWT indicator stock. The second approach combined the annual Fraser River Chinook Run Reconstruction model with GSI catch composition estimates from marine fisheries.

Next, we use predicted exploitation rate indices from the Run Reconstruction approach to evaluate management outcomes relative to the objectives stated in the 2012 RD directive (Appendix A). The Run Reconstruction approach alone was used for this evaluation because there are no current CWT indicator stocks for either the Fraser Spring $5_{2}$ or Summer $5_{2}$ stock management units.
Finally, we make recommendations for future work to be undertaken to address key gaps in the management and assessment framework for stream-type Fraser Chinook.
Given known limitations in the information available to estimate biological status and harvest impacts, the approach taken for this review is to:

1. Comprehensively describe the available data and identify key uncertainties associated with each data set;
2. Identify sources of uncertainty associated with the methods used to assess harvest impacts;
3. Evaluate the sensitivity of estimated harvest impacts to key sources of uncertainty in both the input data and the assessment method using sensitivity analyses and uncertainty analysis using Monte Carlo simulation.

## 2 CONTEXT

Stream-type Fraser Chinook include 13 conservation units that are aggregated into three SMUs referred to as Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ Chinook, Fraser Spring $5_{2}$ Chinook and Fraser Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook. These populations are called 'stream-type' because they spend their first year in freshwater before migrating to offshore marine areas to rear. After one to four years in the ocean, they mature and return to the Fraser River in the spring and early summer. These stocks are very important to Fraser River First Nations, both in terms of the cultural value as the 'first fish' returning to the Fraser River and the importance to upriver Nations who depend on the health of single stocks for harvest in terminal spawning areas.

From 1979 to 2006, the aggregate spawner abundance of stream-type Fraser Chinook averaged ( $\pm$ standard deviation) $12,593( \pm 7,348), 33,695( \pm 12,116)$ and $32,771( \pm 11,741)$ for the Fraser Spring $4_{2}$, Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ SMUs, respectively (run reconstruction input values; Table J-1). Calendar Year Exploitation Rates (CYERs) for the Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ Nicola CWT indicator stock averaged $28 \%$ (1978 to 2006 return years; Table I-1) and $55 \%$ for the Fraser Spring 52 Dome CWT indicator (1990 to 2006 return years; Table I-2). During that period, brood year marine survival rates averaged $3.6 \%$ for the Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ Nicola CWT indicator stock ( 1985 to 2002 brood years; Table I-3) and about $1.4 \%$ for the Fraser Spring 52 Dome CWT indicator (1987 to 1998 brood years; Table I-4).
By 2007, the spawner abundance of these stream-type Fraser Chinook was well below average. Of particular concern was the Spring $4_{2}$ SMU whose aggregate spawning abundance (return minus catch) was below 3,000; one of the lowest on record (Figure 2, Table J-1). This low escapement was likely due to a combination of high exploitation and low marine survival rate. The 2007 CYER on the Spring $4_{2}$ stock management unit was estimated to be $60 \%$; more than double the long-term average, and the highest on record (Table I-1). Over $85 \%$ of the harvest mortality in 2007 was associated with Fraser River recreational and First Nation fisheries. Additionally, the 2003 brood year had an estimated marine survival rate of $0.2 \%$; the second lowest value on record (Table I-3). Stream-type Chinook from the 2003 brood year entered the ocean in 2005, a sea-entry year for which low marine survival rates were observed for many southern BC salmon stocks (CTC 2011). DFO was concerned that fishery impacts would contribute to further stock declines if exploitation rates were maintained at 2007 levels (i.e. well above average) and marine survival rates remained low. Therefore, beginning in 2008 DFO implemented measures to reduce harvest impacts on Fraser Spring 42 Chinook stocks. These measures affected Fraser River fisheries and Southern BC marine fisheries in key migration corridors such as the Juan de Fuca Strait and southern Strait of Georgia. Measures have remained in place since then, as marine survival rates have remained low.
About the same time that the 2008 measures were introduced, members of the Cheam First Nation partially won an appeal at the BC Supreme Court in relation to multiple fishing convictions from 1999 Chinook fisheries. The Court concluded that "the appellants' constitutional right to fish for food, social and ceremonial (FSC) purposes was not given priority over the recreational fishers at a time when there was insufficient fish to meet the appellants' fishing needs" (R. v. Tommy, 2008 BCSC 1095). In applying principles set out in R. v. Sparrow, (1990) 1 S.C.R. 1075, the Court agreed with the appellants that First Nations unfairly bore the brunt of DFO's conservation measures to reduce harvest impacts on stream-type Fraser River Chinook. The issue was that First Nations FSC needs were not met, yet recreational fisheries continued. Although the Court acknowledged that recreational impacts were minimal and
confirmed previous judgements that FSC access is not an exclusive right ( $R . v$. Gladstone, 1996, 2 S.C.R. 723, R. v. Jack, 1996, 16 B.C.L.R., R. v. Sampson, 1996, 16 B.C.L.R.), a contributing factor for $R$. v. Tommy was that prior to the fishing season DFO knew there were insufficient fish to meet FSC needs.

Starting in 2010, management measures were introduced to reduce impacts on Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ Fraser Chinook in addition to those already in place for Spring $4_{2}$ Chinook. Similar to Fraser $4_{2}$ Chinook, the majority of harvest impacts on the Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ stock management units were from Fraser River First Nation fisheries (estimated at about 62\%, based on historic Dome CWT indicator stock data). Therefore, any consequential reduction in harvest impacts required reducing First Nation access. However, given R. v. Tommy, unresolved questions as to how to prioritize constitutionally protected FSC fisheries remained. On the one hand, some Nations continued to assert that unless FSC needs are met, prioritizing constitutionally protected fisheries required exclusive First Nation access. On the other hand, the social and economic consequences of exclusive First Nation access are significant and egregious for recreational and commercial harvest groups whose impacts on stream-type Fraser Chinook are relatively low in mixed-stock fisheries targeting stronger non-Fraser stocks.

In 2012, DFO set out a management approach for stream-type Fraser Chinook designed to reconcile multiple objectives. That is, meeting conservation needs while prioritizing First Nation FSC access and providing stable access for stronger co-migrating stocks in mixed-stock fisheries. This approach was documented in the 2012 RD directive (Appendix A). The letter set exploitation rate limits for Fraser Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook stocks, described actions the department would take to achieve these targets, and anticipated allocations of harvest reductions among sectors. Fisheries targeted for reductions were those operating in the times and areas where stream-type Fraser Chinook are most vulnerable during their return migration to spawning grounds. While harvest opportunities were reduced for all sectors, including First Nation fisheries, the intent was to implement a management approach whereby the brunt of conservation measures would be borne by recreational and commercial fisheries.
Objectives for years in which return abundance for Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ stocks combined was less than 30,000 fish (i.e., "Zone 1") set out in the 2012 RD directive were as follows:

- When in Zone 1, reduce exploitation rates on Fraser River Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook by a minimum of $50 \%$ from the 50-60\% exploitation rates in the early 2000's (resulting in an overall exploitation rate in Canada of less than 30\% for Fraser River Spring $5_{2}$ Chinook).
- When in Zone 1, distribute the exploitation rate reductions such that the recreational and commercial sectors have a greater overall reduction than First Nations. The proposed measures projected a reduction of $44 \%$ to the First Nations FSC exploitation rate (producing an exploitation rate of $20 \%$ ), a reduction of $73 \%$ to the recreational sector (producing an exploitation rate of $4.3 \%$ ), and a reduction of $77 \%$ to the commercial sector (producing an exploitation rate of $2.1 \%$ ).
- First Nations fishing for FSC purposes will have priority over other uses and will be provided the majority of the available fishery exploitation.

An additional outcome inferred from a comparison of the intended distribution of exploitation rate reductions among sectors is as follows:

- Increase the proportion of the Fraser River Spring $5_{2}$ exploitation rate that is taken by the First Nations FSC fishery.

Implementation of the 2012 RD directive was controversial. As already described, the negative impact on all fisheries was significant and questions remained for First Nations as to whether
the management approach met the legal standard for prioritizing FSC access. To further complicate the situation, there was significant uncertainty as to whether the specific targets were achieved because the data available to evaluate harvest impacts is limited, particularly for evaluating whether or not the anticipated allocation of harvest reductions were met. First Nations, whose access to stream-type Chinook continued to be reduced, questioned whether they are unfairly bearing the brunt of conservation. In the absence of stock-specific rebuilding objectives and a comprehensive assessment of fishery impacts on stock rebuilding time, all harvest sectors questioned to what extent fishery reductions are warranted.

In the 2012 RD directive, DFO committed to reviewing the management approach after 5 years of implementation. In 2016, a Terms of Reference document was developed for the review with two phases planned. Phase 1 is a technical review of the available data and evaluation of the resulting harvest impacts in relation to objectives set out in the 2012 RD. This paper presents results of that review completed by a joint technical working group that included biologists from Fraser River First Nation organizations and DFO (for a list of working group members see Section 8). During Phase 2, a consultative process will be used to review and potentially adapt the overall management response and procedures for stream-type Fraser Chinook. The data, analysis, and recommendations presented in this review are intended to assist that decisionmaking process.

## 3 BACKGROUND

### 3.1 STOCK PROFILE

### 3.1.1 Life History and Stock Structure

Stream-type Fraser Chinook rear in freshwater for one year prior to migrating to offshore ocean areas to feed. Most mature after two to three years in the ocean and then return to the Fraser River during the spring and early summer period to spawn later (Bailey et al. 2001). The 13 stream-type Fraser Chinook conservation units (CUs) are aggregated for harvest management into three SMUs) differentiated by run timing, geographical distribution and life history. These SMUs are referred to as Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ Chinook, Fraser Spring $5_{2}$ Chinook and Fraser Summer $5{ }_{2}$ Chinook. They are also referred to as Fraser Spring 1.2, Chinook, Fraser Spring 1.3 Chinook, and Fraser Summer 1.3 Chinook using an alternate European aging convention. The age labels refer to the dominant age at return for the group, although it should be noted that age of maturation is variable for all groups.

Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ Chinook originate from tributaries throughout the Fraser River system, with many (but not all) originating from the Lower Thompson River (Figure 1). There are 2 CUs associated with the Spring $4_{2}$ SMU: South Thompson-Bessette Creek SU 1.2 and Lower Thompson SP 1.2 CUs (Holtby and Ciruna 2007, Brown et al. in revision ${ }^{1}$ ). Note that CU naming conventions for Chinook salmon indicate both their dominant age based on the European ageing convention (e.g., 1.2, 1.3) and their dominant run timing (SP = spring, SUM = summer, FA = Fall), where run timing used in the naming of CUs does not always match the dominant run timing used in SMU-level naming. Long-term aggregate spawning abundance averages about 12,000 fish for the Spring $4_{2}$ Chinook SMU (11,448 $\pm 7,189$; Fraser run

[^0]reconstruction 1979-2018). Spawning adults are primarily 4-year-olds (mean annual proportion of hatchery fish spawning at age 4 from the Nicola indictor stock between 1995 and $2018=88 \%$ $\pm 12 \%$ ) with lower numbers of age 5 ( $8.5 \% \pm 1.1 \%$ ) and age 3 -year-olds ( $3.6 \% \pm 4.5 \%$; Figure 6). Ocean rearing occurs primarily in offshore areas. Return timing of mature fish is from early March through late July with peak migration in June (Candy et al. 2002).

Spring $5_{2}$ Chinook originate from tributaries dispersed across the Fraser River system, including within the mid- and upper Fraser basins, North and South Thompson basins and the Birkenhead system of the Lower Fraser (Figure 1). There are five Conservation Units associated with the aggregate Spring $5_{2}$ SMU, including the Lower Fraser SP 1.3, Middle Fraser-Fraser Canyon SP 1.3, Middle Fraser SP 1.3, Upper Fraser River SP 1.3 and North Thompson SP 1.3 (Holtby and Ciruna 2007, Brown et al. in revision). Long-term aggregate spawning abundance averages about 30,000 fish ( $29,017 \pm 13,115$; Fraser run reconstruction 1979-2018). While age 5 is the dominant spawning age for most Spring $5_{2}$ Chinook, data on age composition in recent (i.e. last 10) years is limited (Healey 1983). Ocean rearing occurs primarily in offshore areas. Return timing of mature fish is from early March through late July with peak migration in June (Candy et al. 2002).

Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook originate from tributaries dispersed across the Fraser River system, including the mid- Fraser and North and South Thompson basins and the Lower Fraser (Figure 1). There are 6 Conservation Units associated with the Summer $5_{2}$ SMU, including the Lower Fraser-Upper Pitt SU 1.3, Lower Fraser River SU 1.3, Middle Fraser River-Portage FA 1.3, Middle Fraser SU 1.3, South Thompson SU 1.3 and North Thompson SU 1.3 (Holtby and Ciruna 2007, Brown et al. in revision ${ }^{1}$ ). Long-term aggregate spawning abundance averages about 30,000 fish ( $29,536 \pm 12,227$; Fraser run reconstruction 1979-2018). Spawning age for these populations can be variable. While age- 5 is the dominant age class on the spawning grounds in most years, age-4 fish can dominate in some years. Between 2010 and 2018, the mean annual proportion of fish spawning at age-5 from the Chilko indicator stock was $56 \%$ ( $\pm$ $14 \%$ ), while the mean proportion spawning at age-4 was $39 \% ~( \pm 13 \%$ ). Age-3 and age-6 fish were also observed on the spawning grounds at Chilko during these years, but in smaller numbers: age-3 mean $=2 \%( \pm 3 \%)$; age-6 mean $=3 \%( \pm 2 \%)$. Ocean rearing is primarily in offshore areas. However, relative to other stream-type Fraser Chinook, more of these fish are intercepted in coastal areas suggesting their return migration route may be different (Candy et al. 2002). Return timing of mature fish is from early March through August with peak migration in July (Candy et al. 2002).

### 3.1.2 Stock Status

The 2014 Wild Salmon Policy (WSP) integrated status assessment (generally using data up to 2012 return year) classified 7 of the 13 associated conservation units (CUs) as having the poorest status level, "red", indicating that biological considerations should be the primary driver for management of these CUs (DFO 2016). In 2018, a status assessment by the Committee on the Status of Endangered Wildlife in Canada (COSEWIC) classified 7 of the 13 associated designated units as endangered and 4 as threatened based on recent declines in abundance (COSEWIC 2018).

### 3.1.3 Stock Enhancement

Relative to other areas in BC, hatchery supplementation of stream-type Fraser Chinook stocks is very limited. The Spius Creek Hatchery annually releases about 330,000 and 160,000 Chinook from Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ and Summer 52 stocks, respectively (Table 2). The objective of these projects is 'assessment' (DFO 2018a). All fish are tagged with CWTs and externally marked with an adipose fin clip.

### 3.1.4 Harvest Impacts / Marine Distribution

Canadian and US marine fisheries have lower impacts on stream-type Fraser Chinook when compared to far-north migrating Fraser Chinook (i.e., the Fraser Summer $4_{1}$ or Fall $4_{1}$ SMUs) that rear in south-east Alaska and co-migrate with other salmon species south to the Fraser River through coastal areas of BC (Healey 1983, CTC 2018a). Two factors contribute to this difference, which is inferred through historical patterns of CWT recoveries. First, stream-type Fraser Chinook tend to migrate into offshore waters during their first year at sea, meaning that they are not vulnerable to coastal fisheries in Canada or the US until their return migration (Candy et al. 2002). The second factor contributing to lower fishery impacts on stream-type Fraser Chinook compared to other Fraser stocks is that their return migration occurs in the spring and early summer, a period when fishing effort is low, relative to later months. Spring $4_{2}$ and Spring $5_{2}$ Chinook tend to make landfall off the south-west of Vancouver Island starting in early spring, then migrate through the Strait of Juan de Fuca, to the lower Strait of Georgia, and finally, up the Fraser River. However, early timing is less of a mitigating factor for the later migrating Summer $5_{2}$ SMU, whose peak migration occurs in July (Candy et al. 2002).

For the Spring $4_{2}$ SMU, the CWT-derived CYER estimated for the Nicola CWT indicator stock averaged $30 \%$ for the historic period (1988-2008; range 11-60\%; Table I-1) and $23 \%$ in more recent years (2009-2018; range 10-55\%; Table I-1). Since 2000, $58 \%$ of Canadian exploitation occurs in Fraser River First Nation and Fraser River Recreational fisheries, averaging about $43 \%$ and $15 \%$ of the total exploitation, respectively. Other fisheries that account for a larger portion of the exploitation include recreational fisheries in the Strait of Juan de Fuca approach area (about 12\%) and US fisheries in southern waters (about 11\%).
For the Spring $5_{2}$ SMU, the CWT-derived CYER estimated for the Dome CWT indicator stock averaged about $46 \%$ (1990-2000; range 15-69\%; Table I-2) for the historic period and about $62 \%$ from 2000 to 2006 (range 50-75\%; Table I-2). The majority (about 70\%) of Canadian exploitation in the both periods occurred in Fraser River First Nation and Recreational fisheries, accounting for about $62 \%$ and $7 \%$ of the total exploitation, respectively. Other fisheries that account for a larger portion of the exploitation include recreational fisheries in the Strait of Juan de Fuca approach area (about 9\%) and US fisheries in southern waters (about 9\%). Dome Creek was discontinued as a CWT indicator stock after 2006 due to concerns about data quality-sampling rates were low, which means that the $\sim 60 \%$ exploitation rates estimated for this stock in its last few years are unreliable. There is currently no CWT indicator stock for the Spring $5_{2}$ SMU.
There are no CWT-derived exploitation rate data for the Summer $5_{2}$ SMU as there is no CWT indicator stock. However, recoveries of fish from various stocks that were CWT tagged in past years show that relatively more fish from this SMU are caught in coastal fisheries, both in southeast Alaska and Canada (Table 3). A coded-wire tagging program has been initiated on the Chilko River in recent years to assess the feasibility of developing a Summer $5_{2}$ CWT indicator stock.

### 3.2 HARVEST MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK

Ocean fisheries for coastal BC Chinook are managed under an international coast-wide regime mandated by Chapter 3 of the Canada-US Pacific Salmon Treaty (PST; PSC 2019). Under the PST, Canadian and US fisheries are assigned to one of two management regimes that dictate upper limits on catch or total mortality: Aggregate abundance-based management (AABM) or Individual stock based management (ISBM). AABM fisheries catch Chinook from multiple Canadian and US origin populations, and are collectively managed to total allowable catches (TACs) under a variable harvest rate strategy. ISBM fisheries occur in approach areas, and are managed according to national obligations for CYER on specific stocks. The key difference
between AABM and ISBM fisheries is how management objectives and harvest control rules are set (i.e., on an aggregate stock versus individual stock basis). Both fisheries are mixed-stock, although relatively fewer stocks contribute to catch in ISBM areas.
Management in Canadian fisheries is also dictated by requirements to protect domestic stocks of concern, including considerations that may arise through the Wild Salmon Policy (WSP) and the Species at Risk Act (SARA). To meet these requirements, additional management measures are in place. Catch allocations are made according to the Allocation Policy for Pacific Salmon (DFO, 1999), which identifies the general social and economic objectives associated with salmon fisheries. Terminal fishing opportunities targeting specific stocks are provided if harvestable surpluses are identified.

### 3.2.1 Management Under the Pacific Salmon Treaty Management Objectives

The overarching biological objective of the PST is to "prevent overfishing and provide for optimum production". The overarching sociological objective of the PST regime is that each country receives "benefits equivalent to the production of salmon originating in its waters". The goal of the PST Chinook management regime specifically is to implement fishery management measures that are "appropriate for recovering, sustaining, and protecting Chinook salmon stocks in Canada and US and are responsive to changes in the productivity of Chinook salmon stocks associated with environmental conditions" (PSC 2019, Chapter 3). The objective is to meet maximum sustainable yield (MSY), or other agreed biologically-based numeric escapement or exploitation rate objectives, across stock management units.

## Harvest Control Rules

## AABM Fisheries

AABM fisheries are managed under a variable harvest rate strategy. The allowable harvest rate on the aggregate abundance of mixed stocks contributing to each AABM fishery increases with an abundance index, or AI, specific to the fishery. For each AI, there is a corresponding harvest rate index that sets the total allowable catch (TAC) set out in 'Table 1' of Chapter 3 of the PST (PSC 2019).

ISBM Fisheries
With the renewed 2018 PST, ISBM fisheries are now managed under a fixed exploitation rate strategy for multiple indicator stocks. For stocks that are either not meeting their management objective or do not have a management objective defined, total CYER in ISBM fisheries is limited. Canadian stock specific ISBM limits are set out in Attachment 1 of Chapter 3 of the PST (PSC 2019).

## Management Measures (or Tactics)

## Controls

For Canadian AABM fisheries (northern British Columbia [NBC] and west coast Vancouver Island [WCVI]) , the primary harvest control is limiting the TAC for participating fisheries. TACs for commercial fisheries are determined after accounting for expected catch in First Nation FSC fisheries and recreational fisheries. Secondary controls, including measures such as size and seasonal limits and gear restrictions, are designed to reduce impacts on juvenile Chinook and stocks of conservation concern, as well as to limit bycatch.
For Canadian ISBM fisheries, harvest impacts are controlled through management measures such as size and seasonal limits, gear restrictions, bag limits, and hatchery-selective fisheries.

## Monitoring Requirements

Monitoring and assessment of harvest impacts under the PST relies on a coast-wide CWT program, as outlined in the PST. The objective of the coast-wide CWT program is to generate estimates of marine survival and exploitation rate and marine distribution parameters for indicator stocks that are used to represent all populations within a stock management unit (PSC 2019).

Implementation of PST Chapter 3 requires:

- Estimates of catch and release for all fisheries;
- Estimates of the catch of fish marked with CWTs from Canadian and US indicator stocks from all fisheries;
- Estimates of indicator stock CWT escapement;
- Estimates of escapement for stocks with escapement-based management objectives; and
- Escapement estimates are needed for the standardized set of rivers that comprise the PSC model stock and that represent the stock group. These are two different entities. The model stock includes rivers that are natural and hatchery stocks, whereas the stock group includes rivers that are largely natural origin production.


## Evaluation

For AABM fisheries, the calibration of the CTC model completed for the following year, using updated catch and escapement information and CTC's exploitation rate analysis (ERA), is used to evaluate AABM fishery catch levels versus 'post-season' estimates of an abundance index, and the corresponding TAC set out in the Treaty. When an AABM fishery exceeds the postseason catch limit by more than $10 \%$ in two consecutive years, the responsible party (i.e. Canada or US) is expected to propose additional management measures to reduce the deviation.

For ISBM fisheries, the CYER for indicator stocks representing SMUs is estimated using a 3year running average and compared to allowable limits for that stock that are set out in the Treaty. If CYER limits are exceeded by more than $10 \%$, then the responsible party (i.e. Canada or US) is expected to propose additional management measures to reduce the deviation.
Biological objectives of the Treaty are evaluated by monitoring whether specific indicator stocks representing PST stock management units are meeting their management objective (i.e. MSY escapement target, rebuilding exploitation rate, etc.). However, for many Canadian and US SMUs, specific management objectives have not been determined. That is, there are no explicit escapement or rebuilding exploitation rate objectives in place or, at least, objectives that have been agreed upon bilaterally. For stocks which either are not meeting biological objectives or do not have one defined, CYER is limited to levels negotiated in the Treaty.
Currently, there is no provision to further adjust harvest limits in response to overfishing, either AABM TACs or CYERs, outside further negotiation of the Treaty. Similarly, sociological objectives of the PST are not explicitly evaluated outside of the 10-year negotiation process.

### 3.2.2 Canadian Domestic Management for Stream-type Fraser Chinook

Stream-type Fraser Chinook have been identified as a conservation concern. Therefore additional management measures are in place to meet requirements of the WSP and Salmon Allocation Policy. These management measures are described in the annual Southern BC Integrated Fisheries Management Plan (IFMP; DFO 2018a). Specific controls, such as time and
area closures or additional gear restrictions, have evolved over time, are summarized in Appendix B.

## Management Objectives

For Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ Chinook, the 2018/19 IFMP identified the management objective as "to conserve these populations by continuing to minimize incidental harvests in Canadian ocean fisheries and to continue fisheries management measures in the Fraser River to limit overall impacts and support rebuilding" (DFO 2018a).

For Fraser Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook, the IFMP objective is "to conserve these populations consistent with the management zones outlined [within the IFMP]" (DFO 2018a).

These management zones, which are described in the subsequent Harvest Control Rule section, are designed to meet the exploitation and allocation objectives identified in the 2012 RD Directive (Appendix A).

In 2018, a further 25\% reduction in fishery impacts on stream-type Fraser Chinook was imposed on BC fisheries with the objective to increase prey availability for endangered Southern Resident Killer Whales. Assuming recent year impacts averaging 22\% for Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ Chinook (CYER, based on CTC ERA analysis) and expected impacts of $30 \%$ of Fraser Spring and Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook (CYER, based on the harvest control rule), this reduction implied desired 2018 CYER limits of $17 \%$ and $23 \%$ for Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ and the Spring and Summer 52 aggregates, respectively.

## Harvest Control Rule

For the Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ SMU, management measures are in place to 'minimize' incidental harvest of the stock. However, no specific stock objectives are set for either escapement or exploitation rate and it is unclear how harvest is adjusted for changes in either stock status or impacting fisheries. There is no specific harvest control rule.

For the Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ SMUs, the harvest control rule is applied to the combined stock aggregate. The rule is a variable escapement target strategy: allowable harvest increases with increasing aggregate stock abundance relative to three zones. While the delineation of management zones have changed somewhat between 2010 and 2018, the following definitions are taken from the 2018-19 IFMP:

- Zone 3 (greater than 85,000 terminal return): Manage to meet expected spawner abundance of at least 60,000 spawners in order to promote populations rebuilding towards estimated MSY levels
- Zone 2 ( 45,000 to 85,000 terminal return): Manage to an escapement goal of at least 30,000 and up to 60,000 to avoid population declines
- Zone 1 (below or equal to 45,000 terminal return): Expected spawner abundance will likely be 30,000 or less. Highest level of management restrictions used to maximize escapement
A set of management actions are associated with each zone, with harvest restrictions escalating from Zone 3, through to Zone 1. Fishery restrictions started out in Zone 1 each year and were only moved into a higher zone when in-season estimates of terminal return exceed the required threshold. In-season aggregate stock abundance is assessed using an catch-per-unit-effort (CPUE) index generated from the Albion test fishery.


## Management Measures

## Controls

Fisheries targeted for management measures to reduce impacts on stream-type Fraser Chinook include the Northern troll (Area F), WCVI troll (Area G), Juan de Fuca recreational, Strait of Georgia recreational, Fraser River recreational, and Fraser River FSC. Management measures include various size and seasonal limits, gear restrictions, bag limits and hatchery-selective fisheries. These measures evolved over time and are summarized in Appendix B. Note that additional regulations, such as annual bag limits and general gear restrictions included in standard conditions of licences, are not summarized in these tables.

Appendix B also explains the rationale for additional measures that have been implemented to reduce impacts on stream-type Fraser Chinook. Management measures were designed using knowledge of stock distribution and migration timing and fishery impacts from multiple sources of information including all CWT recoveries from tagged stocks within the respective stock management units (i.e., not just those from CWT indicator stocks), results of GSI fishery sampling, analysis of historical exploitation patterns, estimates of fishing effort, fishery catchability, relative stock abundance, etc. That is, the information used to design the many different management measures used to achieve the management objective (or, better, harvest control rule when defined) is not the same as that used to set or evaluate the objectives.

## Monitoring Requirements

Requirements for evaluation and implementation of the domestic management procedures include:

- Estimates of catch and release for impacting fisheries;
- Estimates of fishing effort for impacting fisheries;
- Estimates of indicator stock CWT catch for impacting fisheries;
- Estimates of indicator stock CWT escapement;
- GSI estimates of catch composition from fisheries impacting stream-type Fraser Chinook; and
- Estimates of aggregate escapement for all Fraser Chinook SMUs.


## Evaluation

For Fraser River fisheries, the Fraser Chinook Run Reconstruction model is used annually by DFO to generate stock-specific estimates of total run size returning to the Fraser River and fishery-specific in-river harvest rates (English et al. 2007). The model allows managers to estimate the contribution of different stocks to in-river catch from mixed-stock fisheries, and monitor trends in stock- and sector-specific harvest rates over time.
For marine fisheries, CWT indicator stocks are used to evaluate harvest impacts relative to domestic management objectives; however, there are no current CWT indicator stocks for the Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ SMUs. As a result, stock composition estimates derived using GSI methods are often relied on to evaluate potential harvest impacts for these SMUs in marine fisheries.

Escapement monitoring of Chinook salmon spawning sites within the Fraser River is conducted annually. In addition to their use in the CTC's Chinook Model, estimates of site-specific escapement (or, in some cases indices of escapement) are used in the Fraser Chinook Run Reconstruction model, support the development of annual IFMPs, and inform integrated status assessments under the WSP (DFO 2016).

## 4 DATA SOURCES

Data used in this evaluation include escapement estimates, catch, effort and release data from fisheries; and estimates of catch composition from either from CWT recoveries or DNA sampling for GSI. The assessment also relies on annual estimates of terminal run size that are generated through the Fraser River Chinook run reconstruction model and estimates of CYER for the Spring $4_{2}$ and Spring $5_{2}$ stock management units generated through the CTC ERA.

Comprehensive escapement and fishery data were compiled for the period from 2000 to 2018 for fisheries and periods for which stream-type Fraser Chinook are most vulnerable and/or for which management measures were implemented to target reductions. These fisheries include Northern troll; WCVI troll; WCVI recreational; JDF recreational; Strait of Georgia recreational; Fraser River recreational; Fraser River commercial net; and Fraser River FSC. For reference, all data are described below and tabulated in the Appendices to this paper. Results of the Fraser River Chinook Run Reconstruction and Spring $4_{2}$ and Spring $5_{2}$ ERA analysis are also described and tabulated in Appendices.

Although not all of the data presented in the Appendices are used in our analysis, a significant amount of effort was directed at compiling and tabulating relevant information. These data provide additional perspective when qualifying key sources of uncertainty in the analysis. For example, the degree to which missing fishery samples cause concern is informed by the amount of catch associated with the period. Also, Phase 2 of the management review is intended to use a consultation process to inform potential adaptation of the management procedure. Success of such a process will depend on a common understanding among First Nations and stakeholders of the data available to inform the management procedure and its associated limitations.
Data and/or estimates were either extracted from the following databases or provided to the authors by program leads:

- FOS - Fisheries Operating System database;
- CRES - Recreational catch reporting and estimation database; and
- MRP - Mark-recapture program CWT tag and recovery database.


### 4.1 ESCAPEMENT ESTIMATES

We use two sources of escapement estimates for two different purposes. The first set is used to drive the Fraser River Chinook Run Reconstruction Model, as described below (Table C - 1). The second set comes from the Chinook Technical Committee's (CTC) Catch and Escapement Report (data up to 2017 are published in CTC, 2018b; 2018 data were provided by Nicole Trouton, DFO, Kamloops, BC, pers. comm.), and was used to summarize SMU-level patterns in escapement when summarising biological status (Table C-2).

Because the Run Reconstruction data set is intended to represent total escapement from all spawning sites contributing to in-river catch, it includes more streams, and more infilling for year/site combinations for which sampling was not done. Most escapement estimates are derived from visual surveys of spawning grounds made by aerial over-flight, boat, or stream walk (Figure C-1). In these cases, annual escapement estimates are obtained by expanding observed counts of live and/or dead fish using assessment methods such as Peak Count, or in the case of the Nechako system, Area-Under-the-Curve (AUC; Parken et al. 2003; Holt and Cox 2008). A small number of stocks have had more intensive escapement survey programs used in some years, including counting fences, mark-recapture studies, and resistivity counters (Figure C-1). Infilling of missing data was done for combinations of years and stocks without escapement estimates based on the average proportion of the aggregate SMU-level escapement that a given stock accounted for in years with data. A more detailed overview of
infilling algorithms in available in English et al. (2007). The relative proportion of infilled escapement estimates is greatest for the Summer $5_{2}$ SMU, followed by the Spring $5_{2}$ SMU, with the number of stocks requiring infilling varying among years (see Table C-3 and Figure C-1). Between 1995 and 2018, the percentage of total Spring $4_{2}$ escapement that was infilled for the Run Reconstruction Model varied from 0-8\% among years, while the percentages for the Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ SMUs varied from 6-32\% and 3-32\%, respectively.

In comparison, the CTC series uses a subset of spawning sites within the Fraser River that have been surveyed with relatively consistent methods over time and are thus most appropriate for examining patterns in spawner abundance at the SMU level (for comparison, see Figures C 2 to $\mathrm{C}-4$ ). There are still cases within the CTC data set in which escapement estimates at a given spawning site could not be estimated in a given year, often due to weather restrictions. In these cases, missing estimates were infilled using the English et al. (2007) method (CTC, 2018b). Between 2012 and 2016, infilling of this series was never more than $6 \%$ of the total escapement in a given year for Spring $4_{2}$ Chinook and never more than $2 \%$ for Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook (Table C-3). The Run Reconstruction model and CTC escapement series are nearly perfectly correlated, with linear model $R^{2}$ values of $1,0.97,0.95$ for Spring $4_{2}$, Spring $5_{2}$, and Summer $5_{2}$, respectively (Figures $C-2$ to $C-4$ ).

A separate escapement database has been developed for the purpose of assessing CU-level trends in escapement to inform integrated status assessments under the Wild Salmon Policy (Brown et al., in revision) as well as assessments by the Committee on the Status of Endangered Wildlife in Canada (COSEWIC). We did not use this data set when summarising biological status; instead, we reference the outcomes of these recent status assessments to summarize biological status at the CU-level.

### 4.1.1 Sources of Uncertainty

- The majority of escapement estimates rely on visual survey methods, which require assumptions about the ability of observers to see fish and the timing of fish presence in the survey area. Variation in these factors, both among years and among surveys within a given year, are key sources of uncertainty in visual survey estimates. Estimates of coefficients of variation (CV) from the literature span the 20-30\% range for mark-recapture studies, 30$40 \%$ for rigorous visual survey estimates, and up to $70 \%$ for visual surveys estimates when counting conditions are poor (Korman and Higgins 1997; Bradford et al. 2005) Uncertainty is especially high for the peak count method, which relies on the assumption that the ratio between the peak count and total escapement is constant among years. The peak count method has been shown to produce imprecise escapement estimates, with expected biases between $-14 \%$ and $+21 \%$, and observed bias up to $-51 \%$ (Parken et al. 2003). For a summary of escapement enumeration methods, see Figure C-1.
- Infilling of missing escapement data for some stocks in some years further contributes to uncertainty in escapement data sets. A key assumption of infilling is that the proportion of aggregate SMU-level escapement attributed to a single stock is constant among years (see English et al. 2007 for more detail)


### 4.2 BIOLOGICAL DATA

Evidence of demographic shifts towards shorter generation times and decreased size-at-age have been observed in Alaska (Lewis et al. 2015), as well in Washington and BC CWT stocks (although not specifically for the Nicola River Spring $4_{2}$ indicator stock; DFO 2018b). Such changes are relevant to management decision-making because they change fishery selectivity, and thus, the effectiveness of management measures. For example, maximum size limits for un-marked Chinook salmon are used in Juan de Fuca and Georgia Strait recreational fisheries
to reduce harvest on 5 -year-old fish from Fraser River Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ SMUs. If length-at-age has changed in recent years for these stocks, the proportion of fish from these SMUs subject to retention may increase, making these measures less effective.

To explore potential changes in length-at-age and age composition for early-timed Fraser River Chinook, we summarized available data for a subset of stocks. Data sets were provided by Fraser and Interior Area Stock Assessment (Chuck Parken, DFO, Kamloops, BC, pers. comm; Appendix D). Paired length and age data from spawning fish were available from two stocks from the Summer $5_{2}$ SMU (Chilko River and Nechako River) and the one stock from the Spring $4_{2}$ SMU (Nicola River). Lengths were measured on the spawning grounds as POH (postorbitalhypural length), which is the distance measured from behind the eye to the hypural plate near the start of the tail. Ageing for both Chilko and Nechako River samples was done via scale analysis, while samples from the Nicola River were aged using a combination of scale analysis and CWT recoveries. Ages determined by CWTs are considered more reliable than those estimated from scale analysis, since CWT age is known from tagging date, whereas scale age is prone to aging error (Chuck Parken, DFO, Kamloops, BC pers. comm.). We separated out samples analyzed using these two approaches when presenting results.

Age composition data were available from two of the stocks with available length-at-age data: Nicola River and Chilko River. Age composition was represented as the proportion of fish sampled from the spawning grounds assigned to each total age class. For the Nicola River, patterns are summarized separately for both clipped and unclipped samples. For the Chilko River, only unclipped samples were provided. Ageing for clipped samples, which represent hatchery-produced fish, was determined via CWT. Ageing for unclipped samples, which represent naturally produced spawners, was done via scale analysis. CWT-based ages from clipped samples are assumed to be estimated without error. For Nicola, estimates of proportion-at-age from scale-based data from unclipped samples were corrected for ageing error using a bias-correction matrix calculated using paired samples for which both CWT and scale ages were available (Chuck Parken, DFO, Kamloops, BC pers. comm.).
Age and size data for stream-type Fraser Chinook stock management units are tabulated in Appendix D.

### 4.2.1 Sources of Uncertainty

- Both length-at-age and age composition data are only available for a limited number of indicator stocks. It is unknown how well these stocks represent broader patterns among all spawning sites.
- Age estimates determined via scale reading for the length-at-age data set have not been corrected for potential biases in scale analysis, (although Nicola estimates for proportions-at-age have been) and are thus expected to contain ageing error.


### 4.3 FISHERY CATCH, RELEASE, AND EFFORT DATA

### 4.3.1 Fraser River Test Fisheries

Chinook caught and released in Fraser River test fisheries are tabulated in Table E-1 for the period from 2009 to 2018.

### 4.3.2 First Nation

First Nation Fraser River Chinook catch and release statistics are generated through a variety of methods. These methods include fisher-dependent reporting, creel surveys, and fisherindependent monitoring programs. For fisher-dependent cases, catch and release are
estimated by summing annual reports submitted as required under communal licence conditions. Creel survey methods involve using combination of effort counts and fisher interviews to collect catch-per-unit-effort (CPUE) data. For these cases, catch and release are estimated from the product of effort and average catch-per-unit-effort. Catch and release from beach seine fisheries are estimated from counts of independent monitors at landing sites. Observations from charter patrols may be used to adjust the overall estimates.

Chinook caught in Fraser River FSC fisheries are tabulated in Table E-2 for the period from 2009 to 2018. Releases are tabulated in Table E-3. Chinook caught and released in Fraser River First Nation economic opportunity (EO) fisheries are tabulated in Table E-4.

Note Chinook caught in marine FSC fisheries are not compiled. However, compared to catch of Chinook in Fraser River FSC fisheries reported catches are generally relatively low (e.g. DFO 2018c).

## Sources of uncertainty

- Inaccurate reporting of landed catch may result in imprecise catch estimates. Inaccuracies may be associated with either estimation of catch or misidentification of species.
- Inaccurate reporting of releases may result in imprecise release estimates. Inaccuracies may be associated with either estimation of releases or misidentification of species.
- Incomplete reporting, either intentional or unintentional, will result in estimates of catch and releases that are biased low.
- For fishery openings monitored through creel survey methods, precision depends on the number of effort surveys and creel interviews and variability of effort and CPUE.
- Illegal and unreported fishing activity.


### 4.3.3 Recreational

Catch, release and fishing effort statistics are generated from annual creel surveys conducted across southern BC and the Fraser River. The creel survey methodology is described in English et al. (2002). Creel surveys combine angler surveys and aerial boat counts to estimate recreational catch, release and effort. Anglers are interviewed at the end of fishing trips to provide both average catch and release by species and average fishing times, while the aerial counts from chartered aircraft capture 'instantaneous' snapshots of the number of recreational boats/anglers fishing at the time of the flight. The fishing times obtained through angler interviews are used to generate a daily profile of fishing activity which is used to expand the 'instantaneous' aerial counts of boats/anglers fishing to an estimate of the total number of boats/anglers fishing that day. In the most basic sense, the estimate of the number of boats/anglers fishing is multiplied by the average catch by species to estimate the total catch by species on that day. Estimates of daily catch rate are obtained using a stratified random sampling design for angler interviews and aerial counts that attempts to minimize bias. Daily estimates are expanded to generate monthly estimates using stratification by day type (weekday vs. weekend), location (by creel sub-area) and time (monthly and time of the day).

For areas and periods when the creel survey does not operate, information from the voluntary guide logbook program and from the internet recreational survey (iREC) program are used to are either augment and/or adjusted with ancillary information from the voluntary guide logbook and iREC programs. Currently data from the iREC program are only used to augment or adjust creel survey estimates during creel survey periods in the marine area.

Chinook caught and released in Fraser River recreational fisheries are tabulated in Table E-6 for the period from 2009 to 2018. Chinook catch, release and fishing effort estimates for
southern BC marine recreational fisheries for the period from 2000 to 2018 are tabulated in Table F-1 to F-6. The catch and release estimates tabulated include all Chinook encountered - not just those associated with stream-type Fraser Chinook stocks. These estimates are used in this paper to evaluate recreational harvest impacts on stream-type Fraser Chinook. For Fraser River recreational catches, catch is attributed to stocks using run reconstruction techniques. For southern BC marine recreational fisheries, the portion of catch associated with Fraser River Chinook stocks is estimated from either CWT or GSI sampling.

Initiated in 2012, the iREC program generates catch and effort estimates through a random email survey of license holders (DFO 2015). iREC collects survey data throughout the year and therefore provides information for times and periods when the creel survey or logbook programs do not operate. Apparent sources of bias in the iREC survey design limit their utility pending further development and evaluation of calibration factors (DFO 2015). Therefore, iREC data were not used directly in our analysis of recreational harvest impacts on stream-type Fraser Chinook. However, to understand the potential magnitude of catch and release of Chinook that may be associated with times and periods when the creel survey does not operate, annual iREC estimates of catch and release are compiled in Table F-7. Table F-8 summarizes the portion of Chinook catch and release in marine recreational fisheries that occurs outside creel survey periods. These proportions are estimated using iREC data only - i.e. comparing iREC catch and release estimates during periods which the creel survey is operating with un-surveyed periods.

## Sources of uncertainty

- Precision depends on the number of effort surveys and creel interviews and variability of effort and CPUE. Reductions in survey effort over the last decade resulted in higher imprecision of recreational catch, release and effort statistics.
- The creel survey does not cover all periods when recreational fisheries are open. Therefore, recreational catch statistics based solely on creel survey periods are biased low. Reductions in survey effort over the last decade resulted in less coverage.
- Inaccurate reporting of landed catch may result in imprecise catch estimates. Inaccuracies may be associated with either intentional misreporting or unintentional misidentification of species.
- Inaccurate reporting of releases may result in imprecise release estimates. Inaccuracies may be associated with either poor angler recall or misidentification of species released.
- Illegal and unreported fishing activity.


### 4.3.4 Commercial

Commercial catch, release and effort statistics are generated through fisher-dependent logbook reports and adjusted for accuracy through various verification methods. License conditions require all commercial harvesters to report their participation in an opening and the subsequent number of fish caught and released by "hailing out" and then "hailing in" through either the Fishery Operating System (FOS) telephone system or electronic (ELOG) reporting. Commercial harvesters are also required to maintain a paper logbook of fishing activity which is submitted annually for review.

For each licence-gear type, commercial catch and release statistics are estimated by summing individual logbook catch from each harvester as reported through the FOS database. Catch and release estimates are stratified by time (duration of the opening), by area. Effort is estimated by summing individual "start fishing report" from each harvester as reported through the FOS database. Effort estimates are stratified by time (duration of the opening) and by area.

Results of verification activities may be used to adjust the estimates for incomplete or inaccurate reporting. Verification activities include, but are not limited to, dockside monitoring programs, on-board observers, independent effort counts, cross-referencing sales slip data, and data verification. Using this information, catch estimates are corrected by adjusting either the reported average CPUE of participating vessels and/or the total reported effort or catch for the opening.
Chinook caught and released in Fraser River commercial fisheries are tabulated in Table E-5 for the period from 2009 to 2018. BC marine Chinook commercial catch, release and fishing effort estimates for the period from 2001 to 2018 are tabulated in Appendix G. The catch and release estimates tabulated include all Chinook encountered - i.e. not just those associated with stream-type Fraser Chinook stocks. These estimates are used in this paper to evaluate commercial harvest impacts on stream-type Fraser Chinook.

## Sources of uncertainty

- Inaccurate reporting of landed catch may result in imprecise catch estimates. Inaccuracies may be associated with either estimation of catch or misidentification of species.
- Inaccurate reporting of releases may result in imprecise release estimates. Inaccuracies may be associated with either estimation of releases or misidentification of species.
- Incomplete reporting, either intentional or unintentional, will result in estimates of catch and releases that are biased low.
- Illegal and unreported fishing activity.


### 4.4 CWT RECOVERIES IN CATCH

CWTs with unique stock and brood identification codes are implanted in juvenile salmon and then recovered in catch and escapement as the fish mature via either direct sampling or voluntary recovery programs. Minimally, CWT recovery information in fisheries allows for evaluation of marine distribution patterns for tagged stocks. Operation of the CWT MarkRecovery program is dependent on coordination with related escapement and catch monitoring programs. For each recovery stratum (for either catch or escapement) sampled, or 'observed', tags are expanded to account for the sample rate, or 'submission rate' in the case of voluntary recovery programs, to estimate the number of tags from individual stocks associated with the fishery or escapement. The estimated number of tags can be further expanded by the tagging rate to estimate the total number of fish from a tagged stock in the stratum.

CWT recovery data from all tagged releases of Spring 42 Chinook from recovery year 1978 onward are tabulated in Table H-1. CWT recovery data from all tagged releases of Spring 52 Chinook from recovery year 1976 onward are tabulated in Table H-2. CWT recovery data from all tagged released releases of Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook from recovery year 1976 onward are tabulated in Table H-3. These tables include recoveries in fisheries of all CWT tagged Chinook from stream-type Fraser Chinook from recovery year 1976 to 2018. With the exception of those CWT recoveries associated with the Nicola Spring $4_{2}$ and Dome Spring $5_{2}$ CWT indicator stocks, these data are not used in our evaluation of harvest impacts. These data were compiled to provide ancillary information about patterns of marine distribution and timing of stream-type Fraser Chinook through fisheries. That is, additional context for assumptions made in our analyses and for future work. Average distribution of marine recoveries by catch location for all three stock management units is summarized in Table 3. Average distribution of marine recoveries by month period for all three stock management units is summarized in Table 4.

### 4.4.1 Sources of Uncertainty

- Fisheries that are not sampled result in estimates of CWT recoveries that are biased low.
- Fisheries for which sampling rates are very low result in imprecise estimates of CWT recoveries due to sampling variability. Therefore, CWT samples may not represent that landed catch well.
- If the contribution of the CWT indicator stock to the fishery is very low, estimates of CWT recoveries will be imprecise due to sampling variability.
- For voluntary CWT recovery programs in place for recreational fisheries there is a significant level of uncertainty associated with the sample rates. Sample rates are calculated from the observed adipose fin clip rate in the fishery stratum estimated from creel survey data.
- Uncertainty in associated catch and escapement estimates for individual sampling stratum results in uncertainty in the sampling rate and CWT contributions.
- CWT catch samples from landed catch may not represent the stock composition of released catch, either of legal-sized releases when hatchery-selective measures are in place or of sub-legal releases which may be comprised of different fish (e.g. resident 'feeders').


### 4.5 CTC EXPLOITATION RATE ANALYSIS (ERA)

The annual CTC exploitation rate analysis (ERA) uses cohort analysis to estimate brood-year specific mortality for 45 indicator stocks from Canada and the US by reconstructing the cohort size and exploitation history using CWT release and recovery data (CTC 1988). Specifically, the analysis provides stock-specific estimates of brood year total mortality rates by age and fishery, as well as estimates of maturation rates, and early marine survival rate indices (age -2 or age-3, depending on life history type). Estimates of CYER and age-3 marine survival rate from the 2019 ERA analysis were provided to us by Gayle Brown (DFO, Pacific Biological Station, pers. com). Estimates from 2016 to 2018 are based on incomplete cohorts that have not been fully observed at all ages, and thus, these values are expected to change as more data becomes available in the next few years (CTC 1988).

CYER estimates from CTC ERA analysis for the Fraser Spring 42 (Nicola) and Fraser Spring 52 (Dome) CWT indicator stocks are compiled in Table I-1 and Table I-2 of Appendix I, respectively. Marine survival rate estimates are tabulated in Table I-3 and Table I-4 and displayed for Nicola in Figure 7. Marine survival and exploitation rate estimates produced by the ERA are deterministic; however, methods are available to estimate uncertainty intervals around these estimates (Bernard and Clark 1996). While we did not consider these methods as part of our current analyses, future assessment work using ERA results could explore options for representing uncertainty around these values.
Table I-5 and Table I-9 tabulate observed CWT recoveries by fishery stratum for the Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ and Spring $5_{2}$ CWT indicator stocks, respectively. Table I-6 and Table I-10 tabulate sample catch sample expansions (1/sample rate) by fishery stratum for the Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ and Spring $5{ }_{2}$ CWT indicator stocks, respectively. Table I-7 and Table I-11 tabulate estimated tags by fishery stratum for the Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ and Spring $5_{2}$ CWT indicator stocks, respectively. These are the data used in the CTC ERA analysis. Table I-13 provides release and drop-off mortality rates used to calculate total mortality estimates using CWT data for the CTC ERA analysis.
CWT sample data are not available for all fishing periods and all years. Therefore, infilling techniques are used to estimate CWT recoveries for un-sampled fishing times and areas. Table I - 8 and Table I - 12 tabulate stratum for which auxiliary data were used to estimate tags
for the Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ and Spring $5_{2}$ CWT indicator stocks, respectively. The majority of auxiliary records are for terminal in-river fisheries in the case of the Fraser stocks. Methods used for infilling are not well described in citable sources. Therefore, we identify stratum for which auxiliary data are used but do not describe from year to year the approach used to generate infilled data.

### 4.5.1 Sources of Uncertainty

- The general uncertainties associated with CWT recoveries and expansions described in the preceding section.
- CWT-based estimates of exploitation rate for a SMU are based on a single indicator stock. Indicator stocks may not adequately represent harvest impacts on non-indicator stocks if there is significant variation in migration timing and abundance among stocks within an SMU.
- CWT-based estimates of marine survival rate for a SMU are based on a single stock. Indicator stocks may not adequately represent marine survival rate on non-indicator stocks if there is significant variation in marine survival rates among populations within a SMU. Moreover, tag loss and/or tagging mortality may result in estimates of marine survival rate that are biased low.
- The Nicola CWT indicator stock is enhanced and CWT tagged fish are adipose fin-clipped. When hatchery mark-selective type management measures are in place, such as in the Juan de Fuca recreational fishery in recent years, CWT estimates of exploitation rate for hatchery indicators are biased high.
- The CTC's exploitation rate analysis makes several assumptions (CTC 1988), which if not met, will increase uncertainty in estimated exploitation rates. These assumptions include:
- For ocean age-2 and older fish, age-specific natural mortality is assumed constant among years and among stocks.
- To generate total mortality estimates, encounter rates are modelled for some fisheries using assumptions of relative stock abundance.
- Maturation rates for incomplete brood years are assumed equal to the stock- and agespecific average of the most recent nine completed brood years.
- Limited tag recoveries in fisheries and spawning escapements is a key source of uncertainty for exploitation rate index (ERI) estimates generated for both Nicola and Dome indicator stocks at the scale of fishery strata used in our analyses. A minimum of 10 observed tags within a sampling stratum (defined by fishery, time period, and age) is recommended to provide a $30 \%$ standard error on estimated tags within fishery strata that represent at least $2.5 \%$ of the stocks total exploitation rate (PSC Coded Wire Tag Working Group 2008). A sampling rate of $20 \%$ is used as a general criterion to ensure the 10 tag minimum is met (Pacific Salmon Commission Coded Wire Tag Working Group 2008). Observed tag recoveries and sampling rates for most BC fisheries generally fall short of these guidelines (e.g. review catch-sample rates in Table I-7). Within the Fraser River, sampling rates are often < 1\%. In JDF recreational fisheries, sampling rates since 2009 have been below 11\% in all years but one, and have been less than $5 \%$ in four of those years. Observed tags from the Nicola indicator stock have ranged from 1 to 6 per year over this period. Currently, coefficient of variations (CVs) are not reported for the ERA analysis.
- For some fishery stratum for which no or few tags are recovered, imputation methods used to infill tags create a significant source of uncertainty in CWT-based estimates of ERI. The
potential effect is most significant for Fraser River First Nation fisheries and the Juan de Fuca and Strait of Georgia recreational fisheries because these fisheries have the highest relative impacts.


### 4.6 FRASER RIVER CHINOOK RUN RECONSTRUCTION MODEL

The Fraser River Chinook Run Reconstruction model is used by DFO to generate annual stockspecific estimates of total run size returning to the Fraser River and fishery-specific in-river harvest rates for 84 individual spawning populations, grouped into five stock aggregates, analogous to SMUs (English et al. 2007). The model allows managers to estimate the contribution of different stocks to in-river catch from mixed-stock fisheries. Model inputs include fishery-specific catch data and timing estimates, as well as stock-specific estimates of spawning escapement, the estimated timing of arrival on the spawning groups, and estimated migration rates through different fisheries.

We used datasets used as inputs to the 2018 version of the model as a basis for evaluating harvest impacts on stream-type Fraser River Chinook (folder name = 1979-2018_Run Reconstruction V15_06Mar2019 ; Nicole Trouton, DFO, Kamloops, BC, pers. comm.), including time series of escapement for 84 Chinook salmon stocks, stock-specific spawn timing, stockspecific migration timing, and fishery catch and fishing patterns from 23 fishing areas. Appendix J summarizes results from the 2018 version of the Fraser River Chinook Run Reconstruction Model by stock management unit for return years 1979 to 2018.
Input files of fishery catch were updated for the purpose of our analysis to include finer-scale representation of fishery sectors and incorporate incidental fishing mortality (see section 5.2.3 for more detail). Appendix K provides select inputs, including those that we altered for the purposes of this paper. All other Fraser River Chinook Run Reconstruction model datasets, including infilled escapement series, provided as part of the 2018 version were assumed to be correct, and were used as provided.

### 4.6.1 Sources of Uncertainty

- Several assumptions are made within the Fraser River Chinook Run Reconstruction model (English et al. 2007), which if not met, will increase uncertainty in estimated exploitation rates. These include:
- The run timing of stocks through fisheries is assumed constant among years. Since runtiming assumptions within the run reconstruction model determine the allocation of harvest impacts among SMUs, bias in assumed parameters or between-year variability due to environmental factors will introduce uncertainty into ERI estimates.
- All stocks are assumed to have equal vulnerability to in-river fisheries. This assumption may not be appropriate given that fish from the Spring $4_{2}$ SMU are typically smaller than fish returning to the Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ SMUs, and the inherent size-selectivity of gillnet gear.
- Pre-spawn or en-route mortalities are unknown. There is little information on either of these sources of mortality that could be used to assess their magnitude.
- Incorrect or missing escapement, catch, or release data within the datasets associated with the Run Reconstruction Model will cause uncertainty in estimated ERIs. Infilling of missing escapement data are required for some stocks in some years, with rates being highest for the Summer $5_{2}$ SMU. Release datasets are not considered complete, so total in-river mortalities are expected to be underestimated.


### 4.7 GENETIC STOCK IDENTIFICATION (GSI) CATCH SAMPLES

Genetic stock identification (GSI) uses DNA information to identify the stock of origin of samples, most often taken in mixed-stock fisheries. Baseline tissue samples are collected from individuals within populations and then analyzed using genetic methods to establish unique allelic patterns associated with the population. Once baselines are established, statistical mixture models are used to associate samples with their stocks of origin (Beacham et al. 2012, Beacham et al. 2018). Although samples may be nominally assigned to individual populations, the accuracy of stock composition estimates improves with aggregation - i.e. assignment of fish to larger-scale stock groupings. This result is particularly true when fewer, or less discriminating, genetic markers are used in the mixture model or when baseline sample data for individual populations are limited. The precision of GSI estimates are generally improving as the power of DNA fingerprinting techniques evolve and population baselines are expanded.

All GSI stock composition estimates from samples of Chinook taken from BC marine fisheries are tabulated in Appendix L. Stock composition data from Northern BC Troll and Recreational fisheries, WCVI troll and recreational fisheries and the JDF recreational fishery are used to estimate the proportion of marine Chinook caught and released associated with Fraser Chinook SMUs. GSI sample sizes for several marine fisheries are too small to support adequate statistical performance. Annual stock composition estimates are likely to be biased. These concerns are especially relevant for recreational fisheries that often had sampling rates less than $1.5 \%$ for year-month-area strata (Appendix L). Under these circumstances, rare stocks, such as stream-type Fraser Chinook, may not always be detected. Based on the analyses of Allen-Moran et al. (2013), detecting a stock that accounts for only $3 \%$ of the catch with a coefficient of variation of $<=30 \%$ from a mixed-stock fishery stratum with a total landing size of 10,000 , requires a sample size of 265 fish. To maintain a $99 \%$ probability of detecting that stock, a minimum sample size of 150 fish is required. These level of landings and stock composition are comparable with WCVI and NBC commercial and recreational fishery patterns for some year-month-area strata, for which our samples sizes are often well below these levels (Appendix L).

Strait of Georgia GSI sampling results were not used in our analyses because samples are collected through the voluntary sampling program and therefore may not be representative of overall catch. Some areas with avid volunteers have much higher sampling rates than areas without volunteers. However, these sampling results are compiled to provide ancillary information about patterns of marine distribution and timing through fisheries (Tables L- 13 to L16). In 2018, a direct sampling program was added to the voluntary program to improve sample representativeness.
For the fisheries we did use in analyses, GSI sample data were not available in all years, months, and areas. Therefore, infilling techniques are used to estimate stock composition for un-sampled periods. When infilling, the average stock composition estimated over years with data for each fishery strata was assumed for infilled years. Several fisheries (WCVI troll, WCVI recreational, and T'aaq-wiihak) required infilling in the last three years, 2016-2018. Therefore, stock composition estimates for the latter half of the time series are more uncertain and potentially biased as relative stock abundance in mixed stock fisheries changes from year to year. These methods are described in Appendix M.

GSI sampling is restricted to the creel survey periods, which varied by fishery and are restricted to the periods of highest fishing effort (Appendix L, Appendix M). iREC data show that Chinook catch does occur outside of the creel sampled periods for recreational fisheries (Section 4.3.3;Table 5; Appendix F); however, catch composition estimates for these periods are not available. In the absence of data, we assumed that none of the catch from unsampled periods
was attributed to stream-type Fraser Chinook. If stream-type Fraser Chinook were present in fisheries during these shoulder seasons, our catch estimates will be biased low.

Because genetic samples are not routinely collected from released catch, we assumed that for a given fishery, the proportions of fish from each of the stream-type Fraser SMUs in released catch were equal to the proportions observed in landed catch samples.
We used only legal-sized fishery releases (typically < 45 cm ) when estimating SMU-level release numbers, thereby assuming that $0 \%$ of sub-legal releases were stream-type Fraser Chinook. This assumption is based on offshore marine distribution of these stocks. Juveniles typically migrate to offshore areas during their first year at sea and are not exposed to marine fisheries until their return migration.

### 4.7.1 Sources of Uncertainty

- Due to limited baseline data, individual stock identification through GSI is much less accurate than aggregate stock associations. However, individual stock assignments were used to estimate the contribution of Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ stocks to fisheries separately. These SMUs are typically aggregated in GSI baselines.
- Estimates of stock composition are imprecise for fisheries with low sampling rates due to sampling variability and the low contribution of stream-type Fraser Chinook to the fishery. Furthermore, rare stocks such as stream-type Fraser Chinook, are more likely to be missed when sample rates are low. As a result, annual stock composition estimates are likely to be biased.
- Infilling of stock composition estimates was required for several years with missing GSI data (Appendix M). Several fisheries (WCVI troll, WCVI recreational, and T'aaq-wiihak) required infilling in the last three years, 2016-2018. Therefore, stock composition estimates for the latter half of the time series are more uncertain and potentially biased as relative stock abundance in mixed stock fisheries changes from year to year.
- GSI catch samples may not represent the landed catch. For the JDF recreational fishery, which uses size-selective fishery restrictions, we assume that the proportion of the catch sampled from each size category is in proportion to the total retained catch from each size category.
- GSI catch samples from landed catch does not represent the stock composition of released catch, either of legal-sized releases when hatchery-selective measures are in place or of sub-legal releases which may be comprised of different fish (e.g. resident 'feeders').
- The potential impact of fisheries on sub-legal sized releases.


## 5 ANALYSIS AND RESULTS

### 5.1 BIOLOGICAL STATUS

### 5.1.1 Methods

We use four different metrics to summarise biological status: (1) examining escapement time series, (2) summarizing WSP and COSEWIC assessment results, (3) looking for evidence of demographic shifts, and (4) looking for evidence of changes in early marine survival rate.
To examine recent changes in aggregate escapement in stream-type Fraser Chinook SMUs, we present annual spawner abundance indices for each of the three stream-type SMUs based on escapement data summarized for the CTC Catch and Escapement Report (CTC, 2019; data
were provided by Nicole Trouton, DFO, Kamloops, BC, pers. comm.). This data series uses a subset of spawning sites within the Fraser River that have been surveyed with relatively consistent methods over time and are thus most appropriate for examining trends in spawner abundance at the SMU level. For cases in which escapement estimates at a given spawning site could not be estimated in a given year, often due to weather restrictions, missing estimates were infilled assuming average proportional contribution to the aggregate escapement for missing sites (see English et al. 2007 for more detail).

Finer-scale changes in escapement and biological status are summarized using the outcomes of two comprehensive status assessments that have been completed on these SMUs in recent years. In 2014, an Integrated Status Assessment consistent with the Wild Salmon Policy was completed (DFO 2016). In 2018 COSEWIC assessed the status of all Southern BC Chinook (COSEWIC 2018). We provide summaries of relevant results from these two assessments.

To explore potential changes in size-at-age for early-time Fraser Chinook, we summarize length-at-age of spawning adults using two stocks from the Summer $5_{2}$ SMU (Chilko River and Nechako River) and the one stock from the Spring $4_{2}$ SMU (Nicola River). We plot the median ( $\pm$ $95 \%$ quantiles) of sampled lengths from each age class in each year sampled. Data are described in more detail in section 4.2. A minimum of five fish from a given age class in a given year was used as a threshold for inclusion in plots.

Because size limits are used as a management measure to reduce harvest impacts on streamtype Fraser Chinook stocks, temporal changes in the proportion of migrating adults that are above specified size limits are also of interest. For example, maximum size limits for unmarked Chinook salmon are used in Juan de Fuca and Georgia Strait recreational fisheries to reduce harvest on 5 -year-old fish from Fraser River Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ SMUs. If length-at-age has changed in recent years for these stocks, the proportion of fish from these SMUs subject to retention may increase, making these measures less effective. In order to compare length-atage to fishery size limits used in the marine environment, we converted POH length measurements taken on the spawning grounds to estimated fork lengths (FL) (distance from the tip of the snout to the end of the middle caudal fin rays) in the marine environment using the following equation (Chuck Parken, DFO, Kamloops, BC, pers. comm.):

$$
F L=1.269 * P O H-3.1812
$$

This equation was estimated based on paired POH and fork length measurements taken at the Albion test fishery (approx. 50 km upstream of the Fraser River mouth) in 1981 and 2008 ( $\mathrm{n}=$ 800 and 841 , respectively; $R^{2}=0.85$ ). We characterize size distributions in the marine environment over time as cumulative distribution functions (CDFs) of size-at-age, and also as the proportion of fish that are above three size thresholds that are often used in fishery regulations for the Juan de Fuca and Strait of Georgia recreational fisheries: 45, 67, and 85 cm .
A limitation of the above size-based analyses is the reliance on only three stocks from which length-at-age data are available from the spawning grounds. A more comprehensive dataset of annual length-at-age measurements from all migrating Fraser Chinook salmon is available from the Albion test fishery near the mouth of the Fraser River. However, since only a small portion of these fish are tagged, samples are not associated with a specific stock or SMU. As a comparison with the analysis described above, we create the same plots for age $4_{2}$ and $5_{2}$ fish sampled at the Albion test fishery for POH length and scale age. While many of the age $4_{2}$ measured at Albion are expected to come from the Spring $4_{2}$ SMU, some proportion will be age 4 fish returning to the Spring and Summer $5_{2}$ SMUs. Similarly, age $5_{2}$ fish will be a mixture of fish from the Spring and Summer $5_{2}$ SMUs, as well as some proportion of 5 -year-old fish returning to Spring $4_{2}$ SMU. While we can't look at SMU-level data using the Albion dataset,
these figures will show changes in the approximate size of the mixture of fish encountered by mixed-stock fisheries.

We also present data on age composition of spawning escapement for two stocks: Nicola River (Spring 42; data series from 1995-2018) and Chilko River (Summer 52; data series from 20102018). Age composition is represented as the proportion of fish sampled from the spawning grounds assigned to each total age class. For the Nicola River, age composition is summarized separately for both clipped and unclipped samples. For the Chilko River, only unclipped samples were provided. Additional details on these data are provided in Section 4.2

Finally, we look at patterns in early marine survival rate (smolt to age-3) over time for the Nicola River indicator stock using estimates produced by the CTC's ERA As noted in Section 4.5, marine survival rates produced by the ERA do not include estimates of uncertainty.

### 5.1.2 Results

At an aggregate level, all three stream-type Fraser Chinook SMUs show depressed escapement in recent years compared to long-term averages and consistent declines over the last three years. Since 2005, the CTC escapement index for the Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ SMU has been below peak levels seen during the 1990s and 2000s, with the exception of a high observation in 2014 (Figure 2). The estimated Spring $4_{2}$ escapement index in 2018 of 2,100 spawners was comparable with previous low points in the series (e.g., 2,173 in 2009 and 2,474 in 2007), and well below the long-term 1995-2018 average index level of 12,954. While the CTC's escapement index for the Spring $5_{2}$ SMU has fluctuated over the available time period, two of the lowest escapements in the series have occurred in the most recent two years (Figure 2). The estimated index in 2018 was 8,482 , which was the lowest since 1995 and substantially lower than the 1995-2018 average of 22,547 spawners. Similarly, the CTC escapement index for the Summer $5_{2}$ aggregate in recent years has generally been lower than seen in the first 10 years of the time series, with many recent years (2007,2008, 2011-2013, 2016-2018) being below the minimum value observed between 1995 and 2006 (19,205 observed in 1999). The escapement index in 2018 of 5,443 spawners was the lowest since 1995, and substantially lower than the 1995-2018 average of 21,819.
At a finer scale, the results of two recent status assessments for Southern BC Chinook show that most WSP CUs or COSEWIC Designatable Units (DUs) are considered to be at low status (Table 1). In 2014, a status assessment consistent with the Wild Salmon Policy identified 7 stream-type Fraser River CUs as being at red status (i.e., the poorest status level), 1 with red/amber status, 1 with amber status, and 4 with insufficient data to assess. None of the stream-type Fraser CUs were assessed as having green status (i.e., the highest status level). More recently in 2018, COSEWIC assessed 12 DUs of naturally spawning stream-type Fraser Chinook, of which 7 were assessed as Endangered, 4 were assessed as Threatened, and 1 was assessed as Special Concern.
Recent declines in length-at-age for 4-, 5-, and 6-year-old fish from the Chilko stock are apparent since 2014; however, the available time series is too short and patchy over the 19702018 time frame to indicate whether these declines are outside the natural range of variability for this stock (Figure 3). Median sampled lengths for age-4 and age-5 fish in 2017 are at levels similar to those measured in 1980. Median sampled lengths for age-6 fish between 2015 and 2017 are lower than those previously observed for this age class.
Nechako shows a relatively stable pattern in length-at-age for age-4, -5 , and -6 fish between 1977 and 2010 based on visual inspection of data (Figure 3). Data for this stock are not available past 2010, so recent changes in length cannot be evaluated.

The Nicola Spring $4_{2}$ stock shows a gradual decline in the length of age-4 fish in recent years when scale samples are used to measure age (e.g., 2009-2017). Prior to this period, Nicola scale samples showed a general pattern of increasing length for age-4 fish between the late1990's and 2009. Current lengths of age-4 samples in 2017 are consistent with the previous low point of the series in the late-1990's. Years with scale samples of age-5 fish are relatively infrequent; however, samples from the most recent year, 2015, are also consistent with the low point of the series in the late 1990's. When CWT recoveries were used to measure age instead of scale samples, the length-at-age of sampled fish was relatively stable over the available time period of 1997 - 2017. In the case of the latter, all samples are from hatchery-reared fish.

Comparison of length-at-age samples (converted to fork length) from the spawning grounds using CDFs shows a decreasing pattern in length-at-age for both Summer $5_{2}$ and Spring $4_{2}$ SMUs in recent years (Figure 4). CDFs are positioned further left in recent years, meaning a higher proportion of fish are smaller. As a result, the proportions of fish vulnerable to retention at maximum size limits of 67 and 85 cm are predicted to have increased in recent years. When looking for the same curves using the Albion length data, we see similar results for age-5 $5_{2}$ fish, but not for 4 ''s (Figure 5). A decreasing pattern in the proportion of age- $5_{2}$ fish reaching 85 cm is also apparent from a visual inspection of the Albion data.

While estimates of the proportion of fish returning by age class varied over time for the Nicola Spring $4_{2}$ stock and the Chilko Summer $5_{2}$ stock, no consistent, long-term changes are apparent from a visual inspection of the data (Figure 6).

Marine survival rates for the Nicola Spring $4_{2}$ indicator stock have remained consistently low since the 2000 brood year when compared to peak levels estimated for 1989-1990 and 19951999 brood years (Figure 7). The estimated early marine survival rate from the 2015 brood year, which is the most recent estimate available, is $0.65 \%$. This level is much lower than the peak levels of $6-8 \%$ estimated for some brood years in the 1990s.

Based on the indicators assessed above, there is evidence of poor status across the three stream-type SMUs. Depressed escapement levels reported here at the SMU level, combined with conservation concerns reported at the DU/CU level in recent COSEWIC and WSP assessments, indicate poor status in recent years. While evidence of demographic shifts are apparent for some populations, further research is required to assess trends over time. Early marine survival rate has been significantly lower in the period since 2000, which has likely contributed to depressed escapement levels.

### 5.2 ESTIMATION OF HARVEST IMPACTS

### 5.2.1 Definition of Exploitation Rate Index

The impact of salmon fisheries is quantified as the exploitation rate experienced by the defined population. Total mortality exploitation rates are defined as the total proportion of the population that is killed by fisheries, either through retained catch or incidental mortality in which fish die as a result of fishing encounters (e.g. release mortality, gear "drop-offs"; see Patterson et al., 2017a for a comprehensive review). The total size of a stock is estimated by summing escapement (i.e. fish that have escaped fisheries and returned to their natal river to spawn) and catch of that population across all fisheries. Chinook mature at multiple ages. As a result, exploitation rates and stock size may be estimated for either brood year or calendar year. In the former case, catch and escapement from a single brood year are summed across multiple return years. In the latter case, catch and escapement summed from a single return year includes fish from multiple brood years. In this review, we present calendar year (or annual) exploitation rate indices to be consistent with the original harvest reduction objectives outlined in
the 2012 RD directive, which focused on annual fishery management actions in response to anticipated total return abundance in a given year.

Because most salmon fisheries are 'mixed-stock' (harvesting more than one population simultaneously), catch needs to be associated with specific populations to estimate stockspecific exploitation rates. Generally two approaches are used to estimate the proportion of a single stock in catch: (i) empirically-based approaches that use tagging studies or genetic sampling to identify the populations that are present in the catch and (ii) run reconstruction approaches that model run timing and vulnerability assumptions to estimate stock-specific catch. We use information derived from both of these approaches to estimate harvest impacts on stream-type Fraser Chinook. First, we use recoveries of coded-wire tags (CWTs) from two indicator stocks, Nicola River (Spring $4_{2}$ SMU; 1995-2018) and Dome Creek (Spring $5_{2}$ SMU; 1995 - 1998; 2001-2003; 2005) to develop empirically-based exploitation rate indices. Second, we combined the existing Fraser River Chinook Run Reconstruction Model (English et al. 2007), which estimates total returns to the Fraser and annual harvest rates by SMU for in-river fisheries, with SMU-specific catch estimates for marine fisheries obtained using GSI (Figure 8).

Both methods have inherent shortcomings and limitations, largely because of uncertainty associated with limited or deficient sample data. For example, in many years, estimated CWT recoveries in Fraser River First Nation fisheries have been imputed because the fishery was not directly sampled (Appendix E). Similarly, not all marine fisheries have been sampled for DNA in all year, so infilling is required (Appendix M). Furthermore, GSI sample sizes are often too small to determine the presence of rare stocks, such as upriver Fraser Chinook, with certainty.

We used an annual exploitation rate index (ERI) to characterize recent harvest impacts from key Canadian fisheries intercepting stream-type Fraser Chinook on each of the three stream-type Fraser SMUs:

Eq. 1

$$
E R I_{y, s, f}=\frac{c_{y, s, f}}{E_{y, s}+\sum_{f}^{F} c_{y, s, f}}
$$

where, $E R I_{y, s, f}$ is the annual index of exploitation rate for fishery $f$ on SMU $s$ in year $y, E_{y, s}$ is the total escapement of fish from all age classes to SMU $s$ in year $y$ and $\sum_{f}^{\mathrm{F}} C_{y, s, f}$ is the total catch of fish from SMU $s$ in year $y$ summed over all $F$ fisheries included in the index.
The following 11 fisheries are included in the ERIs developed using both CWT-based and RRbased methods: Fraser River FSC, Fraser River Recreational, Fraser River commercial fisheries from the in-river portion of Area 29, Fraser First Nations economic opportunity (EO) fishery, Fraser test fisheries (including Whonnock, Cottonwood, Albion, and Qualark), WCVI AABM recreational fishery, WCVI commercial troll fisheries (Area G), Juan de Fuca recreational fisheries, Northern BC recreational fisheries, Northern BC commercial troll fishery (Area F), T'aaq-wiihak EO commercial troll fishery.
Although stream-type Fraser Chinook are intercepted in other fisheries (e.g. US fisheries, Strait of Georgia and Johnstone Strait recreational fisheries) these impacts were not represented in this analysis due to a lack of GSI estimates that could be used to assign stock composition when using the Run Reconstruction approach. As a result, the ERIs we develop are known to underestimate total exploitation rates. Impacts from excluded fisheries have been relatively small in the past. US fisheries have been estimated to account for, on average, less than $3 \%$ of the total fishing mortality on Fraser River Spring 42 Chinook between 2009 and 2016, and only $0.2 \%$ of the total fishing mortality on Spring $5_{2}$ Chinook for the final years (1999-2006) of the Dome Creek indicator stock program (CTC 2018b). Similarly, the Strait of Georgia recreational fishery was estimated to account for $1.1 \%$ of the total fishing mortality on the Spring $5_{2}$ SMU based on Dome Creek CWT analyses presented in the 2012 RD directive (for years 2000-2003,

2005, 2006). The exploitation rate indices we present thus represent trends in harvest impacts attributable to what are believed to be the highest impact Canadian fisheries.

### 5.2.2 CWT-based Approach

We used estimates of 'expanded CWT recoveries' that represent total mortality from the CTC's ERA (CTC 1988) to develop calendar-year ERIs specific to our indexed fisheries for both Nicola and Dome Creek indicator stocks using Equation 1. Expanded recoveries are estimated values in which samples of observed recoveries have been expanded for the fraction of the total catch in a year-age-fishery stratum that was sampled, as well as for the fraction of untagged fish associated to a CWT release group (Johnson 2004).
Because we used total mortality estimates from the CTC's ERA analysis as a basis for calculating CWT-based ERIs, an understanding of how the ERA represents incidental mortality is required to interpret our results. We provide an overview of the methods used to calculate incidental mortality in the ERA here, and refer readers to additional literature for more detail.

Incidental mortality, as represented in the ERA, includes mortality of legal-size and sublegalsize fish in both Chinook retention and Chinook non-retention fisheries. Legal and sublegal fishery-specific mortality rates are applied to four types of Chinook salmon encounters: (i) sublegal releases from Chinook retention fisheries, (ii) sub-legal releases from Chinook nonretention fisheries, (iii) legal releases from Chinook non-retention fisheries, and (iv) drop-off (sub-legal and legal fish that are encountered, but lost from gear before reaching the boat). Agespecific Chinook encounters associated with all four mortality types are calculated from historical observations of CWTs estimated in each ERA fishery. Fishery, year and age-specific proportion non-vulnerable (PNV) factors are used to calculate the number of encounters. The PNV factors are calculated using the minimum legal size of retention in a fishery applied to an assumed normal distribution of historical records of observed lengths of tagged Chinook at each age caught in the fishery. The PNV factors are fixed parameter values in the ERA which change only when the minimum size limit changes for a fishery.
Calculation of release mortalities of sublegal and legal-sized releases from age-specific encounters is done using fishery-and size-specific incidental mortality rates. The catch of tagged fish at the youngest age for a stock (i.e., total age 3 for stream-type stocks) is typically low or sporadic even though fish at the youngest age are encountered and will suffer mortality. The sporadic occurrence of tagged fish is a consequence of both the low vulnerability of fish at the youngest age and the CWT sampling process. To address this situation, the ERA calculation algorithm uses the catch of tagged fish at the subsequent age if the catch at the youngest age is 0 . While fishery-specific incidental mortality rates used in the CTC's Chinook Model are available in published PSC technical committee reports (e.g., Appendix F of CTC 2018c), incidental mortality rates for the finer scale of fisheries represented in the CTC's ERA model are not currently available from published sources (i.e., the CTC Model fisheries consist of groupings of the ERA fisheries). The PNV values for ERA fisheries are readily available upon request to the CTC (Gayle Brown, Fisheries and Ocean Canada, Nanaimo, BC, pers. comm).
A number of different methods are available for calculation of release mortalities in Chinook non-retention (CNR) fisheries with the choice of method dependent on type of data available (estimates of legal and sub-legal size Chinook released in the CNR periods, a measure of effort in the retention and CNR periods, etc). A fishery, stock and age-specific catchability coefficient is also required for CNR fisheries that operate in an annual period with no retention component. We refer readers to relevant CTC technical reports for a description of the methods used to estimate encounters and release mortalities (CTC 2004, CTC 2018b).

CWT-based ERIs were calculated for the Nicola River Spring 42 indicator stock using available data from 1995 to 2018. CWT-based ERIs were also calculated for the Spring 52 Dome Creek indicator stock; however, estimates for this stock were limited to years with available data: 19951998, 2001-2003, and 2005.

### 5.2.3 Run Reconstruction Model-based Approach

In the run reconstruction (RR) approach to estimating exploitation rates, SMU-level estimates of in-river catch and escapement generated using a variant of the Fraser River Chinook Run Reconstruction model are combined with GSI estimates of SMU-level catch from marine fisheries to create exploitation rate indices using this slightly revised version of Equation 1:

Eq. 1 - rearranged

$$
E R I_{y, s, f}=\frac{c_{y, s, f}}{\left(E_{y, s}+\sum_{f}^{F^{F}} c_{y, s, f}+\sum_{f}^{F^{M}} c_{y, s, f}\right)}
$$

where, the $\sum_{f}^{\mathrm{F}} C_{y, s, f}$ term from Equation 1 has been explicitly divided into two components: $\left(\sum_{f}^{\mathrm{F}^{\mathrm{F}}} C_{y, s, f}\right)$ and $\left(\sum_{f}^{\mathrm{F}^{\mathrm{M}}} C_{y, s, f}\right)$. The first of these represents the sum of catches from SMU $s$ in $\mathrm{F}^{\mathrm{F}}$ in-river (Fraser) fisheries, as estimated by the Run Reconstruction model. The second component represents the sum of catches from SMU $s$ in $F^{M}$ marine fisheries generated using GSI estimates of catch (Appendix M). A schematic of this estimation scheme is shown in Figure 8.

The current version of the Fraser River Chinook Run Reconstruction Model represents 84 Chinook salmon stocks that move upstream through 23 fishing areas. Within each area, fishery catch is divided among multiple fishery types (e.g., First Nations, Recreational, Commercial) so that in-river harvest rates specific to each fishery type, fishing area, and stock can be calculated. An earlier version of this model which contained 61 stocks and 21 fisheries was described by English et al. (2007). While the number of stocks and fisheries has been updated since 2007 to allow for a more detailed representation of the Fraser system, the model structure and equations remain unchanged.
The current version of the Fraser River Chinook Run Reconstruction Model is maintained as a Visual Basic (VB) program. The 2018 VB version (Nicole Trouton, DFO, Kamloops, BC, pers. comm.) was transcribed into the software language $R$ for our current analyses, and is available from author Kendra Holt. Subsequent changes to the 2018 Fraser River Chinook Run Reconstruction Model that were made for the purpose of this review work were implemented using the translated $R$ version (from here referred to as the RR Model). These changes are as follows:

1. We expanded the list of fishery types from three to five in order to explicitly separate out harvest impacts owing to test fisheries, First Nations Economic Opportunity fisheries, and the in-river components of Area 29 commercial fisheries. Previously, all of these fisheries were classified as commercial fisheries (Table 6).
2. Release mortality and drop-off mortality from in-river fisheries was incorporated into exploitation rate estimates.
3. In the Fraser River Chinook Run Reconstruction Model catches are entered as a weekly total, then distributed across days for which the fishery was open. Weekly start dates for upper Fraser fisheries were changed from Sunday to Monday because in the most recent model formulation there was a mismatch between model formulation and data input that resulted in catches being removed from the model one week later. Starting the fishery on Monday is likely a better approximation of the true timing (Jamie Scroggie, DFO, Kamloops, BC, pers. comm.).
4. The model was modified to allow for sensitivity analyses by allowing for changes in various inputs, as well as to be run as a Monte-Carlo simulation, where various inputs are randomly drawn from probability distributions.
Multiple gear types can be used within a single in-river fishery type listed in Table 6, which meant that applying gear-specific release mortality and drop-off rates required catch and release data to be further delineated by gear type. For lower Fraser fisheries (river mouth Sawmill), resource management biologists provided detailed catch and release data, consistent with those data used in the most recent Fraser River Chinook Run Reconstruction model types, but with all gear types provided for each fishing event (provided by Karen Burnett, DFO, Delta, BC, pers. comm.). For upper Fraser fisheries (upstream of Sawmill), gear-specific data consistent with Fraser River Chinook Run Reconstruction inputs were not made available to us in time for this report. Instead, area-by-area rules were used to assign releases to gear type (Jamie Scroggie, DFO, Kamloops, BC, pers. comm.).
Release mortality and drop-off mortality values for our base analysis, which are shown in Table 7, were taken from two CTC reports that compiled relevant published estimates (CTC 1997, 2004). Note that these values differ from those used as inputs to the CTC's ERA analysis (Table I-15). The rationale for mortality and drop-off rates used for each sector in our base case is provided in Table K-3. We split Fraser River releases into 5 gear categories when specifying release and drop-off mortality rates: Gillnet (includes drift net, set net, tangle-tooth), Purse Seine, Beach Seine, and Fishwheel/Dip net, and Hook and Line (Table 7). For both in-river and marine recreational fisheries, we assume hook and line gear was used. Note that First Nations tributary fisheries are included in Table K-3 even though the current Fraser River Chinook Run Reconstruction model dataset doesn't contain any non-zero release values. It should be noted that the release and drop-off mortality rates here do not generally account for all types of fishery-related incidental mortality (FRIM) (see Patterson et al. 2017a \& 2017b), and therefore may underestimate the impacts of FRIM. Accounting for all types of FRIM (including delayed mortality, increased predations, etc.) would have required a significant collection of data and expert elicitation across all fisheries represented in this analysis, which was an exercise outside the scope of this review.

### 5.2.4 Results

## SMU-level ERIs

At the SMU level, ERIs estimated for the Spring $4_{2}$ SMU using the RR approach are typically higher than those obtained using the CWT approach for the Nicola indicator stock, despite the same fisheries being indexed (Figure 9, Figure 10). The higher ERIs produced by the RR approach may be attributable to negative bias in escapement estimates used within the RR model. Several spawning sites within the Spring $4_{2}$ SMU rely on Peak Count methods to estimate escapement, which are known to be negatively biased. In comparison, escapement estimates for the Spring $4_{2}$ Nicola River CWT indicator stock are unbiased. There are some years however in which the CWT-based and RR-based ERIs are very similar (2009, 2012, 2016). These years have some of the highest ERIs in the time series; this pattern suggests that the two methods tend to perform similarly when harvest impacts are high but diverge when impacts are lower. An exception to this pattern in 2018, which had relatively high impacts but different magnitudes of ERI. A linear model fit to the two ERIs had an $R^{2}$ value of 0.59 , indicating a linear model explained 59\% of the variation in the two data sets (Figure 10).
When harvest impacts are characterized using the RR approach, ERIs for the Spring $4_{2}$ SMU are relatively stable between 2012 and 2017, with values during this period being lower than 2009-2011. In contrast, the CWT-based approach resulted in more variable ERIs. CWT-based ERIs peaked between 2005 and 2009 before decreasing to lower, but more variable levels
compared to the RR-based ERIs, between 2010 and 2017. Both CWT- and RR-based ERIs showed an increase in harvest impacts in 2018 compared to 2017. This increase in ERIs in 2018 corresponds with very low 2018 escapement inputs to the RR model (Appendix C).
For the Spring $5_{2}$ SMU, there is no temporal overlap in ERIs estimated using the RR approach and the CWT approach. CWT-based ERIs show a general increase between 1995 and 2005; albeit with patchy coverage (Figure 9). The RR-based estimates, which extend from 2009 to 2018 show a lower and more stable pattern. A slight increase in ERI is apparent for the Spring $5_{2}$ SMU in 2018 compared to earlier years; however, this increase is smaller than that seen for Spring $4_{2}$ Chinook.

The lack of a CWT indicator program for the Summer $5_{2}$ SMU means that the only available information on harvest impacts comes from the RR-based ERI between 2009 and 2018. ERIs for this SMU between 2013 and 2017 were generally lower than those experienced between 2009 and 2012 (with the exception of 2010); however, the calculated ERI shows a sharp increase in 2018 (Figure 9). As with the Spring $4_{2}$ SMU, this pattern is driven by very low escapement inputs to the RR model for this SMU in 2018.

Fishery- and Sector-specific ERIs
ERI values calculated using the RR approach are provided by fishery for all three stream-type Fraser Chinook SMUs in Table 8 - Table 10, while ERI values by fishery obtained using the CWT-based approach for the Nicola indicator stock (Spring $4_{2}$ Chinook) are provided in Table 11. ERI values by fishing sector (e.g., First Nations, recreational, commercial, test fisheries) calculated using the RR approach are provided by fishery for all three stream-type Fraser Chinook SMUs in Table 12.

Harvest impacts on Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ Chinook attributable to Fraser River FSC fisheries, as characterized using the RR approach to estimating ERIs, show a mostly declining pattern between 2009 and 2013, followed by a relatively stable period between 2013 and 2017 (Figure 11). A large increase is estimated for 2018 to a level comparable with 2009. In comparison to FSC, all other Fraser River fisheries have had relatively small harvest impacts. Harvest impacts on Fraser Spring 42 Chinook attributable to Fraser recreational fisheries showed an initial decline between 2009 and 2010 using the RR-based ERI, followed by a stabilization at around $0.1 \%$. There were no estimated harvest impacts of Fraser River Area 29 commercial fisheries on Spring $4_{2}$ Chinook between 2009 and 2017, while harvest impacts from Fraser EO and Test fisheries were low. Harvest impacts on Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ Chinook attributable to Juan de Fuca recreational fisheries showed an initial decline between 2009 and 2010, followed by a stabilization at low levels after that. All other marine fisheries showed variable harvest impacts on Spring $4_{2}$ Chinook over time.

In-river CWT tag recoveries summarized for the CTC's ERA analysis did not support breaking down Fraser River net fisheries into the finer-scale fishery groupings used in our RR analysis (e.g., FSC, EO, Test). As a result, we can only compare Spring $4_{2}$ RR- and CWT-based ERIs for Fraser Net fisheries as a whole. First Nations FSC fisheries are the major contributor to the "Fraser Net" grouping. While RR-based ERIs are higher than CWT-based ERIs for Spring $4_{2}$ Chinook, patterns in ERIs are similar for the two approaches at this scale (Figure 12). A major discrepancy between RR-based and CWT-based ERIs for Fraser recreational fisheries is apparent in 2009, with the CWT-based estimates several orders of magnitude higher than the RR-based estimates (Figure 12). A comparison of Spring 42 RR-based and CWT-based ERIs for marine fisheries showed variable concurrence. The two approaches produced similar ERIs for the JDF recreational fishery in most years, with the exception of 2016 and 2018. While the magnitude of impacts were between the two approaches were similar for other fisheries, annual patterns of increases or decreases did not always line up (e.g., WCVI recreational, NBC troll; Figure 12).

Harvest impacts on Spring $5_{2}$ Chinook from Fraser in-river fisheries showed similar patterns to Spring $4_{2}$ Chinook (Figure 13). This result is likely a function of their assumed overlap in run timing through the Fraser River within the Fraser Run Reconstruction Model, which means that catch from a given river stratum in a given week would be consistently split among these two SMUs. The highest impact fishery on Spring $5_{2}$ Chinook is Fraser FSC, which shows mostly declining pattern between 2009 and 2013, followed by a relatively stable level between 2013 and 2017, and then a large increase in 2018 (Figure 13). Harvest impacts from marine fisheries on Spring $5_{2}$ Chinook have been relatively stable, including Juan de Fuca recreational (withstanding an initial decrease between 2009 and 2010) and Northern BC recreational. A period of increasing harvest impacts are estimated for Northern BC Troll and WCVI Commercial Troll leading up to 2017, followed by a decrease in both fisheries in 2018.

Harvest impacts on Fraser Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook attributable to Fraser River FSC and Fraser River Recreational fisheries show recent declines (Figure 14). Most other fisheries show variable harvest impacts over time with no apparent trends, with the exception of the JDF recreational fishery which shows a variable but increasing pattern in recent years.

### 5.3 EVALUATION OF MANAGEMENT OUTCOMES

While CWT-based estimates of exploitation rates for the Spring $5_{2}$ Dome Creek indicator stock are not available past 2006, the 2012 RD directive referenced fishery-specific 2010 exploitation rates that were estimated by adjusting 2002-2006 exploitation rates to account for management actions that had occurred between 2006 and 2010 (Appendix A). These 2010 estimates were then used as a basis for projecting anticipated 2012+ harvest reductions under the proposed management approach.

Management performance relative to objectives described in the 2012 RD directive are summarized as follows, where "Zone 1 years" are those in which the combined Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ return abundance to the Fraser River was expected to be less than 30,000 fish (see section 3.2.2).
Objective 1: When in Zone 1, reduce exploitation rates on Fraser River Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook by a minimum of $50 \%$ from the 50-60\% exploitation rates in the early 2000's (resulting in an overall exploitation rate of less than $30 \%$ for Fraser River Spring $5_{2}$ Chinook).
We are not able to directly measure performance relative to this objective because we do not have total ER estimates for these SMUs in recent years or a consistent index of ERs covering 2000-2017. Instead, we attempt to inform discussions on expected performance related to this objective in two ways.
First, we look at the difference between CWT-based estimates of Total ER versus ERIs for years with CWT indicator data, and suggest a range of plausible Total ER values for recent zone 1 years based on this difference. An analysis of ERA outputs for the Dome Creek CWT indicator stock, which was used as an indicator of Fraser Spring $5_{2}$ Chinook for the years 19951998, 2001-2003, and 2005, shows that the fisheries included in our ERI accounted for, on average, $97.4 \%$ (range $=92.8-100 \%$ ) of the Total ER for Dome Creek over this time period. Expanding our estimated average Zone 1 ERI values from the RR analysis by the resulting $2.6 \%$ of the ER that is not indexed gives an approximation of the total exploitation rate experienced by Spring $5_{2}$ stocks in recent Zone 1 years. A key assumption of this approximation is that the relative magnitude of harvest impacts from non-indexed fisheries has remained constant between 1995 and 2017. Based on an average Zone 1 ERI of 22.6\% for Spring $5_{2}$ (Table 14) the approximated Zone 1 Total ER for this SMU based on the $2.6 \%$ expansion factor is 23.2 \%. In the absence of a historical CWT indicator for the Fraser River Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook SMU, Dome Creek has been used as an indicator for this stock as well
(e.g., in the 2012 RD directive). If Dome Creek is also assumed to be an indicator for the Fraser Chinook Summer $5_{2}$ and the $2.6 \%$ expansion factor is applied to the average Zone 1 ERI of $23.9 \%$ (Table 15), the approximated Zone 1 Total ER would be $24.5 \%$ for this SMU.
An alternative estimate of the difference between Total ER and our ERI can be derived using ERA outputs for the Nicola River CWT indicator stock which has a time series covering 1995 2017. While this indicator is intended to represent the Fraser River Spring $4_{2}$ Chinook SMU, it has an advantage over Dome Creek because it allows a comparison on Total ER to ERI in recent years that have been managed using Zone management. Looking exclusively at Zone 1 years (i.e., 2013, 2016, 2017), the ERI accounts for $75.1 \%$ (range $=57.4-87.9 \%$ ) of the Total ERI for Nicola. Using the same approach to expansion as was done for Dome Creek above, the approximated Zone 1 Total ER for Fraser River Spring 52 Chinook would be 30.1 \% when applying the Nicola expansion, while that of Fraser River Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook would be 31.8\%.

A second approach to looking at performance relative to this objective is to compare RR-based ERIs from 2010 with those seen for recent Zone 1 years. While reduction targets in the 2012 RD directive were set relative to a base period in the early 2000s, Table 1 from the letter provides an estimate of total exploitation rate in 2010. As a result, we are able to infer the necessary reduction in exploitation rates from 2010 levels that would be required to meet the specified reduction targets for Zone 1 years. For example, while the target reduction was 'at least' $50 \%$ from based period levels of $64 \%$, the 2010 ER was predicted to be already reduced to $54 \%$. As a result, reaching the projected Zone 1 ER of $29.8 \%$ required a further $44 \%$ reduction. The results of this analysis are shown in Table 13-Table 15 for each of the three SMUs, as well as in Table 16 where inferred reductions in ER for Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ SMUs are compared against realized reductions. Note that when measuring ERI for 2010, we use a three-year window centred on $2010(2009-2010)$. A three-year window was used rather than the 2010 estimate on its own due to high inter-annual variability in ERI estimates, especially at the sectorspecific level that is used for Management Objectives 2-3. The 2009-2011 window was expected to give us a more stable estimate of harvest impacts prior to the implementation of the 2012 RD Directive.

The ERI for Spring $5_{2}$ Chinook in recent Zone 1 years $(2013,2016,2017)$ was, on average, 24.0\% lower than the 2009 - 2011 average. The ERI for Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook in Zone 1 years was, on average, $11.4 \%$ lower than the $2009-2011$ average. These values are less than the $44 \%$ reduction objective relative to 2010 inferred from the 2012 RD directive.

Based on the above analyses, we conclude that for Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ SMUs 1 ) exploitation rates from our indexed Canadian fisheries in recent Zone 1 years are lower than the rates experienced by these SMUs prior to 2012; however, realized reductions were smaller than targeted reductions, and 2) Total ERs on both SMUs are likely less than or equal to $30 \%$. The ability of the total $\mathrm{ER}<30 \%$ objective to be met despite the $50 \%$ percent reduction target not being met suggests that exploitation rates represented by our expanded RR model approach would be less than those obtained using the CWT-based approach for Dome.
Objective 2: When in Zone 1, distribute the exploitation rate reductions such that the recreational and commercial sectors have a greater overall reduction than First Nations. The proposed measures projected a reduction of $44 \%$ to the First Nations FSC exploitation rate (producing an exploitation rate of 20\%), a reduction of $73 \%$ to the recreational sector (producing an exploitation rate of $4.3 \%$ ), and a reduction of $77 \%$ to the commercial sector (producing an exploitation rate of $2.1 \%$ ).
As with Objective 1, we are not able to directly measure performance relative to this objective because we do not have current total ER estimates for these SMUs or a consistent index of ERs covering 2000-2017. Instead, we use the approach described for Objective 1 in which we infer sector-specific reductions relative to 2010 that would be required to reach sector-specific
projected ERs. We then compare sector-specific RR-based ERIs from recent Zone 1 years $(2013,2016,2017)$ with reduction targets relative to 2010 that we infer from the 2012 RD directive (Table 16).
Note that the fishery-specific estimates of 2010 exploitation rates from the RD directive, which we use as a basis for comparison, often differed from the 2009-2011 RR-based ERI estimates, which has implications for the ability of fisheries to achieve anticipated reductions. For example, the 2012 RD directive estimated that the exploitation rate on Spring 52 Chinook from the WCVI Troll fishery was $5.5 \%$. It was then anticipated that this rate could be reduced to $0.6 \%$ under the proposed management actions, which would have substantially reduced commercial impacts. In comparison, our RR-based ERIs are 1.0 \% for both Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook, which is harder to reduce (and harder to evaluate). One of the likely reasons for the large discrepancy in estimated impacts was that the 2012 RD directive did not account for management measures that had already been implemented in 2008 to reduce impacts on stream-type Fraser Chinook. These measures included effort reductions and caps in spring and early summer WCVI troll fisheries.

Results rolled up to the sector level are shown in Table 13 - Table 15 or each of the three SMUs, as well as in Table 16 where the Zone 1 reductions in ERI for Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ SMUs are shown relative to the projected reductions identified in the 2012 RD directive. First Nations FSC fisheries experienced $46.7 \%$ and $54.3 \%$ reductions in harvest impacts on the Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ SMUs, respectively, in Zone 1 years compared to 2009-2012 levels. These reductions were equal to those projected for Spring $5_{2}$ and greater than those projected for Summer $5_{2}$. In contrast, reductions in both recreational and commercial fisheries catch were smaller than projected levels for both SMUs, with the ERI for recreational fisheries actually increasing for the Summer $5_{2}$ in Zone 1 years. ERIs for both commercial and recreational fisheries tend to be low and variable among years however, so high uncertainty is expected in these values. We further explore these uncertainties using sensitivity analyses.

Objective 3: First Nations fishing for food, social and ceremonial purposes will have priority over other uses and will be provided the majority of the available fishery exploitation.

Evaluation of performance relative to this objective can be informed by summaries of the proportion of catch taken by First Nations FSC fisheries compared to other sectors, as well as the ERIs for this sector relative to others (Table 13 - Table 15). For all three stream-type Fraser Chinook SMUs, First Nations FSC fisheries take a larger proportion of total annual catch from indexed fisheries than recreational or commercial sectors. Between 2012 and 2018, First Nations FSC fisheries took an average of $74.1 \%$ of the Spring $4_{2}$ catch, $51.7 \%$ of the Spring $5_{2}$ catch, and $40.8 \%$ of the Summer $5_{2}$ catch.
Objective 4: Increase the proportion of the Fraser River Spring $5_{2}$ exploitation rate that is taken by the First Nations FSC fishery
Prior to the implementation of the 2012 RD directive in 2012, FSC fisheries accounted for an average of $65.4 \%$ of the catch of Spring 52 Chinook over the time period of $2009-2011$. This value dropped to $51.7 \%$ for years from 2012 onwards (Table 14).
While this objective is specific to Spring $5_{2}$ Chinook, we also summarize changes in the proportion of catch between these two time periods for the other two SMUs. Between 2009 and 2011, FSC fisheries accounted for an average of $76.7 \%$ of the catch of Spring $4_{2}$ Chinook. This value was largely unchanged over all years from 2012 onwards, with an average annual proportion of $74.1 \%$ (Table 13). For Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook, the average proportion of the catch attributed to First Nations FSC fisheries was 55.9 \% from 2009 to 2011. This value dropped to $40.8 \%$ for years from 2012 onwards (Table 15).

### 5.4 SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS

### 5.4.1 Methods

We use sensitivity analyses to examine the extent to which systematic biases in input data or incorrect assumptions affect estimated quantities of interest.

Three metrics were used for sensitivity analyses:

1. Annual SMU-level estimates of ERI
2. The proportion of catch attributed to each sector in recent years,
3. Sector-specific estimates of the relative change in ERIs between 2009-2011 and recent Zone 1 years $(2013,2016,2017)$

These metrics were selected to align with our measurement of management performance under Objectives 1-4 in Section 3 above.

Twenty-six scenarios were selected to represent key sources of uncertainty, or concerns, about input data and assumptions, as outlined in Table 17. For example, sensitivity analyses were conducted on the number of fishery releases from several fisheries, release mortality rates, RR model assumptions, escapement data, and estimates of catch composition for select fisheries.

The scenario focused on release mortality rates used an alternative parameterization of release mortality based on values used in the Southern BC Salmon IFMP (Table 7). Drop-off mortality is not explicitly accounted for in the IFMP (although, release mortality rates are sometimes increased to account for this effect; W. Luedke, DFO, South Coast Stock Assessment), so all drop-off mortality rates have been set to 0 in this scenario.

Two scenarios are focused on recent concerns about returns to the Bonaparte River in 2018. The holes in the fishway on Bonaparte River (part of the Spring $4_{2}$ SMU) expanded in 2018, creating a barrier to migrating Chinook salmon. The resulting escapement estimate was five fish. The number of fish that were unable to pass through the fishway and experienced en-route mortality or emigrated to a nearby spawning site at the Deadman River is uncertain. While fish that moved into the neighbouring Deadman River would have been included in spawner counts for this spawning site, and therefore still included in estimates of MU-level harvest rates, the potential for en-route mortality is a bigger concern. In the event of en-route mortality of fish returning to the Bonaparte River, a larger portion of catch from downstream in-river fisheries may have been allocated to Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ SMUs than would have been otherwise. Such a case would result in overestimates of both in-river catch and total run size for these SMUs. An en-route mortality event would also lead to an overestimate of harvest rates for the Spring $4_{2}$ SMU (and other SMUs migrating during the Bonaparte migration period), since total run size will be underestimated, and therefore catch will make up a larger proportion of total run.
We used a sensitivity analysis on escapement to the Bonaparte River to test how allowing a larger portion of fish from this system to migrate up the Fraser River within the RR model affected harvest rates across SMUs. We considered two levels of Bonaparte escapement in 2018 based on estimates of recruits-per-spawner (R/S) from Bonaparte and neighbouring streams that had previously been developed by DFO staff (Chuck Parken, DFO, Kamloops, BC, pers. comm.). In both cases, escapement to Bonaparte in 2014 was assumed to represent brood year escapement, and the selected R/S value was applied to the value to get an estimated 2018 recruitment to Bonaparte. The 2017 CYER of $15.4 \%$ for the Nicola indicator stock was then applied to the 2018 recruitment to get an estimated escapement. This analysis involves several assumptions, such as all Bonaparte fish return at age 4, and unmarked hatchery fish recruited from fish that spawned in the river naturally (i.e. R/S is overestimated for naturally spawning fish).

In the first scenario, escapements to the Bonaparte River were combined with those from the neighboring Deadman River when calculating R/S. This scenario is based on the hypothesis that fish that returned to Bonaparte and could not ascend the fishway instead swam into the Deadman and were counted there. Movement from Bonaparte to Deadman has been observed in the past (Chuck Parken, DFO, Kamloops, BC, pers. comm.). he calculated R/S value for this scenario was 0.02, which lead to an 2018 escapement estimate for Bonaparte of 211 fish. We label this sensitivity analysis scenario "Bonaparte 2018: PS Mort Low". In the second scenario, the R/S value from Louis Creek (which had the highest $R / S$ value of neighbouring spawning sites) was used. The calculated R/S value for this scenario was 0.18 , which lead to a 2018 estimate for Bonaparte of 1,970 fish. We label this sensitivity analysis scenario "Bonaparte 2018: PS Mort High".

### 5.4.2 Results

Results from the sensitivity analysis scenarios are presented in Figure 15 to Figure 19 using tornado plots that highlight the relative influence each scenario had on estimated quantities of interest relative to the base case. For example, in Figure 15 to Figure 17, scenarios are ordered such that those placed closer to the top of the graph had, on average over all years, a higher influence on SMU-level estimates of ERI.

The sensitivity scenarios with the largest effect on annual ERIs compared to the base case varied among SMUs. For the Spring $4_{2}$ SMU, a $20 \%$ decrease in vulnerability to in-river fisheries (scenario = "Vulnerability: Spring42") often had the largest impact on annual ERIs (Figure 15). Under the "Vulnerability: Spring42" scenario, the drop in total percentage points for the Spring $4_{2}$ ERI ranged from $1.7-6.0 \%$. Scenarios in which the peak date of run timing was moved 7 days earlier or later for all spawning sites within a given SMU also had a relatively large impact on annual ERIs; especially when spawning timing was changed for Spring $4_{2}$ or Spring $5_{2}$ SMUs, due to the greater overlap in their run timing (Figure 15). Changing the duration of spawn timing had less of an impact.
For Spring $5_{2}$, Chinook, the model was most sensitive to changes in the peak date of spawn timing and those that used a $20 \%$ increase and $20 \%$ decrease in the ratio of Spring $5_{2}$ to Summer $5_{2}$ abundance used to split stock composition estimates among these two SMUs for Northern BC recreational and commercial troll fisheries ("NBC Abundance Ratio Inc" and "NBC Abundance Ratio Dec"; Figure 16). Both these scenarios shifted the distribution of harvest impacts between Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ SMUs.
The Summer $5_{2}$ SMU was often most sensitive to a $20 \%$ increase or decrease in Summer $5_{2}$ escapement ( "Escapement: Summer $5_{2}$ Inc" and "Escapement: Summer $5_{2}$ Dec" scenarios), which resulted in changes in ERI of 0.7-2.3 percentage points in either direction (Figure 17). As with Spring $5_{2}$ Chinook, changes in the NBC abundance ratio and the timing of the peak spawning date for Summer $5_{2}$ and Spring $5_{2}$ Chinook also ranked relatively high in some years.
Sensitivity scenarios that represented systematic biases in low impact fisheries typically had negligible effects on annual ERIs estimates. For example, increasing the total mortality on Fraser recreational fisheries or commercial fisheries by $10 \%$ to represent potential underestimation of releases ("Total Mort: Fraser Comm" and "Total Mort: Fraser Rec" scenarios) or increasing the number of Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ fish released from JDF recreational fisheries by $20 \%$ or $60 \%$ ("Releases: JDF Rec 20 " and "Releases: JDF Rec 60 ") had negligible impacts on SMU-level ERI estimates in all years, never changing total ERI by more than 0.09\% (in the most extreme case altering base case ERI from $25.33 \%$ to $25.42 \%$ for the Summer $5_{2}$ SMU in 2016). In comparison, biases in the highest impact fishery, Fraser FSC, usually ranked as having the second largest effect on annual Spring $4_{2}$ and Spring $5_{2}$ ERI estimates (increasing

ERI by 0.5-1.9\%). However, despite the generally high ranking of the TotalMort: Fraser FSC scenario, changes in the total annual ERI were always less than 2 percentage points.
The sensitivity scenario that used release mortality rates from the IFMP instead of the CTCbased values used in the base case had relatively minor effects on SMU-level ERI estimates (< $1.1 \%$ total change in ERI), with the exception of the Summer $5_{2}$ SMU in 2018. Under the "Release Mortality: IFMP" scenario, the Summer $5_{2}$ ERI for 2018 decreased by 6.9 percentage points, dropping from $51.9 \%$ in the base case to $45.0 \%$ in the sensitivity case. This decrease was a result of large release estimates from the Fraser River EO fishery in 2018 combined with lower release mortality rates for this fishery in the IFMP scenario.

In 2018 the most influential factor for both the Spring $4_{2}$ and Spring $5_{2}$ SMUs was the scenario representing the highest level of en-route mortality at Bonaparte ("Bonaparte 2018: PS Mort High"; Figure 15, Figure 16). Under this scenario, the ERI for the Spring $4_{2}$ SMU dropped from $38.6 \%$ in the base case to $32.0 \%$, while that of the co-migrating Spring $5_{2}$ SMU dropped from $31.6 \%$ in the base case to $29.4 \%$. This scenario was chosen as a "bookend" at the upper end of plausible unobserved return to Bonaparte that died before spawning. It is based on the nearby population with the highest recruits-per-spawner value, which is significantly higher what is typically observed at Bonaparte. The more conservative estimate of en-route mortality based on the recruits-per-spawner value from Bonaparte and a closely associated stream (Deadman), resulted in a change in Spring $4_{2}$ ERI of $-0.8 \%$ (i.e., $38.6 \%$ in the base scenario compared to $37.8 \%$ in the sensitivity test), which was of smaller magnitude than several other scenarios. When considering the proportion of ERI attributed to each sector as a basis for sensitivity testing, results were relatively insensitive over the range of scenarios considered (Figure 18). Absolute changes in proportions were always less than $2.3 \%$. The average relative change in sector-specific ERIs between 2009-2011 and recent Zone 1 years was more sensitive to scenarios (on an absolute scale) with changes of up to $10 \%$ (Figure 19). For the Spring $4_{2}$ SMU, changes in peak spawning date for the Spring $5_{2}$ SMU ("Spring $5_{2}$ Timing" scenario), and changes in Spring 42 vulnerability ("Vulnerability Spring $4_{2}$ " scenario) on the average proportion of ERI attributed to each sector in Zone 1 years (Figure 18). When looking at changes in ERI timing was similarly important, with changes in peak spawning date of Spring $4_{2}$ and Spring $5_{2}$ SMUs having the largest effects (Figure 19). For the Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ SMUs, the most influential scenarios for proportion of ERI attributed to each sector were the $20 \%$ increase and $20 \%$ decrease in the NBC Abundance Ratio (Figure 18). When looking at changes in ERI between 2009-2011 and recent Zone 1 years, timing of peak spawning for each SMU were the most influential scenarios (Figure 19). For example, for the Spring $5_{2}$ SMU, moving the peak spawning date forward one week resulted in a $9.7 \%$ decrease in the change in commercial ERI (from the base scenario of $29.6 \%$ to $19.9 \%$ ), and delaying the peak spawn date by a week resulted in an $8.4 \%$ increase (from $29.6 \%$ to $38.1 \%$ ).

### 5.5 UNCERTAINTY ANALYSIS

### 5.5.1 Methods

Monte Carlo simulations were used to demonstrate the extent to which the magnitude of uncertainty in data inputs and parameters affected the level of uncertainty around estimated quantities of interest. Hypothetical probability distributions were assumed for key input data and parameters to represent random sampling error (Table 18). Simulation replicates were then run, in which input data and parameters were randomly drawn from the specified distributions, and the RR Model ERI estimation routine was applied to the sampled data in each replicate. Probability distributions around metrics estimated using the model were summarized over all replicates. Three same three metrics that were used for sensitivity analyses were used for the uncertainty analysis (annual SMU-level estimates of ERI, the proportion of catch attributed to
each sector in recent years, and sector-specific estimates of the relative change in ERIs between 2009-2011 and recent Zone 1 years).

Three different levels of hypothetical uncertainty were chosen after consultation with the Technical Working Group, and examined in these analyses: low, moderate, and high. Under each scenario, the level of uncertainty on most input parameters were changed concurrently to their low, moderate, or high levels. After multiple runs we found that results were stationary beyond approximately 250 replicates, and chose to run 300 replicates for each level of uncertainty level. Uncertainty was applied to escapement, catch, and spawn timing (peak date and duration). For escapement and catch, where we expect uncertainty to be proportional to magnitude, we applied lognormal uncertainty using specified coefficients of variation (CV).

$$
\begin{gathered}
\tilde{X}=\operatorname{Xe} \epsilon_{x} \\
\epsilon_{x} \sim \operatorname{Normal}\left(0, C V_{x}^{2}\right)
\end{gathered}
$$

For peak date and spawning duration we didn't want uncertainty to be proportional to magnitude (there isn't a reason we would expect a later spawning date to have higher absolute uncertainty), so we added normal uncertainty with input standard deviation values.

$$
\begin{gathered}
\tilde{X}=X+\epsilon_{x} \\
\epsilon_{x} \sim \operatorname{Normal}\left(0, s d_{x}^{2}\right)
\end{gathered}
$$

Coefficients of variation for catch and escapement, and standard deviation values for peak and duration of spawning are shown in Table 18.

In order to incorporate uncertainty in GSI stock allocations of marine catch, we used GSIestimated stock proportions ( $\hat{p}$ ) of catch, and sample sizes $(n)$ to generate random stock proportions ( $\hat{p}_{\text {sim }}$ ). In order to simplify this problem, we assumed that the estimated proportions (based on the GSI mixture model) were the "true" stock proportions of the catch, then simulated sampling $n$ GSI samples from this catch, using random samples from a hypergeometric distribution. The hypergeometric distribution is a discrete probability distribution that can be used to estimate the probability of $k$ successes in $n$ random draws without replacement, from a population size $N$ with Ksuccess "states" present in the population. Using this distribution to represent sampling variability in landed catch composition is consistent with the approach used by Allen-Moran et al. (2013). For each catch value to be allocated across populations we drew from a hypergeometric distribution:

$$
\hat{n} \sim \operatorname{Hypergeometric}(N, K, n)
$$

Where:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& N=\text { Total Catch } \\
& K=\hat{p} * N \\
& n=\text { Number of GSI samples taken from catch }
\end{aligned}
$$

And:

$$
\hat{p}_{\text {sim }}=\hat{n} / N
$$

The level of variability introduced for GSI catch sampling did not vary across the low, medium, and high uncertainty scenarios outlined in Table 18. The same hypergeometric distribution was used for all uncertainty scenarios.

The uncertainty scenarios were consider as part of this analysis are not expected to represent the full range of uncertainty in ERIs for two reasons: 1) the CVs used in Table 18 are hypothetical; while our Technical Working Group believed them to be reasonable, they are not
based on empirical studies or formal expert elicitation approaches, and 2) some known sources of uncertainty were not included, such as stock assignment error and uncertainty in assumed incidental mortality rates. The scenarios are useful however in demonstrating how introducing even low to moderate levels of uncertainty into our analysis affects our ability to precisely estimate management performance.

### 5.5.2 Results

SMU-level results of the Monte Carlo simulations used to examine the effects of uncertainty on RR-based ERIs are shown in Table 19. The upper 97.5\% quantiles on ERI estimates for Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook in two recent zone 1 years ( 2016 for Summer $5_{2}$ and 2017 for both Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ ), were $29-30 \%$ even under the low variability scenario. Given that our ERIs only represent a portion total exploitation rate and that delayed incidental mortality is not necessarily accounted for in our release mortality rates, we would not be able to conclude with reasonable (i.e., >95\%) certainty in these scenarios that the management objective of maintaining total exploitation rates below $30 \%$ in Zone 1 years was met.

The effects of uncertainty on fishery-specific annual ERIs are shown in Figure 20 - Figure 22. Among the in-river fisheries, the effects of the low, medium, and high variability sensitivity scenarios are most apparent in these figures for the highest impact fishery, Fraser FSC. While some of the lower impact in-river fisheries had larger relative variability than Fraser FSC, the upper bounds on $95 \%$ probability intervals remained $<1-2 \%$ for these fisheries in all scenarios.

For marine fisheries, the 95\% probability intervals are generally similar among low, medium, and high variability scenarios. The sources of uncertainty that where assigned low, medium, and high levels in the uncertainty analysis (i.e., those listed in Table 18) are predominantly from RR model assumptions and data inputs (with the exception of uncertainty in marine catch estimates). In contrast, uncertainties in GSI catch composition are probability-based, and do not vary across uncertainty scenarios. The low sensitivity of ERI estimates to the "low", "medium", and "high" scenarios therefore indicates that the sampling uncertainty in GSI catch composition estimates is the key source of uncertainty in marine fishery ERIs. Uncertainty in low-impact marine fisheries was relatively high in some cases, even under the low variability scenario. For example, in 2018, the $95 \%$ probability interval on the Spring 42 ERI from the WCVI recreational fishery under the low variability scenario was $0.5 \%$ to $5.7 \%$, and $0.5 \%$ to $6.4 \%$ in the high variability scenario.
Examining the impact of uncertainty on performance metrics relevant to objectives about reductions in ERIs or the distribution of harvest shows that our measurement of performance relative to these objectives is uncertain, especially for sectors with relatively low impacts (Figure 23, Figure 24). While there is a high (> 97.5\%) probability that the ERI index for FSC impacts on Spring $5_{2}$ Chinook has declined by at least $38 \%$ between 2009-2011 and recent Zone 1 years in the high variability scenario, the $95 \%$ probability density functions for both commercial and recreational sectors are much wider and allow for both increases and decreases in ERI over this time period (Figure 23). Similarly, the 95\% probability intervals for the estimated proportion of ERI attributed to each sector is recent Zone 1 years is highly uncertain for all sectors except Test fisheries (Figure 24).

## 6 SUMMARY OF KEY RESULTS

We presented information on spawner abundance, recent stock status assessments, and size-at-age of spawning fish to look for evidence of recent changes in stock status. Fishery catch, release and effort statistics and stock composition data (GSI and CWT) were compiled to evaluate fishery impacts and distribution. Where data permitted, two alternate estimates of
exploitation rate were provided, i) results of the CTC 'exploitation rate analysis', or ERA, for the Nicola Spring $4_{2}$ and Dome Spring $5_{2}$ CWT indicator stocks and ii) an extension of the Fraser River Chinook Run Reconstruction using GSI sampling data to estimate catch in marine fisheries (RR Model). For comparison purposes, both the CWT and RR model estimates are indexed for a sub-set of Canadian marine fisheries because GSI data are not available for all fisheries. Because there are currently no CWT indicator stocks for either the Spring $5_{2}$ or Summer $5_{2}$ stock management units, only the RR approach was used to estimate harvest impacts on these stocks in recent years (2009-2018) for the sub-set of indexed fisheries. Performance relative to desired management outcomes identified in the 2012 RD directive was evaluated using results from the extended run reconstruction.

Although we identified key sources of uncertainty associated with input data and run reconstruction model assumptions throughout the paper, empirically-based estimates of uncertainty associated with each source were not readily available. Thus, instead of directly estimating uncertainty in exploitation rate indices, we used sensitivity analyses to determine which of the key sources of uncertainty identified and qualified by our joint technical working group had the largest potential impact on estimated outcomes.

The results of our evaluation are summarized here.

### 6.1 EVALUATION OF BIOLOGICAL STATUS

- Status of these stocks remains low. At an aggregate level, all three stream-type Fraser Chinook SMUs show depressed escapement in recent years compared to long-term averages and consistent declines over the last four years. Escapement levels in 2018 were the lowest since 1995 for all three SMUs.
- At the CU-level, recent WSP (2014) and COSEWIC (2018) assessments classified about half of the stream-type Fraser Chinook CUs (or DUs in the case of COSEWIC) as either 'red' or endangered.
- For some stocks and ages with data, there is evidence of declining length-at-age, which raises concerns about the potential effect of these changes on stock productivity and the potential for reduced effectiveness of size-based management restrictions over time and the potential impact of size-selective fisheries (i.e. 'high-grading').
- Recent early marine survival rates for the Nicola Spring $4_{2}$ CWT indicator stock have been very low, averaging 1.3\% over the last five brood years. Preliminary estimated marine survival rate from the 2015 brood year, which is the most recent estimate available, is 0.65\%.


### 6.2 EVALUATION OF MANAGEMENT OUTCOMES

- Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ exploitation rates from our indexed Canadian fisheries in recent Zone 1 years are lower than the rates experienced by these SMUs prior to 2012. Based on an approximation of the proportion of total exploitation rates that our indexed fisheries accounted for using available CWT data from indicator stocks, we infer that he Total ERs on both SMUs likely averaged less than or equal to $30 \%$ in Zone 1 years. However, sensitivity analyses show that even in the low variability scenario, there is at least a $2-3 \%$ probability that exploitation rates from our indexed Canadian fisheries in recent Zone 1 years (2016, 2017) exceeded $30 \%$.
- Overall, this analysis suggests that Objective 2 was unlikely achieved; however, considerable uncertainty exists in this conclusion. Base case results showed that reductions in harvest impacts on Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook for First Nations FSC fisheries
were higher than those intended for both SMUs, as outlined in the 2012 RD directive. In contrast, reductions in both recreational and commercial harvest impacts were smaller than intended. First Nations FSC fisheries experienced $47 \%$ and $54 \%$ reductions in harvest impacts on the Spring 52 and Summer $5_{2}$ SMUs, respectively, in Zone 1 years compared to 2009-2012 levels (Table 16). Recreational fisheries were estimated to have little change in Spring $5_{2}$ ERIs in Zone 1 years and a $58 \%$ increase in Summer $5_{2}$ ERIs. Commercial fisheries were estimated to have $43 \%$ and $30 \%$ increases in harvest impacts for Spring 52 and Summer $5_{2}$ SMUs, respectively (Table 16). Sensitivity analyses highlighted that measurement of sector-specific changes in exploitation rates such as these are highly uncertain, especially for recreational and commercial sectors that have relatively low impacts and heavy reliance on GSI sampling of catch composition.
- For all three stream-type Fraser Chinook SMUs, First Nations FSC fisheries take a larger proportion of total annual catch from indexed fisheries than recreational or commercial sectors. Between 2012 and 2018, First Nations FSC fisheries took an average of $74.1 \%$ of the Spring $4_{2}$ catch, $51.7 \%$ of the Spring $5_{2}$ catch, and $40.8 \%$ of the Summer $5_{2}$ catch. Based on these estimates, First Nations FSC fisheries only took the majority of the catch (defined as greater than $50 \%$ of the catch) for two of the three SMUs, suggesting that Objective 3 was not fully met.
- The proportion of harvest impacts attributed to FSC fisheries is estimated to have remained relatively unchanged for Spring $4_{2}$ Chinook between the three-year period prior to the implementation of the 2012 RD directive (2009-2011) and after implementation (2012-2018); however, FSC fisheries were estimated to account for a smaller portion of harvest impacts on Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook in recent years compared to the earlier time period. Sensitivity analyses on the impact of uncertainty on the distribution of harvest impacts among sectors highlight that these proportions are highly uncertain, even under the low variability scenario.
- While the RR approach to ERI estimation provided the above insights into management performance relative to objectives, data limitations, as documented in the "Sources of Uncertainty" sections through this document, precluded a definitive evaluation of management performance relative to the objectives identified in the 2012 RD directive.


### 6.3 SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS

- Sensitivity analyses of the impact of systematic biases in data inputs and model assumptions showed that, given the range of scenarios considered, estimated annual harvest impacts were most sensitive to assumptions of equal fishery vulnerability of all SMUs within the RR model, the peak spawning date used within the RR model, the abundance ratio used to split Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ catch composition estimates for Northern BC recreational and commercial fisheries, consistent biases in escapement data, and high en-route mortality in a single year (2018).
- In comparison, sensitivity scenarios that represented systematic biases in relatively low impact fisheries, such as biases in stock composition estimates for JDF or total mortality estimates from Fraser River recreational fisheries, had negligible effects on annual harvest impacts.
- The relative influence of each of these scenarios is a function of the magnitude of bias assumed within the scenario. While these values were deemed reasonable by the joint technical working group overseeing this assessment, they were not empirically-based. Therefore, the ability of these results to highlight key information gaps is limited by the plausibility of the values we selected.
- Metrics on sector-specific reductions in harvest impacts and the distribution of harvest among sectors were relatively insensitive over the range of bias scenarios considered. This result occurs because biases were assumed consistent among years.


### 6.4 UNCERTAINTY ANALYSIS

- Sampling uncertainty in GSI catch composition estimates was a key source of uncertainty in estimated exploitation rate indices for marine fisheries. Uncertainty in estimated annual fishery impacts were high for most marine fisheries, regardless of the uncertainty scenario used.
- Uncertainty in RR model inputs and model assumptions also contributed to uncertainty in annual exploitation rate indices for in-river fisheries. Within the Fraser, relatively low impact fisheries (commercial, recreational, economic opportunity) had larger relative variability than the high-impact Fraser FSC fishery; however, the upper bounds on $95 \%$ probability intervals remained $<1-2 \%$ for these fisheries in all scenarios.
- When stochastic variability in input data and assumptions were introduced into the estimation procedure, our measurement of performance relative to objectives about reductions in ERIs or the distribution of harvest among sectors became highly uncertain. This result was especially true for recreational and commercial sectors with relatively low impacts. It is expected that aggregating the recreational and commercial fisheries to the same extent as the Fraser FSC fishery (which consists of at least 26 component FSC fisheries) would decrease the variance in ERI estimates associated with these fisheries.


## 7 FUTURE WORK

Given the data limitations and uncertainties that affect this assessment, we recommend that the following work be undertaken to address key gaps in the assessment and management framework for stream-type Fraser Chinook.

## Management Objectives:

- Clearly-defined and measurable stock and fishery objectives for stream-type Fraser Chinook salmon should be developed to guide future management responses. Current objectives from the IFMP and 2012 RD directive can be characterized as 'means-based objectives'. That is, even if they are measurable, they characterize a desired management response (e.g. reduce exploitation rates, minimize incidental harvest, allocate harvest reductions) rather than intended outcomes (e.g., rebuild stock to a given level over a specified timeframe). While data-limitations for stream-type Fraser Chinook make the development of biologically-based benchmarks and rebuilding goals more challenging, this work is needed to support anticipated new rebuilding regulations under Bill C-68 and DFO's Precautionary Approach Framework. Given data limitations, habitat-based (Parken et al. 2006) or percentile-based benchmarks (Holt et al. 2018) could be considered. If rebuilding objectives were more clearly defined, the overall assessment and decision-making process would allow for more objective and transparent evaluation of the impact of relatively small fishery impacts, such as culturally important Fraser River First Nation 'first fish' fisheries.
- Furthermore, fine-scale objectives related to fishery-specific exploitation rates from low impact fisheries and allocation of impacts among sectors, such as those defined in the 2012 RD directive, should only be set if there are data systems in place to support subsequent evaluations. While we have attempted to evaluate management performance relative to the RD directive, data-limitations and the large number of assumptions required in our analyses make our results highly uncertain. While we are able to conclude with some confidence that
exploitation rate objectives set out in the 2012 RD directive were likely met, we cannot conclude that allocation objectives, expressed as percentage reductions in fisheries, were met. For lower impact fisheries, both the 'base-period' exploitation rate and subsequent fishing impacts are uncertain to due sampling variation and error. However, the fact that we cannot detect reductions in lower impact fisheries given the available data, does not mean they did not occur. The management measures implemented in various fisheries, such as time and area closures during periods of peak stream-type Fraser Chinook migration, were reasonably expected to reduce impacts on stream-type Fraser Chinook.
- Closed-loop feedback simulations, possibly within the context of a First Nation and stakeholder supported Management Strategy Evaluation (MSE), could be used to support rebuilding efforts for these stocks by providing insights into the impacts of various harvest strategies on the probability of achieving rebuilding goals. Under the MSE approach, robustness to data uncertainties can be taken into account by developing multiple operating models that reflect different hypotheses about complex stock and fishery dynamics. The goal of the MSE process then becomes selecting a harvest decision-making approach that achieves acceptable performance relative to various management objectives (e.g. rebuilding objectives, allocation objectives, economic objectives, etc.) over a wide range of operating models (Punt et al. 2016). A generic closed-loop simulation tool to inform salmon recovery planning has recently been developed by DFO scientists that could be used as a basis for this type of work (Holt, Freshwater et al., in prep).


## Annual Harvest Planning and Evaluation Tools:

- The expanded version of the Fraser River Chinook Run Reconstruction model used to estimate exploitation rate indices for this assessment has several limitations. The model does not allow for variability in migration timing among years or differential gear selectivity among ages. In addition, the approach we have taken to add SMU-specific catch data from marine fisheries to the estimation routine assumes that all marine fisheries occur simultaneously, which they do not. Future evaluations of fishery-specific impacts from both marine and freshwater fisheries should explore the development of an integrated forward stock-depletion model that uses maximum likelihood estimation to fit to multiple datasets from both in-river and marine fisheries (e.g., Branch and Hilborn 2010). The inclusion of additional data sources, including age composition of catch and GSI stock composition could also be considered (Chasco et al., 2007, Branch and Hilborn 2010; Cunningham et al. 2017). Empirical, literature-derived or expert-based approaches to characterizing uncertainty in data inputs should also be explored. Such an approach would provide uncertainty estimates on exploitation rates that capture the full range of uncertainty in the data. This tool could also be used to inform annual fishery planning processes and the evaluation of management performance relative to calendar-year exploitation rate caps for ISBM fisheries under the new Canada-US Pacific Salmon Treaty. Such an approach would require improved data collection from fisheries (see below).
- The sensitivity of annual exploitation rate indices from the RR Model to assumptions about the peak date of arrival to spawning sites highlights the importance of this type of information when using a model-based approach to allocate catch among stocks. We support plans to analyze GSI samples collected at the Albion test fishery and recommend incorporating this information into the Fraser River Chinook Run Reconstruction model to inform annual run timing. However, further work needs to be done to design the sampling program - e.g. to ensure that an adequate number of samples can be collected from the Albion Test Fishery and that uncertainty associated with GSI stock assignments is accounted for.
- Annual harvest planning tools used to inform fishing plans should be reviewed, including the performance of the in-season run size estimation model based on Albion test fishery data and spreadsheet tools used to develop fishing plans for in-river fisheries (e.g. the Chinook Impact Assessment and Planning Evaluation Tool "ChIAPET"). Exploitation rate indices from in-river fisheries in 2018 were higher than the previous five consecutive years for all SMUs despite being return abundances being the lowest on record in recent years. While an evaluation of these tools was outside of the scope of the current review, our results suggest that this work is a priority. These planning models can be used tactically to design fishery management measures and support sociological decision-making (e.g. allocation of catch or harvest opportunity), but they do not need to be coupled with assessment of the overall management objectives (i.e. whether or not the stock met a clearly-defined rebuilding objective). It is important to clearly define the decision-making context when determining assessment and monitoring requirements and criteria for which the performance of the management procedure will be evaluated.


## Data Collection and Monitoring:

- For implementation of Chapter 3 of the Pacific Salmon Treaty, work is underway to develop CWT indicator stocks for Spring 52 and Summer 52 SMUs. However, an increased reliance on CWT data will only work if sampling rates can be increased and made more representative. Our data summaries highlight that observed tag recoveries from the Spring $4_{2}$ Nicola indicator stock are low in many years, resulting in expansion factors well above recommended levels. The need for increased tag recovery rates is particularly acute for Fraser First Nation fisheries, but also applies to recreational fisheries. For First Nation fisheries, feasibility of sampling methods should consider cultural issues. For example, submitting heads from clipped fish is often problematic for First Nations who value and use the whole fish. Less invasive sampling methods or use of passive technologies, such as GSI or Passive Integrated Transponder (PIT) tagging, may be more practical in this situation.. Alternatively, rethinking how CWTs are sampled in First Nation fisheries may be an option to improve recovery rates (e.g., developing in situ dissection programs).
- Given the number of years it takes to establish a CWT indicator stock, GSI data will continue to be the only available data in the near-term from which to characterize harvest impacts from marine fisheries on Spring 52 and Summer $5_{2}$ SMUs. Furthermore, GSI sampling has several advantages compared to tagging studies, including the ability to gain information from every fish sampled (including released catch) and the ability to represent naturally spawning stocks. We therefore recommend the development of consistent, annual GSI sampling programs for all fisheries impacting stream-type Fraser stocks. The development of guidelines on minimum sampling rates to achieve desired levels of precision, such as those undertaken by Allen-Morran et al. (2013), should be undertaken if GSI samples are to be relied on for exploitation rate estimation. More comprehensive collection of GSI data would also improve planning tools used to design management measures.
- Further work should be done to improve GSI baselines and stock identification to the SMU level. For example, our results were highly sensitive to the fact that we used terminal run size ratios to de-aggregate Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ estimated catch in NBC fisheries.
- Both CWT and GSI sampling are costly, so any decisions to increase sampling intensity, especially on relatively low-impact fisheries, will need to be part of a larger systematic sampling framework that considers trade-offs with other sampling needs, particularly given the current stock rebuilding context. Informed and effective recovery planning requires other types of assessment information to understand the effects of non-harvest factors on stock declines (e.g. habitat loss and destruction or climate change impacts). However, there are very few long-term ecological monitoring programs in place for salmon populations to inform
these evaluations. This issue points to the larger need for an evaluation of the overall management and assessment procedures for stream-type Fraser Chinook, including development of a comprehensive rebuilding plan with explicit rebuilding objectives.
- We found substantial discrepancies in monthly recreational catch and release estimates obtained from the creel sampling program and the iRec sampling program. These discrepancies are highest for release estimates in the shoulder seasons during which creel sampling is sparse (April, May, September). Ongoing work to resolve these discrepancies should continue given the increasing reliance on iRec data sources for recreational fishery data.
- This assessment represents the first time fishing-related incidental mortality (FRIM) has been incorporated into the Fraser River Chinook Run Reconstruction Model. However, we caution that both release numbers and rates of release mortality are highly uncertain for both marine and in-river fisheries. We used release and drop-off mortality rates identified by the Pacific Salmon Commission's Chinook Technical Committee (CTC 1997, 2004). However, a future assessment of total exploitation rate for these fisheries should consider applying the risk assessment approach developed by Patterson et al. (2017b) to develop detailed estimates of FRIM. Using the Patterson et al. (2017b) approach, five major risk factors are scored and used as a basis for developing estimates of FRIM: (i) capture time, (ii) handling time, (iii) visible injuries upon release, (iv) water temperature, and (v) evidence of predation. Implementation of this approach will require monitoring approaches to characterize risk factors in addition to release rates.
- The escapement datasets for Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ SMUs used to drive the RR Model required considerable infilling of missing spawning-site year combinations; approximately $30 \%$ of sites required infilling in several years. More consistent coverage of escapement monitoring would likely improve confidence in escapement estimates and resulting estimates of harvest impacts via the RR Model. However, as with catch sampling above, decisions about the level of effort afforded to increased escapement monitoring should be made in the context of trade-offs with other sampling needs and the level of precision needed to guide decision-making relative to management objectives. Again, this issue points to the larger need for an evaluation of the overall management and assessment procedures for stream-type Fraser Chinook.


## Data \& Information Management:

- Finally, the overall assessment and decision-making process for stream-type Fraser Chinook would benefit from improved documentation and transparency of data and assessment methods, as well as routine publication of this information in citable sources and retrievable databases.


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## 10 TABLES

Table 1. Recent status assessment of stream-type timed Fraser Chinook stock management units. "WSP Status" shows the results of an Integrated Status Assessment consistent with DFO's Wild Salmon Policy for stream-type Fraser Chinook Conservation Units (CUs; DFO 2016) while the "COSEWIC" status shows the results of a recent assessment for Designatable Units identified by COSEWIC (COSEWIC 2018). COSEWIC designatable units have been aligned to CU names for this table.

| SMU | Conservation Unit | WSP Status (2016) | $\begin{gathered} \text { COSEWIC } \\ (2018) \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Spring 42 | Lower Thompson_SP_1.2 | RED | TBD |
|  | South Thompson-Bessette Creek SU_1.2 | RED | Endangered |
| Spring 52 | Lower Fraser River_SP_1.3 | DD | Special Concern |
|  | Middle Fraser River_SP_1.3 | DD | Endangered |
|  | Middle Fraser-Fraser Canyon_SP_1.3 | RED | Threatened |
|  | North Thompson_SP_1.3 | RED | Endangered |
|  | Upper Fraser River_SP_1.3 | RED | Threatened |
| Summer 52 | Lower Fraser River_SU_1.3 | DD | Threatened |
|  | Lower Fraser River-Upper Pitt_SU_1.3 | DD | Endangered |
|  | Middle Fraser River_SU_1.3 | AMBER | Threatened |
|  | Middle Fraser River-Portage_FA_1.3 | RED | Endangered |
|  | North Thompson_SU_1.3 | RED | Endangered |
|  | South Thompson_SU_1.3 | RED/AMBER | Endangered |

Table 2. Average number of stream-type Chinook released from hatchery facilities, brood years 2014 2016.

| STOCK <br> MANAGEMENT <br> UNIT | MAJOR HATCHERY <br> FACILITIES | Chinook Released <br> (Average BYs 2014-2016) |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Fed Fry | Smolt 1+ |
| Fraser Spring 42 | Spius Creek | 57,000 | 252,000 |
| Fraser Spring 52 | Spius Creek | $10,500(2016)$ | $47,200(2016)$ |
| Fraser Summer 52 | Spius Creek | 86,000 | 72,000 |

Table 3. Distribution by catch location of marine estimated CWT recoveries for all tagged Spring 42, Spring $5_{2}$, Summer $5_{2}$ and Summer $4_{1}$ Chinook (for reference, data pooled over all recovery years). Recovery years for which CWT data are available include 1979-2018 for Spring 42, 1976-2009 for Spring $5_{2}, 1979-1999$ and 2018 for Summer 52 and 1977-2018 for the Summer $4_{1}$ SMUs .

| Stock <br> Management <br> Unit | AK | NBC | WCVI | JDF | JST | GST | US <br> South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $1 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $2 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $23 \%$ |
|  | $11 \%$ | $31 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
|  | $9 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $35 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $1 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $11 \%$ |
|  | $26 \%$ | $40 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $6 \%$ |

Table 4. Prescene $(P)$ or absence $(A)$ by month of marine estimated CWT recoveries for all tagged Spring $4_{2}$, Spring $5_{2}$, Summer $5_{2}$ and Summer $4_{1}$ Chinook (for reference). Recovery years for which CWT data are available include 1979-2018 for Spring 42, 1976-2009 for Spring 52, 1979-1999 and 2018 for Summer $5_{2}$ and 1977-2018 for the Summer $4_{1}$ SMUs .

| Month | Spring $4_{2}$ | Spring $5_{2}$ | Summer $5_{2}$ | Summer $4_{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| JAN | A | A | A | P |
| FEB | A | P | A | P |
| MAR | P | P | P | P |
| APR | P | P | P | P |
| MAY | P | P | P | P |
| JUN | P | P | P | P |
| JUL | P | P | P | P |
| AUG | P | P | P | P |
| SEP | P | P | P | P |
| OCT | P | P | P | P |
| NOV | A | A | P | P |
| DEC | P | P | P | P |

Table 5. Average portion of recreational kept and released Chinook that were accounted for in periods with IREC survey data, but no creel survey. (The proportion is calculated using iREC data - i.e. the amount of iREC estimated catch or released Chinook in periods with no creel estimate over the total annual iREC estimate.)

|  | Parameter |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Region | Kept |  |
|  | Released |  |
| JST | $5 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| GSPTN | $9 \%$ | $12 \%$ |
| GSPTS | $13 \%$ | $21 \%$ |
| NWVI | $1 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| SWVI | $2 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| JDF | $16 \%$ | $31 \%$ |
| Average | $\mathbf{7 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 \%}$ |

Table 6. Comparison of fishery types used in the current DFO version of the Fraser River Run Reconstruction model with the expanded set of fishery types used for the 5 -year review. Note that the rows map to each other, such that catch previously attributed to the "Commercial" fishery has been split among test fisheries, First Nations Economic Opportunity fisheries, and the in-river components of Area 29 commercial fisheries.

| Fishery Types used for |
| :--- | :--- |
| Annual DFO Management |$\quad$| Fishery Types used for 5-Year |
| :--- |
| Review |$|$| First Nations | First Nations FSC fisheries |
| :--- | :--- |
| Commercial | Test Fisheries (Qualark and Lower <br> Fraser) |
|  | First Nations EO fisheries |
|  | Area 29 commercial fisheries (29E <br> and 29B fisheries combined) |
|  | Recreational fisheries |

Table 7. Release mortality rates used for the Run Reconstruction approach to ER estimation. See Table K - 2 for literature sources used to select these values.

| Fishery <br> Location | Fishery Type | Gear | Base Release <br> Mort. | Base Drop-off <br> Rate | IFMP Release <br> Mort. | IFMP Drop-off <br> Rate |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fraser | Sport | Assume hook and line | $12.3 \%$ | $6.9 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| Fraser | FN \& Commercial | Gillnet | $90 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $60 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| Fraser | FN \& Commercial | Purse Seine | $40 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| Fraser | FN \& Commercial | Beach Seine | $5 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| Fraser | FN \& Commercial | Fish Wheel/Dip Net | $5 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| Tributary | Sport | Assume hook and line | $12.3 \%$ | $6.9 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| Tributary | FN | Assume gillnet | $90 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $60 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| Marine | T'aaq-wiihak | Assume Troll | $20 \%$ | $1.7 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| Marine | WCVI Troll | Troll | $20 \%$ | $1.7 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| Marine | Northern Troll | Troll | $15 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |  |
| Marine | JDF Recreational | Assume hook and line | $10 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| Marine | WCVI Recreational | Assume hook and line | $10 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| Marine | Northern BC Rec. | Assume hook and line | $10 \%$ | $15 \%$ | $0 \%$ | $0 \%$ |

Table 8. Annual ER Index values for Spring 42 Chinook estimated using the Run Reconstruction approach, broken out by zone management levels. In 2018, a management regime aimed at improving prey availability for Southern Resident Killer Whales was implemented rather than the previous zone management approach, which is indicated as "SRKW". Averages across all years within a given zone are also shown.

| Year | Zone | Fraser FN | Fraser <br> Rec. | Fraser <br> Comm. | Fraser <br> EO | Fraser <br> Test | WCVI <br> Rec. | WCVI <br> Troll | JDF <br> Rec. | NBC <br> Rec. | NBC <br> Troll | T'aaq. <br> Comm. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2009 | NA | $30.88 \%$ | $0.85 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.75 \%$ | $1.9 \%$ | $1.17 \%$ | $11.47 \%$ | $0.10 \%$ | $2.10 \%$ | NA |
| 2010 | 2 | $21.48 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.07 \%$ | $1.24 \%$ | $0.10 \%$ | $0.40 \%$ | $1.06 \%$ | $0.47 \%$ | $1.00 \%$ | NA |
| 2011 | 2 | $28.37 \%$ | $0.02 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.21 \%$ | $0.65 \%$ | $2.62 \%$ | $1.66 \%$ | $2.48 \%$ | $0.13 \%$ | $0.04 \%$ | NA |
| 2012 | 2 | $22.04 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.04 \%$ | $0.52 \%$ | $1.16 \%$ | $0.07 \%$ | $2.11 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.47 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ |
| 2013 | 1 | $11.56 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.02 \%$ | $0.66 \%$ | $4.11 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $2.94 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ |
| 2014 | 2 | $17.97 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.09 \%$ | $0.74 \%$ | $0.40 \%$ | $2.05 \%$ | $1.93 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.84 \%$ | $0.12 \%$ |
| 2015 | 2 | $15.76 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.02 \%$ | $0.80 \%$ | $0.57 \%$ | $1.68 \%$ | $4.05 \%$ | $0.05 \%$ | $2.19 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ |
| 2016 | 1 | $15.95 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.63 \%$ | $1.33 \%$ | $1.23 \%$ | $1.56 \%$ | $2.03 \%$ | $0.59 \%$ | $0.03 \%$ |
| 2017 | 1 | $17.11 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.52 \%$ | $2.41 \%$ | $1.50 \%$ | $1.27 \%$ | $1.6 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.06 \%$ |
| 2018 | SRKW | $32.5 \%$ | $0.10 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.78 \%$ | $2.59 \%$ | $1.35 \%$ | $1.16 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.16 \%$ |
| Zone 1 Average | $14.87 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.6 \%$ | $2.62 \%$ | $0.91 \%$ | $1.92 \%$ | $1.21 \%$ | $0.20 \%$ | $0.03 \%$ |  |
| Zone 2 Average | $21.12 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.09 \%$ | $0.79 \%$ | $0.97 \%$ | $1.17 \%$ | $2.33 \%$ | $0.13 \%$ | $0.91 \%$ | $0.04 \%$ |  |

Table 9. Annual ER Index values for Spring 52 Chinook estimated using the Run Reconstruction approach, broken out by zone management levels. In 2018, a management regime aimed at improving prey availability for Southern Resident Killer Whales was implemented rather than the previous zone management approach, which is indicated as "SRKW". Averages across all years within a given zone are also shown.

| Year | Zone | Fraser FN | Fraser <br> Rec. | Fraser <br> Comm. | Fraser <br> EO | Fraser <br> Test | WCVI <br> Rec. | WCVI <br> TroIl | JDF <br> Rec. | NBC <br> Rec. | NBC <br> Troll | T'aaq. <br> Comm. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2009 | NA | $20.86 \%$ | $0.67 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.02 \%$ | $0.88 \%$ | $0.23 \%$ | $0.85 \%$ | $6.42 \%$ | $1.41 \%$ | $3.09 \%$ | NA |
| 2010 | 2 | $14.8 \%$ | $0.20 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.03 \%$ | $1.34 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.42 \%$ | $1.44 \%$ | $1.47 \%$ | $3.84 \%$ | NA |
| 2011 | 2 | $20.64 \%$ | $0.23 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.08 \%$ | $0.81 \%$ | $0.56 \%$ | $1.68 \%$ | $3.29 \%$ | $1.65 \%$ | $2.21 \%$ | NA |
| 2012 | 2 | $18.72 \%$ | $0.23 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.59 \%$ | $1.24 \%$ | $1.69 \%$ | $4.88 \%$ | $2.26 \%$ | $3.76 \%$ | $0.10 \%$ |
| 2013 | 1 | $8.52 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.84 \%$ | $0.60 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $4.33 \%$ | $1.44 \%$ | $2.68 \%$ | $0.30 \%$ |
| 2014 | 2 | $11.47 \%$ | $0.79 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $1.04 \%$ | $1.06 \%$ | $0.71 \%$ | $3.31 \%$ | $1.1 \%$ | $3.58 \%$ | $0.43 \%$ |
| 2015 | 2 | $8.97 \%$ | $0.77 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $1.01 \%$ | $1.3 \%$ | $1.06 \%$ | $5.32 \%$ | $0.54 \%$ | $2.37 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ |
| 2016 | 1 | $11.07 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.88 \%$ | $1.00 \%$ | $1.56 \%$ | $2.26 \%$ | $1.08 \%$ | $4.53 \%$ | $0.19 \%$ |
| 2017 | 1 | $10.41 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.57 \%$ | $1.67 \%$ | $1.77 \%$ | $4.04 \%$ | $1.6 \%$ | $6.09 \%$ | $0.32 \%$ |
| 2018 | SRKW | $20.07 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $1.01 \%$ | $1.12 \%$ | $0.73 \%$ | $4.01 \%$ | $1.56 \%$ | $2.68 \%$ | $0.40 \%$ |
| Zone 1 Average |  | $10.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.76 \%$ | $1.09 \%$ | $1.11 \%$ | $3.54 \%$ | $1.37 \%$ | $4.43 \%$ | $0.27 \%$ |
| Zone 2 Average |  | $14.92 \%$ | $0.44 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.02 \%$ | $0.96 \%$ | $0.83 \%$ | $1.11 \%$ | $3.65 \%$ | $1.4 \%$ | $3.15 \%$ | $0.18 \%$ |

Table 10. Annual ER Index values for Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook estimated using the Run Reconstruction approach, broken out by zone management levels. In 2018, a management regime aimed at improving prey availability for Southern Resident Killer Whales was implemented rather than the previous zone management approach, which is indicated as "SRKW". Averages across all years within a given zone are also shown.

| Year | Zone | Fraser FN | Fraser <br> Rec. | Fraser <br> Comm. | Fraser <br> EO | Fraser <br> Test | WCVI <br> Rec. | WCVI <br> Troll | JDF <br> Rec. | NBC <br> Rec. | NBC <br> Troll | T'aaq. <br> Comm. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2009 | NA | $12.48 \%$ | $1.36 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.07 \%$ | $1.24 \%$ | $1.38 \%$ | $0.75 \%$ | $5.02 \%$ | $1.42 \%$ | $3.1 \%$ | NA |
| 2010 | 2 | $9.53 \%$ | $1.13 \%$ | $0.37 \%$ | $1.11 \%$ | $1.18 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.11 \%$ | $0.82 \%$ | $1.49 \%$ | $3.88 \%$ | NA |
| 2011 | 2 | $22.22 \%$ | $1.21 \%$ | $0.27 \%$ | $0.23 \%$ | $1.13 \%$ | $2.08 \%$ | $2.13 \%$ | $1.49 \%$ | $1.65 \%$ | $2.21 \%$ | NA |
| 2012 | 2 | $25.46 \%$ | $1.3 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.02 \%$ | $1.1 \%$ | $1.85 \%$ | $0.13 \%$ | $3.17 \%$ | $2.33 \%$ | $3.87 \%$ | $0.04 \%$ |
| 2013 | 1 | $6.48 \%$ | $1.1 \%$ | $0.01 \%$ | $0.06 \%$ | $1.0 \%$ | $0.91 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $6.96 \%$ | $1.4 \%$ | $2.61 \%$ | $0.09 \%$ |
| 2014 | 2 | $10.1 \%$ | $1.3 \%$ | $0.05 \%$ | $0.59 \%$ | $1.12 \%$ | $0.72 \%$ | $2.1 \%$ | $2.04 \%$ | $1.08 \%$ | $3.55 \%$ | $1.59 \%$ |
| 2015 | 2 | $5.39 \%$ | $0.82 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.05 \%$ | $1.11 \%$ | $0.75 \%$ | $0.07 \%$ | $2.9 \%$ | $0.56 \%$ | $2.46 \%$ | $0.35 \%$ |
| 2016 | 1 | $6.44 \%$ | $1.35 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $1.38 \%$ | $1.67 \%$ | $1.28 \%$ | $7.36 \%$ | $1.01 \%$ | $4.26 \%$ | $0.57 \%$ |
| 2017 | 1 | $7.3 \%$ | $0.55 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.55 \%$ | $2.81 \%$ | $2.69 \%$ | $3.49 \%$ | $1.56 \%$ | $5.96 \%$ | $0.92 \%$ |
| 2018 | SRKW | $23.15 \%$ | $0.03 \%$ | $1.99 \%$ | $15.14 \%$ | $1.0 \%$ | $1.33 \%$ | $0.47 \%$ | $3.69 \%$ | $1.55 \%$ | $2.68 \%$ | $0.93 \%$ |
| Zone 1 Average |  | $6.74 \%$ | $1.0 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.02 \%$ | $0.98 \%$ | $1.8 \%$ | $1.32 \%$ | $5.94 \%$ | $1.32 \%$ | $4.28 \%$ | $0.53 \%$ |
| Zone 2 Average |  | $14.54 \%$ | $1.15 \%$ | $0.14 \%$ | $0.4 \%$ | $1.13 \%$ | $1.08 \%$ | $0.91 \%$ | $2.08 \%$ | $1.42 \%$ | $3.19 \%$ | $0.66 \%$ |

Table 11. Estimated time series of CWT-based Exploitation Rate Indices (ERIs) by fishery for Spring 42 Chinook (Nicola indicator stock). In 2018, a management regime aimed at improving prey availability for Southern Resident Killer Whales was implemented rather than the previous zone management approach, which is indicated as "SRKW".

| Year | Zone | Fraser Net | Fraser <br> Rec. | JDF <br> Rec. | NBC <br> Rec. | NBC <br> Troll | WCVI <br> Rec. | WCVI <br> Troll |
| :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| 2009 | NA | $20.22 \%$ | $21.69 \%$ | $8.82 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.37 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ |
| 2010 | 2 | $4.73 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.57 \%$ | $0.18 \%$ | $1.64 \%$ | $0.09 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ |
| 2011 | 2 | $4.50 \%$ | $2.64 \%$ | $2.64 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.93 \%$ | $0.47 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ |
| 2012 | 2 | $20.68 \%$ | $0.97 \%$ | $2.10 \%$ | $1.13 \%$ | $0.65 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ |
| 2013 | 1 | $2.25 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $3.70 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $1.31 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.22 \%$ |
| 2014 | 2 | $10.93 \%$ | $0.93 \%$ | $0.93 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $2.33 \%$ |
| 2015 | 2 | $11.18 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $2.91 \%$ | $0.20 \%$ | $0.26 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.26 \%$ |
| 2016 | 1 | $11.19 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $7.89 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $1.92 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $1.07 \%$ |
| 2017 | 1 | $8.10 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $1.90 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $1.14 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $1.24 \%$ |
| 2018 | SRKW | $18.90 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $3.37 \%$ | $0.34 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $1.12 \%$ |
| Actions | $7.18 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $4.50 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $1.46 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.84 \%$ |  |
| Zone 1 Average | $10.41 \%$ | $0.91 \%$ | $1.83 \%$ | $0.30 \%$ | $0.70 \%$ | $0.11 \%$ | $0.52 \%$ |  |
| Zone 2 Average |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 12. Estimated time series of RR-based Exploitation Rate Indices (ERIs) by fishery sector for each of the three stream-type Fraser Chinook SMUs.

| Year | Spring $4_{2}$ |  |  |  | Spring $5_{2}$ |  |  |  | Summer $5_{2}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | FN | Rec. | Comm. | Test | FN | Rec. | Comm. | Test | FN | Rec. | Comm. | Test |
| 2009 | 30.88\% | 14.32\% | 3.27\% | 0.75\% | 20.86\% | 8.73\% | 3.96\% | 0.88\% | 12.48\% | 9.18\% | 3.92\% | 1.24\% |
| 2010 | 21.48\% | 1.65\% | 1.48\% | 1.24\% | 14.80\% | 3.13\% | 4.29\% | 1.34\% | 9.53\% | 3.44\% | 5.48\% | 1.18\% |
| 2011 | 28.37\% | 5.26\% | 1.90\% | 0.65\% | 20.64\% | 5.73\% | 3.97\% | 0.81\% | 22.22\% | 6.43\% | 4.84\% | 1.13\% |
| 2012 | 22.04\% | 3.27\% | 0.57\% | 0.52\% | 18.72\% | 8.61\% | 5.55\% | 0.59\% | 25.46\% | 8.65\% | 4.06\% | 1.10\% |
| 2013 | 11.56\% | 7.05\% | 0.05\% | 0.66\% | 8.52\% | 6.37\% | 2.98\% | 0.84\% | 6.48\% | 10.38\% | 2.77\% | 1.00\% |
| 2014 | 17.97\% | 2.35\% | 3.09\% | 0.74\% | 11.47\% | 6.26\% | 4.73\% | 1.04\% | 10.10\% | 5.15\% | 7.88\% | 1.12\% |
| 2015 | 15.76\% | 4.68\% | 3.91\% | 0.80\% | 8.97\% | 7.93\% | 3.44\% | 1.01\% | 5.39\% | 5.03\% | 2.93\% | 1.11\% |
| 2016 | 15.95\% | 4.92\% | 1.85\% | 0.63\% | 11.07\% | 4.34\% | 6.29\% | 0.88\% | 6.44\% | 11.40\% | 6.11\% | 1.38\% |
| 2017 | 17.11\% | 5.28\% | 1.56\% | 0.52\% | 10.41\% | 7.30\% | 8.18\% | 0.57\% | 7.30\% | 8.42\% | 9.57\% | 0.55\% |
| 2018 | 32.50\% | 3.86\% | 1.50\% | 0.78\% | 20.07\% | 6.69\% | 3.82\% | 1.01\% | 23.15\% | 6.60\% | 21.20\% | 1.00\% |

Table 13. Comparison of average catch, average ERI, and the average proportion of total annual indexed fishery catch attributed to each fishery and sector from the Spring 42 SMU for three different time periods. The first time period (2009-2011) represents the introduction of increased management restrictions for stream-type Fraser Chinook, the second time period (2012-2018) represents implementation of the 2012 RD directive, and the third time period is specific to Zone 1 management years. The "\% Change in Catch" and "\% Change in ERI" metrics measure the relative increase or decrease in average catch and ERI values relative to the 2009-2011 period.

|  | 2009-2011 |  |  | 2012-2018 |  |  |  |  | Zone 1 Years (2013, 2016, 2017) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Avg. Catch | Avg. ERI (\%) | Catch Prop. | Avg. <br> Catch | Avg. ERI (\%) | Catch Prop. | Change in Catch | \% <br> Change in ERI | Avg. Catch | Avg. ERI <br> (\%) | Catch Prop. | \% <br> Change in Catch | \% <br> Change in ERI |
| By Fishery |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fraser FSC | 2250 | 26.91 | 76.67 | 2458 | 18.98 | 74.12 | 9.25\% | -29.46\% | 1399 | 14.87 | 69 | -37.84\% | -44.74\% |
| Fraser Rec. | 14 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 2 | 0.02 | 0.06 | -89.04\% | -93.48\% | 0 | 0 | 0 | -100. \% | -100. \% |
| Fraser Comm. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - |
| Fraser EO | 9 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 6 | 0.02 | 0.10 | -40.31\% | -75.41\% | 1 | 0.01 | 0.04 | -92.86\% | -92.33\% |
| Fraser Test | 82 | 0.88 | 2.66 | 84 | 0.67 | 2.46 | 2.09\% | -24.38\% | 52 | 0.61 | 2.60 | -36.18\% | -31.12\% |
| WCVI Rec | 92 | 1.54 | 3.28 | 144 | 1.80 | 6.51 | 57.40\% | 16.45\% | 199 | 2.62 | 10.92 | 117.45\% | 69.69\% |
| WCVI Troll | 82 | 1.08 | 2.85 | 175 | 1.13 | 4.37 | 113.94\% | 4.62\% | 84 | 0.91 | 3.88 | 2.86\% | -15.22\% |
| JDF Rec. | 263 | 5 | 10.21 | 266 | 2.15 | 7.91 | 1.09\% | -57.08\% | 156 | 1.93 | 8.14 | -40.81\% | -61.51\% |
| NBC Rec. | 21 | 0.23 | 0.66 | 43 | 0.52 | 1.89 | 102.90\% | 123.94\% | 99 | 1.21 | 4.37 | 365.62\% | 416.05\% |
| NBC Troll | 78 | 1.04 | 2.76 | 105 | 0.59 | 2.37 | 35.01\% | -43.91\% | 24 | 0.2 | 0.89 | -69.10\% | -80.73\% |
| Taaq. | - | - | - | 8 | 0.05 | 0.20 | - | - | 3 | 0.03 | 0.15 | - | - |
| SoG Rec. | Data Deficient |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| JS Rec. | Data Deficient |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| By Sector |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FSC | 2250 | 26.91 | 76.67 | 2458 | 18.98 | 74.12 | 9.25\% | -29.46\% | 1399 | 14.87 | 69 | -37.84\% | -44.74\% |
| Sport | 390 | 7.07 | 14.76 | 455 | 4.49 | 16.37 | 16.57\% | -36.59\% | 454 | 5.75 | 23.43 | 16.4 \% | -18.72\% |
| Commercial | 169 | 2.22 | 5.91 | 293 | 1.79 | 7.04 | 73.63\% | -19.21\% | 112 | 1.16 | 4.96 | -33.79\% | -47.90\% |
| Test | 82 | 0.88 | 2.66 | 84 | 0.67 | 2.46 | 2.09\% | -24.38\% | 52 | 0.61 | 2.6 | -36.18\% | -31.12\% |
| All <br> Fisheries | 2891 | 37.1 | 100 | 3290 | 25.9 | 100 | 13.8 \% | -30.1 \% | 3290 | 22.4 | 100 | -30.2 \% | -39.60\% |

Table 14. Comparison of average catch, average ERI, and the average proportion of total annual indexed fishery catch attributed to each fishery and sector from the Spring $5_{2}$ SMU for three different time periods. The first time period (2009-2011) represents the introduction of increased management restrictions for stream-type Fraser Chinook, the second time period (2012-2018) represents implementation of the 2012 RD directive, and the third time period is specific to Zone 1 management years. The "\% Change in Catch" and "\% Change in ERI" metrics measure the relative increase or decrease in average catch and ERI values relative to the 2009-2011 period.

|  | 2009-2011 |  |  | 2012-2018 |  |  |  |  | Zone 1 Years (2013, 2016, 2017) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Avg. Catch | Avg. ERI (\%) | Catch Prop. | Avg. Catch | Avg. ERI (\%) | Catch Prop. | \% Change in Catch | \% <br> Change in ERI | Avg. Catch | Avg. ERI (\%) | Catch Prop. | \% Change in Catch | \% <br> Change <br> in ERI |
| By Fishery |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fraser FSC | 5441 | 18.76 | 65.37 | 2874 | 12.75 | 51.73 | -47.18\% | -32.07\% | 1824 | 10 | 47.14 | -66.48\% | -46.71\% |
| Fraser Rec. | 118 | 0.36 | 1.14 | 89 | 0.26 | 1.09 | -24.24\% | -29.75\% | 0 | 0 | 0 | -100. \% | -100. \% |
| Fraser Comm. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | - |
| Fraser EO | 9 | 0.04 | 0.14 | 1 | 0 | 0.01 | -89.29\% | -93.73\% | 0 | 0 | 0.01 | -96.43\% | -96.39\% |
| Fraser Test | 276 | 1.01 | 3.60 | 195 | 0.85 | 3.37 | -29.26\% | -16.13\% | 132 | 0.76 | 3.37 | -52. \% | -24.56\% |
| WCVI Rec | 57 | 0.27 | 0.74 | 223 | 1.14 | 4.04 | 291.73\% | 328.32\% | 157 | 1.09 | 4.17 | 174.85\% | 308.37\% |
| WCVI Troll | 250 | 0.98 | 3.25 | 229 | 1.07 | 4.25 | -8.52\% | 9.44\% | 178 | 1.11 | 4.65 | -29.03\% | 13.18\% |
| JDF Rec. | 1067 | 3.72 | 10.56 | 819 | 4.02 | 14.82 | -23.2 \% | 8.09\% | 554 | 3.54 | 14.64 | -48.05\% | -4.76\% |
| NBC Rec. | 350 | 1.51 | 4.44 | 242 | 1.37 | 4.60 | -30.79\% | -9.52\% | 204 | 1.37 | 5.36 | -41.75\% | -9.19\% |
| NBC Troll | 864 | 3.05 | 10.75 | 808 | 3.67 | 15.05 | -6.5 \% | 20.44\% | 738 | 4.43 | 19.4 | -14.62\% | 45.52\% |
| Taaq. | - | - | - | 60 | 0.25 | 1.05 | - | - | 48 | 0.27 | 1.27 | - | - |
| SoG Rec. | Data Deficient |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| JS Rec. | Data Deficient |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| By Sector |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FSC | 5441 | 18.76 | 65.37 | 2874 | 12.75 | 51.73 | -47.18\% | -32.07\% | 1824 | 10 | 47.14 | -66.48\% | -46.71\% |
| Sport | 1591 | 5.86 | 16.89 | 1374 | 6.79 | 24.54 | -13.67\% | 15.74\% | 915 | 6 | 24.17 | -42.52\% | 2.41\% |
| Commercial | 1124 | 4.07 | 14.14 | 1098 | 5 | 20.36 | -2.28\% | 22.75\% | 964 | 5.82 | 25.32 | -14.24\% | 42.87\% |
| Test | 276 | 1.01 | 3.6 | 195 | 0.85 | 3.37 | -29.26\% | -16.13\% | 132 | 0.76 | 3.37 | -52. \% | -24.56\% |
| All <br> Fisheries | 8432 | 29.7 | 100 | 5541 | 25.4 | 100 | -34.3 \% | -14.6 \% | 5541 | 22.6 | 100 | -54.5 \% | -24. \% |

Table 15. Comparison of average catch, average ERI, and the average proportion of total annual indexed fishery catch attributed to each fishery and sector from the Summer $5_{2}$ SMU for three different time periods. The first time period (2009-2011) represents the introduction of increased management restrictions for stream-type Fraser Chinook, the second time period (2012-2018) represents implementation of the 2012 RD directive, and the third time period is specific to Zone 1 management years. The "\% Change in Catch" and "\% Change in ERI" metrics measure the relative increase or decrease in average catch and ERI values relative to the 2009-2011 period.

|  | 2009-2011 |  |  | 2012-2018 |  |  |  |  | Zone 1 Years (2013, 2016, 2017) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Avg. Catch | Avg. ERI <br> (\%) | Catch Prop. | Avg. Catch | Avg. ERI (\%) | Catch Prop. | \% <br> Change in Catch | \% Change in ERI | Avg. Catch | Avg. ERI (\%) | Catch Prop. | \% Change in Catch | \% <br> Change in ERI |
| By Fishery |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fraser FSC | 5487 | 14.74 | 55.91 | 2513 | 12.04 | 40.76 | -54.2 \% | -18.32\% | 1205 | 6.74 | 30.43 | -78.05\% | -54.31\% |
| Fraser Rec. | 434 | 1.23 | 4.72 | 237 | 0.92 | 3.82 | -45.35\% | -25.32\% | 180 | 1 | 4.32 | -58.57\% | -18.89\% |
| Fraser Comm. | 72 | 0.21 | 0.94 | 1 | 0.29 | 0.02 | -99.01\% | 36.73\% | 0 | 0 | 0 | -100. \% | -97.91\% |
| Fraser EO | 85 | 0.47 | 1.11 | 55 | 2.27 | 0.84 | -35.55\% | 381.61\% | 4 | 0.02 | 0.1 | -94.88\% | -95.88\% |
| Fraser Test | 410 | 1.18 | 4.57 | 266 | 1.04 | 4.6 | -35.28\% | -12.12\% | 177 | 0.98 | 4.25 | -56.86\% | -17.1 \% |
| WCVI Rec | 380 | 1.15 | 3.31 | 267 | 1.44 | 5.31 | -29.71\% | 24.32\% | 255 | 1.8 | 6.7 | -32.84\% | 55.73\% |
| WCVI Troll | 367 | , | 3.25 | 230 | 0.96 | 4.05 | -37.35\% | -3.34\% | 197 | 1.33 | 5.39 | -46.36\% | 32.84\% |
| JDF Rec. | 854 | 2.44 | 8.25 | 869 | 4.23 | 17.15 | 1.7 \% | 73.14\% | 974 | 5.94 | 23.58 | 14.05\% | 143.05\% |
| NBC Rec. | 462 | 1.52 | 5.1 | 260 | 1.36 | 4.77 | -43.73\% | -10.53\% | 194 | 1.33 | 4.95 | -58.11\% | -12.68\% |
| NBC Troll | 1088 | 3.06 | 12.84 | 863 | 3.62 | 15.71 | -20.72\% | 18.35\% | 698 | 4.27 | 18.06 | -35.85\% | 39.53\% |
| Taaq. | - | - |  | 180 | 0.64 | 2.97 |  |  | 83 | 0.53 | 2.21 | - | - |
| SoG Rec. | Data Deficient |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| JS Rec. | Data Deficient |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| By Sector |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FSC | 5487 | 14.74 | 55.91 | 2513 | 12.04 | 40.76 | -54.2 \% | -18.32\% | 1205 | 6.74 | 30.43 | -78.05\% | -54.31\% |
| Sport | 2130 | 6.35 | 21.38 | 1633 | 7.95 | 31.05 | -23.34\% | 25.13\% | 1603 | 10.07 | 39.55 | -24.76\% | 58.48\% |
| Commercial | 1611 | 4.75 | 18.14 | 1328 | 7.79 | 23.58 | -17.59\% | 64.13\% | 982 | 6.15 | 25.77 | -39.06\% | 29.61\% |
| Test | 410 | 1.18 | 4.57 | 266 | 1.04 | 4.6 | -35.28\% | -12.12\% | 177 | 0.98 | 4.25 | -56.86\% | -17.1 \% |
| All Fisheries | 9639 | 27 | 100 | 5740 | 28.8 | 100 | -40.5 \% | 6.6 \% | 5740 | 23.9 | 100 | -58.9 \% | -11.4 \% |

Table 16. Comparison of the expected change in exploitation rates on Fraser River Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook salmon between 2010 and Zone 1 years with the average realized change in the Run Reconstruction Model exploitation rate index (ERI) between the 2010 and recent Zone 1 years (2013, 2016, 2017). Note that the expected change is taken from the 2012 RD directive (Appendix A), and was calculated relative to an estimated 2010 level (Table 1 in letter), while the realized change is measured as the difference between the estimated ERIs over the 3-year period around 2010 (2009 2011) and those from recent Zone 1 years.

| Sector | Expected <br> Change in ER | Realized Change in ERI |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Spring 52 | Summer 52 |
| FSC | $-41.70 \%$ | $-46.71 \%$ | $-54.31 \%$ |
| Recreational | $-31.70 \%$ | $2.41 \%$ | $58.48 \%$ |
| Commercial | $-75.00 \%$ | $42.87 \%$ | $29.61 \%$ |
| Total | $-44.30 \%$ | $-24.00 \%$ | $-11.40 \%$ |

Table 17. Description of sensitivity analyses used to test concerns about potential biases in input data and model assumptions.

| Concern | How tested | Sensitivity analysis name |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Underestimation of releases from JDF recreational fishery due to assumption that the composition of released catch is equal to that of landed catch | Increase the number of releases from Spring 52 and Summer $5_{2}$ SMUs by $20 \%$ and $60 \%$ | Releases: JDF Rec 20 <br> Releases: JDF Rec 60 |
| Underestimation of releases from Fraser River commercial fisheries due to missing data | Increase the total mortality from Fraser River commercial fisheries by 10\% | Total Mort: Fraser Comm |
| Underestimation of releases from Fraser River recreational fisheries due to missing data | Increase the total mortality from Fraser River recreational fisheries by 10\% | Total Mort: Fraser Sport |
| Underestimation of released catch from Fraser River FSC fisheries due to missing data | Increase the total mortality from Fraser River FSC fisheries by $10 \%$ | Total Mort: Fraser FSC |
| Release mortality rates are highly uncertain. Values used in salmon IFMPs provide an alternative set of values to be considered. | Apply release mortality estimates from the salmon IFMP to all fisheries (see Table 7 for values) | Release Mortality: IFMP |
| The Run Reconstruction Model attributes in-river catches to individual spawning stocks based on fixed peak spawning dates that are held constant over time. Despite strong assumptions about peak spawn dates, there is considerable uncertainty around these values. | Move peak spawn date 7 days forward and 7 days backward for all spawning sites within a specified SMU. | Spring 4.2 Timing <br> Spring 5.2 Timing <br> Summer 5.2 Timing |
| The duration of spawn timing, which is used in the Run Reconstruction Model to spread escapement over time, are fixed values that are held constant over time. Despite strong assumptions about spawning duration values, there is considerable uncertainty around these values. | Change spawn duration so that it is 10 days shorter or 10 days longer for all spawning sites within a specified SMU. | Spring 4.2 Duration <br> Spring 5.2 Duration <br> Summer 5.2 Duration |
| Given concerns about declining body size, it is possible that age 4 fish from the Spring $4_{2}$ SMU have become less vulnerable to Fraser In-river fisheries in recent years | Reduce the percentage of Spring 42 abundance that is vulnerable to all in-river Fraser fisheries by 20\% | Vulnerability: Spring 4.2 |


| Concern | How tested | Sensitivity analysis name |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Escapement estimates from the Summer $5_{2}$ SMU require <br> more infilling of missing values than Spring 42 and Spring <br> $5_{2}$ SMMUs, which could potentially cause systematic <br> biases in estimated escapements | Change escapement values for all Summer $5_{2}$ <br> stocks in the run reconstruction so that they are <br> 20\% higher or lower in all years | Escapement: Summer 5.2 |
| Splits in catch composition between Spring $5_{2}$ and <br> Summer $5_{2}$ SMUs for Northern BC troll and NBC <br> recreational fisheries are based on the annual ratio of <br> return abundance to the Fraser River for these SMUs, as <br> estimated by the RR model. This assumption cause <br> biases in estimated catch and releases | Change ratio of Spring $5_{2}$ to Summer $5_{2}$ <br> abundance that is used to divide catch <br> composition among these two SMUs to be 20\% <br> higher or 20\% lower in all years | NBC Abundance Ratio |
| In 2018 the fishway on Bonaparte River (Spring 42 SMU) <br> did not facilitate fish passage, resulting in an escapement <br> estimate of 5 fish. It is uncertain whether fish that were <br> unable to pass experienced en-route mortality or moved <br> to a nearby spawning site. The RR model cannot <br> account for en-route mortality, and therefore ER <br> estimates may have been affected. | Increase Bonaparte escapement in 2018 to test <br> the impact of en-route mortality on exploitation | Bonaparte 2018: PS Mort Low <br> rate estimates for co-migrating stocks. Two <br> different Bonaparte escapement levels are <br> tested: (i) 211 fish (Low) and (ii) 1970 fish (High). |
| Bonaparte 2018: PS Mort High |  |  |

Table 18. Coefficients of variation and standard deviations used in Monte Carlo sensitivity analyses.

| Data Input | Low | Med | High |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Escapement | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 |
| Fraser River Catch | 0.05 | 0.1 | 0.15 |
| Tributary Catch | 0.05 | 0.1 | 0.15 |
| Peak spawning date | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| Duration of <br> spawning | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| Marine Catch | 0.1 | 0.15 | 0.2 |

Table 19. Results of Monte Carlo simulations, showing median, lower 2.5\% and upper 97.5\% quantile (bounds of 95\% probability distribution interval) estimates of total ERI by SMU, for the low, medium, and high variability scenarios.

| Year | Uncertainty Level | Spring 42 |  |  | Spring 52 |  |  | Summer 52 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2009 | Low | 44.68 | 48.76 | 53.16 | 32.52 | 34.24 | 36.17 | 24.76 | 26.81 | 28.96 |
|  | Med | 43.57 | 48.46 | 53.68 | 31.33 | 33.99 | 37.02 | 23.98 | 26.64 | 29.62 |
|  | High | 42.02 | 48.19 | 55.27 | 29.79 | 33.65 | 37.25 | 22.70 | 26.45 | 30.64 |
| 2010 | Low | 22.95 | 25.49 | 28.32 | 21.48 | 23.36 | 25.55 | 17.62 | 19.63 | 21.98 |
|  | Med | 21.55 | 25.37 | 29.23 | 20.39 | 23.02 | 25.96 | 16.61 | 19.41 | 22.37 |
|  | High | 19.86 | 24.86 | 29.68 | 19.33 | 22.72 | 26.34 | 15.86 | 19.37 | 23.23 |
| 2011 | Low | 31.66 | 35.67 | 40.71 | 28.77 | 30.96 | 33.33 | 31.51 | 34.44 | 37.55 |
|  | Med | 30.93 | 35.60 | 41.41 | 27.68 | 30.77 | 33.98 | 30.13 | 34.09 | 38.31 |
|  | High | 28.96 | 35.36 | 42.19 | 26.54 | 30.70 | 34.83 | 28.89 | 33.98 | 39.11 |
| 2012 | Low | 23.16 | 26.20 | 29.28 | 30.61 | 33.30 | 36.30 | 36.30 | 39.08 | 41.83 |
|  | Med | 22.08 | 26.17 | 30.68 | 29.63 | 33.28 | 36.79 | 34.99 | 38.76 | 42.40 |
|  | High | 20.36 | 25.78 | 31.45 | 28.74 | 33.24 | 38.29 | 33.59 | 38.29 | 43.61 |
| 2013 | Low | 14.66 | 18.93 | 25.36 | 16.50 | 18.60 | 21.15 | 17.69 | 20.51 | 24.31 |
|  | Med | 14.17 | 18.65 | 26.44 | 16.03 | 18.43 | 21.97 | 17.37 | 20.36 | 24.23 |
|  | High | 13.43 | 17.95 | 27.25 | 15.28 | 18.32 | 21.96 | 16.06 | 20.16 | 25.16 |
| 2014 | Low | 21.64 | 23.98 | 26.56 | 21.40 | 23.46 | 25.61 | 22.02 | 24.26 | 26.68 |
|  | Med | 20.53 | 23.97 | 27.31 | 20.75 | 23.46 | 26.17 | 21.02 | 24.09 | 27.61 |
|  | High | 19.34 | 23.62 | 28.52 | 19.90 | 23.09 | 26.80 | 19.72 | 23.89 | 28.27 |
| 2015 | Low | 21.91 | 24.90 | 28.38 | 19.11 | 21.25 | 23.77 | 12.44 | 14.40 | 16.72 |
|  | Med | 20.65 | 24.94 | 29.56 | 18.36 | 21.26 | 24.70 | 12.20 | 14.22 | 16.98 |
|  | High | 18.97 | 24.35 | 30.61 | 17.21 | 20.88 | 25.04 | 11.52 | 14.23 | 17.41 |
| 2016 | Low | 19.93 | 23.03 | 26.67 | 20.01 | 22.46 | 25.30 | 21.67 | 25.26 | 28.95 |
|  | Med | 19.18 | 23.04 | 27.34 | 19.45 | 22.46 | 25.80 | 21.26 | 25.07 | 29.10 |
|  | High | 18.24 | 22.64 | 28.38 | 18.72 | 22.25 | 26.44 | 19.93 | 24.77 | 30.40 |
| 2017 | Low | 21.50 | 24.21 | 27.82 | 23.75 | 26.29 | 29.53 | 22.71 | 25.75 | 28.78 |
|  | Med | 20.16 | 24.05 | 29.08 | 22.62 | 26.25 | 29.63 | 21.81 | 25.67 | 29.34 |
|  | High | 18.80 | 23.88 | 29.39 | 21.91 | 26.06 | 30.55 | 21.16 | 25.70 | 30.67 |
| 2018 | Low | 35.02 | 38.17 | 41.45 | 29.27 | 31.46 | 33.59 | 50.25 | 52.74 | 55.46 |
|  | Med | 33.22 | 37.92 | 42.84 | 28.28 | 31.29 | 34.31 | 48.55 | 52.91 | 57.39 |
|  | High | 31.05 | 37.32 | 44.01 | 26.55 | 30.75 | 34.73 | 46.59 | 52.69 | 58.25 |

## 11 FIGURES



Figure 1. Location of major Fraser River Chinook populations from run-timing aggregates (Beacham et al, 2003).


Figure 2. Escapement time series for the Fraser River Spring $4_{2}$, Spring $5_{2}$, and Summer $5_{2}$ SMUs based on infilled escapement datasets used for the Chinook Technical Committee's Escapement and Data Report (CTC 2019).


Figure 3. Size-at-age for sampled Summer $5_{2}$ (Chilko and Nechako) and Spring 42 (Nicola) stocks. Chilko and Nechako age estimates are based on scale ages, where CWT ages are also available for some Nicola fish. Points are median with vertical lines showing 95\% quantiles. Only year-age combinations with more than 5 observations were included.

Spring $4_{2}$ Fork Length


Figure 4. Left: cumulative distributions of estimated marine fork lengths (estimated from POH lengths on the spawning grounds) for Spring $4_{2}$ Chinook (indicator stock is Nicola) and Summer 52 Chinook (indicators: Chilko and Nechako), by age, for years with more than 5 length observations. Right side panels show the estimated proportion of each age group that are above a given set of thresholds close to those often used in management: 45, 67, and 85cm

## Albion Lengths for $4_{2}$ and $5_{2}$ Chinook



Figure 5. Left: cumulative distributions of estimated marine fork lengths (estimated from POH lengths measured at Albion) for aged $4_{2}$ and $5_{2}$ Chinook, which will be a mix of all early timed stocks. Right side panels show the estimated proportion of each age group that are above a given set of thresholds close to those often used in management: 45,67 , and 85 cm


Figure 6. Proportion of spawning escapement at age for two indicator streams by return year, Nicola River (Spring $4_{2}$, top panels) and Chilko River (Summer $5_{2}$, bottom left). For Nicola, data from both unclipped spanwers and clipped spawner are shown, while for Chilko, only unclipped spawners are shown.


Figure 7. Estimates of early marine survival (smolt to age 3) for the Nicola River indicator stock (Spring 42 SMU). Estimates from 2013 to 2015 brood years are based on incomplete cohorts that have not been fully observed at all ages, and thus, these values are expected to change as more data becomes available in the next few years (CTC 1988).


Figure 8. Flow diagram of estimation routine used for the Run Reconstruction Approach to estimating exploitation rate indices. Data inputs are shown in ovals while modelling tools (i.e., the Fraser Run Reconstruction Model) or algorithms (Marine Catch Estimation, as described in Appendix M) are shown in boxes. Note that "Total Return Abundance, by SMU" includes only our indexed Canadian fisheries with GSI data, and thus is really an index of return abundance.

Spring 42




Figure 9. Exploitation rate indices for the three Fraser River stream-type Chinook SMUs developed using the Run Reconstruction Model and CWT approaches to ERI Estimation.

Summary of RR vs CWT Estimated ERI's


Figure 10. Comparison between CWT-estimated and run-reconstruction-estimated exploitation rate indices for the Spring 42 SMU. A linear model fit to the two ERIs (top right panel) had an $R^{2}$ value of 0.59 , indicating the model explained 59\% of the variation in the two data sets. A linear model fit to \% Deviance versus $R R$-based ERIs (bottom right panel) had a low $R^{2}$ value (0.11), which is interpreted as having no significant relationship, and therefore has not been shown.
Spring $4_{2}$



WCVI Troll


Strait of Georgia Rec.




Data Deficient


$\qquad$

Data Deficient


Figure 12. Comparison of ERIs for the Spring $4_{2}$ SMU developed using the Run Reconstruction approach and developed using CWT recoveries from the Nicola River indicator stock for the subset of fisheries in which both methods can be applied. "Fraser Net" fisheries include First Nations FSC, EO, and Test fisheries. For marine fisheries, the blue asterisks show years in which infilling assumptions were used in that fishery to account for missing stock composition (DNA) data.


## Data Deficient

Figure 13. Exploitation rate indices by fishery for the Spring 52 Stock management unit based on estimates from the Run Reconstruction model approach. For marine fisheries, the blue asterisks show years in which infilling assumptions were used in that fishery to account for missing stock composition (DNA) data.


## Data Deficient

Figure 14. Exploitation rate indices by fishery for the Summer 52 Stock management unit based on estimates from the Run Reconstruction model approach. For marine fisheries, the blue asterisks show years in which infilling assumptions were used in that fishery to account for missing stock composition (DNA) data.


Figure 15. Results of sensitivity analysis scenarios showing effects of consistent bias in input models or parameters on RR-based ERIs for the Spring $4_{2}$ SMU. Scenario descriptions are provided in Table 17. Black bars show the effect of increasing a given data input or parameter in a sensitivity analysis scenario, while white bars show the effect of decreasing.


Figure 16. Results of sensitivity analysis scenarios showing effects of consistent bias in input models or parameters on RR-based ERIs for the Spring $5_{2}$ SMU. Scenario descriptions are provided in Table 17. Black bars show the effect of increasing a given data input or parameter in a sensitivity analysis scenario, while white bars show the effect of decreasing.


Figure 17. Results of sensitivity analysis scenarios showing effects of consistent bias in input models or parameters on RR-based ERIs for the Summer $5_{2}$ SMU. Scenario descriptions are provided in Table 17. Black bars show the effect of increasing a given data input or parameter in a sensitivity analysis scenario, while white bars show the effect of decreasing.


Figure 18. Results of sensitivity analysis scenarios showing effects of consistent bias in model inputs or parameters on average estimates of the relative allocation of ERI by sector in recent Zone 1 years (2013, 2016, 2017). Scenario descriptions are provided in Table 17. Black bars show the effect of increasing a given data input or parameter in a sensitivity analysis scenario, while white bars show the effect of decreasing.


Figure 19. Results of sensitivity analysis scenarios showing effects of consistent bias in model inputs or parameters on average estimates of the \% Change in ERI from the 2009-2011 period to recent Zone 1 years. Scenario descriptions are provided in Table 17. Black bars show the effect of increasing a given data input or parameter in a sensitivity analysis scenario, while white bars show the effect of decreasing.


Figure 20. Results of Monte Carlo simulation uncertainty analysis for the Spring 42 SMU. Points indicate median values, and transparent bands indicate 95\% probability distributions for low, med, high variability scenarios (more transparent, wider, bands correspond to high variability). *Note that Fraser FN and JDF Rec. fisheries have different $x$-axes values than other fisheries.


Figure 21. Results of Monte Carlo simulation uncertainty analysis for the Spring $5_{2}$ SMU. Points indicate median values, and transparent bands indicate $95 \%$ probability distributions for low, med, high variability scenarios (more transparent, wider, bands correspond to high variability). *Note that Fraser FN has different $x$-axes values than other fisheries.


Figure 22. Results of Monte Carlo simulation uncertainty analysis for the Summer $5_{2}$ SMU. Points indicate median values, and transparent bands indicate 95\% probability distributions for low, med, high variability scenarios (more transparent, wider, bands correspond to high variability). *Note that Fraser FN and JDF Rec. fisheries have different x-axes values.


Figure 23. Probability distributions from Monte Carlo simulations showing uncertainty in the relative change in average ER index between 20092011 and zone 1 years (2013, 2016, 2017), across simulated uncertainty levels. Note that each stock/sector plot has different $x$-axis bounds, but the widths of each are the same, so allow for comparison of distribution width.


Figure 24. Probability distributions from Monte Carlo simulations showing uncertainty in the average proportional allocation of ER index between sectors for zone 1 years (2013, 2016, 2017), across simulated uncertainty levels. Note that each stock/sector plot has different $x$-axis bounds, but the widths of each are the same, so allow for comparison of distribution width

## APPENDIX A: REGIONAL DIRECTOR DIRECTIVE

## 2012 DFO LETTER TO STAKEHOLDERS

## $\square+1$ <br> Fisheries and Oceans Canada

Pacific Region
Suite 200-401 Burrard Street Vancouver, British Columbia v6C 354

Pêches et Océans
Canada

Région du Pacifique
Piece 200 - 401 rae Burrard
Vancouver (C.-B.)
V6C 23 3 4

April 27, 2012
Via E-mail

## Dear First Nations Chiefs, Councilors and Fisheries Representatives,

## Subject: Fraser River Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $\mathbf{5}_{2}$ Chinook Management.

As part of developing the Salmon Integrated Fisheries Management Plans in 2012, the Department has been consulting with First Nations, recreational and commercial harvesters seeking feedback on a potential reduction in exploitation rates on Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ chinook. The objective is to reduce the exploitation rate by a minimum of $50 \%$ from exploitation rates of $50 \%$ to $60 \%$ observed in the early 2000's to an exploitation rate of less than $30 \%$ to address expected poor returns of less than 30 thousand Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ chinook to the Fraser River. These actions would build on and extend actions implemented in recent years that were designed to protect and conserve southern BC chinook stocks of concern and, in particular, Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ chinook. The Department is seeking feedback on two possible approaches for management of Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ chinook for 2012.

Fraser River chinook populations comprise 17 Wild Salmon Policy conservation units and are organized into 5 management units. These management units are organized based on life history of the populations and return timing of adults to the Fraser as follows: Spring $4_{2}$, Spring $5_{2}$, Summer $5_{2}$, Summer $4_{1}$ and Fall $4_{1}$. These management units are intended to align fisheries management objectives with indicator stocks, escapement, catch, and exploitation rate data used in the Pacific Salmon Treaty process. Chinook populations in the first three management units (Spring $4_{2}$, Spring $5_{2}$, and Summer $5_{2}$ ) contain 13 Wild Salmon Policy conservation units that are of conservation concern due to declining trends in spawner abundance and very low survival rates in recent years. Fraser Spring 42 chinook return to spawn from early March through late July and migration peaks in June in the lower Fraser River; return timing of Spring $5_{2}$ chinook is similar. However, Summer $5_{2}$ chinook have later timing and return to the Fraser River to spawn from late June to August with a peak in late July, approximately 1 month later than Spring 42 and Spring $5_{2}$ chinook.

In recent years, there has been substantial work undertaken to develop and implement closures and other restrictions to protect Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ stocks; these actions are planned to continue for 2012. In addition to the Fraser Spring $4_{2}$-directed actions, the salmon integrated fisheries management plan details a three zone management approach for Fraser Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ chinook based on: 1) less than 30 thousand chinook (zone 1); 2) 30 to 60 thousand chinook (zone 2); or 3) greater hand 60 thousand chinook (Zone 3) returning to the Fraser River.

Chinook returns less than 30 thousand are associated with high conservation concern; only 5 of the last 35 years have had spawner abundances in this range. In 2012, returns of Fraser Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ chinook are expected to be less than 30 thousand, based on approximately 22 thousand spawners in the parental brood year (2007) and continuing low return rates that have averaged 1 adult return per spawner or less in recent years. Given the poor pre-season outlook, the Department is planning to implement management actions based on returns being less 30, 000 (zone 1). The abundance of Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ will be assessed in-season.

Results from the in-season assessment of Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ chinook returns to the Fraser will be used to finalize which of the 3 management zones identified in the management plan will be applied. The Department will use the relationship between the cumulative Catch Per Unit Effort (CPUE) of chinook caught in the Albion test fishery from May $6^{\text {th }}$ through June $16^{\text {th }}$ to provide an in-season estimate of returns of Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ chinook to the mouth of the Fraser River. Updates of the predicted return for informational purposes are tentatively planned for May $22^{\text {nd }}$ and June $4^{\text {th }}$, however, management actions for Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer 52 chinook will be implemented based on the final in-season update which is planned for June $18^{\text {th }}$.

A key challenge with developing appropriate management approaches for Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ chinook has been a lack of current indicator stock data (i.e. a coded wire tagged chinook population) to estimate exploitation rates on these populations for all fisheries. Current coded wire tag (CWT) indicator data and associated information on the distribution of mortalities in fisheries exists only for the Spring $4_{2}$ (Nicola), Summer $4_{1}$ (Shuswap) and Fraser Fall $4_{1}$ (Chilliwack/Harrison) groups; older data is available for Spring $5_{2}$ (Dome Creek data ended in 2006) but not for the Summer $5_{2}$ chinook.

In order to support the discussion of additional management actions for a return of less than 30 thousand (zone 1) , the Department has provided a summary of estimated exploitation rates in recent years for all fisheries impacting on Spring $5_{2}$ chinook (see Table 1, status quo-2010). This information is based on estimated exploitation rates from a 2000 to 2006 base period for Dome Creek (Spring $5_{2}$ ) coded wire tag information. However, because coded wire tag information is not available after 2006, projected exploitation rates for 2010 were made by adjusting the base period exploitation rates to account for recent management actions that have occurred since the 2002 to 2006 period. Recent (e.g. 2010) exploitation rate estimates in Table 1 largely reflect recent fishery management actions that were implemented to conserve Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ chinook. Based on Table 1, there appear to be five primary areas where these stocks have been most impacted by fisheries: Northern (Area F) and West Coast of Vancouver Island (Area G) commercial troll fisheries; Juan de Fuca (Victoria area) and Fraser River recreational fisheries; and Fraser River First Nation food, social and ceremonial fisheries. Exploitation rates appear to be low in other areas.
Similar calculations for Summer $5_{2}$ chinook are not possible as coded wire tag information is insufficient to estimate mortality distributions for this management unit. However, the Department has compiled a technical information package on Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ chinook that summarizes available information. Where information is available, relative changes in impacts on Summer $5_{2}$ chinook are provided for reference.
Differing views have emerged in response to the Department's proposal to reduce exploitation rates on Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ chinook by a minimum of $50 \%$ from exploitation rates of $50 \%$ to $60 \%$ observed in the early 2000's. One view that has been offered is that management actions implemented in recent years to protect Fraser River Spring $4_{2}$ chinook may be sufficient to also protect Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ chinook given the substantial run timing overlaps of these groups. However, another view is that additional management actions will be required to
account for the approximately 1 month later timing of Summer $5_{2}$ chinook and to reduce exploitation rates further.

Table 1 also provides a comparison of the expected outcomes of two possible approaches for returns of less than 30 thousand Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ chinook (zone 1) in 2012.

Option 1 identifies proposed management actions that have been implemented in recent years to protect Fraser River Spring $4_{2}$ chinook with some modification to commercial fisheries in order to further reduce harvest impacts;

- In developing Option 1, management actions proposed are similar to those implemented in 2010 and 2011 to protect Fraser River Spring 42 chinook with the following additions:
- the West Coast of Vancouver Island (Area G) commercial troll is proposed closed for June and July, and
- any commercial net fisheries for Fraser sockeye are proposed to have chinook non-retention
- These actions are proposed to further reduce Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ impacts and consistent with Allocation priorities.

Option 2 identifies proposed management actions to further reduce overall exploitation rates on Spring $5_{2}$ chinook while also providing additional protection to later timed Summer $5_{2}$ chinook.

## For marine waters:

- North Coast (Area F) Troll: Fishery is currently closed and is proposed to open June 21. Southern portions of the fishing area including Areas 6 to 10 and 106 to 110 will remain closed in 2012.
- West Coast of Vancouver Island (Area G) troll fishery: Fishery is proposed to be closed during June and July. Management during April and May will be will include a combination of closed times, monthly effort restrictions and catch limits. This fishery opened April $19^{\text {th }}$ in the northwest portions of Vancouver Island; the next opening is planned for May 1. From April 19th to May $31^{\text {st }}$ monthly effort restrictions and catch limits will also be in place in this fishery to limit total harvest rates. Effort (e.g. boat days) from the June period will be moved to either May, August or September
- Juan de Fuca recreational fishery: March 1 through June 15th, the daily limit is two (2) chinook per day which may be wild or hatchery marked between 45 and 67 cm or hatchery marked greater than 67 cm in Subareas $19-1$ to $19-4$ and $20-5$. From June $16^{\text {th }}$ through July $20^{\text {th }}$, the daily limit will be two (2) chinook per day which may be wild or hatchery marked between 45 and 85 cm or hatchery marked greater than 85 cm in the same areas.
- Strait of Georgia recreational fishery (corridor between Victoria and the Fraser River): May 1 to June $15^{\text {th }}$, the daily limit is two (2) chinook per day wild or hatchery marked only one of which may be greater than 67 cm in Subareas 18-1 to 18-6, 18-9, 18-11, 19-5 and portions of 29-4 and 29-5. From June $16^{\text {th }}$ to July $20^{\text {th }}$, the daily limit will be two (2) chinook per day which may be wild or hatchery marked between 62 cm and 85 cm (retention of hatchery marked greater than 85 cm may also be considered).
- Strait of Georgia recreational fishery (off the mouth of the Fraser): Effective May 1 through July $27^{\text {th }}$, in Sub areas 29-6, 29-7, 29-9 and 29-10, non-retention of chinook salmon.


## For Fraser River tidal and non-tidal waters:

- Fraser River recreational fishery (tidal and non-tidal Fraser):
i) Tidal and non-tidal Fraser in Region 2: No fishing for salmon January $1^{\text {st }}$ through July $27^{\text {th }}$.
ii) non-tidal Fraser in Region 3: Closed to fishing for salmon until August 21 ${ }^{\text {st }}$. Thompson River from Kamloops Lake downstream to the confluence of the Fraser River and waters of the Fraser river downstream of the confluence of the Thompson River to the Alexandra Bridge no fishing for salmon to August 21st. Clearwater and North Thompson Rivers: no fishing for salmon. South Thompson River: no fishing for salmon to August $15^{\text {th }}$. July $15^{\text {th }}$ to August $15^{\text {th }}$ : no fishing for salmon (Mouth of Bessette Creek); July $25^{\text {th }}$ to Aug $15^{\text {th }}$ : 1 chinook per day 77 cm or greater monthly limit of $4 /$ month (Mabel Lake and Shuswap River);
iii) All waters of Region 5 and 7: no fishing for salmon.
- First Nations fisheries: Very limited fisheries considered. Expected exploitation rates on Fraser Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ chinook would need to be reduced by at least $45 \%$ under this option. Harvests of Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ chinook may occur during chinook-directed fisheries or as by-catch in sockeye-directed fisheries. The Department is consulting with First Nations to assess potential fishing plans and management measures for First Nations food, social and ceremonial (FSC) fisheries in 2012.
- any commercial net fisheries for Fraser sockeye are proposed to have chinook nonretention

In developing Option 2, the Department has proposed management actions in the 5 primary areas where Spring $5_{2}$ chinook appeared to be most impacted. In proposing specific fishery management actions, the Department was guided by its policies and management practices. In particular, DFO manages fisheries such that conservation is paramount. After conservation, DFO is committed to priority of First Nations harvest opportunities for FSC purposes over all other uses in managing salmon fisheries according to policies such as Canada's Policy for Conservation of Wild Pacific Salmon (2005) and the Allocation Policy for Pacific Salmon (1999).

The expected outcome of Option 2 is a substantial reduction of exploitation rates on Spring $5_{2}$ chinook and additional protection of Summer $5_{2}$ chinook compared with Option 1. While overall exploitation rates will be reduced most substantially under Option 2, First Nations fishing for food, social and ceremonial purposes will have priority over other uses and be provided the majority of the available fishery exploitation. Commercial and recreational fisheries will have the greatest overall reductions; only low impact fisheries will remain. In permitting some recreational and commercial fisheries in marine waters, the actions outlined above are intended to provide the greatest protection to Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ chinook while avoiding broad fishery closures in areas with very low or no impacts on these stocks.
The Department will be meeting with First Nations, commercial and recreational harvesters to gather further feedback on these options, as well as, on specific fishery management actions that have been proposed. These discussions will occur as part of the final round of meetings to discuss the draft Salmon Integrated Fisheries Management plans and feedback received will be used to inform the management approach implemented in 2012. In the event that the Albion chinook test fishery indicates that Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ chinook returns to the Fraser River are larger than 30 thousand even after accounting any uncertainty in the run size estimate, the Department intends to implement management actions consistent with zone 2 or 3 . These actions will be in addition to previously developed management actions for Spring $4_{2}$ chinook.

Further updates on specific management actions will be communicated publicly using the Department's fishery notice system.

In addition to the proposed fishery management actions for 2012, the Department is continuing with work to develop a management framework for conserving and management southern British Columbia chinook conservation units, including Fraser chinook. Technical work has begun on the status of Southern British Columbia chinook populations and identification of key factors limiting their production. This work is expected to include: a detailed evaluation of the status of chinook populations; an assessment of the role of productivity (e.g. climate, ocean and freshwater environments), exploitation rates, hatchery enhancement and habitat on the current status of these chinook populations; and advice on potential actions to address bottlenecks and improve future prospects for recovery. A scientific workshop is being planned for the fall to review findings.

Despite different views on proposed management approaches, the Department would like to acknowledge the strong commitment to conserving Fraser chinook populations expressed by all First Nations, recreational and commercial harvesters. The Department will continue to work with all harvesters to seek ways of reconciling their varied interests, identifying mutually beneficial solutions, and ensuring conservation objectives are met to provide for future opportunities. Feedback is requested before May $11^{\text {th }}, 2012$.

Sincerely,


Rebecca Reid,
Regional Director, Fisheries Management Branch
Cc:
Fraser River Aboriginal Fisheries Secretariat
Gerry Kristianson, Sport Fishing Advisory Board
Peter Sakich, Commercial Salmon Advisory Board
Sue Farlinger, Regional Director General
Andrew Thomson, Area Director, South Coast Area
Jennifer Nener, Area Director, Lower Fraser Area
Barry Rosenberger, Area Director, BC Interior Area
Mel Kotyk, Area Director, North Coast Area

Table 1: Fishery Exploitation Rate summaries for Spring 52 chinook
a) Fraser Spring $\mathbf{5}_{\mathbf{2}}$ Chinook Exploitation Rate Summary by fishery.

| Fishery | Base Period Avg. | Status Quo (2010) | \% Change vs. <br> Base Period | Option 1: Modified Status Quo  <br>  \% Change vs. <br> ER Estimate <br> Base Period |  | Option 2: <30\% Exploitation Rate \% Change vs. Base <br> ER Estimate Period |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actual ER |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| US Total | 1.4\% | 1.4\% |  | 1.4\% | 0\% | 1.4\% | 0\% |
| Northern BC Troll | 3.9\% | 1.8\% | -53\% | 1.8\% | -54\% | 1.4\% | -65\% |
| Northern Sport | 0.1\% | 0.1\% |  | 0.1\% | 0\% | 0.1\% |  |
| Northern Net | 0.0\% | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |  |
| WCVI Troll | 4.2\% | 5.5\% | 31\% | 0.6\% | -86\% | 0.6\% | -86\% |
| WCVI Sport | 1.3\% | 1.3\% |  | 1.3\% | 0\% | 1.3\% | 0\% |
| Georgia St. Troll | 0.0\% | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |  | 0.0\% |  |
| Georgia St. Sport | 1.1\% | 1.1\% | 0\% | 1.1\% | 0\% | 0.8\% | -27\% |
| Juan de Fuca Sport | 11.8\% | 3.4\% | -71\% | 3.4\% | -71\% | 1.9\% | -84\% |
| Canadian Ocean Total | 22.4\% | 13.2\% | 41\% | 8.3\% | -63\% | 6.1\% | -72\% |
| Fraser First Nations (FSC) | 35.6\% | 34.3\% | -4\% | 34.3\% | -4\% | 20.0\% | -44\% |
| Fraser Mainstem and Tributaries Sport | 1.7\% | 0.4\% | -76\% | 0.4\% | -76\% | 0.2\% | -88\% |
| Fraser Commercial (includes EO) | 1.1\% | 1.1\% | -0\% | 0.1\% | -91\% | 0.1\% | -91\% |
| Test Fishery | 2.0\% | 2.0\% |  | 2.0\% | 0\% | 2.0\% |  |
| In-River Total | 40.4\% | 37.8\% | -6\% | 36.8\% | -9\% | 22.3\% | -45\% |
| Total Canadian Exploitation Rate | 62.8\% | 51.0\% | -19\% | 45.1\% | -28\% | 28.4\% | -55\% |
| Total Exploitation Rate | 64.2\% | 52.4\% | -18\% | 46.5\% | -28\% | 29.8\% | -54\% |

Notes: Base Period consists of 2000 to 2003, 2005, 2006. All Base Period estimates are from Dome CWT recoveries.

## b) Fraser Spring $5_{2}$ Chinook Canadian Fishery Exploitation Rate Summary for First Nations, recreational and commercial fisheries.

| Fishery | Base Period Avg. <br> Actual ER | $\begin{gathered} \text { Status Quo } \\ (2010) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | \% Change vs. Base Period | Option 1: Modified Status QuoER Estimate $\quad \begin{array}{c}\text { \% Change vs. } \\ \text { Base Period }\end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{cc}\text { Option 2: }<30 \% & \begin{array}{c}\text { Exploitation Rate } \\ \text { \% Change vs. }\end{array} \\ \text { ER Estimate } & \text { Base Period }\end{array}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| First Nations | 35.6\% | 34.3\% | -3.7\% | 34.3\% | -4\% | 20.0\% | -44\% |
| Recreational | 16.0\% | 6.3\% | -60.6\% | 6.3\% | -61\% | 4.3\% | -73\% |
| Commercial | 9.2\% | 8.4\% | -8.3\% | 2.5\% | -73\% | 2.1\% | -78\% |
| Test | 2.0\% | 2.0\% | 0.0\% | 2.0\% | 0\% | 2.0\% | 0\% |
| Total | 62.8\% | 51.0\% | -19\% | 45.1\% | -28\% | 28.4\% | -55\% |


| Fishery | Base Period Avg. |  | Option 1: Modified Status Quo <br> Estimate | Option 2: <30\% Exploitation Rate Estimate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actual | Status Quo (2010) |  |  |
| First Nations | 59\% | 70\% | 80\% | 76\% |
| Recreational | 26\% | 13\% | 15\% | 16\% |
| Commercial | 15\% | 17\% | 6\% | 8\% |
| Total | 100\% | 100\% | 100\% | 100\% |

Proposed Zone 1: Option 2-2012 Management Measures Summary for Fraser Chinook


Proposed Zone 1: Option 1 - 2012 Management Measures Summary for Fraser Chinook


Proposed Zone 1: Option 1-2012 Management Measures Summary for Fraser Chinook


## APPENDIX B: MANAGEMENT MEASURES

## NORTHERN BC TROLL (AREA F)

## Harvest Impacts

The more offshore rearing and migration pattern of stream-type Fraser Chinook stock management units means that expected harvest impacts in northern BC fisheries, including Area $F$ troll, are relatively low. Calendar-year exploitation rate estimates for the Spring $4_{2}$ Nicola CWT indicator stock averaged about $1 \%$ for the period prior to 2008 (Table I-1). Impacts on later timed Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook were likely higher. Historic exploitation rate estimates from the discontinued Spring $5_{2}$ Dome CWT indicator averaged about $1.5 \%$ prior to 2008 (Table I-2). While there are no historic estimates of CWT exploitation rate for the Summer $5_{2}$ unit, relatively more CWTs from tagged stocks within that unit were recovered in northern fisheries (Table H-3). Stock composition from GSI sampling shows a similar result. The contribution of stream-type Fraser Chinook to Area F troll catch averages about $0.1 \%$ for the Spring 42 stock management unit and $3.1 \%$ for the combined Spring and Summer $5_{2}$ stock management units (Table K-1). Associated annual mortalities average about 115 and 3764 for the Spring $4_{2}$ and combined Spring and Summer $5_{2}$ stock management units, respectively (Table K-2). This pattern suggests that the 'offshore' migration pattern characteristic of streamtype Fraser Chinook is less pronounced for the later migrating stocks and the Spring $5_{2}$ unit in particular. Although timing of fisheries may also be a factor, relatively more Spring $5_{2}$ Chinook are also intercepted in south-east Alaskan fisheries where fisheries occur over more protracted period.
Since 2000, The NBC troll fishery has been limited to a $3.2 \%$ exploitation impact on WCVI Chinook. This limit results in fishing closures during the early to mid-summer period when WCVI and Fraser Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook migrate through the area. In some past years, these closures limited fishing opportunity to the extent that the fishery did not achieve its TAC thereby further reducing impacts on co-migrating stocks, such as Fraser Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook.

## Management Measures

Until 2018, no additional management measures were in place for stream-type Fraser Chinook (Figure B-1) because measures in place to reduce impacts on WCVI Chinook were likely to also result in reductions on stream-type Fraser Chinook. In 2018, when further reductions in harvest of stream-type Fraser Chinook were mandated, the opening of the fishery was delayed to July 10 if the Fraser Spring/Summer 52 aggregate was assessed in the low (or Level 1) management zone (Figure B-1).

## WCVI TROLL (AREA G)

## Harvest Impacts

Similar to Northern BC, the offshore rearing and migration pattern of stream-type Fraser Chinook stock management units means that harvest impacts in WCVI area fisheries, including the WCVI troll, are relatively low. However, on their return migration they generally make 'landfall' off the south-west Vancouver Island in spring and early summer and are vulnerable to WCVI fisheries during that period. Calendar-year exploitation rate estimates for the Spring $4_{2}$ Nicola CWT indicator stock averaged about $2.1 \%$ for the years prior to 2008 (Table I-1). Historic exploitation rate estimates from the discontinued Spring $5_{2}$ Dome CWT indicator were similar averaging about $2.0 \%$ for years prior to 2008 (Table I-2). Impacts on later migrating Summer 52 Chinook were likely higher. While there are no historic CWT estimates of
exploitation rate for the Summer $5_{2}$ unit, relatively more CWTs from tagged stocks from that unit were recovered in WCVI fisheries (Table H-3) in historic periods (i.e. prior to 1998).

Adjustments to WCVI troll fisheries staring in 1998 due to conservation concerns for Interior Fraser Coho changed the historical fishing pattern. Fishery closures were put in place to limit impacts on Interior Fraser Coho during the traditional summer fishing period. In addition to these changes, overall effort and catch of Chinook in WCVI troll fisheries declined significantly as a result of negotiated reductions to Chinook WCVI AABM TAC in the 2008 PST and then again in the 2018 PST. As a result of these changes, impacts on the later timed Summer $5_{2}$ aggregate were likely reduced relative to historic periods. On the other hand, increased fishing effort during spring periods likely increased impacts on earlier migrating Spring $4_{2}$ and Spring $5_{2}$ Fraser Chinook, particularly during the period from about 2000 to 2007.

In recent years, stock composition from GSI sampling shows relatively low contribution of stream-type Fraser Chinook to WCVI troll catch. The contribution of stream-type Fraser Chinook to WCVI troll catch averages about $0.1 \%, 0.4 \%$ and $0.3 \%$ for the Spring $4_{2}$, Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ stock management units, respectively (all periods, Table K-5). Associated annual mortalities average about 160, 290 and 330 for the Spring $4_{2}$, Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ stock management units, respectively (Table K-6).

## Management Measures

Starting in 2008, management measures implemented for Area G to reduce impacts on early timed Fraser Chinook included time and area closures and effort and catch limits (Figure B-2, Figure B-3). These measures were in place during the period when stream-type Fraser Chinook stocks are most vulnerable to fishery from April through to early summer. Closures were extended through the June and July period when the Fraser Spring/Summer $5_{2}$ aggregate was assessed in the low (or Level 1) management zone. Time and area closures were more extensive in the south-west area (SWVI, Figure B-3).

## WCVI RECREATIONAL

## Harvest Impacts

Although stream-type Fraser Chinook migrate through WCVI areas, harvest impacts in offshore WCVI recreational fisheries are relatively low because the majority of fishing effort takes place in July and August (Table F-1, Table F-2). Calendar-year exploitation rate estimates for the Spring $4_{2}$ Nicola CWT indicator stock averaged less than $0.5 \%$ for the years prior to 2008 (Table I-1). Historic exploitation rate estimates from the discontinued Spring $5_{2}$ Dome CWT indicator were similar averaging about $0.5 \%$ for years prior to 2008 (Table I-2).

## Management Measures

No additional management measures were implemented.

## JUAN DE FUCA RECREATIONAL

## Harvest Impacts

Stream-type Fraser Chinook are vulnerable to recreational fisheries in the Juan de Fuca area in the spring and early summer period on their return migration to the Fraser River. Impacts in the Juan de Fuca recreational fishery are generally higher than other marine fisheries because the fishery occurs directly in the migration corridor of stream-type Fraser Chinook. Calendar-year exploitation rate estimates for the Spring $4_{2}$ Nicola CWT indicator stock averaged about 2.6\%
for the period prior to 2007 (Table I - 1). Historic exploitation rate estimates from the discontinued Spring $5_{2}$ Dome CWT indicator averaged about $5.6 \%$ for the period prior to 2008 (Table I-2). While there are no historic CWT estimates of exploitation rate for the Summer 52 unit, CWTs from tagged stocks from that unit were recovered in JDF recreational fisheries (Table H-3). Catch, release and effort statistics for the Juan de Fuca recreational fishery are shown in Table F-6.

In recent years, stock composition from GSI sampling shows relatively higher contribution of stream-type Fraser Chinook Juan de Fuca recreational catch, compared to other southern BC fisheries. The contribution of stream-type Fraser Chinook to Juan de Fuca catch averages about $1.4 \%, 3.7 \%$ and $2.6 \%$ for the Spring $4_{2}$, Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ stock management units, respectively (all periods, Table K-11). Associated annual mortalities average about 210, 800 and 750 for the Spring 42 , Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ stock management units, respectively (Table K-12).

## Management Measures

Starting in 2008, management measures implemented for JDF recreational fishery to reduce impacts on early timed Fraser Chinook included wild retention limits (e.g. 'mixed' mark-selective fisheries) and additional size limits (Figure B-4). These measures were in place during the period when these stocks are most vulnerable to fishery from April through to early summer. Measures were extended through the June and July period when the Fraser Spring/Summer $5_{2}$ aggregate is assessed in the low (or Level 1) management zone.

## STRAIT OF GEORGIA RECREATIONAL

## Harvest Impacts

Stream-type Fraser Chinook are vulnerable to recreational fisheries in the Strait of Georgia area in the spring and early summer period on their return migration to the Fraser River. Calendaryear exploitation rate estimates for the Spring $4_{2}$ Nicola CWT indicator stock averaged about $1.2 \%$ for the period prior to 2008 (Table I-1). Historic exploitation rate estimates from the discontinued Spring $5_{2}$ Dome CWT indicator averaged about $2.4 \%$ for the period prior to 2008 (Table I-2). While there are no historic estimates of exploitation rate for the Summer $5_{2}$ unit, recoveries of CWT tags from this unit in the area is much less than other fisheries. Overall, about half as many CWT tags were recovered in the Strait of Georgia and Johnstone Strait recreational fisheries relative to the Juan de Fuca area (Table H-3). Tags recovered in the fishery are recovered throughout the area, although there are so few recoveries in any one area there are no discernable patterns.
GSI sample data are more limited for Strait of Georgia recreational fisheries. Until 2018, most samples were collected through the volunteer 'Avid Angler' program that was initiated in 2012. Results are summarized in Table K - 13, Table K - 14, Table K - 15 and Table K - 16. Notwithstanding generally low sample sizes, the contribution of stream-type Fraser Chinook to Strait of Georgia recreational catch was low in recent years.

## Management Measures

Starting in 2008, Management measures implemented for Strait of Georgia recreational fishery to reduce impacts on early timed Fraser Chinook include time and area closures (Chinook nonretention) and additional size limits on retained catch (Figure B-5). Measures were targeted for the southern Strait of Georgia, the major migration corridor for stream-type Fraser Chinook. These measures were in place during the period when these stocks are most vulnerable to
fishery from April through to early summer. Measures were extended through the June and July period when the Fraser Spring/Summer $5_{2}$ aggregate was assessed in the low (or Level 1) management zone.

## FRASER RIVER RECREATIONAL

## Harvest Impacts

Stream-type Fraser River Chinook migrate into the river starting in early spring (March) through to mid-summer (early August). Peak migration occurs from late May to mid-July. Most recreational fishing effort and catch occurs in the lower Fraser River. Calendar-year exploitation rate estimates for the Spring $4_{2}$ Nicola CWT indicator stock averaged about $7.4 \%$ for the period prior to 2007 (Table I-1). Historic exploitation rate estimates from the discontinued Spring $5_{2}$ Dome CWT indicator averaged about 4.3\% for the period prior to 2008 (Table I-2). There are no historic CWT estimates of exploitation rate for the Summer $5_{2}$ unit.

The Fraser Run reconstruction generates estimates of Fraser River harvest rate for all Fraser Chinook stock management units. Prior to 2008, the average Fraser recreational fishery harvest rates were estimated at $4.4 \%, 2.4 \%$ and $3.3 \%$ for the Fraser Spring 42, Fraser Spring $5_{2}$ and Fraser Summer $5_{2}$ stock management units, respectively (Table J-3). Average annual catch was 898,1050 and 1508 for the Fraser Spring $4_{2}$, Fraser Spring $5_{2}$ and Fraser Summer $5_{2}$ stock management units, respectively (Table J-3).

Since 2009, the average total catch of Chinook in Fraser River recreational fisheries has averaged 7125 (Table E-6) for the late summer and fall periods when Chinook retention was permitted.

## Management Measures

Management measures implemented for Fraser River recreational fisheries to reduce impacts on early timed Fraser Chinook included time and area closures (both Chinook non-retention and full salmon closures), additional size limits on retained catch, and reduced bag limits (Figure B6 ). These measures were in place during the period when the stocks are migrating from March through to early summer. Measures were extended through the June and July period when the Fraser Spring/Summer $5_{2}$ aggregate was assessed in the low (or Level 1) management zone.

## FRASER RIVER COMMERCIAL NET

## Harvest Impacts

Chinook-directed commercial net fisheries within the Fraser River have been closed since 1980 to promote stock rebuilding approach. Retention of Chinook by-catch is permitted during the inriver sockeye-directed fisheries that usually occur from late July to early September and chumdirected fisheries in October and November (Table E-5).

## Management Measures

Given closures already in place, no additional management measures were implemented for Fraser River commercial net fisheries.

## FRASER RIVER ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY FISHERIES

## Harvest Impacts

There are First Nation economic opportunity fisheries for Chinook in various areas of the Fraser River watershed. Since 2009, total annual catch has averaged about 3300 (Table E-4). The impact of these fisheries on stream-type Fraser Chinook stocks is likely very low since the fisheries do not start until August and they target more abundant Summer $4_{1}$ and Fraser Fall Chinook stock management units.

## Management Measures

Given time and area closures already in place, no additional management measures were implemented for Fraser River economic opportunity fisheries.

## FRASER RIVER FOOD SOCIAL CEREMONIAL FISHERIES

## Harvest Impacts

Stream-type Fraser River Chinook migrate into the river starting in early spring (March) through to mid-summer (early August). Peak migration occurs from late May to mid-July. First Nation fisheries occur throughout the Fraser River watershed although the majority of catch is in the lower river (Table E-2). Calendar-year exploitation rate estimates for the Spring 42 Nicola CWT indicator stock averaged about 10\% for the period prior to 2007 (Table I-1). Historic exploitation rate estimates from the discontinued Spring $5_{2}$ Dome CWT indicator averaged about $36 \%$ for the period prior to 2008 (Table I-2). There are no historic CWT estimates of exploitation rate for the Summer $5_{2}$ unit.

The Fraser Run reconstruction generates estimates of Fraser River harvest rate for all Fraser Chinook stock management units. Prior to 2008, the average Fraser FSC fishery harvest rates were estimated at $25 \%, 17 \%$ and $9 \%$ for the Fraser Spring $4_{2}$, Fraser Spring $5_{2}$ and Fraser Summer $5_{2}$ stock management units, respectively (Table J-2). Average annual catch was 4770, 6497 and 3650 for the Fraser Spring $4_{2}$, Fraser Spring $5_{2}$ and Fraser Summer $5_{2}$ stock management units, respectively (Table J-2).

## Management Measures

Starting in 2008, management measures implemented for Fraser River FSC fisheries to reduce impacts on early timed Fraser Chinook included time and area closures, limited catch (e.g. ceremonial fisheries only), limited effort (e.g. reduced communal fishery time), and various gear restrictions (Figure B-7). These measures were in place during the period when the stocks are migrating from April through to early summer. Measures were extended through the June and July period when the Fraser Spring/Summer $5_{2}$ aggregate was assessed in the low (or Level 1) management zone.

## ALBION TEST FISHERY

## Harvest Impacts

The Albion Test Fishery provides an important platform to gather in-season data to estimate run size by indexing catch-per-unit-effort. However, Chinook are retained to gather biological samples. The number of Chinook retained during April to July period averages about 180 (Table E-1).

## Management Measures

Starting in 2012, the start of the Albion Test Fishery has been delayed to mid-April to reduce impacts on stream-type Fraser Chinook (Figure B-8).


Figure B-1. Summary of management measures in implemented in the NBC Troll fishery, 2008 to 2018.


Figure B-2. Summary of management measures in implemented in the WCVI Troll fishery (NWVI area), 2008 to 2018.


Figure B-3. Summary of management measures in implemented in the WCVI Troll fishery (SWVI area), 2008 to 2018.


Figure B - 4. Summary of management measures in implemented in the Juan de Fuca recreational fishery, 2008 to 2018.


Figure B-5. Summary of management measures in implemented in the Strait of Georgia recreational fishery, 2008 to 2018.


Figure B-5. Continued.


Figure B-6. Summary of management measures in implemented in the Fraser River recreational fishery, 2008 to 2018.


Figure B-6. Continued.


Figure B-6. Continued.


Figure B-7. Summary of management measures in implemented in Fraser River FSC fisheries, 2008 to 2018


Figure B-7. Continued.


Figure B-8. Summary of management measures in implemented for the Albion Test Fishery, 2008 to 2018.

## APPENDIX C: ESCAPEMENT DATA

Table C-1. Aggregate escapement data used as inputs to the Fraser Chinook Run Reconstruction model for stream-type stock management units.

| Year | Spring 42 | Spring 52 | Summer $5_{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1979 | 3,506 | 14,550 | 12,482 |
| 1980 | 7,529 | 17,539 | 16,522 |
| 1981 | 3,773 | 11,355 | 15,827 |
| 1982 | 6,651 | 14,163 | 17,788 |
| 1983 | 3,284 | 22,015 | 19,742 |
| 1984 | 8,215 | 28,670 | 16,894 |
| 1985 | 12,076 | 43,089 | 22,827 |
| 1986 | 13,771 | 53,380 | 38,832 |
| 1987 | 7,093 | 52,212 | 33,808 |
| 1988 | 6,501 | 44,623 | 37,815 |
| 1989 | 9,127 | 32,990 | 20,174 |
| 1990 | 5,408 | 41,228 | 38,615 |
| 1991 | 7,427 | 29,160 | 33,523 |
| 1992 | 9,922 | 36,201 | 44,212 |
| 1993 | 13,619 | 36,621 | 24,559 |
| 1994 | 17,251 | 53,451 | 27,408 |
| 1995 | 18,981 | 39,934 | 34,609 |
| 1996 | 27,883 | 31,495 | 49,841 |
| 1997 | 22,678 | 36,644 | 48,667 |
| 1998 | 5,620 | 31,737 | 41,947 |
| 1999 | 12,142 | 21,714 | 29,264 |
| 2000 | 16,400 | 26,266 | 38,198 |
| 2001 | 18,970 | 30,289 | 43,113 |
| 2002 | 24,996 | 40,898 | 39,632 |
| 2003 | 29,254 | 50,554 | 57,813 |
| 2004 | 20,856 | 33,449 | 45,923 |
| 2005 | 9,470 | 22,153 | 29,382 |
| 2006 | 10,200 | 22,175 | 38,157 |
| 2007 | 2,657 | 12,151 | 16,158 |
| 2008 | 12,196 | 16,867 | 26,812 |
| 2009 | 2,515 | 27,440 | 31,638 |
| 2010 | 9,889 | 18,774 | 26,402 |
| 2011 | 5,429 | 12,140 | 23,502 |
| 2012 | 11,649 | 12,015 | 13,083 |
| 2013 | 7,345 | 17,821 | 17,760 |
| 2014 | 24,963 | 35,387 | 32,120 |
| 2015 | 11,515 | 25,235 | 43,139 |
| 2016 | 9,310 | 15,293 | 14,349 |
| 2017 | 5,474 | 9,580 | 9,910 |
| 2018 | 2,372 | 9,854 | 8,977 |



Figure C-1. Data quality classes across spawning sites for escapement data set used as input to the Fraser Chinook Run Reconstruction Model, over years.

Table C-2. Escapement indices for stream-type Fraser Chinook stock management units used for the Chinook Technical Committee's Escapement and Data Report (CTC 2019).

| Year | Spring 42 | Spring 52 | Summer $5_{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1995 | 18,000 | 42,974 | 24,323 |
| 1996 | 26,627 | 31,379 | 35,339 |
| 1997 | 22,251 | 33,920 | 34,397 |
| 1998 | 5,105 | 26,163 | 31,542 |
| 1999 | 11,409 | 18,185 | 19,205 |
| 2000 | 16,002 | 21,542 | 21,868 |
| 2001 | 18,210 | 25,479 | 25,302 |
| 2002 | 24,477 | 36,563 | 29,561 |
| 2003 | 28,740 | 45,349 | 44,109 |
| 2004 | 20,427 | 28,706 | 32,339 |
| 2005 | 8,983 | 20,029 | 20,181 |
| 2006 | 9,601 | 20,077 | 21,362 |
| 2007 | 2,474 | 10,789 | 11,124 |
| 2008 | 11,774 | 15,373 | 17,340 |
| 2009 | 2,173 | 24,321 | 21,596 |
| 2010 | 9,406 | 15,584 | 20,377 |
| 2011 | 5,181 | 10,998 | 16,332 |
| 2012 | 11,359 | 11,186 | 9,769 |
| 2013 | 6,821 | 16,009 | 11,263 |
| 2014 | 24,614 | 32,905 | 24,424 |
| 2015 | 11,150 | 22,990 | 30,537 |
| 2016 | 8,904 | 13,781 | 9,522 |
| 2017 | 5,103 | 8,343 | 6,390 |
| 2018 | 2,100 | 8,482 | 5,443 |

Summary of RR vs CWT Estimated ERI's


Figure C-2. Comparison between the Run Reconstruction Model escapement series (Table C-1) and the CTC- escapement series (Table C-2) for the Spring $4_{2}$ SMU. In this case a log-linear relationship was observed between escapement magnitude and \% deviance. This means that as escapement increases, the difference between the two datasets declines, but the magnitude of this decline decreases as escapement increases.

Summary of RR vs CWT Estimated ERI's


Figure C-3. Comparison between the Run Reconstruction Model escapement series (Table C-1) and the CTC- escapement series (Table C-2) for the Spring $5_{2}$ SMU. A linear model fit to \% Deviance versus Run Reconstruction model escapement (bottom right panel) had a low $R^{2}$ value (0.065), which is interpreted as having no significant relationship, and therefore has not been shown.


Figure C-4. Comparison between the Run Reconstruction Model escapement series (Table C-1) and the CTC- escapement series (Table C - 2) for the Summer $5_{2}$ SMU. A linear model fit to $\%$ Deviance versus Run Reconstruction model escapement (bottom right panel) had a low $R^{2}$ value ( 0.050 ), which is interpreted as having no significant relationship, and therefore has not been shown.

Table C-3. Comparison of CTC escapement series and Run Reconstruction Model escapement series. The number of sites includes sites that may comprise an aggregate stock in the Run Reconstruction Model. For the last row, run reconstruction stocks are characterized as infilled if one or more sites that comprise the stock is infilled that year. Therefore these values should be considered a maximum estimate of the magnitude of infilling. For run reconstruction data we looked at 1995-2018, for CWT we looked at 2012-2016.

|  | Spring 42 |  | Spring 52 |  | Summer 52 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Data Set | RR | CTC | RR | CTC | RR | CTC |
| Number of Sites | 10 | 6 | 56 | 37 | 25 | 12 |
| Number of infilled sites | 0-2 | 0-1 | 4-17 | 0-1 | 1-13 | 0-1 |
| Proportion of escapement infilled | 0-8\% | 0-6\% | 6-32\% | 0-2\% | 3-32\% | 0-2\% |

## APPENDIX D: AGE AND LENGTH DATA

Table D-1. Summary of length-at-age data for Nicola river (Spring 42) Chinook, based on scale age. Data are only shown for year-age combinations with more than 5 observations. Ages have also been excluded that did not have more than one year with 5 observations. Median, interquartile range (width between $25 \%$ and $75 \%$ quantile) and sample size are given for each year-age combination.

| Scale Age | Age 42 Size-at-Age |  |  | Age 5 Size-at-Age |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Median | IQR | $\mathbf{n}$ | Median | IQR | $\mathbf{n}$ |
| 1981 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - |
| 1997 | 56.94 | 5.08 | 254 | 67.50 | 11.72 | 18 |
| 1998 | 54.80 | 3.52 | 20 | 60.07 | 4.30 | 5 |
| 1999 | 56.16 | 4.69 | 205 | 63.59 | 7.52 | 8 |
| 2000 | 58.31 | 3.81 | 62 | - | - | 1 |
| 2001 | 56.94 | 4.88 | 36 | - | - | 2 |
| 2002 | 58.12 | 5.47 | 298 | 71.79 | 1.17 | 6 |
| 2003 | 57.34 | 5.08 | 113 | - | - | 3 |
| 2004 | 58.66 | 5.67 | 8 | - | - | 4 |
| 2005 | 54.99 | 6.25 | 38 | - | - | - |
| 2006 | 58.90 | 6.25 | 102 | 65.93 | 4.69 | 5 |
| 2007 | 62.42 | 11.72 | 17 | - | - | 1 |
| 2008 | 59.29 | 4.69 | 55 | - | - | - |
| 2009 | 62.81 | 10.94 | 22 | - | - | - |
| 2010 | 60.07 | 6.06 | 54 | - | - | 2 |
| 2011 | 58.08 | 3.56 | 28 | - | - | 1 |
| 2012 | 58.00 | 4.81 | 34 | - | - | - |
| 2013 | 56.16 | 4.22 | 76 | - | - | - |
| 2014 | 58.31 | 5.22 | 176 | - | - | 4 |
| 2015 | 56.94 | 4.14 | 109 | 60.34 | 8.81 | 6 |
| 2016 | 56.94 | 6.25 | 73 | - | - | 1 |
| 2017 | 55.34 | 4.94 | 36 | - | - | 1 |

Table D-2. Summary of length-at-age data for Nicola river (Spring 42) Chinook, based on CWT age. Data are only shown for year-age combinations with more than 5 observations. Ages have also been excluded that did not have more than one year with 5 observations. Median, interquartile range (width between $25 \%$ and $75 \%$ quantile) and sample size are given for each year-age combination.

| CWT Age | Age 4 Size-at-Age |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Median | IQR | $\mathbf{n}$ |
| 1997 | 56.16 | 4.49 | 6 |
| 1998 | 56.16 | 1.95 | 7 |
| 2000 | 57.14 | 3.42 | 24 |
| 2001 | 56.94 | 5.86 | 13 |
| 2002 | 55.97 | 5.28 | 30 |
| 2003 | 56.16 | 4.30 | 23 |
| 2004 | - | - | 3 |
| 2005 | 52.26 | 2.74 | 7 |
| 2006 | 56.55 | 3.81 | 14 |
| 2007 | NA | NA | 1 |
| 2008 | 58.51 | 1.95 | 12 |
| 2009 | 56.94 | 3.13 | 5 |
| 2010 | 60.46 | 7.23 | 23 |
| 2011 | 58.27 | 3.59 | 9 |
| 2012 | 60.31 | 5.24 | 9 |
| 2013 | 55.85 | 4.28 | 26 |
| 2014 | 54.83 | 1.17 | 5 |
| 2015 | 56.48 | 2.81 | 45 |
| 2016 | 56.09 | 4.59 | 34 |
| 2017 | 54.68 | 4.61 | 31 |

Table D-3. Summary of length-at-age data for Chilko river (Spring $5_{2}$ ) Chinook, based on scale age. Data are only shown for year-age combinations with more than 5 observations. Ages have also been excluded that did not have more than one year with 5 observations. Median, interquartile range (width between $25 \%$ and $75 \%$ quantile) and sample size are given for each year-age combination.

| Scale Age | Age 4, Size-at-Age |  |  | Age 5 Size-at-Age |  |  | Age $\mathbf{6}_{2}$ Size-at-Age |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Median | IQR | $\mathbf{n}$ | Median | IQR | $\mathbf{n}$ | Median | IQR | $\mathbf{n}$ |
| 1969 | - | - | 1 | 80.00 | 7.00 | 7 | - | - | - |
| 1975 | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 |
| 1976 | 67.70 | 6.95 | 7 | - | - | 2 | - | - | - |
| 1977 | - | - | 2 | 74.50 | 3.50 | 20 | - | - | 1 |
| 1978 | - | - | 1 | - | - | 3 | - | - | - |
| 1979 | - | - | 3 | 72.40 | 3.70 | 13 | - | - | - |
| 1980 | 56.75 | 10.25 | 56 | 71.00 | 5.00 | 276 | 83.00 | 2.00 | 5 |
| 1981 | 59.30 | 6.40 | 23 | 71.70 | 4.80 | 277 | 78.70 | 5.20 | 33 |
| 1982 | 62.35 | 7.10 | 50 | 73.20 | 5.60 | 374 | 76.10 | 4.67 | 12 |
| 1983 | 60.50 | 8.38 | 14 | 72.00 | 6.00 | 146 | - | - | 3 |
| 2001 | 60.93 | 4.77 | 5 | 71.48 | 2.15 | 7 | - | - | - |
| 2010 | 60.10 | 7.30 | 283 | 71.20 | 5.63 | 232 | 75.30 | 4.10 | 21 |
| 2011 | 63.50 | 13.20 | 140 | 71.20 | 5.00 | 653 | 72.00 | 9.40 | 13 |
| 2012 | 64.20 | 8.58 | 152 | 70.45 | 6.13 | 260 | 69.10 | 4.48 | 8 |
| 2013 | 60.40 | 8.80 | 457 | 69.50 | 5.55 | 282 | 70.60 | 3.75 | 7 |
| 2014 | 62.55 | 10.48 | 186 | 69.80 | 4.55 | 239 | - | - | 3 |
| 2015 | 66.25 | 8.83 | 176 | 70.20 | 5.75 | 367 | 77.70 | 6.00 | 5 |
| 2016 | 61.90 | 10.10 | 57 | 68.85 | 5.00 | 140 | 70.55 | 6.05 | 16 |
| 2017 | 57.20 | 7.40 | 245 | 67.70 | 6.43 | 300 | 68.90 | 10.40 | 30 |

Table D-4. Summary of length-at-age data for Nechako river (Spring $5_{2}$ ) Chinook, based on scale age. Data are only shown for year-age combinations with more than 5 observations. Ages have also been excluded that did not have more than one year with 5 observations. Median, interquartile range (width between $25 \%$ and $75 \%$ quantile) and sample size are given for each year-age combination.

| Scale Age | Age 42 Size-at-Age |  |  | Age 5 Size-at-Age |  |  | Age 62 Size-at-Age |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Median | IQR | $\mathbf{n}$ | Median | IQR | $\mathbf{n}$ | Median | IQR | $\mathbf{n}$ |
| 1977 | 70.50 | 10.60 | 5 | 76.65 | 2.88 | 6 | - | - | - |
| 1978 | 68.70 | 7.20 | 41 | 72.00 | 5.38 | 34 | - | - | 1 |
| 1979 | 61.10 | 3.40 | 5 | - | - | 2 | - | - | - |
| 1989 | 59.80 | 5.40 | 59 | 70.50 | 6.80 | 103 | 75.10 | 5.15 | 30 |
| 1990 | 60.25 | 6.50 | 8 | 71.00 | 5.25 | 171 | 75.00 | 5.75 | 39 |
| 1991 | 60.00 | 5.13 | 30 | 70.50 | 6.50 | 113 | 77.00 | 6.50 | 53 |
| 1992 | 59.00 | 3.75 | 14 | 71.25 | 6.00 | 166 | 75.25 | 6.13 | 16 |
| 1993 | 58.00 | 6.00 | 25 | 69.50 | 5.50 | 135 | 76.75 | 7.88 | 28 |
| 1994 | 62.30 | 6.35 | 19 | 71.20 | 5.58 | 132 | 73.50 | 4.25 | 19 |
| 1995 | 58.85 | 5.63 | 26 | 71.60 | 5.70 | 175 | - | - | 2 |
| 1996 | 62.00 | 4.00 | 85 | 72.50 | 4.75 | 99 | 78.50 | 5.50 | 20 |
| 1997 | 63.05 | 3.70 | 42 | 71.40 | 5.03 | 156 | 75.10 | 5.70 | 7 |
| 1998 | 65.20 | 7.60 | 51 | 73.60 | 5.90 | 149 | - | - | 4 |
| 1999 | 60.95 | 3.75 | 90 | 68.70 | 6.73 | 104 | 76.30 | 9.60 | 9 |
| 2000 | 63.50 | 5.50 | 162 | 71.60 | 5.70 | 81 | 75.80 | 11.05 | 7 |
| 2001 | 63.25 | 5.68 | 20 | 72.45 | 4.97 | 158 | - | - | 1 |
| 2002 | 61.70 | 3.80 | 37 | 72.40 | 6.40 | 129 | 84.20 | 4.70 | 7 |
| 2003 | 62.80 | 6.50 | 51 | 73.15 | 5.75 | 106 | - | - | 4 |
| 2004 | 62.20 | 3.90 | 63 | 72.05 | 5.77 | 102 | - | - | 2 |
| 2005 | 61.65 | 10.75 | 46 | 69.50 | 6.05 | 115 | 77.70 | 4.30 | 5 |
| 2006 | 62.40 | 5.10 | 29 | 71.05 | 4.63 | 146 | - | - | 2 |
| 2007 | 58.50 | 4.88 | 10 | 71.10 | 5.70 | 45 | 74.20 | 5.30 | 9 |
| 2008 | 62.55 | 4.45 | 154 | 74.50 | 2.10 | 11 | - | - | 2 |
| 2009 | 70.60 | 8.40 | 35 | 73.30 | 5.15 | 127 | - | - | - |
| 2010 | 63.10 | 5.63 | 156 | 74.60 | 6.00 | 20 | - | - | - |

Table D-5. Age composition data summary for unclipped Nicola Chinook.

| Run <br> Year | Age-3 <br> Prop. | Age-4 <br> Prop. | Age-5 <br> Prop. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1995 | 0.0040 | 0.8733 | 0.1227 |
| 1996 | 0.0042 | 0.9047 | 0.0910 |
| 1997 | 0.0044 | 0.8912 | 0.1043 |
| 1998 | 0.0059 | 0.7654 | 0.2287 |
| 1999 | 0.0070 | 0.9152 | 0.0779 |
| 2000 | 0.0211 | 0.9380 | 0.0409 |
| 2001 | 0.0103 | 0.8933 | 0.0964 |
| 2002 | 0.0283 | 0.8888 | 0.0829 |
| 2003 | 0.0040 | 0.9121 | 0.0839 |
| 2004 | 0.0000 | 0.6972 | 0.3028 |
| 2005 | 0.0436 | 0.9256 | 0.0307 |
| 2006 | 0.0112 | 0.9298 | 0.0590 |
| 2007 | 0.0602 | 0.4823 | 0.4575 |
| 2008 | 0.0254 | 0.9746 | 0.0000 |
| 2009 | 0.0449 | 0.8240 | 0.1311 |
| 2010 | 0.0000 | 0.9844 | 0.0156 |
| 2011 | 0.0000 | 0.8841 | 0.1159 |
| 2012 | 0.1129 | 0.8871 | 0.0000 |
| 2013 | 0.0091 | 0.9651 | 0.0258 |
| 2014 | 0.0503 | 0.8645 | 0.0852 |
| 2015 | 0.0191 | 0.9809 | 0.0000 |
| 2016 | 0.0415 | 0.8619 | 0.0966 |
| 2017 | 0.0263 | 0.8928 | 0.0809 |
| 2018 | 0.0000 | 0.9755 | 0.0245 |
|  |  |  |  |

Table D-6. Age composition data summary for clipped Nicola Chinook.

| Run <br> Year | Age-3 <br> Prop. | Age-4 <br> Prop. | Age-5 <br> Prop. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1995 | 0.0850 | 0.8201 | 0.0949 |
| 1996 | 0.0072 | 0.8768 | 0.1160 |
| 1997 | 0.0000 | 0.9569 | 0.0431 |
| 1998 | 0.1031 | 0.8694 | 0.0275 |
| 1999 | 0.0099 | 0.9694 | 0.0206 |
| 2000 | 0.0252 | 0.9396 | 0.0352 |
| 2001 | 0.0270 | 0.9022 | 0.0708 |
| 2002 | 0.0200 | 0.9004 | 0.0796 |
| 2003 | 0.0046 | 0.9302 | 0.0652 |
| 2004 | 0.0027 | 0.5486 | 0.4487 |
| 2005 | 0.0239 | 0.9523 | 0.0239 |
| 2006 | 0.0000 | 0.8724 | 0.1276 |
| 2007 | 0.1164 | 0.5000 | 0.3836 |
| 2008 | 0.0000 | 1.0000 | 0.0000 |
| 2009 | 0.1679 | 0.7493 | 0.0828 |
| 2010 | 0.0163 | 0.9730 | 0.0108 |
| 2011 | 0.0134 | 0.8718 | 0.1148 |
| 2012 | 0.0541 | 0.8999 | 0.0460 |
| 2013 | 0.0033 | 0.9758 | 0.0209 |
| 2014 | 0.1151 | 0.7970 | 0.0880 |
| 2015 | 0.0134 | 0.9833 | 0.0033 |
| 2016 | 0.0387 | 0.8721 | 0.0892 |
| 2017 | 0.0099 | 0.9518 | 0.0384 |
| 2018 | 0.0116 | 0.9698 | 0.0186 |

Table D-7. Age composition data summary for unclipped Chilko Chinook.

| Run <br> Year | Age-3 <br> Prop. | Age-4 <br> Prop. | Age-5 <br> Prop. | Age-6 <br> Prop. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2010 | 0.0060 | 0.5162 | 0.4311 | 0.0467 |
| 2011 | 0.0023 | 0.1670 | 0.8095 | 0.0213 |
| 2012 | 0.0413 | 0.3292 | 0.6127 | 0.0168 |
| 2013 | 0.0907 | 0.5643 | 0.3360 | 0.0090 |
| 2014 | 0.0023 | 0.4351 | 0.5528 | 0.0097 |
| 2015 | 0.0017 | 0.3046 | 0.6848 | 0.0089 |
| 2016 | 0.0254 | 0.2921 | 0.6103 | 0.0721 |
| 2017 | 0.0024 | 0.4172 | 0.5259 | 0.0545 |
| 2018 | 0.0000 | 0.5072 | 0.4734 | 0.0194 |

## APPENDIX E: FRASER RIVER CATCH AND RELEASE DATA

Table E-1. Chinook caught and released from Fraser test fisheries.

| Year | Parameter | Fishery Area | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | April | May | June | July | Aug | Oct | Nov | Sept |  |
| 2009 | Catch | Albion | - | - | 58 | 133 | 487 | 263 | - | - | 941 |
| 2009 | Catch | DeasMiss | 17 | 19 | 135 | 411 | 959 | 577 | 148 | - | 2,266 |
| 2009 | Catch | Qualark | - | - | - | 27 | 89 | 38 | - | - | 154 |
| 2009 | Release | Albion | - | - | 1 | 5 | 14 | 1 |  |  | 21 |
| 2009 | Release | DeasMiss | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | 0 |
| 2009 | Release | Qualark | - | - |  | 9 | 74 | 24 | 1 | - | 108 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2009 \text { Sum } \\ & \text { of Catch } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 17 | 19 | 193 | 571 | 1,535 | 878 | 148 | - | 3,361 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2009 \text { Sum } \\ & \text { of Release } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | - | - | 1 | 14 | 88 | 25 | 1 | - | 129 |
| 2010 | Catch | Albion | - | - | 51 | 206 | 389 | 101 | 189 | - | 936 |
| 2010 | Catch | Deas- <br> Miss | 29 | 23 | 159 | 611 | 588 | 338 | 405 | 10 | 2,163 |
| 2010 | Catch | Qualark | - | - | - | 5 | 20 | 13 | - | - | 38 |
| 2010 | Release | Albion | - | - | - | 2 | 1 | - | - | - | 3 |
| 2010 | Release | Deas- <br> Miss | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0 |
| 2010 | Release | Qualark | - | - | - | 30 | 52 | 9 | - | - | 91 |
| 2010 Sum of Catch |  |  | 29 | 23 | 210 | 822 | 997 | 452 | 594 | 10 | 3,137 |
| 2010 Sum of Release |  |  | - | - | - | 32 | 53 | 9 | - | - | 94 |
| 2011 | Catch | Albion | - | - | 34 | 234 | 575 | 456 | 101 | - | 1,400 |
| 2011 | Catch | Deas- <br> Miss | 28 | 20 | 21 | 59 | 856 | 661 | 694 | 6 | 2,345 |
| 2011 | Catch | Qualark | - | - | - | 2 | 323 | 274 | 14 | - | 613 |
| 2011 | Release | Albion | - | - | - | 5 | 2 | 2 | - | - | 9 |
| 2011 | Release | DeasMiss | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0 |
| 2011 | Release | Qualark | - | - | - | 6 | 120 | 69 | 2 | - | 197 |
| 2011 Sum of Catch |  |  | 28 | 20 | 55 | 295 | 1,754 | 1,391 | 809 | 6 | 4,358 |
| 2011 Sum of Release |  |  | - | - | - | 11 | 122 | 71 | 2 | - | 206 |
| 2012 | Catch | Albion | - | - | 6 | 172 | 192 | 174 | 9 | - | 553 |
| 2012 | Catch | Deas- <br> Miss | 3 | 6 | 8 | 56 | 380 | 480 | 104 | 2 | 1,039 |
| 2012 | Catch | Qualark | - | - | - | 61 | 134 | 20 | - | - | 215 |
| 2012 | Release | Albion | - | - | 2 | 1 | 1 | 17 | 1 | - | 22 |
| 2012 | Release | DeasMiss | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |  |
| 2012 | Release | Qualark | - | - | - | 16 | 8 | 5 | - | - | 29 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2012 \text { Sum } \\ & \text { of Catch } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 3 | 6 | 14 | 289 | 706 | 674 | 113 | 2 | 1,807 |
| 2012 Sum of Release |  |  | - | - | 2 | 17 | 9 | 22 | 1 | - | 51 |
| 2013 | Catch | Albion | - | - | - | 177 | 334 | 574 | 31 | - | 1,116 |


| Year | Parameter | FisheryArea | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | April | May | June | July | Aug | Oct | Nov | Sept |  |
| 2013 | Catch | Deas- <br> Miss | - | 2 | 17 | 139 | 577 | 598 | 59 | 2 | 1,394 |
| 2013 | Catch | Qualark | - | - | - | 103 | 94 | 89 | - | - | 286 |
| 2013 | Release | Albion | - | - | - | 2 | 5 | 3 | 2 | - | 12 |
| 2013 | Release | DeasMiss | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 2013 | Release | Qualark | - | - | - | 39 | 20 | 7 | - | - | 66 |
| 2013 Sum of Catch |  |  | - | 2 | 17 | 419 | 1,005 | 1,261 | 90 | 2 | 2,796 |
| 2013 Sum of Release |  |  | - | - | - | 41 | 25 | 10 | 2 | - | 78 |
| 2014 | Catch | Albion | - | - | 55 | 251 | 213 | 321 | 32 | - | 872 |
| 2014 | Catch | Deas- <br> Miss | 12 | 9 | 184 | 492 | 448 | 453 | 139 | 8 | 1,745 |
| 2014 | Catch | Qualark | - | - | - | 111 | 49 | 28 | 1 | - | 189 |
| 2014 | Release | Albion | - | - | 3 | 9 | 4 | 9 | 1 | - | 26 |
| 2014 | Release | DeasMiss | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | Release | Qualark | - | - | - | 80 | 105 | 90 | - | - | 275 |
| 2014 Sum of Catch |  |  | 12 | 9 | 239 | 854 | 710 | 802 | 172 | 8 | 2,806 |
| 2014 Sum of Release |  |  | - | - | 3 | 89 | 109 | 99 | 1 | - | 301 |
| 2015 | Catch | Albion | - | - | 19 | 155 | 617 | 784 | - | - | 1,575 |
| 2015 | Catch | DeasMiss | - | 11 | 209 | 366 | 751 | 862 | 446 | 10 | 2,655 |
| 2015 | Catch | Qualark | - | - | - | 59 | 71 | 103 | - | - | 233 |
| 2015 | Release | Albion | - | - | 2 | 2 | 7 | 5 | - | - | 16 |
| 2015 | Release | Deas- <br> Miss | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 2015 | Release | Qualark | - | - | - | 104 | 81 | 115 | - | - | 300 |
| 2015 Sum of Catch |  |  | - | 11 | 228 | 580 | 1,439 | 1,749 | 446 | 10 | 4,463 |
| 2015 Sum of Release |  |  | - | - | 2 | 106 | 88 | 120 | - | - | 316 |
| 2016 | Catch | Albion | - | - | - | 45 | 318 | 104 | - | - | 467 |
| 2016 | Catch | DeasMiss | - | 6 | 63 | 215 | 635 | 380 | 156 | 9 | 1,464 |
| 2016 | Catch | Qualark | - | - | - | 52 | 148 | 48 | - | - | 248 |
| 2016 | Release | Albion | - | - | - | 3 | 17 | 2 | - | - | 22 |
| 2016 | Release | DeasMiss | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 2016 | Release | Qualark | - | - | - | 21 | 8 | 2 | - | - | 31 |
| 2016 Sum of Catch |  |  | - | 6 | 63 | 312 | 1,101 | 532 | 156 | 9 | 2,179 |
| 2016 Sum of Release |  |  | - | - | - | 24 | 25 | 4 | - | - | 53 |
| 2017 | Catch | Albion | - | - | - | 33 | 173 | 275 | 19 | - | 500 |
| 2017 | Catch | DeasMiss | - | 5 | 9 | 53 | 223 | 410 | 121 | 11 | 832 |
| 2017 | Catch | Qualark | - | - | - | 82 | 46 | 109 | - | - | 237 |
| 2017 | Release | Albion | - | - | - | 7 | 3 | 7 | 3 | - | 20 |


| Year | Parameter | Fishery Area | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | April | May | June | July | Aug | Oct | Nov | Sept |  |
| 2017 | Release | DeasMiss | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2017 | Release | Qualark | - | - | - | 8 | 4 | 1 | - | - | 13 |
| 2017 Sum of Catch |  |  | - | 5 | 9 | 168 | 442 | 794 | 140 | 11 | 1,569 |
| 2017 Sum of Release |  |  | - | - | - | 15 | 7 | 8 | 3 | - | 33 |
| 2018 | Catch | Albion | - | - | 3 | 91 | 181 | 355 | 15 | - | 645 |
| 2018 | Catch | Deas- <br> Miss | - | 1 | 21 | 159 | 207 | 358 | 74 | 3 | 823 |
| 2018 | Catch | Qualark | - | - | - | 98 | 83 | 64 | - | - | 245 |
| 2018 | Release | Albion | - | - | 2 | 7 | - | 7 | 1 | - | 17 |
| 2018 | Release | DeasMiss | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | Release | Qualark | - |  | - | 4 | 1 | 2 | - | - | 7 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} 2018 \text { Sum } \\ \text { of Catch } \end{array}$ |  |  | - | 1 | 24 | 348 | 471 | 777 | 89 | 3 | 1,713 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2018 \text { Sum } \\ & \text { of Release } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | - | - | 2 | 11 | 1 | 9 | 1 | - | 24 |

Table E-2. Chinook caught in Fraser River FSC fisheries.

| Year | Fishery Area | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | March | April | May | June | July | Aug | Sept | Oct | Nov | total |  |
| 2009 | Stev-Deas | - | - | 33 | 549 | 1,822 | 4,206 | 585 | 9 | 1 | - | 7,205 |
| 2009 | Deas-Miss | - | 6 | 53 | 904 | 960 | 2,386 | 323 | 4 | 2 | - | 4,638 |
| 2009 | MissHarrison | - | 4 | 33 | 476 | 379 | 396 | 68 | 35 | 13 | - | 1,404 |
| 2009 | HarrisonHope | - | 87 | 160 | 2,013 | 1,280 | 1,816 | 202 | 20 | 4 | - | 5,582 |
| 2009 | HopeSawm | 5 | 83 | 211 | 2,395 | 1,579 | 2,318 | 350 | - | - | - | 6,941 |
| 2009 | HarrisonHope | - | - | 1 | 79 | 365 | 10 | - | - | - | - | 455 |
| 2009 | HopeSawm | - | - | - | 28 | 126 | 4 | - | - | - | - | 158 |
| 2009 | Qualark | - | - | 6 | 59 | 200 | 261 | 4 | - | - | - | 530 |
| 2009 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thompson } \\ & \text {-Texas } \end{aligned}$ | - | - | - | - | 37 | 15 | - | - | - | - | 52 |
| 2009 | Texa-Kelly | - | - | - | - | 37 | 14 | - | - | - | - | 51 |
| 2009 | DeadmChil | - | - | - | - | 56 | 79 | 2 | - | - | - | 137 |
| 2009 | QuenNaver | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | 2 |
| 2009 | Tete Juene | - | - | - | - | 32 | 51 | - | - | - | - | 83 |
| 2009 | Nechako | - | - | - | - | 27 | 17 | 21 | - | - | - | 65 |
| 2009 | Stuart | - | - | - | - | 32 | 536 | 281 | - | - | - | 849 |
| 2009 | TompBona | - | - | - | - | - | 208 | 505 | - | - | - | 713 |
| 2009 | Trib | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 480 | 480 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 2009 \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | 5 | 180 | 497 | 6,503 | 6,932 | 12,319 | 2,341 | 68 | 20 | 480 | 29,345 |
| 2010 | Stev-Deas | - | - | - | 509 | 2,347 | 62 | 2 | 2 | - | - | 2,922 |
| 2010 | Deas-Miss | - |  | 4 | 378 | 2,356 | 370 | 12 | 33 | - | - | 3,153 |
| 2010 | Miss- <br> Harrison | - | - | - | 230 | 623 | 178 | 5 | 18 | 3 | - | 1,057 |
| 2010 | HarrisonHope | - | 2 | 4 | 528 | 1,588 | 528 | 89 | 16 | - | - | 2,755 |
| 2010 | HopeSawm | - | - | 5 | 871 | 974 | 944 | 18 | - | - | - | 2,812 |
| 2010 | HarrisonHope | - | - | - | 16 | 107 | 110 | 33 | - | - | - | 266 |
| 2010 | HopeSawm | - | - | - | 7 | 34 | 2 | - | - | - | - | 43 |
| 2010 | Qualark | - | - | - | 76 | 30 | 106 | 21 | - | - | - | 233 |
| 2010 | Sawm- <br> Thompson | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | 2 |
| 2010 | Thompson -Texas | - | - | - | - | 1 | 5 | - | - | - | - | 6 |
| 2010 | Texa-Kelly | - | - | - | - | 4 | 5 | - | - | - | - | 9 |
| 2010 | DeadmChil | - | - | - | - | 76 | 4 | 3 | - | - | - | 83 |
| 2010 | QuenNaver | - | - | - | - | - | 4 | - | - | - | - | 4 |


| Year | Fishery Area | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | March | April | May | June | July | Aug | Sept | Oct | Nov | total |  |
| 2010 | NaverSalm | - | - | - | - |  | 3 | - | - | - | - | 3 |
| 2010 | Tete Juene | - | - | - | - | 20 | 44 | - | - | - | - | 64 |
| 2010 | Nechako | - | - | - | - | - | 14 | 25 | - | - | - | 39 |
| 2010 | Stuart | - | - | - | - | - | 32 | 70 | - | - | - | 102 |
| 2010 | TompBona | - | - | - | - | - | 53 | 17 | 139 | - | - | 209 |
| 2010 | Trib | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,475 | 1,475 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 2010 \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | - | 2 | 13 | 2,615 | 8,160 | 2,464 | 297 | 208 | 3 | 1,475 | 15,237 |
| 2011 | Stev-Deas | - | - | - | 110 | 973 | 1,709 | 584 | 345 |  | - | 3,721 |
| 2011 | Deas-Miss | - | - | - | 85 | 591 | 1,920 | 546 | 116 | 1 | - | 3,259 |
| 2011 | Miss- <br> Harrison | - | - | - | 225 | 259 | 2,373 | 204 | 318 | 24 | - | 3,403 |
| 2011 | HarrisonHope | - | 3 | 4 | 389 | 2,072 | 2,527 | 692 | 51 | 9 | - | 5,747 |
| 2011 | HopeSawm | - | - | 4 | 578 | 4,390 | 5,197 | 1,620 | - | - | - | 11,789 |
| 2011 | Qualark | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 2011 | HarrisonHope | - | - | - | - | - | 1,203 | 259 | - | - | - | 1,462 |
| 2011 | HopeSawm | - | - | - | - | - | 233 | - | - | - | - | 233 |
| 2011 | Qualark | - | - | - | - | 113 | 718 | 19 | - | - | - | 850 |
| 2011 | Thompson -Texas | - | - | - | - | - | 41 |  | - | - | - | 41 |
| 2011 | Texa-Kelly | - | - | - | - | - | 203 | 2 | - | - | - | 205 |
| 2011 | DeadmChil | - | - | - | - | - | 103 | 30 | - | - | - | 133 |
| 2011 | QuenNaver | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4 | - | - | - | 4 |
| 2011 | Stuart | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 2011 | Tete Juene | - | - | - | - | 3 | 59 | 20 | - | - | - | 82 |
| 2011 | Nechako | - | - | - | - | - | 146 | 3 | - | - | - | 149 |
| 2011 | Stuart | - | - | - | - | - | 140 | 89 | - | - | - | 229 |
| 2011 | TompBona | - | - | - | - | - | 6 | 344 | 54 | - | - | 404 |
| 2011 | Trib | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 667 | 667 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2011 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |  | - | 3 | 8 | 1,387 | 8,401 | 16,578 | 4,416 | 884 | 34 | 667 | 32,378 |
| 2012 | Stev-Deas | - | - | - | 78 | 353 | 2,086 | 607 | 24 | - | - | 3,148 |
| 2012 | Deas-Miss | - | - | - | 101 | 549 | 1,325 | 579 | 10 | - | - | 2,564 |
| 2012 | Miss- <br> Harrison | - | - | - | 132 | 847 | 895 | 235 | 154 | 13 | - | 2,276 |
| 2012 | HarrisonHope | - | 7 | 5 | 547 | 1,528 | 1,357 | 498 | 1 | 6 | - | 3,949 |
| 2012 | HopeSawm | - | - | - | 149 | 4,154 | 2,833 | 2,334 | - | - | - | 9,470 |
| 2012 | Qualark | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - |  |


| Year | Fishery Area | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | March | April | May | June | July | Aug | Sept | Oct | Nov | total |  |
| 2012 | HarrisonHope | - | - | - | - | 46 | 1,139 | 1,635 | - | - | - | 2,820 |
| 2012 | HopeSawm | - | - | - | - | 2 | 385 | 3 | - | - | - | 390 |
| 2012 | Qualark | - | - | - | 2 | 35 | 185 | 46 | - | - | - | 268 |
| 2012 | SawmThompson | - | - | - | - | - | 23 | - | - | - | - | 23 |
| 2012 | Thompson -Texas | - | - | - | - | 104 | 206 | - | - | - | - | 310 |
| 2012 | Texa-Kelly | - | - | - | - | 6 | 29 | 5 | - | - | - | 40 |
| 2012 | DeadmChil | - | - | - | - | 22 | 146 | 15 | - | - | - | 183 |
| 2012 | QuenNaver | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 |
| 2012 | Tete Juene | - | - | - | - | 16 | 98 | 18 | - | - | - | 132 |
| 2012 | Nechako | - | - | - | - | - | 42 | 81 | - | - | - | 123 |
| 2012 | Stuart | - | - | - | - | - | 149 | 76 | - | - | - | 225 |
| 2012 | Chilcotin | - | - | - | - | - | 2 |  | - | - | - | 2 |
| 2012 | TompBona | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | 907 | 2 | - | - | 912 |
| 2012 | Trib | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 487 | 487 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2012 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |  | - | 7 | 5 | 1,009 | 7,662 | 10,903 | 7,040 | 191 | 19 | 487 | 27,323 |
| 2013 | Stev-Deas | - |  | 3 | 66 | 270 | 388 | 1,153 | 50 | - | - | 1,930 |
| 2013 | Deas-Miss | - | 1 | 5 | 156 | 220 | 454 | 2,101 | 33 | 1 | - | 2,971 |
| 2013 | MissHarrison | - | - | 173 | 162 | 205 | 265 | 520 | 227 | 28 | - | 1,580 |
| 2013 | HarrisonHope | - | - | 104 | 422 | 130 | 294 | 313 | 49 | 4 | - | 1,316 |
| 2013 | HopeSawm | - | - | 117 | 474 | 543 | 1,000 | 1,289 | - | - | - | 3,423 |
| 2013 | Qualark | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 2013 | HarrisonHope | - | - | - | - | 40 | 489 | - | - | - | - | 529 |
| 2013 | HopeSawm | - | - | - | - | - | 171 | - | - | - | - | 171 |
| 2013 | Qualark | - | - | - | 28 | 140 | 189 | - | - | - | - | 357 |
| 2013 | Texa-Kelly | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 2013 | Thompson -Texas | - | - | - | - | 20 | 6 | - | - | - | - | 26 |
| 2013 | Texa-Kelly | - | - | - | - | 74 | 36 | - | - | - | - | 110 |
| 2013 | DeadmChil | - | - | - | - | - | 49 | 2 | - | - | - | 51 |
| 2013 | Nechako | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | QuenNaver | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | 3 |
| 2013 | NaverSalm | - | - | - | - | - | 5 | 1 | - | - | - | 6 |
| 2013 | Tete Juene | - | - | - | - | 32 | 21 | 11 | - | - | - | 64 |
| 2013 | Nechako | - | - | - | - | - | 26 | 93 | - | - | - | 119 |
| 2013 | Stuart | - | - | - | - | 13 | 63 | 58 | - | - | - | 134 |


| Year | Fishery Area | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | March | April | May | June | July | Aug | Sept | Oct | Nov | total |  |
| 2013 | TompBona | - | - | - | - | 32 | - | 1,533 | - | - | - | 1,565 |
| 2013 | Trib | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 454 | 454 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2013 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |  | - | 1 | 402 | 1,308 | 1,719 | 3,459 | 7,074 | 359 | 33 | 454 | 14,809 |
| 2014 | Stev-Deas | - | - | 7 | 326 | 916 | 416 | 201 | 109 | - | - | 1,975 |
| 2014 | Deas-Miss | - | - | 17 | 499 | 642 | 560 | - | 160 | - | - | 1,878 |
| 2014 | MissHarrison | - | 6 | 188 | 812 | 670 | 994 | 23 | 1,125 | - | - | 3,818 |
| 2014 | HarrisonHope | - | 8 | 86 | 1,167 | 1,105 | 1,198 | - | 159 | - | - | 3,723 |
| 2014 | HopeSawm | - | 1 | 85 | 1,965 | 3,157 | 2,383 | - | - | - | - | 7,591 |
| 2014 | Qualark | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | HarrisonHope | - | - | - | 10 | 47 | 619 | 144 | - | - | - | 820 |
| 2014 | HopeSawm | - | - | - | - | 5 | 238 | - | - | - | - | 243 |
| 2014 | Qualark | - | - | - | 52 | 66 | 382 | 21 | - | - | - | 521 |
| 2014 | SawmThompson | - | - | - | - | - | 15 | - | - | - | - | 15 |
| 2014 | Thompson -Texas | - | - | - | - | 48 | 38 | - | - | - | - | 86 |
| 2014 | Texa-Kelly | - | - | - | - | 52 | 24 |  | - | - | - | 76 |
| 2014 | DeadmChil | - | - | - | - | 85 | 330 | 8 | - | - | - | 423 |
| 2014 | Nechako | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 2014 | QuenNaver | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 |
| 2014 | Tete Juene | - | - | - | - | 113 | 127 | 8 | - | - | - | 248 |
| 2014 | Nechako | - | - | - | - | 10 | 60 | 71 | 16 | - | - | 157 |
| 2014 | Stuart | - | - | - | - | 68 | 32 | 91 | 281 | - | - | 472 |
| 2014 | Chilcotin | - | - | - | - | - | 3 |  |  | - | - | 3 |
| 2014 | TompBona | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | 28 | 19 | - | - | 50 |
| 2014 | Trib | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 557 | 557 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2014 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |  | - | 15 | 383 | 4,831 | 6,984 | 7,422 | 596 | 1,869 | - | 557 | 22,657 |
| 2015 | Stev-Deas | - | - | 18 | 166 | 10 | 1,991 | 1,060 | 227 | - | - | 3,472 |
| 2015 | Deas-Miss | - | 19 | 40 | 373 | - | 2,016 | 1,044 | 177 | 3 | - | 3,672 |
| 2015 | MissHarrison | - | 108 | 181 | 849 | 10 | 866 | 670 | 368 | 11 | - | 3,063 |
| 2015 | HarrisonHope | - | 55 | 100 | 759 | 23 | 1,420 | 697 | 60 | 5 | - | 3,119 |
| 2015 | HopeSawm | - | 41 | 139 | 1,486 | 3 | 3,620 | 1,811 | - | - | - | 7,100 |
| 2015 | Qualark | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - |  |
| 2015 | HarrisonHope | - | - | - | 44 | 80 | 407 | 2 | - | - | - | 533 |
| 2015 | HopeSawm | - | - | 15 | 14 | 9 | 36 | - | - | - | - | 74 |
| 2015 | Qualark | - | - | 28 | 8 | 44 | 121 | 9 | - | - | - | 210 |


| Year | Fishery Area | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | March | April | May | June | July | Aug | Sept | Oct | Nov | total |  |
| 2015 | Sawm- <br> Thompson |  | - |  | - | - | 4 | 22 | - | - | - | 26 |
| 2015 | Thompson -Texas | - | - | - | - | 6 | 3 | - | - | - | - | 9 |
| 2015 | Texa-Kelly | - | - | - | - | 40 | 9 | 1 | - | - | - | 50 |
| 2015 | DeadmChil | - | - | - | - | 104 | 255 | 1 | - | - | - | 360 |
| 2015 | Tete Juene | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | Nechako | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | NaverSalm | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | 2 |
| 2015 | Tete Juene | - | - | - | - | 86 | 109 | 4 | - | - | - | 199 |
| 2015 | Nechako | - | - | - | - |  | 919 | 396 | - | - | - | 1,315 |
| 2015 | Stuart | - | - | - | - | 7 | 89 | 9 | - | - | - | 105 |
| 2015 | Chilcotin | - | - | - | - |  | 4 | 1 | - | - | - | 5 |
| 2015 | TompBona | - | - | - | - | - | 19 | 455 | - | - | - | 474 |
| 2015 | Trib | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 277 | 277 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2015 \\ & \text { Total } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | - | 223 | 521 | ,699 | 422 | 11,890 | 6,182 | 832 | 19 | 277 | 24,065 |
| 2016 | Stev-Deas | - |  | 11 | 206 | 174 | 343 | - | 50 | - | - | 784 |
| 2016 | Deas-Miss | - | 8 | 29 | 165 | 46 | 363 | - | 148 | 3 | - | 762 |
| 2016 | Miss- <br> Harrison | - | 18 | 60 | 234 | 45 | 243 | 308 | 736 | 2 | - | 1,646 |
| 2016 | HarrisonHope | - | 31 | 69 | 410 | 168 | 213 | 139 | 137 | 3 | - | 1,170 |
| 2016 | HopeSawm | - | 14 | 191 | 681 | 275 | 630 | - | - | - | - | 1,791 |
| 2016 | Qualark | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0 |
| 2016 | HarrisonHope | - | - | 94 | 233 | 184 | 301 | 76 | 3 | - | - | 891 |
| 2016 | HopeSawm | - | - | 16 | 66 | 114 | 29 | 6 | 6 | - | - | 237 |
| 2016 | Qualark | - | - | 20 | 56 | 162 | 125 | 1 | - | - | - | 364 |
| 2016 | Sawm- <br> Thompson | - | - | - | - | - | 20 | - | - | - | - | 20 |
| 2016 | Thompson -Texas -Texas | - | - | - | - | 9 | 30 | - | - | - | - | 39 |
| 2016 | Texa-Kelly | - | - | - | - | 28 | 20 | - | - | - | - | 48 |
| 2016 | DeadmChil | - | - | - | - | - | 31 | - | - | - | - | 31 |
| 2016 | NaverSalm | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| 2016 | Stuart | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | Tete Juene | - | - | - | - | 16 | 59 | 11 | - | - | - | 86 |
| 2016 | Nechako | - | - | - | - | 24 | 88 | 207 | - | - | - | 319 |
| 2016 | Stuart | - | - | - | - | - | 83 | 158 | - | - | - | 241 |
| 2016 | Chilcotin | - | - | - | - | - | 16 |  | - | - | - | 16 |
| 2016 | TompBona | - | - | - | - | - | - | 662 | 597 | - | - | 1,259 |


| Year | Fishery Area | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | March | April | May | June | July | Aug | Sept | Oct | Nov | total |  |
| 2016 | Trib | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 268 | 268 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2016 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |  | - | 71 | 490 | 2,051 | 1,245 | 2,595 | 1,568 | 1,677 | 8 | 268 | 9,973 |
| 2017 | Stev-Deas | - | - | 5 | 67 | 214 | 1,317 | 673 | 102 | - | - | 2,378 |
| 2017 | Deas-Miss | - | 1 | 22 | 151 | 47 | 522 | 407 | 103 | 2 | - | 1,255 |
| 2017 | MissHarrison | - | 59 | 102 | 252 | 77 | 1,350 | 448 | 221 | 1 | - | 2,510 |
| 2017 | HarrisonHope | - | 12 | 47 | 220 | 141 | 804 | 286 | 15 | 3 | - | 1,528 |
| 2017 | HopeSawm | - | 18 | 74 | 338 | 336 | 2,674 | 2,218 | - | - | - | 5,658 |
| 2017 | Qualark | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 2017 | HarrisonHope | - | - | 4 | 13 | 120 | 530 | - | - | - | - | 667 |
| 2017 | HopeSawm | - | - | - | 36 | - | 13 | - | - | - | - | 49 |
| 2017 | Qualark | - | - | - | 22 | 232 | 8 |  | - | - | - | 262 |
| 2017 | Thompson -Texas | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 6 | - | - | - | 7 |
| 2017 | Texa-Kelly | - | - | - | - | 13 | 1 | 3 | - | - | - | 17 |
| 2017 | DeadmChil | - | - | - | - | - | 52 | 1 | - | - | - | 53 |
| 2017 | Nechako | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2017 | Tete Juene | - | - | - | - | 25 | 38 | 3 | - | - | - | 66 |
| 2017 | Nechako | - | - | - | - | 49 | 358 | 502 | 2 | - | - | 911 |
| 2017 | Stuart | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | 180 | - | - | - | 182 |
| 2017 | Chilcotin | - | - | - | - | - | 6 | - | - | - | - | 6 |
| 2017 | TompBona | - | - | - | - | - | 8 | 463 | 129 | - | - | 600 |
| 2017 | Trib | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 198 | 198 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2017 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |  | - | 90 | 254 | 1,099 | 1,256 | 7,682 | 5,190 | 572 | 6 | 198 | 16,347 |
| 2018 | Stev-Deas | - | - | - | 23 | 309 | 187 | 422 | 35 | 5 | - | 981 |
| 2018 | Deas-Miss | - | 7 | 18 | 117 | 246 | 509 | 947 | 4 | 4 | - | 1,852 |
| 2018 | MissHarrison | - | 48 | 66 | 261 | 250 | 706 | 3,086 | 198 | 190 | - | 4,805 |
| 2018 | HarrisonHope | - | 11 | 66 | 403 | 548 | 435 | 1,281 | 58 | 8 | - | 2,810 |
| 2018 | HopeSawm | - | 19 | 32 | 545 | 1,404 | 960 | 1,528 | - | - | - | 4,488 |
| 2018 | HarrisonHope | - | - | - | 270 | 204 | 152 | 165 | - | - | - | 791 |
| 2018 | HopeSawm | - | - | - | 64 | 85 | 29 | 9 | - | - | - | 187 |
| 2018 | Qualark | - | - | - | 13 | 183 | 20 | - | - | - | - | 216 |
| 2018 | Thompson -Texas | - | - | - | - | 7 |  | - | - | - | - | 7 |
| 2018 | Texa-Kelly | - | - | - | - | 36 | 5 | - | - | - | - | 41 |
| 2018 | DeadmChil | - | - | - | - | 75 | 30 | 13 | - | - | - | 118 |
| 2018 | Nechako | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | Stuart | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |


| Year | Fishery Area | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | March | April | May | June | July | Aug | Sept | Oct | Nov | total |  |
| 2018 | Tete Juene | - | - | - | - | 14 | 53 | 7 | - | - | - | 74 |
| 2018 | Nechako | - | - | - | - | 67 | 126 | 30 | 15 | - | - | 238 |
| 2018 | Stuart | - | - | - | - | 7 | 24 | 129 | 142 | - | - | 302 |
| 2018 | Chilcotin | - | - | - | - | - | 2 |  | - | - | - | 2 |
| 2018 | TompBona | - | - | - | - | - | 19 | 77 | - | - | - | 96 |
| 2018 | Trib | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 387 | 387 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 2018 \\ \text { Total } \end{array}$ |  | - | 85 | 182 | 1,696 | 3,435 | 3,257 | 7,694 | 452 | 207 | 387 | 17,395 |

Table E - 3. Chinook released in Fraser River FSC fisheries.

| Year | Fishery Area | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | March | April | May | June | July | Aug | Sept | Oct | Nov | total |  |
| 2009 | Stev-Deas | - | - | 33 | 549 | 1,822 | 4,206 | 585 | 9 | 1 | - | 7,205 |
| 2009 | Deas-Miss | - | 6 | 53 | 904 | 960 | 2,386 | 323 | 4 | 2 | - | 4,638 |
| 2009 | MissHarrison | - | 4 | 33 | 476 | 379 | 396 | 68 | 35 | 13 | - | 1,404 |
| 2009 | HarrisonHope | - | 87 | 160 | 2,013 | 1,280 | 1,816 | 202 | 20 | 4 | - | 5,582 |
| 2009 | HopeSawm | 5 | 83 | 211 | 2,395 | 1,579 | 2,318 | 350 | - | - | - | 6,941 |
| 2009 | HarrisonHope | - | - | 1 | 79 | 365 | 10 | - | - | - | - | 455 |
| 2009 | HopeSawm | - | - | - | 28 | 126 | 4 | - | - | - | - | 158 |
| 2009 | Qualark | - | - | 6 | 59 | 200 | 261 | 4 | - | - | - | 530 |
| 2009 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Thompson } \\ & \text {-Texas } \end{aligned}$ | - | - | - | - | 37 | 15 | - | - | - | - | 52 |
| 2009 | Texa-Kelly | - | - | - | - | 37 | 14 | - | - | - | - | 51 |
| 2009 | DeadmChil | - | - | - | - | 56 | 79 | 2 | - | - | - | 137 |
| 2009 | QuenNaver | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | 2 |
| 2009 | Tete Juene | - | - | - | - | 32 | 51 | - | - | - | - | 83 |
| 2009 | Nechako | - | - | - | - | 27 | 17 | 21 | - | - | - | 65 |
| 2009 | Stuart | - | - | - | - | 32 | 536 | 281 | - | - | - | 849 |
| 2009 | TompBona | - | - | - | - | - | 208 | 505 | - | - | - | 713 |
| 2009 | Trib | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 480 | 480 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2009 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |  | 5 | 180 | 497 | 6,503 | 6,932 | 12,319 | 2,341 | 68 | 20 | 480 | 29,345 |
| 2010 | Stev-Deas | - | - | - | 509 | 2,347 | 62 | 2 | 2 | - | - | 2,922 |
| 2010 | Deas-Miss | - | - | 4 | 378 | 2,356 | 370 | 12 | 33 | - | - | 3,153 |
| 2010 | MissHarrison | - | - | - | 230 | 623 | 178 | 5 | 18 | 3 | - | 1,057 |
| 2010 | HarrisonHope | - | 2 | 4 | 528 | 1,588 | 528 | 89 | 16 | - | - | 2,755 |
| 2010 | HopeSawm | - | - | 5 | 871 | 974 | 944 | 18 | - | - | - | 2,812 |
| 2010 | HarrisonHope | - | - | - | 16 | 107 | 110 | 33 | - | - | - | 266 |
| 2010 | HopeSawm | - | - | - | 7 | 34 | 2 | - | - | - | - | 43 |
| 2010 | Qualark | - | - | - | 76 | 30 | 106 | 21 | - | - | - | 233 |
| 2010 | Sawm- <br> Thompson | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | 2 |
| 2010 | Thompson -Texas | - | - | - | - | 1 | 5 | - | - | - | - | 6 |
| 2010 | Texa-Kelly | - | - | - | - | 4 | 5 | - | - | - | - | 9 |
| 2010 | DeadmChil | - | - | - | - | 76 | 4 | 3 | - | - | - | 83 |
| 2010 | QuenNaver | - | - | - | - | - | 4 | - | - | - | - | 4 |


| Year | Fishery Area | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | March | April | May | June | July | Aug | Sept | Oct | Nov | total |  |
| 2010 | NaverSalm | - | - | - | - |  | 3 | - | - | - | - | 3 |
| 2010 | Tete Juene | - | - | - | - | 20 | 44 | - | - | - | - | 64 |
| 2010 | Nechako | - | - | - | - | - | 14 | 25 | - | - | - | 39 |
| 2010 | Stuart | - | - | - | - | - | 32 | 70 | - | - | - | 102 |
| 2010 | TompBona | - | - | - | - | - | 53 | 17 | 139 | - | - | 209 |
| 2010 | Trib | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,475 | 1,475 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2010 \\ & \text { Total } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | - | 2 | 13 | 2,615 | 8,160 | 2,464 | 297 | 208 | 3 | 1,475 | 15,237 |
| 2011 | Stev-Deas | - | - | - | 110 | 973 | 1,709 | 584 | 345 | - | - | 3,721 |
| 2011 | Deas-Miss | - | - | - | 85 | 591 | 1,920 | 546 | 116 | 1 | - | 3,259 |
| 2011 | Miss- <br> Harrison | - | - | - | 225 | 259 | 2,373 | 204 | 318 | 24 | - | 3,403 |
| 2011 | HarrisonHope | - | 3 | 4 | 389 | 2,072 | 2,527 | 692 | 51 | 9 | - | 5,747 |
| 2011 | HopeSawm | - | - | 4 | 578 | 4,390 | 5,197 | 1,620 | - | - | - | 11,789 |
| 2011 | Qualark | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - |  |
| 2011 | HarrisonHope | - | - | - | - | - | 1,203 | 259 | - | - | - | 1,462 |
| 2011 | HopeSawm | - | - | - | - | - | 233 | - | - | - | - | 233 |
| 2011 | Qualark | - | - | - | - | 113 | 718 | 19 | - | - | - | 850 |
| 2011 | Thompson -Texas | - | - | - | - | - | 41 | - | - | - | - | 41 |
| 2011 | Texa-Kelly | - | - | - | - | - | 203 | 2 | - | - | - | 205 |
| 2011 | DeadmChil | - | - | - | - | - | 103 | 30 | - | - | - | 133 |
| 2011 | QuenNaver | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4 | - | - | - | 4 |
| 2011 | Stuart | - | - | - | - | - |  |  | - | - | - |  |
| 2011 | Tete Juene | - | - | - | - | 3 | 59 | 20 | - | - | - | 82 |
| 2011 | Nechako | - | - | - | - | - | 146 | 3 | - | - | - | 149 |
| 2011 | Stuart | - | - | - | - | - | 140 | 89 | - | - | - | 229 |
| 2011 | TompBona | - | - | - | - | - | 6 | 344 | 54 | - | - | 404 |
| 2011 | Trib | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 667 | 667 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2011 \\ & \text { Total } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | - | 3 | 8 | 1,387 | 8,401 | 16,578 | 4,416 | 884 | 34 | 667 | 32,378 |
| 2012 | Stev-Deas | - | - | - | 78 | 353 | 2,086 | 607 | 24 | - | - | 3,148 |
| 2012 | Deas-Miss | - | - | - | 101 | 549 | 1,325 | 579 | 10 | - | - | 2,564 |
| 2012 | MissHarrison | - | - | - | 132 | 847 | 895 | 235 | 154 | 13 | - | 2,276 |
| 2012 | HarrisonHope | - | 7 | 5 | 547 | 1,528 | 1,357 | 498 | 1 | 6 | - | 3,949 |
| 2012 | HopeSawm | - | - | - | 149 | 4,154 | 2,833 | 2,334 | - | - | - | 9,470 |
| 2012 | Qualark | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - |
| 2012 | HarrisonHope | - | - | - | - | 46 | 1,139 | 1,635 | - | - | - | 2,820 |


| Year | Fishery Area | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | March | April | May | June | July | Aug | Sept | Oct | Nov | total |  |
| 2012 | HopeSawm | - | - | - | - | 2 | 385 | 3 | - | - | - | 390 |
| 2012 | Qualark | - | - | - | 2 | 35 | 185 | 46 | - | - | - | 268 |
| 2012 | Sawm- <br> Thompson | - | - | - | - | - | 23 | - | - | - | - | 23 |
| 2012 | Thompson -Texas -Texas | - | - | - | - | 104 | 206 | - | - | - | - | 310 |
| 2012 | Texa-Kelly | - | - | - | - | 6 | 29 | 5 | - | - | - | 40 |
| 2012 | DeadmChil | - | - | - | - | 22 | 146 | 15 | - | - | - | 183 |
| 2012 | QuenNaver | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 |
| 2012 | Tete Juene | - | - | - | - | 16 | 98 | 18 | - | - | - | 132 |
| 2012 | Nechako | - | - | - | - | - | 42 | 81 | - | - | - | 123 |
| 2012 | Stuart | - | - | - | - | - | 149 | 76 | - | - | - | 225 |
| 2012 | Chilcotin | - | - | - | - | - | 2 |  | - | - | - | 2 |
| 2012 | TompBona | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | 907 | 2 | - | - | 912 |
| 2012 | Trib | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 487 | 487 |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 2012 \\ \text { Total } \end{array}$ |  | - | 7 | 5 | 1,009 | 7,662 | 10,903 | 7,040 | 191 | 19 | 487 | 27,323 |
| 2013 | Stev-Deas | - | - | 3 | 66 | 270 | 388 | 1,153 | 50 | - | - | 1,930 |
| 2013 | Deas-Miss | - | 1 | 5 | 156 | 220 | 454 | 2,101 | 33 | 1 |  | 2,971 |
| 2013 | MissHarrison | - | - | 173 | 162 | 205 | 265 | 520 | 227 | 28 | - | 1,580 |
| 2013 | HarrisonHope | - | - | 104 | 422 | 130 | 294 | 313 | 49 | 4 | - | 1,316 |
| 2013 | HopeSawm | - | - | 117 | 474 | 543 | 1,000 | 1,289 | - | - | - | 3,423 |
| 2013 | Qualark | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | HarrisonHope | - | - | - | - | 40 | 489 | - | - | - | - | 529 |
| 2013 | HopeSawm | - | - | - | - | - | 171 | - | - | - | - | 171 |
| 2013 | Qualark | - | - | - | 28 | 140 | 189 | - | - | - | - | 357 |
| 2013 | Texa-Kelly | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - |  |
| 2013 | Thompson -Texas | - | - | - | - | 20 | 6 | - | - | - | - | 26 |
| 2013 | Texa-Kelly | - | - | - | - | 74 | 36 | - | - | - | - | 110 |
| 2013 | DeadmChil | - | - | - | - | - | 49 | 2 | - | - | - | 51 |
| 2013 | Nechako | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | QuenNaver | - | - | - | - | - | 3 |  | - | - | - | 3 |
| 2013 | Naver- <br> Salm | - | - | - | - | - | 5 | 1 | - | - | - | 6 |
| 2013 | Tete Juene | - | - | - | - | 32 | 21 | 11 | - | - | - | 64 |
| 2013 | Nechako | - | - | - | - |  | 26 | 93 | - | - | - | 119 |
| 2013 | Stuart | - | - | - | - | 13 | 63 | 58 | - | - | - | 134 |
| 2013 | TompBona | - | - | - | - | 32 | - | 1,533 | - | - | - | 1,565 |


| Year | Fishery Area | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | March | April | May | June | July | Aug | Sept | Oct | Nov | total |  |
| 2013 | Trib | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | 454 | 454 |
| 2013 |  | - | 1 | 402 | 1,308 | 1,719 | 3,459 | 7,074 | 359 | 33 | 454 |  |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 14,809 |
| 2014 | Stev-Deas | - | - | 7 | 326 | 916 | 416 | 201 | 109 | - | - | 1,975 |
| 2014 | Deas-Miss | - | - | 17 | 499 | 642 | 560 | - | 160 | - | - | 1,878 |
| 2014 | Miss- <br> Harrison | - | 6 | 188 | 812 | 670 | 994 | 23 | 1,125 | - | - | 3,818 |
| 2014 | HarrisonHope | - | 8 | 86 | 1,167 | 1,105 | 1,198 | - | 159 | - | - | 3,723 |
| 2014 | HopeSawm | - | 1 | 85 | 1,965 | 3,157 | 2,383 | - | - | - | - | 7,591 |
| 2014 | Qualark | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | HarrisonHope | - | - | - | 10 | 47 | 619 | 144 | - | - | - | 820 |
| 2014 | HopeSawm | - | - | - | - | 5 | 238 | - | - | - | - | 243 |
| 2014 | Qualark | - | - | - | 52 | 66 | 382 | 21 | - | - | - | 521 |
| 2014 | Sawm- <br> Thompson | - | - | - | - | - | 15 | - | - | - | - | 15 |
| 2014 | Thompson -Texas | - | - | - | - | 48 | 38 | - | - | - | - | 86 |
| 2014 | Texa-Kelly | - | - | - | - | 52 | 24 | - | - | - | - | 76 |
| 2014 | DeadmChil | - | - | - | - | 85 | 330 | 8 | - | - | - | 423 |
| 2014 | Nechako | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | QuenNaver | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 |
| 2014 | Tete Juene | - | - | - | - | 113 | 127 | 8 | - | - | - | 248 |
| 2014 | Nechako | - | - | - | - | 10 | 60 | 71 | 16 | - | - | 157 |
| 2014 | Stuart | - | - | - | - | 68 | 32 | 91 | 281 | - | - | 472 |
| 2014 | Chilcotin | - | - | - | - | - | 3 |  |  | - | - | 3 |
| 2014 | TompBona | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | 28 | 19 | - | - | 50 |
| 2014 | Trib | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 557 | 557 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2014 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |  | - | 15 | 383 | 4,831 | 6,984 | 7,422 | 596 | 1,869 | - | 557 | 22,657 |
| 2015 | Stev-Deas | - | - | 18 | 166 | 10 | 1,991 | 1,060 | 227 | - | - | 3,472 |
| 2015 | Deas-Miss | - | 19 | 40 | 373 |  | 2,016 | 1,044 | 177 | 3 |  | 3,672 |
| 2015 | MissHarrison | - | 108 | 181 | 849 | 10 | 866 | 670 | 368 | 11 | - | 3,063 |
| 2015 | HarrisonHope | - | 55 | 100 | 759 | 23 | 1,420 | 697 | 60 | 5 | - | 3,119 |
| 2015 | HopeSawm | - | 41 | 139 | 1,486 | 3 | 3,620 | 1,811 | - | - | - | 7,100 |
| 2015 | Qualark | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | HarrisonHope | - | - | - | 44 | 80 | 407 | 2 | - | - | - | 533 |
| 2015 | HopeSawm | - | - | 15 | 14 | 9 | 36 | - | - | - | - | 74 |
| 2015 | Qualark | - | - | 28 | 8 | 44 | 121 | 9 | - | - | - | 210 |
| 2015 | Sawm- <br> Thompson | - | - | - | - | - | 4 | 22 | - | - | - | 26 |


| Year | Fishery Area | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | March | April | May | June | July | Aug | Sept | Oct | Nov | total |  |
| 2015 | Thompson -Texas | - | - | - | - | 6 | 3 | - | - | - | - | 9 |
| 2015 | Texa-Kelly | - | - | - | - | 40 | 9 | 1 | - | - | - | 50 |
| 2015 | DeadmChil | - | - | - | - | 104 | 255 | 1 | - | - | - | 360 |
| 2015 | Tete Juene | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | Nechako | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | NaverSalm | - | - | - | - |  | 2 |  | - | - | - | 2 |
| 2015 | Tete Juene | - | - | - | - | 86 | 109 | 4 | - | - | - | 199 |
| 2015 | Nechako | - | - | - | - | - | 919 | 396 | - | - | - | 1,315 |
| 2015 | Stuart | - | - | - | - | 7 | 89 | 9 | - | - | - | 105 |
| 2015 | Chilcotin | - | - | - | - | - | 4 | 1 | - | - | - | 5 |
| 2015 | TompBona | - | - | - | - | - | 19 | 455 | - | - | - | 474 |
| 2015 | Trib | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 277 | 277 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2015 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |  | - | 223 | 521 | 3,699 | 422 | 11,890 | 6,182 | 832 | 19 | 277 | 24,065 |
| 2016 | Stev-Deas | - | - | 11 | 206 | 174 | 343 | - | 50 | - | - | 784 |
| 2016 | Deas-Miss | - | 8 | 29 | 165 | 46 | 363 | - | 148 | 3 | - | 762 |
| 2016 | MissHarrison | - | 18 | 60 | 234 | 45 | 243 | 308 | 736 | 2 | - | 1,646 |
| 2016 | HarrisonHope | - | 31 | 69 | 410 | 168 | 213 | 139 | 137 | 3 | - | 1,170 |
| 2016 | HopeSawm | - | 14 | 191 | 681 | 275 | 630 | - | - | - | - | 1,791 |
| 2016 | Qualark | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | HarrisonHope | - | - | 94 | 233 | 184 | 301 | 76 | 3 | - | - | 891 |
| 2016 | HopeSawm | - | - | 16 | 66 | 114 | 29 | 6 | 6 | - | - | 237 |
| 2016 | Qualark | - |  | 20 | 56 | 162 | 125 | 1 | - | - | - | 364 |
| 2016 | Sawm- <br> Thompson | - | - | - | - | - | 20 | - | - | - | - | 20 |
| 2016 | Thompson -Texas | - | - | - | - | 9 | 30 | - | - | - | - | 39 |
| 2016 | Texa-Kelly | - | - | - | - | 28 | 20 | - | - | - | - | 48 |
| 2016 | DeadmChil | - | - | - | - | - | 31 | - | - | - | - | 31 |
| 2016 | NaverSalm | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| 2016 | Stuart | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | Tete Juene | - | - | - | - | 16 | 59 | 11 | - | - | - | 86 |
| 2016 | Nechako | - | - | - | - | 24 | 88 | 207 | - | - | - | 319 |
| 2016 | Stuart | - | - | - | - | - | 83 | 158 | - | - | - | 241 |
| 2016 | Chilcotin | - | - | - | - | - | 16 |  | - | - | - | 16 |
| 2016 | TompBona | - | - | - | - | - | - | 662 | 597 | - | - | 1,259 |
| 2016 | Trib | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 268 | 268 |


| Year | Fishery Area | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | March | April | May | June | July | Aug | Sept | Oct | Nov | total |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 2016 \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | - | 71 | 490 | 2,051 | 1,245 | 2,595 | 1,568 | 1,67 | 8 | 268 | 9,973 |
| 2017 | Stev-Deas | - | - | 5 | 67 | 214 | 1,317 | 673 | 102 | - | - | 2,378 |
| 2017 | Deas-Miss | - | 1 | 22 | 151 | 47 | 522 | 407 | 103 | 2 | - | 1,255 |
| 2017 | MissHarrison | - | 59 | 102 | 252 | 77 | 1,350 | 448 | 221 | 1 | - | 2,510 |
| 2017 | HarrisonHope | - | 12 | 47 | 220 | 141 | 804 | 286 | 15 | 3 | - | 1,528 |
| 2017 | HopeSawm | - | 18 | 74 | 338 | 336 | 2,674 | 2,218 | - | - | - | 5,658 |
| 2017 | Qualark | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 2017 | HarrisonHope | - | - | 4 | 13 | 120 | 530 | - | - | - | - | 667 |
| 2017 | HopeSawm | - | - | - | 36 | - | 13 | - | - | - | - | 49 |
| 2017 | Qualark | - | - | - | 22 | 232 | 8 | - | - | - | - | 262 |
| 2017 | Thompson -Texas | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 6 | - | - | - | 7 |
| 2017 | Texa-Kelly | - | - | - | - | 13 | 1 | 3 | - | - | - | 17 |
| 2017 | DeadmChil | - | - | - | - | - | 52 | 1 | - | - | - | 53 |
| 2017 | Nechako | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2017 | Tete Juene | - | - | - | - | 25 | 38 | 3 | - | - | - | 66 |
| 2017 | Nechako | - | - | - | - | 49 | 358 | 502 | 2 | - | - | 911 |
| 2017 | Stuart | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | 180 | - | - | - | 182 |
| 2017 | Chilcotin | - | - | - | - | - | 6 |  | - | - | - | 6 |
| 2017 | TompBona | - | - | - | - | - | 8 | 463 | 129 | - | - | 600 |
| 2017 | Trib | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 198 | 198 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2017 \\ & \text { Total } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | - | 90 | 254 | 1,099 | 1,256 | 7,682 | 5,190 | 572 | 6 | 198 | 16,347 |
| 2018 | Stev-Deas | - |  | - | 23 | 309 | 187 | 422 | 35 | 5 | - | 981 |
| 2018 | Deas-Miss | - | 7 | 18 | 117 | 246 | 509 | 947 | 4 | 4 | - | 1,852 |
| 2018 | Miss- <br> Harrison | - | 48 | 66 | 261 | 250 | 706 | 3,086 | 198 | 190 | - | 4,805 |
| 2018 | HarrisonHope | - | 11 | 66 | 403 | 548 | 435 | 1,281 | 58 | 8 | - | 2,810 |
| 2018 | HopeSawm | - | 19 | 32 | 545 | 1,404 | 960 | 1,528 | - | - | - | 4,488 |
| 2018 | HarrisonHope | - | - | - | 270 | 204 | 152 | 165 | - | - | - | 791 |
| 2018 | HopeSawm | - | - | - | 64 | 85 | 29 | 9 | - | - | - | 187 |
| 2018 | Qualark | - | - | - | 13 | 183 | 20 | - | - | - | - | 216 |
| 2018 | Thompson -Texas | - | - | - | - | 7 | - | - | - | - | - | 7 |
| 2018 | Texa-Kelly | - | - | - | - | 36 | 5 | - | - | - | - | 41 |
| 2018 | DeadmChil | - | - | - | - | 75 | 30 | 13 | - | - | - | 118 |
| 2018 | Nechako | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | Stuart | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - |


| Year | Fishery Area | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | March | April | May | June | July | Aug | Sept | Oct | Nov | total |  |
| 2018 | Tete Juene | - | - | - | - | 14 | 53 | 7 | - | - | - | 74 |
| 2018 | Nechako | - | - | - | - | 67 | 126 | 30 | 15 | - | - | 238 |
| 2018 | Stuart | - | - | - | - | 7 | 24 | 129 | 142 | - | - | 302 |
| 2018 | Chilcotin | - | - | - | - |  | 2 |  | - | - | - | 2 |
| 2018 | TompBona | - | - | - | - | - | 19 | 77 | - | - | - | 96 |
| 2018 | Trib | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | 387 | 387 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2018 \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ |  | - | 85 | 182 | 1,696 | 3,435 | 3,257 | 7,694 | 452 | 207 | 387 | 17,395 |

Table E-4. Chinook caught and released in Fraser River EO fisheries.

| Year | Parameter | Fishery Area | Month |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Aug | Oct | Nov | Sept |  |
| 2009 | Catch | Harrison-Hope | - | 553 | 1,243 | 7 | 1,803 |
| 2009 | Catch | Miss-Harrison | - | 1,567 | 155 | 51 | 1,773 |
| 2009 | Catch | Stev-Deas | - | 102 | 5 |  | 107 |
| 2009 | Catch | Tomp-Bona | 13 | 518 | - | - | 531 |
| 2009 | Release | Harrison-Hope | - | 7 | 3 | - | 10 |
| 2009 | Release | Miss-Harrison | - | 42 | 8 | 10 | 60 |
| 2009 | Release | Stev-Deas | - | 7 | 1 |  | 8 |
| 2009 | Release | Tomp-Bona | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2009 Sum of Catch |  |  | 13 | 2,740 | 1,403 | 58 | 4,214 |
| 2009 Sum of Release |  |  | - | 56 | 12 | 10 | 78 |
| 2010 | Catch | Deas-Miss | 728 | 162 | - | - | 890 |
| 2010 | Catch | Harrison-Hope | 487 | 417 | - | - | 904 |
| 2010 | Catch | Hope-Sawm | 750 | 825 | - | - | 1,575 |
| 2010 | Catch | Miss-Harrison | 244 | 188 | - | - | 432 |
| 2010 | Catch | Nechako | 5 | 83 | 13 | - | 101 |
| 2010 | Catch | Stev-Deas | 346 | 323 | - | - | 669 |
| 2010 | Catch | Stuart | 10 | 904 | 1 | - | 915 |
| 2010 | Release | Deas-Miss | - | 1 | - | - | 1 |
| 2010 | Release | Harrison-Hope | - | 5 | - | - | 5 |
| 2010 | Release | Hope-Sawm | 1 | - | - | - | 1 |
| 2010 | Release | Miss-Harrison | - | 1 | - | - | 1 |
| 2010 | Release | Nechako | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2010 | Release | Stev-Deas | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2010 | Release | Stuart | - | 103 | 143 | - | 246 |
| 2010 Sum of Catch |  |  | 2,570 | 2,902 | 14 | - | 5,486 |
| 2010 Sum of Release |  |  | 1 | 110 | 143 | - | 254 |
| 2011 | Catch | Deas-Miss | - | 17 |  | - | 17 |
| 2011 | Catch | Harrison-Hope | - | 160 | 59 | - | 219 |
| 2011 | Catch | Miss-Harrison | - | 1,458 | 339 | - | 1,797 |
| 2011 | Catch | Stev-Deas | 276 | 387 | 4 | 5 | 672 |
| 2011 | Catch | Stuart | 555 | 4,700 | 72 | - | 5,327 |
| 2011 | Catch | Tete Juene | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2011 | Release | Deas-Miss | - | 44 | - | - | 44 |
| 2011 | Release | Harrison-Hope | - | 79 | 20 | - | 99 |
| 2011 | Release | Miss-Harrison | - | 47 | 18 | - | 65 |


| Year | Parameter | Fishery Area | Month |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Aug | Oct | Nov | Sept |  |
| 2011 | Release | Stev-Deas | - | 8 | - | - | 8 |
| 2011 | Release | Stuart | - | 2 | - | - | 2 |
| 2011 | Release | Tete Juene | - | 21 | - | - | 21 |
| 2011 Sum of Catch |  |  | 831 | 6,722 | 474 | 5 | 8,032 |
| 2011 Sum of Release |  |  | - | 201 | 38 | - | 239 |
| 2012 | Catch | Harrison-Hope | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2012 | Catch | Miss-Harrison | - | - | 29 | 2 | 31 |
| 2012 | Catch | Stev-Deas | - | - | 4 | - | 4 |
| 2012 | Catch | Stuart | - | 1,034 | - | - | 1,034 |
| 2012 | Release | Harrison-Hope | - | - | 8 | 6 | 14 |
| 2012 | Release | Miss-Harrison | - | - | 500 | 58 | 558 |
| 2012 | Release | Stev-Deas | - | - | 1 | - | 1 |
| 2012 | Release | Stuart | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2012 Sum of Catch |  |  | - | 1,034 | 33 | 2 | 1,069 |
| 2012 Sum of Release |  |  | - | - | 509 | 64 | 573 |
| 2013 | Catch | Deas-Miss | - | 1 | - | - | 1 |
| 2013 | Catch | Harrison-Hope | - | 25 | - | - | 25 |
| 2013 | Catch | Hope-Sawm | - | - | - | - |  |
| 2013 | Catch | Miss-Harrison | - | 132 | 1 | 1 | 134 |
| 2013 | Catch | Stev-Deas | - | 11 | - | - | 11 |
| 2013 | Catch | Stuart | - | 1,733 | - | - | 1,733 |
| 2013 | Release | Deas-Miss | - | 40 | - | - | 40 |
| 2013 | Release | Harrison-Hope | - | 1,065 | 2 | - | 1,067 |
| 2013 | Release | Hope-Sawm | - | 7 | - | - | 7 |
| 2013 | Release | Miss-Harrison | - | 3,991 | 518 | 109 | 4,618 |
| 2013 | Release | Stev-Deas | - | 519 | 5 | - | 524 |
| 2013 | Release | Stuart | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 Sum of Catch |  |  | - | 1,902 | 1 | 1 | 1,904 |
| 2013 Sum of Release |  |  | - | 5,622 | 525 | 109 | 6,256 |
| 2014 | Catch | Deas-Miss | 97 | 1,543 | - | - | 1,640 |
| 2014 | Catch | Harrison-Hope | 80 | 977 | - | - | 1,057 |
| 2014 | Catch | Hope-Sawm | 154 | 2,306 | - | - | 2,460 |
| 2014 | Catch | Miss-Harrison | 41 | 1,134 | - | - | 1,175 |
| 2014 | Catch | Stev-Deas | 104 | 1,291 | - | - | 1,395 |
| 2014 | Catch | Stuart | - | 1,022 | 397 | - | 1,419 |
| 2014 | Catch | Tomp-Bona | - | 112 | 24 | - | 136 |


| Year | Parameter | Fishery Area | Month |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Aug | Oct | Nov | Sept |  |
| 2014 | Release | Deas-Miss | - | 6 |  | - | 6 |
| 2014 | Release | Harrison-Hope | - | 49 | 15 | - | 64 |
| 2014 | Release | Hope-Sawm | - | 9 |  | - | 9 |
| 2014 | Release | Miss-Harrison | - | 264 | 349 | 109 | 722 |
| 2014 | Release | Stev-Deas | 4 | 177 | 8 | - | 189 |
| 2014 | Release | Stuart | - | 1 | 1 | - | 2 |
| 2014 | Release | Tomp-Bona | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 Sum of Catch |  |  | 476 | 8,385 | 421 | - | 9,282 |
| 2014 Sum of Release |  |  | 4 | 506 | 373 | 109 | 992 |
| 2015 | Catch | Deas-Miss | - | - | 2 | - | 2 |
| 2015 | Catch | Harrison-Hope | - | - | 2 | 2 | 4 |
| 2015 | Catch | Miss-Harrison | - | - | 10 | 2 | 12 |
| 2015 | Catch | Stev-Deas | - | - | 4 | - | 4 |
| 2015 | Catch | Stuart | - | 2,493 | - | - | 2,493 |
| 2015 | Release | Deas-Miss | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | Release | Harrison-Hope | - | 393 | 35 | 4 | 432 |
| 2015 | Release | Miss-Harrison | - | 406 | 334 | 271 | 1,011 |
| 2015 | Release | Stev-Deas | - | 38 | - | - | 38 |
| 2015 | Release | Stuart | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 Sum of Catch |  |  | - | 2,493 | 18 | 4 | 2,515 |
| 2015 Sum of Release |  |  | - | 837 | 369 | 275 | 1,481 |
| 2016 | Catch | Harrison-Hope | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | Catch | Miss-Harrison | - | - | 7 | 1 | 8 |
| 2016 | Catch | Stev-Deas | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | Release | Harrison-Hope | - | - | 5 | - | 5 |
| 2016 | Release | Miss-Harrison | - | - | 171 | 81 | 252 |
| 2016 | Release | Stev-Deas | - | - | 2 | - | 2 |
| 2016 Sum of Catch |  |  | - | - | 7 | 1 | 8 |
| 2016 Sum of Release |  |  | - | - | 178 | 81 | 259 |
| 2017 | Catch | Miss-Harrison | - | - | 8 | 7 | 15 |
| 2017 | Release | Miss-Harrison | - | - | 418 | 103 | 521 |
| 2017 Sum of Catch |  |  | - | - | 8 | 7 | 15 |
| 2017 Sum of Release |  |  | - | - | 418 | 103 | 521 |
| 2018 | Catch | Deas-Miss | 26 | - | - | - | 26 |
| 2018 | Catch | Harrison-Hope | 124 | 20 | - | - | 144 |
| 2018 | Catch | Hope-Sawm | 108 | 108 | - | - | 216 |


| Year | Parameter | Fishery Area | Month |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Aug | Oct | Nov | Sept |  |
| 2018 | Catch | Miss-Harrison | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | Catch | Stev-Deas | 192 | - | - | - | 192 |
| 2018 | Catch | Stuart | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | Release | Deas-Miss | 2 | 338 | - | - | 340 |
| 2018 | Release | Harrison-Hope | 120 | 219 | 79 | - | 418 |
| 2018 | Release | Hope-Sawm | 52 | 129 |  | - | 181 |
| 2018 | Release | Miss-Harrison | 30 | 204 | 257 | - | 491 |
| 2018 | Release | Stev-Deas | 30 | - | - | - | 30 |
| 2018 | Release | Stuart | - | 1,457 | 1,688 | - | 3,145 |
| 2018 Sum of Catch |  |  | 450 | 128 | - | - | 578 |
| 2018 Sum of Release |  |  | 234 | 2,347 | 2,024 | - | 4,605 |

Table E - 5. Chinook caught and released in Fraser River commercial fisheries (Area E and B).

| Year | Parameter | Fishery Area | Month |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Aug | Oct | Nov | Sept |  |
| 2009 | Catch | Area 29 - Area B | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2009 | Catch | Area 29-Area E | - | - | - | 34 | 34 |
| 2009 | Release | Area 29 - Area B | - | 55 | - | - | 55 |
| 2009 | Release | Area 29 - Area E | - | - | - | 48 | 48 |
| 2009 Sum of Catch |  |  | - | - | - | 34 | 34 |
| 2009 Sum of Release |  |  | - | 55 | - | 48 | 103 |
| 2010 | Catch | Area 29 - Area B | - | 3 | - | - | 3 |
| 2010 | Catch | Area 29-Area E | 3,122 | 3,263 | - | - | 6,385 |
| 2010 | Release | Area 29 - Area B | - | 85 | - | - | 85 |
| 2010 | Release | Area 29 - Area E | 45 | 18 | - | - | 63 |
| 2010 Sum of Catch |  |  | 3,122 | 3,266 | - | - | 6,388 |
| 2010 Sum of Release |  |  | 45 | 103 | - | - | 148 |
| 2011 | Catch | Area 29 - Area B | - | 63 | - | - | 63 |
| 2011 | Catch | Area 29 - Area E | 1,875 | 3,466 | - | 174 | 5,515 |
| 2011 | Release | Area 29 - Area B | - | 2,744 | - |  | 2,744 |
| 2011 | Release | Area 29 - Area E | 31 | 6 | - | 69 | 106 |
| 2011 Sum of Catch |  |  | 1,875 | 3,529 | - | 174 | 5,578 |
| 2011 Sum of Release |  |  | 31 | 2,750 | - | 69 | 2,850 |
| 2012 | Catch | Area 29 - Area B | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2012 | Catch | Area 29 - Area E | - | - | 2 | - | 2 |
| 2012 | Release | Area 29 - Area B | - | - | 2 | - | 2 |
| 2012 | Release | Area 29 - Area E | - | - | 39 | - | 39 |
| 2012 Sum of Catch |  |  | - | - | 2 | - | 2 |
| 2012 Sum of Release |  |  | - | - | 41 | - | 41 |
| 2013 | Catch | Area 29 - Area B | - | 75 | 5 | - | 80 |
| 2013 | Catch | Area 29 - Area E | - |  | 5 | - | 5 |
| 2013 | Release | Area 29 - Area B | - | 3,923 | 22 | - | 3,945 |
| 2013 | Release | Area 29-Area E | - |  | 21 | - | 21 |
| 2013 Sum of Catch |  |  | - | 75 | 10 | - | 85 |
| 2013 Sum of Release |  |  | - | 3,923 | 43 | - | 3,966 |
| 2014 | Catch | Area 29 - Area B | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | Catch | Area 29 - Area E | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | Release | Area 29 - Area B | - | 80 | - | - | 80 |
| 2014 | Release | Area 29-Area E | 17 | 7,737 | 84 | 27 | 7,865 |
| 2014 Sum of Catch |  |  | - | - | - | - | - |


| Year | Parameter | Fishery Area | Month |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Aug | Oct | Nov | Sept |  |
| 2014 Sum of Release |  |  | 17 | 7,817 | 84 | 27 | 7,945 |
| 2015 | Catch | Area 29 - Area B | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | Catch | Area 29 - Area E | - | - | 3 | - | 3 |
| 2015 | Release | Area 29 - Area B | - | 21 | - | - | 21 |
| 2015 | Release | Area 29 - Area E | - | - | 80 | - | 80 |
| 2015 Sum of Catch |  |  | - | - | 3 | - | 3 |
| 2015 Sum of Release |  |  | - | 21 | 80 | - | 101 |
| 2016 | Catch | Area 29-Area E | - | - | 3 | - | 3 |
| 2016 | Release | Area 29-Area E | - | - | 49 | - | 49 |
| 2016 Sum of Catch |  |  | - | - | 3 | - | 3 |
| 2016 Sum of Release |  |  | - | - | 49 | - | 49 |
| 2017 | Catch | Area 29-Area E | - | - |  | - | - |
| 2017 | Release | Area 29-Area E | - | - | 104 | - | 104 |
| 2017 Sum of Catch |  |  | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2017 Sum of Release |  |  | - | - | 104 | - | 104 |
| 2018 | Catch | Area 29 - Area B | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | Catch | Area 29-Area E | 24 | - | - | - | 24 |
| 2018 | Release | Area 29 - Area B | - | 33 | - | - | 33 |
| 2018 | Release | Area 29-Area E | 2,402 | - | - | - | 2,402 |
| 2018 Sum of Catch |  |  | 24 | - | - | - | 24 |
| 2018 Sum of Release |  |  | 2,402 | 33 | - | - | 2,435 |

Table E - 6. Chinook caught and released in Fraser River recreational fisheries (all periods).

| Year | Fishery | Total Caught | Total Released |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2009 | Fraser River Recreational | 8,636 | 12,209 |
| 2010 | Fraser River Recreational | 10,241 | 10,280 |
| 2011 | Fraser River Recreational | 5,590 | 6,077 |
| 2012 | Fraser River Recreational | 4,445 | 5,390 |
| 2013 | Fraser River Recreational | 6,479 | 10,086 |
| 2014 | Fraser River Recreational | 7,070 | 9,324 |
| 2015 | Fraser River Recreational | 7,605 | 5,500 |
| 2016 | Fraser River Recreational | 6,995 | 2,992 |
| 2017 | Fraser River Recreational | 8,319 | 5,867 |
| 2018 | Fraser River Recreational | 5,878 | 2,442 |

## APPENDIX F: MARINE RECREATIONAL CATCH, EFFORT AND RELEASE DATA

Table F-1. Kept, released Chinook and effort (boat-days) in NWVI offshore recreational fisheries, 2000 to 2018.

| Parameter | Year | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |  |
| Kept | 2000 | - | - | - | - | - | 40 | 404 | 360 | - | - | - | - | 804 |
| Kept | 2001 | - | - | - | - | - | 84 | 2,805 | 156 | - | - | - | - | 3,045 |
| Kept | 2002 | - | - | - | - | - | 58 | 552 | 489 | - | - | - | - | 1,099 |
| Kept | 2003 | - | - | - | - | - |  | 400 | 296 | - | - | - | - | 696 |
| Kept | 2004 | - | - | - | - | - | 110 | 555 | 1,060 | 2 | 10 | - | - | 1,737 |
| Kept | 2005 | - | - | - | - | - | 600 | 1,836 | 1,605 | - | - | - | - | 4,041 |
| Kept | 2006 | - | - | - | - | - | 9 | 6,368 | 5,871 | - | - | - | - | 12,248 |
| Kept | 2007 | - | - | - | - | - | 163 | 2,432 | 4,817 | 5 | - | - | - | 7,417 |
| Kept | 2008 | - | - | - | - | - | 732 | 5,267 | 8,271 |  | - | - | - | 14,270 |
| Kept | 2009 | - | - | - | - | - | 389 | 6,582 | 7,491 |  | - | - | - | 14,462 |
| Kept | 2010 | - | - | - | - | - | 630 | 6,121 | 5,655 | 97 | - | - | - | 12,503 |
| Kept | 2011 | - | - | - | - | - | 365 | 5,627 | 10,205 | 156 | - | - | - | 16,353 |
| Kept | 2012 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,707 | 6,826 | 10,040 | 34 | - | - | - | 19,607 |
| Kept | 2013 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,206 | 6,059 | 7,494 |  | - | - | - | 15,759 |
| Kept | 2014 | - | - | - | - | - | 177 | 6,772 | 6,646 | 44 | - | - | - | 13,639 |
| Kept | 2015 | - | - | - | - | 11 | 1,539 | 5,055 | 5,017 | 43 | - | - | - | 11,665 |
| Kept | 2016 | - | - | - | - | 64 | 3,247 | 4,401 | 2,041 |  | - | - | - | 9,753 |
| Kept | 2017 | - | - | - | - | 67 | 2,232 | 7,047 | 3,392 | 109 | - | - | - | 12,847 |
| Kept | 2018 | - | - | - | - | 16 | 944 | 3,251 | 1,972 | 95 | - | - | - | 6,278 |
| Kept | AVG | - | - | - | - | 40 | 902 | 4,124 | 4,362 | 65 | 10 | - | - | 9,380 |
| Released | 2002 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 114 | 8 | - | - | - | - | 123 |
| Released | 2003 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 16 | 17 | - | - | - | - | 33 |
| Released | 2004 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 178 | 271 | - | 16 | - | - | 465 |
| Released | 2005 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 151 | 411 | - | - | - | - | 562 |
| Released | 2006 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 262 | 1,132 | - | - | - | - | 1,394 |
| Released | 2007 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 79 | 652 | - | - | - | - | 731 |
| Released | 2008 | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | 632 | 1,462 | - | - | - | - | 2,097 |
| Released | 2009 | - | - | - | - | - | 37 | 621 | 736 | - | - | - | - | 1,394 |
| Released | 2010 | - | - | - | - | - | 934 | 6,696 | 8,425 | 250 | - | - | - | 16,305 |
| Released | 2011 | - | - | - | - | - | 68 | 808 | 518 | 27 | - | - | - | 1,421 |
| Released | 2012 | - | - | - | - | - | 4,206 | 6,786 | 4,546 | 4 | - | - | - | 15,542 |


| Parameter | Year | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |  |
| Released | 2013 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,168 | 2,109 | 1,303 | - | - | - | - | 4,580 |
| Released | 2014 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3,577 | 3,181 | 10 | - | - | - | 6,768 |
| Released | 2015 | - | - | - | - | 16 | 792 | 3,019 | 1,949 | 8 | - | - | - | 5,784 |
| Released | 2016 | - | - | - | - |  | 420 | 641 | 318 | - | - | - | - | 1,379 |
| Released | 2017 | - | - | - | - | 10 | 83 | 1,507 | 707 | - | - | - | - | 2,307 |
| Released | 2018 | - | - | - | - |  | 64 | 331 | 396 | - | - | - | - | 791 |
| Released Total | AVG | - | - | - | - | 13 | 707 | 1,619 | 1,531 | 60 | 16 |  |  | 3,628 |
| Released S-L | 2001 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 418 | 117 | - | - | - | - | 535 |
| Released S-L | 2004 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 19 | - | - | - | - | - | 19 |
| Released S-L | 2005 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 106 | 39 | - | - | - | - | 145 |
| Released S-L | 2006 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 243 | 719 | - | - | - | - | 962 |
| Released S-L | 2007 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 38 | 523 | - | - | - | - | 561 |
| Released S-L | 2008 | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | 71 | 651 | - | - | - | - | 725 |
| Released S-L | 2009 | - | - | - | - | - | 169 | 1,107 | 744 | - | - | - | - | 2,020 |
| Released S-L | 2010 | - | - | - | - | - | 173 | 1,238 | 1,320 | 9 | - | - | - | 2,740 |
| Released S-L | 2011 | - | - | - | - | - | 39 | 299 | 577 | 21 | - | - | - | 936 |
| Released S-L | 2012 | - | - | - | - | - | 59 | 2,020 | 1,207 | - | - | - | - | 3,286 |
| Released S-L | 2013 | - | - | - | - | - | 296 | 856 | 983 | - | - | - | - | 2,135 |
| Released S-L | 2014 | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | 1,434 | 1,151 | - | - | - | - | 2,588 |
| Released S-L | 2015 | - | - | - | - | - | 66 | 1,161 | 595 | - | - | - | - | 1,822 |
| Released S-L | 2016 | - | - | - | - | - | 89 | 547 | 440 | - | - | - | - | 1,076 |
| Released S-L | 2017 | - | - | - | - | - | 108 | 269 | 420 | - | - | - | - | 797 |
| Released S-L | 2018 | - | - | - | - | - | 13 | 163 | 183 | - | - | - | - | 359 |
| Released S-L | AVG | - | - | - | - | - | 93 | 624 | 604 | 15 | - | - | - | 1,294 |
| Effort | 2000 | - | - | - | - | - | 9 | 107 | 116 | - | - | - | - | 232 |
| Effort | 2001 | - | - | - | - | - | 220 | 3,701 | 200 | - | - | - | - | 4,121 |
| Effort | 2002 | - | - | - | - | - | 19 | 612 | 625 | 15 | - | - | - | 1,271 |
| Effort | 2003 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 122 | 309 | 7 | - | - | - | 438 |
| Effort | 2004 | - | - | - | - | - | 29 | 287 | 418 | 1 | 2 | - | - | 737 |
| Effort | 2005 | - | - | - | - | - | 223 | 1,032 | 584 | - | - | - | - | 1,839 |
| Effort | 2006 | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | 3,236 | 3,572 | - | - | - | - | 6,811 |
| Effort | 2007 | - | - | - | - | 2 | 131 | 1,428 | 2,709 | 5 | - | - | - | 4,275 |
| Effort | 2008 | - | - | - | - | - | 679 | 3,220 | 4,746 | - | - | - | - | 8,645 |
| Effort | 2009 | - | - | - | - | - | 333 | 3,494 | 4,007 | - | - | - | - | 7,834 |
| Effort | 2010 | - | - | - | - | - | 586 | 3,062 | 3,222 | 26 | - | - | - | 6,896 |
| Effort | 2011 | - | - | - | - | - | 244 | 2,608 | 4,169 | 118 | - | - | - | 7,139 |


| Parameter | Year | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |  |
| Effort | 2012 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,130 | 3,222 | 4,552 | 74 | - | - | - | 8,978 |
| Effort | 2013 | - | - | - | - | - | 792 | 2,837 | 3,401 | - | - | - | - | 7,030 |
| Effort | 2014 | - | - | - | - | - | 136 | 3,176 | 3,551 | 35 | - | - | - | 6,898 |
| Effort | 2015 | - | - | - | - | 4 | 594 | 2,457 | 2,433 | 34 | - | - | - | 5,522 |
| Effort | 2016 | - | - | - | - | 146 | 1,749 | 2,605 | 1,831 | 158 | - | - | - | 6,489 |
| Effort | 2017 | - | - | - | - | 355 | 1,167 | 3,356 | 2,219 | 113 | - | - | - | 7,210 |
| Effort | 2018 | - | - | - | - | 35 | 865 | 2,296 | 1,656 | 330 | - | - | - | 5,182 |
| Effort | AVG | - | - | - | - | 108 | 495 | 2,256 | 2,333 | 76 | 2 | - | - | 5,134 |

Table F - 2. Kept, released Chinook and effort (boat-days) in SWVI offshore recreational fisheries, 2000 to 2018.

| Parameter | Year | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |  |
| Kept | 2000 | - | - | - | - | - | 4,582 | 5,364 | 2,222 | 1,442 | - | - | - | 13,610 |
| Kept | 2001 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,598 | 2,690 | 3,901 | 3,524 | - | - | - | 12,713 |
| Kept | 2002 | - | - | - | 553 | 2,097 | 7,611 | 10,806 | 4,567 | 867 | - | - | - | 26,501 |
| Kept | 2003 | - | - | - | - | 177 | 3,594 | 7,374 | 10,828 | 779 | - | - | - | 22,752 |
| Kept | 2004 | - | - | - | 7 | 243 | 5,319 | 12,909 | 12,154 | 1,401 | 10 | - | - | 32,043 |
| Kept | 2005 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,950 | 10,707 | 19,755 | 5,080 | - | - | - | 38,492 |
| Kept | 2006 | - | - | - | 150 | 150 | 2,552 | 9,590 | 6,121 | 2,035 | - | - | - | 20,598 |
| Kept | 2007 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,899 | 7,189 | 17,148 | 1,957 | - | - | - | 28,193 |
| Kept | 2008 | - | - | - | - | 48 | 2,712 | 9,959 | 14,160 | 2,187 | - | - | - | 29,066 |
| Kept | 2009 | - | - | - | - | - | 7,075 | 18,379 | 15,724 | 2,225 | - | - | - | 43,403 |
| Kept | 2010 | - | - | - | - | - | 5,088 | 12,876 | 15,993 | 2,172 | - | - | - | 36,129 |
| Kept | 2011 | - | - | - | - | - | 5,470 | 18,459 | 23,852 | 4,236 | - | - | - | 52,017 |
| Kept | 2012 | - | - | - | - | 41 | 4,384 | 16,058 | 15,416 | 983 | - | - | - | 36,882 |
| Kept | 2013 | - | - | - | - | - | 7,677 | 14,940 | 15,535 | 1,856 | - | - | - | 40,008 |
| Kept | 2014 | - | - | - | - | - | 6,420 | 13,892 | 9,076 | 1,019 | - | - | - | 30,407 |
| Kept | 2015 | - | - | - | - | - | 4,558 | 13,247 | 11,735 | 284 | - | - | - | 29,824 |
| Kept | 2016 | - | - | - | - | 622 | 6,025 | 12,177 | 8,571 | 343 | - | - | - | 27,738 |
| Kept | 2017 | - | - | - | - | 393 | 2,951 | 19,831 | 9,368 | 207 | 133 | - | - | 32,883 |
| Kept | 2018 | - | - | - | - | 143 | 3,829 | 12,515 | 8,230 | 248 | - | - | - | 24,965 |
| Kept | AVG | - | - | - | 237 | 435 | 4,594 | 12,051 | 11,808 | 1,729 | 72 | - | - | 30,433 |
| Released | 2001 | - | - | - | - | - | 3,072 | 312 | 978 | - | - | - | - | 4,362 |
| Released | 2002 | - | - | - | - | 186 | 2,466 | 4,230 | 2,716 | 52 | - | - | - | 9,650 |
| Released | 2003 | - | - | - | - | 51 | 2,699 | 5,893 | 8,146 | 28 | - | - | - | 16,817 |
| Released | 2004 | - | - | - | - | 134 | 1,653 | 6,614 | 5,463 | 226 | 15 | - | - | 14,105 |
| Released | 2005 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,050 | 4,141 | 9,271 | 1,977 | - | - | - | 16,439 |
| Released | 2006 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,152 | 5,639 | 1,790 | 1,019 | - | - | - | 9,600 |
| Released | 2007 | - | - | - | - | - | 208 | 882 | 1,958 | 146 | - | - | - | 3,194 |
| Released | 2008 | - | - | - | - | - | 661 | 3,038 | 6,945 | 436 | - | - | - | 11,080 |
| Released | 2009 | - | - | - | - | - | 4,588 | 5,425 | 1,794 | 852 | - | - | - | 12,659 |
| Released | 2010 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,622 | 7,160 | 8,038 | 1,856 | - | - | - | 19,676 |
| Released | 2011 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,608 | 7,922 | 8,924 | 1,206 | - | - | - | 19,660 |
| Released | 2012 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,375 | 6,546 | 8,615 | 210 | - | - | - | 16,746 |
| Released | 2013 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,639 | 10,632 | 12,817 | 742 | - | - | - | 26,830 |
| Released | 2014 | - | - | - | - | - | 8,809 | 14,439 | 9,137 | 1,560 | - | - | - | 33,945 |
| Released | 2015 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,221 | 6,075 | 3,695 | 26 | - | - | - | 12,017 |


| Parameter | Year | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |  |
| Released | 2016 | - | - | - | - | 26 | 1,218 | 2,550 | 1,783 | 59 | - | - | - | 5,636 |
| Released | 2017 | - | - | - | - | 4 | 1,206 | 7,640 | 3,531 | 11 | - | - | - | 12,392 |
| Released | 2018 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,090 | 2,281 | 3,178 | 29 | - | - | - | 14,400 |
| Released | AVG | - | - | - | - | 57 | 2,241 | 5,634 | 5,488 | 614 | 15 | - | - | 14,049 |
| Released S-L | 2001 | - | - | - | - | - | 335 | 593 | 343 | 6,543 | - | - | - | 7,814 |
| Released S-L | 2002 | - | - | - | - | 48 | 1,098 | 1,850 | 691 | 3 | - | - | - | 3,690 |
| Released S-L | 2003 | - | - | - | - | 1 | 747 | 1,102 | 989 | 1 | - | - | - | 2,840 |
| Released S-L | 2004 | - | - | - | - | - | 282 | 596 | 673 | - | - | - | - | 1,551 |
| Released S-L | 2005 | - | - | - | - | - | 285 | 716 | 648 | 166 | - | - | - | 1,815 |
| Released S-L | 2006 | - | - | - | - | - | 137 | 992 | 2,014 | 382 | - | - | - | 3,525 |
| Released S-L | 2007 | - | - | - | - | - | 68 | 1,599 | 4,497 | 192 | - | - | - | 6,356 |
| Released S-L | 2008 | - | - | - | - | - | 162 | 434 | 4,770 | 628 | - | - | - | 5,994 |
| Released S-L | 2009 | - | - | - | - | - | 3,427 | 6,448 | 5,227 | 535 | - | - | - | 15,637 |
| Released S-L | 2010 | - | - | - | - | - | 762 | 2,474 | 838 | 145 | - | - | - | 4,219 |
| Released S-L | 2011 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,147 | 5,096 | 2,077 | 512 | - | - | - | 8,832 |
| Released S-L | 2012 | - | - | - | - | - | 686 | 4,589 | 5,237 | 595 | - | - | - | 11,107 |
| Released S-L | 2013 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,280 | 5,061 | 2,994 | 423 | - | - | - | 10,758 |
| Released S-L | 2014 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,780 | 3,326 | 3,375 | 201 | - | - | - | 8,682 |
| Released S-L | 2015 | - | - | - | - | - | 485 | 2,122 | 1,416 | 43 | - | - | - | 4,066 |
| Released S-L | 2016 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,184 | 3,841 | 3,064 | 270 | - | - | - | 6,933 |
| Released S-L | 2017 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,137 | 4,034 | 2,468 | 70 | - | - | - | 7,709 |
| Released S-L | 2018 | - | - | - | - | - | 336 | 2,260 | 5,535 | - | - | - | - | 8,131 |
| Released S-L | AVG | - | - | - | - | 25 | 908 | 2,619 | 2,603 | 669 | - | - | - | 6,823 |
| Effort | 2000 | - | - | - | - | - | 3,205 | 2,661 | 2,310 | 611 | - | - | - | 8,787 |
| Effort | 2001 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,476 | 2,067 | 2,380 | 2,500 | - | - | - | 8,423 |
| Effort | 2002 | - | - | - | 370 | 805 | 3,419 | 4,780 | 3,356 | 959 | - | - | - | 13,689 |
| Effort | 2003 | - | - | - | 2 | 55 | 2,961 | 3,218 | 4,103 | 864 | - | - | - | 11,203 |
| Effort | 2004 | - | - | - | 3 | 81 | 3,215 | 4,643 | 4,303 | 705 | 3 | - | - | 12,953 |
| Effort | 2005 | - | - | - | - | - | 3,092 | 4,390 | 6,073 | 2,050 | - | - | - | 15,605 |
| Effort | 2006 | - | - | - | - | 138 | 3,396 | 5,752 | 4,493 | 1,608 | 1 | - | - | 15,388 |
| Effort | 2007 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,079 | 4,168 | 7,251 | 810 | - | - | - | 14,308 |
| Effort | 2008 | - | - | - | - | 590 | 2,365 | 4,301 | 6,241 | 1,446 | 99 | - | - | 15,042 |
| Effort | 2009 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,933 | 5,127 | 5,569 | 881 | - | - | - | 13,510 |
| Effort | 2010 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,089 | 3,429 | 4,970 | 964 | - | - | - | 11,452 |
| Effort | 2011 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,762 | 4,849 | 7,423 | 1,560 | - | - | - | 15,594 |
| Effort | 2012 | - | - | - | - | 37 | 1,812 | 5,092 | 5,904 | 863 | - | - | - | 13,708 |


| Parameter | Year | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |  |
| Effort | 2013 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,408 | 3,171 | 4,773 | 653 | - | - | - | 11,005 |
| Effort | 2014 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,952 | 3,687 | 2,662 | 613 | - | - | - | 8,914 |
| Effort | 2015 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,663 | 3,374 | 3,550 | 522 | - | - | - | 9,109 |
| Effort | 2016 | - | - | - | - | 517 | 1852 | 3410 | 3165 | 237 | - | - | - | 9,181 |
| Effort | 2017 | - | - | - | - | 573 | 1039 | 4915 | 2922 | 287 | 178 | - | - | 9,914 |
| Effort | 2018 | - | - | - | - | 487 | 1360 | 5451 | 4673 | 598 | - | - | - | 12,569 |
| Effort | AVG | - | - | - | 94 | 365 | 2,267 | 4,131 | 4,533 | 986 | 70 | - | - | 12,445 |

Table F - 3. Kept, released Chinook and effort (boat-days) in JST recreational fisheries, 2000 to 2018.

| Parameter | Year | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |  |
| Kept | 2000 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,091 | 2,228 | 2,400 | - | - | - | - | 5,719 |
| Kept | 2001 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,500 | 1,262 | - | - | - | - | 3,762 |
| Kept | 2002 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,330 | - | - | - | - | 2,330 |
| Kept | 2003 | - | - | - | - | - | 14 | 3,794 | 3,405 | - | - | - | - | 7,213 |
| Kept | 2004 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5,684 | 7,110 | - | - | - | - | 2,794 |
| Kept | 2005 | - | - | - | - | - | 8 | 4,857 | 7,144 | - | - | - | - | 2,009 |
| Kept | 2006 | - | - | - | - | 5 | 8 | 3,625 | 3,601 | - | - | - | - | 7,239 |
| Kept | 2007 | - | - | - | - | - | 83 | 4,121 | 4,921 | 10 | - | - | - | 9,135 |
| Kept | 2008 | - | - | - | - | - | 569 | 2,577 | 1,207 | - | - | - | - | 4,353 |
| Kept | 2009 | - | - | - | - | - | 883 | 4,546 | 5,346 | - | - | - | - | 0,775 |
| Kept | 2010 | - | - | - | - | - | 703 | 4,440 | 4,251 | - | - | - | - | 9,394 |
| Kept | 2011 | - | - | - | - | - | 971 | 6,683 | 4,282 | - | - | - | - | 1,936 |
| Kept | 2012 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,381 | 4,121 | 2,798 | - | - | - | - | 8,300 |
| Kept | 2013 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,551 | 4,130 | 2,573 | - | - | - | - | 8,254 |
| Kept | 2014 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,669 | 4,377 | 2,292 | - | - | - | - | 9,338 |
| Kept | 2015 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,327 | 5,456 | 4,247 | - | - | - | - | 12,030 |
| Kept | 2016 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,321 | 3,087 | 3,326 | - | - | - | - | 8,734 |
| Kept | 2017 | - | - | - | - | 147 | 3,739 | 4,711 | 5,004 | 278 | - | - | - | 13,879 |
| Kept | 2018 | - | - | - | - | 435 | 4,472 | 5,794 | 3,079 | 177 | - | - | - | 13,957 |
| Kept | AVG | - | - | - | - | 196 | 1,424 | 4,263 | 3,715 | 155 | - | - | - | 9,008 |
| Released | 2000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 176 | 161 | - | - | - | - | 337 |
| Released | 2001 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 373 | 135 | - | - | - | - | 508 |
| Released | 2002 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 368 | - | - | - | - | 368 |
| Released | 2003 | - | - | - | - | - | 9 | 560 | 465 | - | - | - | - | 1,034 |
| Released | 2004 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,505 | 2,745 | - | - | - | - | 4,250 |
| Released | 2005 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,247 | 2,359 | - | - | - | - | 3,606 |
| Released | 2006 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 287 | 79 | - | - | - | - | 366 |
| Released | 2007 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 768 | 1,006 | - | - | - | - | 1,774 |
| Released | 2008 | - | - | - | - | - | 105 | 561 | 221 | - | - | - | - | 887 |
| Released | 2009 | - | - | - | - | - | 121 | 743 | 567 | - | - | - | - | 1,431 |
| Released | 2010 | - | - | - | - | - | 149 | 515 | 494 | - | - | - | - | 1,158 |
| Released | 2011 | - | - | - | - | - | 229 | 1,141 | 583 | - | - | - | - | 1,953 |
| Released | 2012 | - | - | - | - | - | 201 | 723 | 547 | - | - | - | - | 1,471 |
| Released | 2013 | - | - | - | - | - | 331 | 1,081 | 241 | - | - | - | - | 1,653 |
| Released | 2014 | - | - | - | - | - | 417 | 597 | 158 | - | - | - | - | 1,172 |


| Parameter | Year | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |  |
| Released | 2015 | - | - | - | - | - | 533 | 1,209 | 705 | - | - | - | - | 2,447 |
| Released | 2016 | - | - | - | - | - | 403 | 279 | 281 | - | - | - | - | 963 |
| Released | 2017 | - | - | - | - | 40 | 86 | 435 | 396 | - | - | - | - | 1,493 |
| Released | 2018 | - | - | - | - | 26 | 994 | 970 | 345 | - | - | - | - | 2,335 |
| Released | AVG | - | - | - | - | 33 | 298 | 732 | 624 | - | - | - | - | 1,687 |
| Released SL | 2000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,348 | 2,219 | - | - | - | - | 4,567 |
| Released SL | 2001 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4,094 | 1,693 | - | - | - | - | 5,787 |
| Released SL | 2002 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,368 | - | - | - | - | 1,368 |
| Released SL | 2003 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,205 | 1,014 | - | - | - | - | 3,219 |
| Released SL | 2004 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 999 | 3,510 | - | - | - | - | 4,509 |
| Released SL | 2005 | - | - | - | - | - | 6 | 3,922 | 1,988 | - | - | - | - | 5,916 |
| Released SL | 2006 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,723 | 1,438 | - | - | - | - | 4,161 |
| Released SL | 2007 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 508 | 3,533 | - | - | - | - | 4,041 |
| Released SL | 2008 | - | - | - | - | - | 229 | 1,423 | 1,503 | - | - | - | - | 3,155 |
| Released SL | 2009 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,272 | 6,674 | 6,609 | - | - | - | - | 14,555 |
| Released SL | 2010 | - | - | - | - | - | 519 | 4,154 | 3,262 | - | - | - | - | 7,935 |
| Released SL | 2011 | - | - | - | - | - | 252 | 1,493 | 1,469 | - | - | - | - | 3,214 |
| Released SL | 2012 | - | - | - | - | - | 937 | 3,762 | 1,712 | - | - | - | - | 6,411 |
| Released SL | 2013 | - | - | - | - | - | 345 | 2,512 | 2,201 | - | - | - | - | 5,058 |
| Released SL | 2014 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,484 | 1,598 | 2,652 | - | - | - | - | 4,870 |
| Released SL | 2015 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,261 | 2,802 | 2,188 | - | - | - | - | 6,251 |
| Released SL | 2016 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,659 | 2,055 | 2,621 | - | - | - | - | 6,335 |
| Released SL | 2017 | - | - | - | - | - | 5,819 | 4,280 | 4,271 | - | - | - | - | 14,370 |
| Released SL | 2018 | - | - | - | - | - | 3,076 | 6,893 | 2,917 | - | - | - | - | 12,886 |
| Released SL | AVG | - | - | - | - | - | 1,405 | 3,025 | 2,535 | - | - | - | - | 6,965 |
| Effort | 2000 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,148 | 7,075 | 8,859 | - | - | - | - | 18,082 |
| Effort | 2001 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6,092 | 4,733 | - | - | - | - | 10,825 |
| Effort | 2002 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5,016 | - | - | - | - | 5,016 |
| Effort | 2003 | - | - | - | - | - | 26 | 6,008 | 8,024 | - | - | - | - | 14,058 |
| Effort | 2004 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 8,398 | 7,969 | - | - | - | - | 16,367 |
| Effort | 2005 | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | 7,020 | 11,670 | - | - | - | - | 18,692 |
| Effort | 2006 | - | - | - | - | 4 | 33 | 8,945 | 6,918 | - | - | - | - | 15,900 |
| Effort | 2007 | - | - | - | - |  | 28 | 7,794 | 10,149 | 1 | - | - | - | 17,972 |
| Effort | 2008 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,313 | 6,659 | 5,322 | - | - | - | - | 14,294 |
| Effort | 2009 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,015 | 6,287 | 7,975 | - | - | - | - | 16,277 |
| Effort | 2010 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,649 | 6,093 | 8,275 | - | - | - | - | 16,017 |


| Parameter | Year | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |  |
| Effort | 2011 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,062 | 7,765 | 7,121 | - | - | - | - | 16,948 |
| Effort | 2012 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,415 | 5,898 | 6,609 | - | - | - | - | 14,922 |
| Effort | 2013 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,186 | 4,626 | 5,361 | - | - | - | - | 11,173 |
| Effort | 2014 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,454 | 5,687 | 6,304 | - | - | - | - | 14,445 |
| Effort | 2015 | - | - | - | - | - | 2,092 | 5,325 | 5,962 | - | - | - | - | 13,379 |
| Effort | 2016 | - | - | - | - | - | 3229 | 6182 | 5917 | - | - | - | - | 15,328 |
| Effort | 2017 | - | - | - | - | 668 | 3035 | 5067 | 5777 | 947 | - | - | - | 15,494 |
| Effort | 2018 | - | - | - | - | 949 | 3696 | 6381 | 6392 | 1446 | - | - | - | 18,864 |
| Effort | AVG | - | - | - | - | 540 | 1,774 | 6,517 | 7,071 | 798 | - | - | - | 16,700 |

Table F - 4. Kept, released Chinook and effort (boat-days) in GSPTN recreational fisheries, 2000 to 2018.

| Parameter | Year | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |  |
| Kept | 2000 | - | - | - | 187 | 150 | 2,329 | 4,464 | 9,111 | 960 | 89 | - | - | 17,290 |
| Kept | 2001 | - | - | - | 129 | 456 | 4,340 | 7,733 | 7,347 | 1,465 | 25 | - | - | 21,495 |
| Kept | 2002 | - | - | - | 359 | 2,961 | 14,205 | 13,161 | 11,079 | 1,920 | 59 | - | - | 43,744 |
| Kept | 2003 | - | - | - | 217 | 1,968 | 4,186 | 3,580 | 3,557 | 521 | 15 | - | - | 14,044 |
| Kept | 2004 | - | - | - | - | 239 | 1,390 | 1,957 | 4,962 | 1,481 | 54 | - | - | 10,083 |
| Kept | 2005 | - | - | - | - | 772 | 1,177 | 3,056 | 3,165 | 2,217 | 3 | - | - | 10,390 |
| Kept | 2006 | - | - | - | - | 82 | 1,191 | 3,090 | 3,686 | 1,708 | - | - | - | 9,757 |
| Kept | 2007 | - | - | - | 26 | 1,471 | 1,904 | 2,475 | 5,260 | 1,226 | 4 | - | - | 12,366 |
| Kept | 2008 | - | - | - | 279 | 64 | 822 | 3,007 | 1,425 | 804 | 1 | - | - | 6,402 |
| Kept | 2009 | - | - | - | - | 737 | 1,907 | 3,378 | 5,422 | 636 | - | - | - | 12,080 |
| Kept | 2010 | - | - | - | - | 403 | 1,244 | 4,922 | 4,239 | 1,027 | 1 | - | - | 11,836 |
| Kept | 2011 | - | - | - | - | 503 | 3,203 | 4,281 | 4,826 | 2,695 | - | - | - | 15,508 |
| Kept | 2012 | - | - | - | - | 370 | 2,763 | 6,426 | 4,598 | 1,405 | - | - | - | 15,562 |
| Kept | 2013 | - | - | - | - | 1,017 | 9,088 | 5,419 | 6,743 | 1,875 | - | - | - | 24,142 |
| Kept | 2014 | - | - | - | - | 1,469 | 8,128 | 11,030 | 9,947 | 4,418 | 108 | - | - | 35,100 |
| Kept | 2015 | - | 551 | 39 | - | 1,343 | 9,398 | 9,223 | 15,377 | 7,178 | - | - | - | 43,109 |
| Kept | 2016 | - | - | - | - | 3,978 | 6,450 | 8,021 | 10,679 | 3,842 | - | - | - | 32,970 |
| Kept | 2017 | - | - | - | - | 2,979 | 10,520 | 9,770 | 15,207 | 3,679 | 22 | - | - | 42,177 |
| Kept | 2018 | - | - | - | - | 8,156 | 10,914 | 13,504 | 15,015 | 1,596 | 340 | - | - | 49,525 |
| Kept | AVG | - | 551 | 39 | 200 | 1,533 | 5,008 | 6,237 | 7,455 | 2,140 | 60 | - | - | 22,504 |
| Released | 2000 | - | - | - | 90 | 9 | 104 | 144 | 443 | 296 | - | - | - | 1,086 |
| Released | 2001 | - | - | - | 12 | 19 | 146 | 326 | 1,267 | 63 | - | - | - | 1,833 |
| Released | 2002 | - | - | - | 119 | 145 | 1,654 | 1,363 | 323 | 351 | - | - | - | 3,955 |
| Released | 2003 | - | - | - | - | 14 | 54 | 918 | 327 | 5 | - | - | - | 1,318 |
| Released | 2004 | - | - | - | - | 121 | 142 | 32 | 144 | 253 | - | - | - | 692 |
| Released | 2005 | - | - | - | - | 126 | 1 | 5 | 162 | 326 | - | - | - | 620 |
| Released | 2006 | - | - | - | - | 26 | 71 | 6 | 121 | 184 | - | - | - | 408 |
| Released | 2007 | - | - | - | - | 64 | 123 | 10 | 812 | 6 | - | - | - | 1,015 |
| Released | 2008 | - | - | - | - | - | 22 | 2 | 45 | 9 | 8 | - | - | 86 |
| Released | 2009 | - | - | - | - | 198 | 63 | 9 | 133 | 143 | - | - | - | 546 |
| Released | 2010 | - | - | - | - | 20 | 140 | 220 | 389 | 4 | - | - | - | 773 |
| Released | 2011 | - | - | - | - | 2 | 36 | 230 | 183 | 266 | - | - | - | 717 |
| Released | 2012 | - | - | - | - | 3 | 76 | 147 | 17 | 32 | - | - | - | 275 |
| Released | 2013 | - | - | - | - | 296 | 1,781 | 246 | 709 | 593 | - | - | - | 3,625 |
| Released | 2014 | - | - | - | - | 586 | 1,252 | 1,563 | 1,337 | 1,185 | 1 | - | - | 5,924 |


| Parameter | Year | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |  |
| Released | 2015 | - | 28 | 1 | - | 159 | 995 | 341 | 1,955 | 1,043 | - | - | - | 4,522 |
| Released | 2016 | - | - | - | - | 254 | 570 | 547 | 709 | 170 | - | - | - | 2,250 |
| Released | 2017 | - | - | - | - | 306 | 688 | 1,003 | 1,326 | 318 | - | - | - | 1,744 |
| Released | 2018 | - | - | - | - | 296 | 4,044 | 4,687 | 2,151 | 64 | - | - | - | 11,242 |
| Released | AVG | - | 28 | 1 | 74 | 147 | 630 | 621 | 661 | 280 | 5 | - | - | 2,445 |
| Released S-L | 2000 | - | - | - | 375 | 81 | 1,671 | 6,570 | 19,304 | 3,273 | 680 | - | - | 31,954 |
| Released S-L | 2001 | - | - | - | 141 | 338 | 3,032 | 6,549 | 5,337 | 3,123 | 70 | - | - | 18,590 |
| Released S-L | 2002 | - | - | - | 701 | 2,563 | 9,349 | 11,796 | 4,662 | 1,087 | 389 | - | - | 30,547 |
| Released S-L | 2003 | - | - | - | 290 | 1,424 | 1,307 | 721 | 2,713 | 2,647 | 62 | - | - | 9,164 |
| Released S-L | 2004 | - | - | - | - | 225 | 580 | 700 | 2,645 | 1,372 | 47 | - | - | 5,569 |
| Released S-L | 2005 | - | - | - | - | 1,380 | 923 | 2,203 | 1,247 | 672 | 49 | - | - | 6,474 |
| Released S-L | 2006 | - | - | - | - | 21 | 359 | 558 | 698 | 1,232 | 171 | - | - | 3,039 |
| Released S-L | 2007 | - | - | - | 61 | 864 | 4,319 | 6,115 | 6,124 | 1,594 | 68 | - | - | 19,145 |
| Released S-L | 2008 | - | - | - | 63 | 111 | 785 | 758 | 1,652 | 614 | 107 | - | - | 4,090 |
| Released S-L | 2009 | - | - | - | - | 1,131 | 2,121 | 2,917 | 2,761 | 1,182 | - | - | - | 10,112 |
| Released S-L | 2010 | - | - | - | - | 285 | 1,353 | 1,621 | 2,477 | 1,073 | - | - | - | 6,809 |
| Released S-L | 2011 | - | - | - | - | 666 | 912 | 3,018 | 2,798 | 3,294 | - | - | - | 10,688 |
| Released S-L | 2012 | - | - | - | - | 210 | 2,621 | 8,296 | 9,587 | 7,073 | - | - | - | 27,787 |
| Released S-L | 2013 | - | - | - | - | - | 14,033 | 11,329 | 18,408 | 3,307 | - | - | - | 47,077 |
| Released S-L | 2014 | - | - | - | - | - | 6,514 | 6,073 | 10,676 | 2,917 | 385 | - | - | 15,296 |
| Released S-L | 2015 | - | 1,009 | 185 | - | - | 5,353 | 6,565 | 10,060 | 2,299 | - | - | - | 25,471 |
| Released S-L | 2016 | - | - | - | - | 7,276 | 12,690 | 11,135 | 7,693 | 5,802 | - | - | - | 44,596 |
| Released S-L | 2017 | - | - | - | - | 2,817 | 6,649 | 8,672 | 24,506 | 8,919 | 175 | - | - | 51,738 |
| Released S-L | 2018 | - | - | - | - | - | 8,157 | 9,314 | 15,337 | 2,941 | 886 | - | - | 36,635 |
| Released S-L | AVG | - | 1,009 | 185 | 272 | 1,293 | 4,354 | 5,522 | 7,826 | 2,864 | 257 | - | - | 23,582 |
| Effort | 2000 | - | - | - | 3,835 | 1,731 | 11,434 | 20,257 | 31,758 | 11,691 | 3,820 | - | - | 84,526 |
| Effort | 2001 | - | - | - | 1,325 | 1,991 | 13,048 | 23,850 | 29,236 | 13,044 | 2,978 | - | - | 85,472 |
| Effort | 2002 | - | - | - | 3,576 | 6,680 | 21,615 | 26,145 | 35,396 | 7,451 | 3,540 | - | - | 104,403 |
| Effort | 2003 | - | - | - | 1,569 | 5,663 | 14,264 | 14,749 | 20,639 | 11,179 | 1,489 | - | - | 69,552 |
| Effort | 2004 | - | - | - | - | 5,454 | 7,693 | 11,194 | 14,434 | 7,512 | 3,010 | - | - | 49,297 |
| Effort | 2005 | - | - | - | - | 2,764 | 5,490 | 8,381 | 11,644 | 5,963 | 2,624 | - | - | 36,866 |
| Effort | 2006 | - | - | - | - | 1,801 | 5,206 | 8,449 | 9,370 | 6,627 | 1,915 | - | - | 33,368 |
| Effort | 2007 | - | - | - | 333 | 6,609 | 3,356 | 8,367 | 12,041 | 6,253 | 1,538 | - | - | 38,497 |
| Effort | 2008 | - | - | - | 325 | 1,334 | 3,124 | 8,890 | 9,085 | 6,357 | 2,413 | - | - | 31,528 |
| Effort | 2009 | - | - | - | - | 3,161 | 5,444 | 9,360 | 11,104 | 4,646 | - | - | - | 33,715 |
| Effort | 2010 | - | - | - | - | 1,674 | 2,851 | 7,842 | 10,792 | 5,815 | 949 | - | - | 29,923 |


| Parameter | Year | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |  |
| Effort | 2011 | - | - | - | - | 2,728 | 3,548 | 9,196 | 12,638 | 10,976 | - | - | - | 39,086 |
| Effort | 2012 | - | - | - | - | 3,115 | 5,394 | 10,540 | 11,857 | 8,186 | - | - | - | 39,092 |
| Effort | 2013 | - | - | - | - | 4,501 | 16,029 | 14,655 | 17,965 | 9,301 | - | - | - | 62,451 |
| Effort | 2014 | - | - | - | - | 4,074 | 7,398 | 13,719 | 21,435 | 8,937 | 1,172 | - | - | 56,735 |
| Effort | 2015 | - | 990 | 482 | - | 2,884 | 12,607 | 15,481 | 19,462 | 8,698 | - | - | - | 60,604 |
| Effort | 2016 | - | - | - | - | 7873 | 9548 | 16458 | 15188 | 11267 | - | - | - | 60,334 |
| Effort | 2017 | - | - | - | - | 5747 | 12318 | 24147 | 21599 | 10803 | 1393 | - | - | 76,007 |
| Effort | 2018 | - | - | - | - | 6308 | 11082 | 19684 | 25124 | 6500 | 2154 | - | - | 70,852 |
| Effort | AVG | - | 990 | 482 | 1,827 | 4,005 | 9,024 | 14,282 | 17,935 | 8,485 | 2,230 | - | - | 59,260 |

Table F-5. Kept, released Chinook and effort (boat-days) in Georgia Strait Sport South (GSPTS) recreational fisheries, 2000 to 2018.

| Parameter | Year | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |  |
| Kept | 2000 | - | - | - | 747 | 281 | 671 | 694 | 891 | 1,340 | - | - | - | 4,624 |
| Kept | 2001 | - | - | - | 378 | 697 | 3,829 | 1,794 | 1,161 | 1,974 | - | - | - | 9,833 |
| Kept | 2002 | - | - | - | 1,346 | 2,505 | 1,522 | 1,109 | 1,707 | 983 | 43 |  |  | 9,215 |
| Kept | 2003 | - | - | - | 494 | 746 | 1,095 | 1,142 | 1,342 | 1,434 | 140 | - | - | 6,393 |
| Kept | 2004 | - | - | - | 54 | 263 | 145 | 454 | 728 | 1,433 | 694 | - | - | 3,771 |
| Kept | 2005 |  | 2 | 50 | 46 | 236 | 117 | 316 | 207 | 857 | 77 | - | - | 1,908 |
| Kept | 2006 | 27 | 14 |  | 38 | 650 | 164 | 296 | 92 | 847 | 300 | - | - | 2,428 |
| Kept | 2007 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 12 | 273 | 270 | 254 | 605 | 601 | 63 | - | - | 2,083 |
| Kept | 2008 | - | 5 | - | 416 | 202 | 105 | 723 | 489 | 542 | 22 | - | - | 2,504 |
| Kept | 2009 | - | - | - | - | 3,928 | 336 | 325 | 458 | 420 | - | - | - | 5,467 |
| Kept | 2010 | - | - | 6 | - | 492 | 1,106 | 718 | 469 | 311 | - | - | - | 3,102 |
| Kept | 2011 | - | - | - | 6 | 1,934 | 1,317 | 974 | 884 | 1,020 | - |  | 10 | 6,145 |
| Kept | 2012 | 77 | 110 | 109 | 4 | 1,890 | 2,273 | 558 | 1,545 | 323 | - | - | - | 6,889 |
| Kept | 2013 | - |  |  |  | 3,787 | 2,004 | 672 | 1,555 | 957 | - | - | - | 8,975 |
| Kept | 2014 | - | 1 | 2 |  | 4,779 | 1,903 | 1,247 | 1,980 | 1,236 | - | - | - | 11,148 |
| Kept | 2015 | - |  | 17 | 1 | 5,516 | 1,041 | 1,947 | 4,657 | 2,884 | 304 | - | - | 16,367 |
| Kept | 2016 | - |  | 9 | 91 | 4,434 | 1,731 | 1,219 | 1,644 | 2,556 |  | - | - | 11,684 |
| Kept | 2017 | - |  | 25 | 75 | 4,452 | 1,396 | 1,499 | 4,361 | 5,377 | 53 | - | - | 17,238 |
| Kept | 2018 | - | 39 | 988 | 21 | 10,533 | 1,361 | 1,318 | 2,883 | 1,023 | 105 | - | - | 18,271 |
| Kept | AVG | 35 | 25 | 121 | 249 | 2,505 | 1,178 | 908 | 1,456 | 1,375 | 180 |  | 10 | 7,792 |
| Released | 2000 | - | - | - | 229 | 45 | 34 | 20 | 40 | 248 | - | - | - | 616 |
| Released | 2001 | - | - | - | 87 | 21 | 111 | 211 | 269 | 227 | - | - | - | 926 |
| Released | 2002 | - | - | - | 141 | 192 | 178 | 17 | 104 | 276 | - | - | - | 908 |
| Released | 2003 | - | - | - | 27 | 244 | 147 | 271 | 133 | 283 | - | - | - | 1,105 |
| Released | 2004 | - | - | - | - | 111 | 68 | 19 | 356 | 449 | 18 | - | - | 1,021 |
| Released | 2005 | - | - | - | - | 98 | 151 | 146 | - | 62 |  | - | - | 457 |
| Released | 2006 | 6 | 7 |  | - | - | - | - | - | 16 | 60 | - | - | 89 |
| Released | 2007 | - | - | - | 2 | 495 | 88 | 17 | 129 | 53 |  | - | - | 784 |
| Released | 2008 | - | - | - | 46 | 55 | 23 | 60 | 40 | 85 | 1 | - | - | 310 |
| Released | 2009 | - | - | - | - | 3,212 | 9 | 39 | 83 | 49 | - | - | - | 3,392 |
| Released | 2010 | - | - | - | - | 44 | 420 | 107 | 70 | 125 | - | - | - | 766 |
| Released | 2011 | - | - | - | - | 166 | 325 | 583 | 128 | 155 | - | 2 |  | 1,359 |
| Released | 2012 | 45 | 19 | 29 | - | 486 | 831 | 50 | 241 | 32 | - | - | - | 1,733 |
| Released | 2013 | - | - | - | - | 4,603 | 574 | 79 | 121 | 338 | - | - | - | 5,715 |
| Released | 2014 | - | - | - | - | 9,100 | 1,673 | 1,134 | 131 | 284 | - | - | - | 12,322 |


| Parameter | Year | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |  |
| Released | 2015 | - | - | - | - | 447 | 235 | 735 | 454 | 153 | - | - | - | 2,024 |
| Released | 2016 | - | - | - | - | 351 | 146 | 205 | 143 | 622 | - | - | - | 1,467 |
| Released | 2017 | - | - | - | 175 | 308 | 219 | 575 | 753 | 190 | - | - | - | 2,058 |
| Released | 2018 | - | 43 | 56 | - | 795 | 9 | 185 | 280 | 33 | 112 | - | - | 1,513 |
| Released | AVG | 17 | 17 | 28 | 101 | 1,154 | 291 | 247 | 204 | 194 | 48 | 2 |  | 2,304 |
| Released S-L | 2000 | - | - | - | 1,038 | 385 | 672 | 2,081 | 3,025 | 6,527 | - | - | - | 13,728 |
| Released S-L | 2001 | - | - | - | 624 | 2,211 | 6,073 | 4,016 | 5,893 | 6,121 | - | - | - | 24,938 |
| Released S-L | 2002 | - | - | - | 1,977 | 7,012 | 3,236 | 3,555 | 4,357 | 1,690 | 338 | - | - | 22,165 |
| Released S-L | 2003 | - | - | - | 938 | 1,035 | 773 | 932 | 1,614 | 3,089 | 245 | - | - | 8,626 |
| Released S-L | 2004 | - | - | - | 24 | 121 | 40 | 402 | 4,247 | 1,519 | 223 | 66 | - | 6,642 |
| Released S-L | 2005 | - | - | - | 69 | 713 | 522 | 620 | 438 | 179 | 10 | - | - | 2,551 |
| Released S-L | 2006 | 10 | 1 | - | 17 | 203 | 93 | 236 | 367 | 155 | 116 | - | - | 1,198 |
| Released S-L | 2007 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | 460 | 708 | 881 | 1,087 | 1,234 | 202 | - | - | 4,575 |
| Released S-L | 2008 | 17 | 4 | - | 517 | 130 | 177 | 395 | 1,762 | 1,253 | 67 | - | - | 4,322 |
| Released S-L | 2009 | - | - | - | - | 823 | 594 | 973 | 2,658 | 1,381 | - | - | - | 6,429 |
| Released S-L | 2010 | - | - | - | - | 333 | 1,376 | 1,025 | 1,821 | 779 | - | - | - | 5,334 |
| Released S-L | 2011 | - | - | - | 4 | 413 | 975 | 1,588 | 2,033 | 2,534 | - | 11 | 10 | 7,568 |
| Released S-L | 2012 | 115 | 285 | 331 | 8 | 441 | 884 | 1,038 | 10,943 | 1,943 | - | - | - | 15,988 |
| Released S-L | 2013 | - | - | - | - | - | 16,469 | 3,660 | 4,086 | - | - | - | - | 24,215 |
| Released S-L | 2014 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,260 | 89 | - | - | - | 9,506 |
| Released S-L | 2015 | - | - | - | - | 1,939 | 2,050 | - | 1,361 | 778 | 74 | - | - | 6,202 |
| Released S-L | 2016 | - | - | 21 | 182 | 9,817 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 10,020 |
| Released S-L | 2017 | - | - | 62 | 74 | 5,194 | 2,226 | 6,254 | 3,092 | 3,548 | 290 | - | - | 20,740 |
| Released S-L | 2018 |  | 67 | 2,924 | - | 107 | 4,042 | 3,015 | 4,920 | 979 | 66 | - | - | 16,120 |
| Released S-L | AVG | 36 | 72 | 556 | 421 | 1,843 | 2,406 | 1,917 | 3,109 | 1,988 | 163 | 39 | 10 | 12,560 |
| Effort | 2000 | - | - | - | 4,661 | 2,641 | 6,590 | 8,660 | 8,950 | 11,410 | - | - | - | 42,912 |
| Effort | 2001 | - | - | - | 3,269 | 3,022 | 13,857 | 11,583 | 13,711 | 11,065 | - | - | - | 56,507 |
| Effort | 2002 | - | - | - | 5,388 | 6,847 | 8,698 | 9,280 | 14,692 | 6,714 | 2,625 | - | - | 54,244 |
| Effort | 2003 | - | - | - | 3,960 | 4,016 | 8,373 | 12,204 | 15,584 | 11,857 | 1,666 | - | - | 57,660 |
| Effort | 2004 | - | - | - | 275 | 2,708 | 3,685 | 6,836 | 7,429 | 5,094 | 2,646 | 214 | 39 | 28,926 |
| Effort | 2005 | 17 | 20 | 49 | 250 | 2,486 | 4,395 | 5,511 | 5,349 | 4,200 | 830 | - | 29 | 23,136 |
| Effort | 2006 | 51 | 40 | - | 325 | 2,806 | 3,740 | 5,658 | 7,263 | 6,402 | 2,887 | - | - | 29,172 |
| Effort | 2007 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 99 | 2,795 | 2,987 | 5,506 | 5,685 | 4,965 | 1,350 | - | - | 23,403 |
| Effort | 2008 | 17 | 13 | 5 | 1,253 | 1,967 | 1,358 | 4,101 | 3,202 | 3,896 | 806 | - | - | 16,618 |
| Effort | 2009 | - | 4 | - | 19 | 5,322 | 3,552 | 5,283 | 6,668 | 3,710 | - | - | - | 24,558 |
| Effort | 2010 | - | - | 6 | 41 | 1,814 | 3,945 | 6,020 | 8,707 | 4,312 | - | - | - | 24,845 |


| Parameter | Year | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |  |
| Effort | 2011 | - | - | - | 45 | 6,480 | 3,342 | 8,497 | 8,864 | 7,277 | 8 | 11 | 25 | 34,549 |
| Effort | 2012 | 584 | 705 | 670 | 50 | 5,625 | 6,419 | 6,649 | 10,260 | 5,075 | - | - | - | 36,037 |
| Effort | 2013 | - | - | 79 | 120 | 6,686 | 7,636 | 7,841 | 10,410 | 6,030 | 51 | - | - | 38,853 |
| Effort | 2014 | - | 8 | 20 | 85 | 6,041 | 4,592 | 8,041 | 22,645 | 8,716 | 31 | - | - | 50,179 |
| Effort | 2015 | - | 21 | 88 | 107 | 8,523 | 4,139 | 9,199 | 12,674 | 6,262 | 1774 | - | - | 42,787 |
| Effort | 2016 | - | - | 38 | 121 | 8663 | 6119 | 10334 | 10558 | 8055 | - | - | - | 43,888 |
| Effort | 2017 | - | - | 190 | 560 | 10391 | 6857 | 10066 | 15739 | 12104 | 691 | - | - | 56,598 |
| Effort | 2018 | - | 74 | 2862 | 373 | 11695 | 6263 | 8241 | 16006 | 13264 | 251 | - | - | 59,029 |
| Effort | AVG | 112 | 89 | 309 | 1,105 | 5,291 | 5,608 | 7,869 | 10,758 | 7,390 | 1,201 | 56 | 19 | 39,807 |

Table F - 6. Kept, released Chinook and effort (boat-days) in Juan de Fuca recreational fisheries, 2000 to 2018.

| Parameter | Year | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |  |
| Kept | 2000 | 907 | 640 | 150 | 98 | 638 | 2,181 | 1,199 | 1,509 | 777 | 344 | 550 | 1,746 | 10,739 |
| Kept | 2001 | 1,160 | 1,246 | 417 | 505 | 486 | 5,013 | 2,192 | 4,572 | 1,258 | 97 | 449 | 618 | 18,013 |
| Kept | 2002 | 1,181 | 1,051 | 991 | 638 | 641 | 4,556 | 4,518 | 4,513 | 824 | 119 | 129 | 631 | 19,792 |
| Kept | 2003 | 1,118 | 138 | 342 | 1,322 | 664 | 3,747 | 4,769 | 4,238 | 1,455 | 106 | 385 | 496 | 18,780 |
| Kept | 2004 | 2,039 | 785 | 619 | 275 | 674 | 4,240 | 7,398 | 7,759 | 3,087 | 2,152 | 993 | 1,531 | 31,552 |
| Kept | 2005 | 1,640 | 500 | 380 | 141 | 491 | 1,925 | 3,824 | 6,063 | 2,928 | 75 | - | 1,250 | 19,217 |
| Kept | 2006 | 790 | 383 | - | 251 | 305 | 2,324 | 2,467 | 7,914 | 2,526 | 1,871 | - | - | 18,831 |
| Kept | 2007 | 869 | 1,073 | 396 | 439 | 379 | 2,198 | 3,090 | 7,021 | 1,981 | 256 | 414 | 456 | 18,572 |
| Kept | 2008 | 984 | 733 | 277 | 182 | 75 | 1,597 | 1,374 | 4,706 | 2,091 | 387 | 1,107 | 298 | 13,811 |
| Kept | 2009 | 589 | 327 | 63 | 95 | 313 | 4,742 | 3,286 | 7,991 | 3,575 | 1,831 | 624 | 2,149 | 25,585 |
| Kept | 2010 | - | - | 300 | 624 | 367 | 1,724 | 1,331 | 2,425 | 1,691 | - | - | - | 8,462 |
| Kept | 2011 | - | 476 | 246 | 535 | 399 | 1,180 | 2,935 | 4,808 | 1,787 | 339 | 303 | 551 | 13,559 |
| Kept | 2012 | 532 | 639 | 387 | 607 | 1,617 | 2,156 | 3,351 | 4,706 | 1,570 | - | - | - | 15,565 |
| Kept | 2013 | - | - | 303 | 71 | 357 | 4,109 | 4,375 | 11,170 | 2,117 | 426 | - | - | 22,928 |
| Kept | 2014 | - | 280 | 483 | 457 | 2,447 | 2,997 | 3,781 | 4,027 | 995 | 51 | - | - | 15,518 |
| Kept | 2015 | - | 895 | 206 | 792 | 2,057 | 3,911 | 7,206 | 12,728 | 4,423 | 75 | - | - | 32,293 |
| Kept | 2016 | - | - | 430 | 852 | 1,613 | 1,317 | 3,356 | 6,036 | 2,721 | - | - | - | 16,325 |
| Kept | 2017 | - | - | 577 | 764 | 573 | 1,660 | 2,336 | 8,503 | 3,470 | 372 | - | - | 18,255 |
| Kept | 2018 | - | 505 | 471 | 547 | 1,352 | 2,216 | 5,584 | 9,432 | 2,271 | 1,203 | - | - | 23,581 |
| Kept | AVG | 1,074 | 645 | 391 | 484 | 813 | 2,831 | 3,599 | 6,322 | 2,187 | 607 | 550 | 973 | 19,020 |
| Released | 2000 | 389 | 300 | 9 | - | 103 | 311 | 33 | 30 | 120 | 6 | 88 | 301 | 1,690 |
| Released | 2001 | 210 | 309 | 47 | 275 | 253 | 1,542 | 55 | 772 | 125 | - | 186 | 207 | 3,981 |
| Released | 2002 | 1,070 | 314 | 709 | 118 | 76 | 1,133 | 288 | 622 | - | 23 | 10 | 122 | 4,485 |
| Released | 2003 | 188 | 60 | 51 | 331 | 129 | 502 | 733 | 363 | 106 | 15 | 126 | 41 | 2,645 |
| Released | 2004 | 42 | 168 | 7 | 12 | 29 | 120 | 1,483 | 1,802 | 320 | 677 | 494 | 996 | 6,150 |
| Released | 2005 | 834 | 177 | 79 | - | 39 | 376 | 632 | 753 | 268 | 15 | - | 667 | 3,840 |
| Released | 2006 | 91 | 89 | - | 30 | - | 434 | - | 473 | 115 | 645 | - | - | 1,877 |
| Released | 2007 | 336 | 122 | 39 | 34 | - | 402 | 477 | 611 | 166 | 14 | 96 | 8 | 2,305 |
| Released | 2008 | 150 | 20 | 13 | 34 | 3 | 29 | 38 | 137 | 147 | 37 | 240 | 6 | 854 |
| Released | 2009 | 12 | 3 | 3 | 10 | 112 | 389 | 588 | 502 | 236 | 225 | 186 | 1,467 | 3,733 |
| Released | 2010 | - | - | 33 | 457 | 114 | 318 | 80 | 276 | 442 | - | - | - | 1,720 |
| Released | 2011 | - | 37 | 25 | 95 | 130 | 379 | 266 | 229 | 348 | 122 | 53 | 166 | 1,850 |
| Released | 2012 | 112 | 306 | 96 | 76 | 290 | 688 | 169 | 375 | 43 | - | - | - | 2,155 |
| Released | 2013 | - | - | 96 | 95 | 18 | 679 | 1,179 | 2,458 | 545 | 109 | - | - | 5,179 |
| Released | 2014 | - | 136 | 278 | 94 | 997 | 844 | 1,042 | 499 | 403 | 125 | - | - | 4,418 |


| Parameter | Year | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |  |
| Released | 2015 | - | 300 | 20 | 179 | 184 | 1,112 | 938 | 1,840 | 1,207 | 44 | - | - | 5,824 |
| Released | 2016 | - | - | 390 | 423 | 473 | 626 | 1,064 | 1,562 | 1,412 | - | - | - | 5,950 |
| Released | 2017 | - | - | 8 | 331 | 59 | 801 | 417 | 1,721 | 1,455 | 203 | - | - | 3,450 |
| Released | 2018 | - | 217 | 156 | 34 | 448 | 729 | 1,771 | 3,399 | 311 | 868 | - | - | 7,933 |
| Released | AVG | 312 | 171 | 114 | 155 | 203 | 601 | 625 | 970 | 432 | 209 | 164 | 3,981 | 7,936 |
| Released S-L | 2000 | 536 | 293 | 71 | 84 | 305 | 962 | 342 | 1,828 | 1,740 | 439 | 948 | 1,167 | 8,715 |
| Released S-L | 2001 | 1,221 | 2,666 | 873 | 517 | 218 | 1,910 | 597 | 1,329 | 1,029 | 51 | 397 | 648 | 11,456 |
| Released S-L | 2002 | 3,315 | 3,807 | 2,062 | 361 | 112 | 426 | 661 | 647 | 264 | 351 | 40 | 606 | 12,652 |
| Released S-L | 2003 | 949 | 186 | 169 | 320 | 132 | 936 | 943 | 960 | 709 | 76 | 259 | 272 | 5,911 |
| Released S-L | 2004 | 41 | 341 | 101 | 62 | - | 316 | 1,455 | 2,110 | 1,125 | 2,804 | 1,513 | 727 | 10,595 |
| Released S-L | 2005 | 489 | 239 | 144 | 5 | 38 | 392 | 813 | 698 | 1,229 | 380 | - | 320 | 4,747 |
| Released S-L | 2006 | 229 | 62 | - | 44 | - | 268 | 87 | 521 | 624 | 199 | - | - | 2,034 |
| Released S-L | 2007 | 182 | 80 | 52 | 14 | 48 | 464 | 2,345 | 2,202 | 1,004 | 317 | 234 | 76 | 7,018 |
| Released S-L | 2008 | 1,160 | 458 | 191 | 41 | 3 | 177 | 76 | 535 | 572 | 287 | 471 | 114 | 4,085 |
| Released S-L | 2009 | 167 | 42 | 20 | 24 | 269 | 1,461 | 3,199 | 13,060 | 13,902 | 5,736 | 693 | 1,860 | 40,433 |
| Released S-L | 2010 | - | - | 85 | 108 | 43 | 147 | 49 | 705 | 1,019 | - | - | - | 2,156 |
| Released S-L | 2011 | - | 226 | 61 | 33 | 9 | 237 | 1,049 | 2,066 | 3,451 | 746 | 214 | 962 | 9,054 |
| Released S-L | 2012 | 735 | 717 | 273 | 98 | 158 | 383 | 1,212 | 2,422 | 1,273 | - | - | - | 7,271 |
| Released S-L | 2013 | - | - | 129 | 14 | 83 | 1,830 | 1,341 | 6,459 | 2,156 | 727 | - | - | 12,739 |
| Released S-L | 2014 | - | 130 | 271 | 117 | 228 | 157 | 4,157 | 1,995 | 374 | 154 |  | - | 9,671 |
| Released S-L | 2015 | - | 561 | 55 | 127 | 100 | 1,569 | 3,837 | 5,230 | 3,535 | 459 | - | - | 15,473 |
| Released S-L | 2016 | - | - | 579 | 982 | 68 | 660 | 4,627 | 4,900 | 1,648 | - | - | - | 13,464 |
| Released S-L | 2017 | - | - | 69 | 439 | 185 | 576 | 3,987 | 8,008 | 3,292 | 1,452 | - | - | 18,008 |
| Released S-L | 2018 | - | 827 | 284 | 100 | 202 | 752 | 12,868 | 12,673 | 4,451 | 1,342 | - | - | 33,499 |
| Released S-L | AVG | 820 | 709 | 305 | 184 | 129 | 717 | 2,297 | 3,597 | 2,284 | 970 | 530 | 675 | 13,218 |
| Effort | 2000 | 1,231 | 869 | 677 | 1,834 | 3,508 | 8,473 | 8,138 | 7,374 | 5,451 | 1,885 | 1,376 | 2,534 | 43,350 |
| Effort | 2001 | 1,736 | 1,879 | 1,446 | 2,209 | 1,523 | 15,435 | 9,737 | 13,350 | 5,197 | 992 | 1,726 | 696 | 55,926 |
| Effort | 2002 | 2,429 | 1,464 | 1,539 | 2,206 | 4,392 | 15,191 | 12,065 | 11,178 | 5,223 | 2,401 | 885 | 1,367 | 60,340 |
| Effort | 2003 | 1,469 | 456 | 841 | 3,432 | 3,683 | 8,871 | 11,777 | 0,968 | 5,992 | 786 | 328 | 735 | 49,338 |
| Effort | 2004 | 1,678 | 1,035 | 1,994 | 1,857 | 2,822 | 10,114 | 10,488 | 10,850 | 7,951 | 3,846 | 687 | 877 | 54,199 |
| Effort | 2005 | 1,265 | 892 | 1,922 | 1,016 | 3,555 | 7,004 | 10,507 | 8,569 | 6,350 | 1,407 | - | 1,558 | 44,045 |
| Effort | 2006 | 1,312 | 1,280 |  | 1,255 | 2,650 | 8,260 | 8,644 | 11,671 | 7,360 | 2,875 | - | - | 45,307 |
| Effort | 2007 | 1,123 | 1,491 | 1,136 | 1,685 | 2,155 | 4,809 | 7,442 | 15,545 | 8,292 | 2,434 | 806 | 1,057 | 47,975 |
| Effort | 2008 | 1,638 | 870 | 1,467 | 1,279 | 2,093 | 6,266 | 6,476 | 12,786 | 6,366 | 2,218 | 1,086 | 531 | 43,076 |
| Effort | 2009 | 968 | 777 | 903 | 1,970 | 5,700 | 9,745 | 10,258 | 15,045 | 7,434 | 2,302 | 997 | 1,839 | 57,938 |
| Effort | 2010 | - | - | 1,420 | 2,687 | 2,838 | 6,016 | 9,076 | 10,486 | 5,259 | - | - | - | 37,782 |


| Parameter | Year | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |  |
| Effort | 2011 | - | 1,065 | 1,183 | 1,321 | 3,266 | 3,610 | 9,154 | 12,372 | 8,424 | 2,827 | 343 | 1,064 | 44,629 |
| Effort | 2012 | 699 | 689 | 2,098 | 2,152 | 6,228 | 4,553 | 7,909 | 9,567 | 7,771 | - | - | - | 41,666 |
| Effort | 2013 | - | - | 2,450 | 2,020 | 2,247 | 8,020 | 9,002 | 13,171 | 6,736 | 3,235 | - | - | 46,881 |
| Effort | 2014 | - | 449 | 1,517 | 1,880 | 4,674 | 6,095 | 8,452 | 12,151 | 6,797 | 3,330 | - | - | 45,345 |
| Effort | 2015 | - | 1,769 | 2,402 | 4,204 | 4,006 | 5,970 | 11,409 | 12,743 | 7,232 | 3040 | - | - | 52,775 |
| Effort | 2016 | - | - | 2070 | 3222 | 4935 | 5423 | 7444 | 11067 | 7705 | - | - | - | 41,866 |
| Effort | 2017 | - | - | 1024 | 1780 | 2243 | 3418 | 4836 | 11842 | 10382 | 1283 | - | - | 36,808 |
| Effort | 2018 | - | 524 | 1021 | 1318 | 3280 | 6122 | 9176 | 11241 | 8046 | 4191 | - | - | 44,919 |
| Effort | AVG | 1,413 | 1,034 | 1,506 | 2,070 | 3,463 | 7,547 | 9,052 | 11,683 | 7,051 | 2,441 | 915 | 1,226 | 49,401 |

Table F - 7. IREC (Internet Recreational Survey) Estimates for Southern BC areas.

| Region | Parameter | Year | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |  |
| JST | Kept | 2012 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6,073 | 7,073 | 212 | - | - | 133 | 13,491 |
| JST | Kept | 2013 | 1,355 | - | 835 | 78 | 367 | 3,337 | 5,201 | 6,566 | 1,580 | - | - |  | 19,319 |
| JST | Kept | 2014 | 148 | - | 22 | 115 | 1,282 | 8,319 | 10,775 | 7,524 | 4,385 | 387 | - | 26 | 32,983 |
| JST | Kept | 2015 | 755 | 347 | 311 | 199 | 3,313 | 9,166 | 15,509 | 12,571 | 4,026 | 235 | 149 | 225 | 46,808 |
| JST | Kept | 2016 | 142 | - | 78 | 355 | 1,395 | 6,280 | 8,398 | 9,554 | 1,532 | - | - | 234 | 27,967 |
| JST | Kept | 2017 | 154 | 159 | 85 | 221 | 1,570 | 5,873 | 14,628 | 12,624 | 1,947 | 111 |  | 307 | 37,678 |
| JST | Kept | 2018 | 294 | 51 | 575 | 587 | 1,280 | 7,732 | 12,602 | 10,042 | 1,503 | 132 | 78 | 256 | 35,133 |
| JST | Released | 2012 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 11,347 | 4,726 | 595 | 379 | - | 463 | 17,510 |
| JST | Released | 2013 | 1,742 | 1,433 | 1,670 | 17 | 569 | 2,675 | 6,446 | 13,742 | 6,404 | 126 | 1,070 |  | 35,893 |
| JST | Released | 2014 | 148 | - | - | 600 | 1,658 | 6,863 | 10,341 | 10,723 | 11,948 | 687 | - | 115 | 43,082 |
| JST | Released | 2015 | 1,316 | 288 | 431 | 278 | 2,570 | 4,317 | 14,771 | 7,502 | 4,202 | 12 | 299 | 1,051 | 37,037 |
| JST | Released | 2016 | 354 |  | 78 | 949 | 3,347 | 10,670 | 9,424 | 9,509 | 2,915 | 238 | 312 | 468 | 38,263 |
| JST | Released | 2017 | 154 | 558 | 254 | 1,035 | 2,140 | 5,554 | 10,121 | 9,530 | 4,039 | 50 | 217 | 830 | 34,482 |
| JST | Released | 2018 | 441 | 103 | 818 | 1,461 | 2,266 | 10,126 | 19,650 | 17,190 | 2,149 | 227 | 78 | 682 | 55,190 |
| GSPTN | Kept | 2012 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,968 | 2,384 | 316 | 161 |  |  | 4,829 |
| GSPTN | Kept | 2013 | 194 | - | - | 218 | 730 | 2,413 | 2,172 | 3,753 | 661 | 697 |  | 294 | 11,132 |
| GSPTN | Kept | 2014 | 125 | - | - | 543 | 1,754 | 4,845 | 2,246 | 2,535 | 1,447 | 11 | - | 10 | 13,518 |
| GSPTN | Kept | 2015 | 589 | 490 | 331 | 562 | 3,753 | 2,954 | 2,076 | 3,894 | 641 | 404 | - | 75 | 15,769 |
| GSPTN | Kept | 2016 | 71 | 9 | 323 | 852 | 2,445 | 2,392 | 3,598 | 3,569 | 2,540 | 81 | - | 78 | 15,958 |
| GSPTN | Kept | 2017 | 364 | 80 | 254 | 616 | 3,677 | 4,864 | 3,711 | 4,791 | 1,601 | 332 | 73 | 53 | 20,415 |
| GSPTN | Kept | 2018 | 73 | - | 860 | 1,826 | 6,089 | 3,114 | 6,888 | 4,650 | 1,786 | 566 | 389 | 170 | 26,413 |
| GSPTN | Released | 2012 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,164 | 12,003 | 914 | 1,231 | - | 176 | 15,487 |
| GSPTN | Released | 2013 | 774 | 410 | 417 | 287 | 1,026 | 5,373 | 9,268 | 8,697 | 7,521 | 911 |  | 882 | 35,566 |
| GSPTN | Released | 2014 | - | 303 | 22 | 925 | 1,705 | 12,227 | 2,901 | 6,339 | 4,783 | 283 | - | 49 | 29,538 |
| GSPTN | Released | 2015 | 1,310 | 1,586 | 696 | 1,184 | 3,870 | 3,739 | 3,137 | 2,911 | 1,533 | 1,472 | - | 676 | 22,114 |
| GSPTN | Released | 2016 | 637 | 546 | 814 | 2,413 | 6,519 | 6,641 | 11,022 | 7,082 | 7,117 | 304 | 312 | 644 | 44,051 |
| GSPTN | Released | 2017 | 386 | 718 | 645 | 664 | 3,731 | 7,306 | 8,628 | 16,694 | 7,587 | 3,315 | 270 | 771 | 50,716 |
| GSPTN | Released | 2018 | 539 |  | 2,208 | 3,711 | 5,522 | 6,663 | 13,301 | 12,322 | 4,923 | 2,297 | 1,769 | 426 | 53,681 |
| GSPTS | Kept | 2012 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 707 | 2,341 | 2,129 | 1,779 | - | 854 | 7,809 |
| GSPTS | Kept | 2013 | 384 | 205 | 1,878 | 328 | 3,185 | 2,249 | 1,671 | 4,482 | 3,392 | 506 | 153 | 147 | 18,580 |
| GSPTS | Kept | 2014 | - | 289 | 819 | 606 | 4,761 | 2,092 | 1,364 | 1,797 | 1,705 | 358 | 95 |  | 13,887 |
| GSPTS | Kept | 2015 | 360 | 164 | 317 | 1,848 | 3,462 | 2,066 | 1,224 | 4,909 | 3,407 | 222 | 60 | 75 | 18,115 |
| GSPTS | Kept | 2016 | 212 | 759 | 1,589 | 958 | 2,574 | 2,001 | 1,303 | 1,697 | 2,764 | 258 | 141 | 312 | 14,570 |
| GSPTS | Kept | 2017 | 583 | 1,114 | 997 | 3,946 | 5,275 | 1,810 | 2,120 | 5,427 | 3,446 | 1,389 | 434 | 216 | 26,757 |
| GSPTS | Kept | 2018 | 353 | 318 | 1,843 | 4,267 | 9,000 | 3,105 | 3,210 | 2,794 | 2,049 | - | 187 | 445 | 27,572 |


| Region | Parameter | Year | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |  |
| GSPTS | Released | 2012 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,120 | 24,271 | 6,885 | 2,501 | - | 1,113 | 36,890 |
| GSPTS | Released | 2013 | 3,661 | 1,638 | 4,863 | 897 | 5,263 | 5,433 | 6,424 | 9,486 | 5,853 | 2,520 | 459 | 1,829 | 48,327 |
| GSPTS | Released | 2014 | 295 | 153 | 2,467 | 990 | 5,595 | 1,229 | 2,181 | 1,910 | 4,811 | 67 | 557 | 352 | 20,608 |
| GSPTS | Released | 2015 | 464 | 478 | 404 | 1,420 | 3,099 | 2,889 | 1,587 | 3,298 | 2,410 | 1,530 | 810 | 300 | 18,690 |
| GSPTS | Released | 2016 | 2,406 | 4,710 | 7,045 | 4,393 | 8,598 | 8,445 | 4,918 | 6,308 | 8,297 | 2,022 | 187 | 2,023 | 59,354 |
| GSPTS | Released | 2017 | 1,731 | 7,026 | 4,497 | 8,752 | 8,573 | 3,144 | 8,722 | 23,582 | 9,553 | 2,476 | 1,061 | 1,214 | 80,330 |
| GSPTS | Released | 2018 | 2,660 | 3,065 | 5,574 | 11,139 | 15,989 | 7,112 | 8,570 | 7,686 | 4,618 | 521 | 636 | 2,668 | 70,238 |
| NWVI | Kept | 2012 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 7,696 | 8,052 | 728 | - | - |  | 16,476 |
| NWVI | Kept | 2013 | - | - | 94 | 29 | 353 | 791 | 6,845 | 12,938 | 1,031 | - | - | - | 22,080 |
| NWVI | Kept | 2014 | - | - | - | 84 | 70 | 1,651 | 8,183 | 7,622 | 451 | - | - | 17 | 18,079 |
| NWVI | Kept | 2015 | - | - | - | 19 | 285 | 4,436 | 9,625 | 7,467 | 273 | 33 |  |  | 22,138 |
| NWVI | Kept | 2016 | - | - | - | - | 138 | 3,985 | 6,672 | 4,287 | 54 | - | - | - | 15,136 |
| NWVI | Kept | 2017 | - | - | - | - | 116 | 1,260 | 8,641 | 5,714 | 78 | - | - |  | 15,809 |
| NWVI | Kept | 2018 | - | - | - | 31 | 23 | 1,802 | 5,639 | 3,158 | 105 | - | - |  | 10,758 |
| NWVI | Released | 2012 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 13,488 | 6,545 | 832 | 482 | - | - | 21,347 |
| NWVI | Released | 2013 | - | - | - | - | 123 | 1,094 | 6,683 | 8,957 | 680 | - | - | - | 17,537 |
| NWVI | Released | 2014 | - | - | - | 214 | 119 | 586 | 8,097 | 8,119 | 261 | - | - | 17 | 17,413 |
| NWVI | Released | 2015 | - | - | - | - | 367 | 4,275 | 5,542 | 6,880 | 429 | - | - | - | 17,493 |
| NWVI | Released | 2016 | - | - | - | - | - | 1,607 | 3,137 | 7,462 | 147 | - | - | - | 12,354 |
| NWVI | Released | 2017 | - | - | - | - | 19 | 670 | 5,288 | 1,842 | - | - | - | 149 | 7,967 |
| NWVI | Released | 2018 | - | - | - | 47 | - | 1,472 | 3,227 | 1,524 | 44 | - | - | - | 6,314 |
| SWVI | Kept | 2012 | - | - | - |  | - | - | 10,896 | 10,952 | 2,367 | 189 | - | - | 24,405 |
| SWVI | Kept | 2013 | - | - | - | 17 | 679 | 6,369 | 13,205 | 15,121 | 2,819 |  | - | - | 38,210 |
| SWVI | Kept | 2014 | - | - | 188 | - | 1,079 | 4,970 | 9,906 | 12,455 | 1,909 | 72 | - | - | 30,579 |
| SWVI | Kept | 2015 | - | 46 | 228 | 114 | 1,188 | 6,468 | 12,216 | 16,497 | 648 | - | - | - | 37,406 |
| SWVI | Kept | 2016 | - | - | 106 | 106 | 1,083 | 5,252 | 10,193 | 9,507 | 1,263 | 28 | - | - | 27,537 |
| SWVI | Kept | 2017 | - | 159 | - | 24 | 567 | 2,437 | 11,575 | 12,475 | 1,568 | 155 | - | 13 | 28,975 |
| SWVI | Kept | 2018 | - | - | - | 79 | 203 | 5,283 | 10,134 | 11,808 | 519 | 76 | - | - | 28,101 |
| SWVI | Released | 2012 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 14,517 | 9,724 | 3,191 | - | - | - | 27,432 |
| SWVI | Released | 2013 | - | - | - | - | 201 | 8,026 | 13,495 | 20,519 | 3,002 | - | - | - | 45,243 |
| SWVI | Released | 2014 | - | - | - | - | 425 | 6,013 | 7,333 | 6,578 | 1,048 | 171 | - | - | 21,569 |
| SWVI | Released | 2015 | - | 91 |  | - | 450 | 3,604 | 10,401 | 14,740 | 711 | 166 | 36 | - | 30,199 |
| SWVI | Released | 2016 | - | - | - | 150 | 530 | 3,118 | 5,345 | 6,483 | 888 | - | - | - | 16,514 |
| SWVI | Released | 2017 | - | - | - | 145 | 364 | 1,839 | 8,916 | 5,578 | 1,199 | - | - | - | 18,042 |
| SWVI | Released | 2018 | - | - | - | 23 | - | 3,219 | 9,325 | 9,999 | 441 | - | - | - | 23,008 |
| JDF | Kept | 2012 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4,589 | 4,415 | 4,667 | 1,675 | 1,702 | 1,786 | 18,833 |


| Region | Parameter | Year | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |  |
| JDF | Kept | 2013 | 2,469 | 906 | 1,521 | 399 | 781 | 3,681 | 6,170 | 14,074 | 3,415 | 1,518 | 917 | 2,108 | 37,961 |
| JDF | Kept | 2014 | 2,424 | 454 | 1,645 | 667 | 1,303 | 2,926 | 6,245 | 7,582 | 4,557 | 221 | 118 | 954 | 29,096 |
| JDF | Kept | 2015 | 1,244 | 2,237 | 695 | 1,290 | 2,629 | 6,552 | 6,834 | 15,288 | 4,038 | 451 | 135 | 1,121 | 42,515 |
| JDF | Kept | 2016 | 1,685 | 1,669 | 1,064 | 1,454 | 2,288 | 3,421 | 3,041 | 9,147 | 4,113 | 1,337 | 527 | 755 | 30,500 |
| JDF | Kept | 2017 | 2,450 | 1,429 | 430 | 1,245 | 1,238 | 3,976 | 5,948 | 13,303 | 3,700 | 1,610 | 1,757 | 891 | 37,976 |
| JDF | Kept | 2018 | 330 | 1,219 | 990 | 1,051 | 1,498 | 2,510 | 7,670 | 9,874 | 3,953 | 2,443 | 1,478 | 2,190 | 35,207 |
| JDF | Released | 2012 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,535 | 1,538 | 10,972 | 8,694 | 6,592 | 4,563 | 34,894 |
| JDF | Released | 2013 | 3,669 | 445 | 1,669 | 512 | 527 | 3,977 | 5,898 | 13,646 | 4,861 | 3,771 | 2,982 | 1,918 | 43,873 |
| JDF | Released | 2014 | 4,996 | 1,501 | 1,536 | 358 | 553 | 1,810 | 4,006 | 2,667 | 2,049 | 910 | 315 | 2,307 | 23,008 |
| JDF | Released | 2015 | 2,848 | 3,515 | 494 | 723 | 1,652 | 4,058 | 9,864 | 6,880 | 4,826 | 3,827 | 299 | 5,137 | 44,124 |
| JDF | Released | 2016 | 5,702 | 4,441 | 2,576 | 4,117 | 2,067 | 4,336 | 4,571 | 11,299 | 6,984 | 4,916 | 1,752 | 1,876 | 54,638 |
| JDF | Released | 2017 | 8,339 | 2,434 | 418 | 1,211 | 1,696 | 3,806 | 5,307 | 4,935 | 10,006 | 3,378 | 2,088 | 3,272 | 46,889 |
| JDF | Released | 2018 | 1,710 | 1,936 | 630 | 1,048 | 926 | 2,430 | 15,566 | 12,839 | 9,802 | 1,729 | 5,634 | 4,941 | 59,192 |

Table F-8. The portion of IREC estimated catch and released Chinook in SBC recreational fisheries associated with periods for which there are no creel survey estimates.

| Region | Year | Parameter | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |  |
| JST | 2012 | Kept | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1\% | 1\% |
| JST | 2013 | Kept | 7\% | - | 4\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | 12\% |
| JST | 2014 | Kept | 0\% | - | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0\% | 1\% |
| JST | 2015 | Kept | 2\% | - |  | 0\% | 7\% | - | - | - | - | 1\% | 0\% | 0\% | 10\% |
| JST | 2016 | Kept | 1\% | - | 0\% | 1\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1\% | 3\% |
| JST | 2017 | Kept | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 1\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1\% | 2\% |
| JST | 2018 | Kept | 1\% | 0\% | 2\% | 2\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0\% | 1\% | 5\% |
| JST | 2012 | Released | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2\% | - | 3\% | 5\% |
| JST | 2013 | Released | 5\% | 4\% | 5\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - | - | 0\% | 3\% | - | 17\% |
| JST | 2014 | Released | 0\% | - | - | 1\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0\% | 2\% |
| JST | 2015 | Released | 4\% | - | - | 1\% | 7\% | - | - | - | - | 0\% | 1\% | 3\% | 15\% |
| JST | 2016 | Released | 1\% | - | 0\% | 2\% | - | - | - | - | - | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | 6\% |
| JST | 2017 | Released | 0\% | 2\% | 1\% | 3\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1\% | 2\% | 9\% |
| JST | 2018 | Released | 1\% | 0\% | 1\% | 3\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0\% | 1\% | 6\% |
| GSPTN | 2012 | Kept | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3\% | - | - | 3\% |
| GSPTN | 2013 | Kept | 2\% | - | - | 2\% | - | - | - | - | - | 6\% | - | 3\% | 13\% |
| GSPTN | 2014 | Kept | 1\% | - | - | 4\% | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | 0\% | 5\% |
| GSPTN | 2015 | Kept | 4\% | - | - | 4\% | - | - | - | - | - | 3\% | - | 0\% | 10\% |
| GSPTN | 2016 | Kept | 0\% | 0\% | 2\% | 5\% | - | - | - | - | - | 1\% | - | 0\% | 9\% |
| GSPTN | 2017 | Kept | 2\% | 0\% | 1\% | 3\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0\% | 0\% | 7\% |
| GSPTN | 2018 | Kept | 0\% |  | 3\% | 7\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1\% | 1\% | 13\% |
| GSPTN | 2012 | Released | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 8\% | - | 1\% | 9\% |
| GSPTN | 2013 | Released | 2\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | - | - | - | - | - | 3\% | - | 2\% | 10\% |
| GSPTN | 2014 | Released | - | 1\% | 0\% | 3\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0\% | 4\% |
| GSPTN | 2015 | Released | 6\% | - | - | 5\% | - | - | - | - | - | 7\% | - | 3\% | 21\% |
| GSPTN | 2016 | Released | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% | 5\% | - | - | - | - | - | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | 13\% |
| GSPTN | 2017 | Released | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1\% | 2\% | 7\% |
| GSPTN | 2018 | Released | 1\% |  | 4\% | 7\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3\% | 1\% | 16\% |
| GSPTS | 2012 | Kept | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 23\% | - | 11\% | 34\% |
| GSPTS | 2013 | Kept | 2\% | 1\% | 10\% | 2\% | - | - | - | - | - | 3\% | 1\% | 1\% | 19\% |
| GSPTS | 2014 | Kept | - | - | - | 4\% | - | - | - | - | - | 3\% | 1\% | - | 8\% |
| GSPTS | 2015 | Kept | 2\% | 1\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0\% | 0\% | 4\% |
| GSPTS | 2016 | Kept | 1\% | 5\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2\% | 1\% | 2\% | 12\% |
| GSPTS | 2017 | Kept | 2\% | 4\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2\% | 1\% | 9\% |


| Region | Year | Parameter | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |  |
| GSPTS | 2018 | Kept | 1\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1\% | 2\% | 4\% |
| GSPTS | 2012 | Released | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 7\% | - | 3\% | 10\% |
| GSPTS | 2013 | Released | 8\% | 3\% | 10\% | 2\% | - | - | - | - | - | 5\% | 1\% | 4\% | 33\% |
| GSPTS | 2014 | Released | 1\% | 1\% | 12\% | 5\% | - | - | - | - | - | 0\% | 3\% | 2\% | 24\% |
| GSPTS | 2015 | Released | 2\% | 3\% | 2\% | 8\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4\% | 2\% | 21\% |
| GSPTS | 2016 | Released | 4\% | 8\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3\% | 0\% | 3\% | 19\% |
| GSPTS | 2017 | Released | 2\% | 9\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1\% | 2\% | 14\% |
| GSPTS | 2018 | Released | 4\% | - | - | 16\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1\% | 4\% | 24\% |
| NWVI | 2012 | Kept | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0\% |
| NWVI | 2013 | Kept | - | - | 0\% | 0\% | 2\% | - | - | - | 5\% | - | - | - | 7\% |
| NWVI | 2014 | Kept | - | - | - | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0\% | 1\% |
| NWVI | 2015 | Kept | - | - | - | 0\% | - | - | - | - | - | 0\% | - | - | 0\% |
| NWVI | 2016 | Kept | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0\% | - | - | - | 0\% |
| NWVI | 2017 | Kept | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0\% |
| NWVI | 2018 | Kept | - | - | - | 0\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0\% |
| NWVI | 2012 | Released | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2\% | - | - | 2\% |
| NWVI | 2013 | Released | - | - | - | - | 1\% | - | - | - | 4\% | - | - | - | 5\% |
| NWVI | 2014 | Released | - | - | - | 1\% | 1\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0\% | 2\% |
| NWVI | 2015 | Released | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0\% |
| NWVI | 2016 | Released | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1\% | - | - | - | 1\% |
| NWVI | 2017 | Released | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2\% | 2\% |
| NWVI | 2018 | Released | - | - | - | 1\% | - | - | - | - | 1\% | - | - | - | 1\% |
| SWVI | 2012 | Kept | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1\% | - | - | 1\% |
| SWVI | 2013 | Kept | - | - | - | 0\% | 2\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2\% |
| SWVI | 2014 | Kept | - | - | 1\% | - | 4\% | - | - | - | - | 0\% | - | - | 4\% |
| SWVI | 2015 | Kept | - | 0\% | 1\% | 0\% | 3\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4\% |
| SWVI | 2016 | Kept | - | - | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - | - | 0\% | - | - | 1\% |
| SWVI | 2017 | Kept | - | 1\% | - | 0\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0\% | 1\% |
| SWVI | 2018 | Kept | - | - | - | 0\% | - | - | - | - | - | 0\% | - | - | 1\% |
| SWVI | 2012 | Released | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0\% |
| SWVI | 2013 | Released | - | - | - | - | 0\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0\% |
| SWVI | 2014 | Released | - | - | - | - | 2\% | - | - | - | - | 1\% | - | - | 3\% |
| SWVI | 2015 | Released | - | 0\% | - | - | 1\% | - | - | - | - | 1\% | 0\% | - | 2\% |
| SWVI | 2016 | Released | - | - | - | 1\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1\% |
| SWVI | 2017 | Released | - | - | - | 1\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1\% |
| SWVI | 2018 | Released | - | - | - | 0\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0\% |


| Region | Year | Parameter | Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |  |
| JDF | 2012 | Kept | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 9\% | 9\% | 9\% | 27\% |
| JDF | 2013 | Kept | 7\% | 2\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2\% | 6\% | 17\% |
| JDF | 2014 | Kept | 8\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0\% | 3\% | 12\% |
| JDF | 2015 | Kept | 3\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0\% | 3\% | 6\% |
| JDF | 2016 | Kept | 6\% | 5\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4\% | 2\% | 2\% | 20\% |
| JDF | 2017 | Kept | 6\% | 4\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5\% | 2\% | 17\% |
| JDF | 2018 | Kept | 1\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4\% | 6\% | 11\% |
| JDF | 2012 | Released | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 25\% | 19\% | 13\% | 57\% |
| JDF | 2013 | Released | 8\% | 1\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 7\% | 4\% | 21\% |
| JDF | 2014 | Released | 22\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1\% | 10\% | 33\% |
| JDF | 2015 | Released | 6\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1\% | 12\% | 19\% |
| JDF | 2016 | Released | 10\% | 8\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 9\% | 3\% | 3\% | 34\% |
| JDF | 2017 | Released | 18\% | 5\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4\% | 7\% | 34\% |
| JDF | 2018 | Released | 3\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 10\% | 8\% | 21\% |

## APPENDIX G: MARINE COMMERCIAL CATCH, EFFORT AND RELEASE DATA

Table G-1. Landed catch of Chinook in the Area F (Northern Troll) fishery, 2001 to 2018, by location and total.

| Offshore |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MONTH | YEAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| JAN | - | - | - | - | 7 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| FEB | - | 18 | 18 | 430 | 468 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MAR | - | 109 | 88 | 1,180 | 963 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| APR | - | 4,776 | 5,735 | 2,901 | - | 200 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MAY | - | 41,087 | 12,608 | 404 | 200 | 290 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| JUN | - | 16,716 | 55,819 | 79,584 | 78,862 | 49,857 | 31,049 | 17,555 | 33,912 | 30,745 | 66,104 | 31,975 | 46,307 | 63,293 | 76,395 | 61,505 | 27,848 | - |
| JUL | 11 | 34 | 18,435 | 37,145 | 44,660 | 38,083 | 23,072 | 15,245 | 27,358 | 33,655 | - | 31,978 | 14,124 | 62,889 | 11,142 | 52,154 | 45,452 | 35,221 |
| AUG | 7 | 717 | 94 | 252 | 8,264 | 17,515 | 11,296 | 6,376 | 4,392 | 6,166 | 98 | 4,715 | 10 | 5,568 | 1,210 | 11,823 | 7,306 | 22,539 |
| SEP | 4,514 | 10,482 | 19,383 | - | 1,971 | 1,447 | - | 1,966 | 703 | - | - | 885 | - | 7,816 | 1,179 | 9,587 | 2,046 | 5,449 |
| OCT | 95 | 240 | 72 | 503 | 25 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| NOV | - | - | - | 31 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| DEC | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Offshore Total | 4,627 | 74,179 | 112,252 | 122,430 | 135,420 | 107,392 | 65,417 | 41,142 | 66,365 | 70,566 | 66,202 | 69,553 | 60,441 | 139,566 | 89,926 | 135,069 | 82,652 | 63,209 |


| MONTH | YEAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| JAN | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| FEB | - | - | - | 283 | 433 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MAR | - | 16 | 4 | 1,232 | 1,111 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| APR | - | 4,968 | 6,078 | 2,480 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MAY | - | 13,792 | 1,810 | - | 200 | 100 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| JUN | 907 | 4,784 | 8,360 | 19,954 | 7,046 | 4,352 | 2,882 | 1,521 | 2,737 | 5,343 | 4,843 | 2,813 | 4,613 | 8,160 | 12,396 | 4,844 | 5,466 | - |
| JUL | 904 | 64 | 3,684 | 11,299 | 7,147 | 9,387 | 4,637 | 1,530 | 1,285 | 7,612 | - | 5,809 | 4,484 | 13,945 | 4,087 | 7,429 | 7,472 | 2,699 |
| AUG | - | 640 | 328 | 6 | 2,117 | 5,880 | 4,351 | 1,181 | 383 | 897 | - | 1,931 | 5 | 2,414 | 192 | 1,039 | 1,620 | 3,108 |
| SEP | 3,160 | 5,039 | 4,642 | - | 1,795 | 2,181 | - | 482 | 595 | 26 | - | 416 | - | 8,138 | 109 | 1,068 | 532 | 1,260 |
| OCT | 158 | - | - | 872 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| NOV | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| DEC | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Term. <br> Total | 5,129 | 29,303 | 24,906 | 36,126 | 19,849 | 21,900 | 11,870 | 4,714 | 5,000 | 13,878 | 4,843 | 10,969 | 9,102 | 32,657 | 16,784 | 14,380 | 15,090 | 7,067 |
| Area F <br> Total | 9,756 | 103,482 | 137,158 | 158,556 | 155,269 | 129,292 | 77,287 | 45,856 | 71,365 | 84,444 | 71,045 | 80,522 | 69,543 | 172,223 | 106,710 | 149,449 | 97,742 | 70,276 |

Table G-2. Chinook released from the Area F (Northern Troll) fishery, 2001 to 2018, by location and total.

| Offshore |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MONTH | YEAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| JAN | - | - | - |  | 8 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| FEB | - | - | - | 7 | 35 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MAR | - | 1 | - | 18 | 22 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| APR | - | 21 | 54 | 69 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MAY | - | 705 | 156 | 2 | 8 | 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| JUN | - | 518 | 641 | 911 | 3,974 | 1,102 | 1,760 | 976 | 1,673 | 1,715 | 2,664 | 2,218 | 3,740 | 2,452 | 4,901 | 3,027 | 2,727 | - |
| JUL | 399 | - | 926 | 1,615 | 3,782 | 2,794 | 3,887 | 1,016 | 2,542 | 3,909 | 18,252 | 7,036 | 17,459 | 5,232 | 27,276 | 7,219 | 13,341 | 10,496 |
| AUG | 528 | 4,887 | 8,507 | 21,767 | 7,828 | 2,925 | 3,696 | 1,348 | 3,235 | 3,578 | 7,051 | 2,233 | 9,028 | 5,450 | 11,756 | 3,851 | 7,880 | 8,077 |
| SEP | 83 | 979 | 174 | 596 | 694 | 155 | 299 | 332 | 247 | 141 | 216 | 168 | 573 | 561 | 629 | 916 | 1,411 | 770 |
| OCT | 1 | 22 | - | 84 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| NOV | - | - | - | 22 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| DEC | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Offshore Total | 1,011 | 7,133 | 10,458 | 25,091 | 16,351 | 6,982 | 9,642 | 3,672 | 7,697 | 9,343 | 28,183 | 11,655 | 30,800 | 13,695 | 44,562 | 15,013 | 25,359 | 19,343 |

## Terminal

| MONTH | YEAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| JAN | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| FEB | - | - | - | 10 | 21 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MAR | - | - | - | 39 | 15 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| APR | - | 53 | 65 | 77 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MAY | - | 269 | 29 | - | 9 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| JUN | 62 | 149 | 123 | 241 | 421 | 77 | 192 | 120 | 239 | 534 | 337 | 141 | 283 | 539 | 1,111 | 389 | 951 | - |
| JUL | 1,069 | - | 73 | 139 | 320 | 501 | 953 | 357 | 211 | 1,010 | 4,241 | 1,507 | 3,308 | 1,177 | 2,792 | 1,230 | 2,070 | 877 |
| AUG | 604 | 1,026 | 3,983 | 9,312 | 3,333 | 790 | 1,864 | 1,253 | 2,013 | 1,114 | 3,088 | 879 | 6,986 | 4,157 | 1,344 | 1,874 | 5,486 | 1,703 |
| SEP | 1,219 | 415 | 197 | 1,580 | 1,563 | 82 | 75 | 127 | 1,463 | 1,337 | 245 | 1,014 | 2,338 | 1,048 | 65 | 455 | 289 | 212 |
| OCT | - | - | - | 36 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| NOV | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| DEC | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Term. Total | 2,954 | 1,912 | 4,470 | 11,434 | 5,682 | 1,450 | 3,084 | 1,857 | 3,926 | 3,995 | 7,911 | 3,541 | 12,915 | 6,921 | 5,312 | 3,948 | 8,796 | 2,792 |
| Area F Total | 3,965 | 9,045 | 14,928 | 36,525 | 22,033 | 8,432 | 12,726 | 5,529 | 11,623 | 13,338 | 36,094 | 15,196 | 43,715 | 20,616 | 49,874 | 18,961 | 34,155 | 22,135 |

Table G-3. Total effort (boat-days) in the Area F (Northern Troll) fishery, 2001 to 2018, by location and total.

| Offshore |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MONTH | YEAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| JAN | - | - | - | - | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| FEB | - | 1 | 1 | 23 | 42 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MAR | - | 13 | 16 | 105 | 92 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| APR | - | 209 | 288 | 173 | - | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MAY | - | 725 | 497 | 10 | 3 | 9 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| JUN | - | 355 | 849 | 1,459 | 1,592 | 1,653 | 616 | 709 | 1,165 | 1,114 | 947 | 1,111 | 909 | 949 | 737 | 895 | 768 | - |
| JUL | 258 | 2 | 477 | 584 | 1,222 | 1,498 | 1,560 | 1,420 | 1,791 | 1,594 | 1,227 | 2,332 | 1,580 | 1,833 | 1,566 | 1,880 | 2,119 | 1,792 |
| AUG | 323 | 970 | 1,162 | 1,344 | 1,368 | 1,146 | 1,144 | 796 | 1,059 | 826 | 680 | 613 | 739 | 603 | 799 | 840 | 816 | 1,409 |
| SEP | 390 | 568 | 336 | 89 | 204 | 104 | 75 | 272 | 171 | 108 | 53 | 106 | 77 | 258 | 104 | 443 | 332 | 423 |
| OCT | 15 | 11 | 12 | 34 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| NOV | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| DEC | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Offshore Total | 986 | 2,854 | 3,638 | 3,824 | 4,530 | 4,414 | 3,395 | 3,197 | 4,186 | 3,642 | 2,907 | 4,162 | 3,305 | 3,643 | 3,205 | 4,058 | 4,035 | 3,624 |


| Terminal |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MONTH | YEAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| JAN | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| FEB | - | - | - | 17 | 24 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MAR | - | 3 | 13 | 101 | 95 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| APR | - | 284 | 256 | 143 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MAY | - | 364 | 131 | - | 4 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| JUN | 201 | 131 | 139 | 317 | 146 | 182 | 79 | 114 | 154 | 237 | 102 | 116 | 98 | 161 | 141 | 111 | 190 | - |
| JUL | 265 | 13 | 64 | 145 | 178 | 390 | 372 | 332 | 220 | 518 | 248 | 572 | 398 | 538 | 212 | 448 | 432 | 209 |
| AUG | 86 | 271 | 667 | 740 | 543 | 512 | 566 | 533 | 437 | 310 | 308 | 331 | 883 | 413 | 97 | 394 | 608 | 419 |
| SEP | 363 | 249 | 147 | 218 | 268 | 166 | 40 | 122 | 327 | 251 | 35 | 282 | 451 | 386 | 14 | 208 | 104 | 75 |
| OCT | 13 | - | 1 | 40 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| NOV | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| DEC | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Term. Total | 928 | 1,315 | 1,418 | 1,721 | 1,258 | 1,251 | 1,057 | 1,100 | 1,138 | 1,316 | 693 | 1,302 | 1,830 | 1,498 | 465 | 1,162 | 1,333 | 703 |
| Area F Total | 1,914 | 4,169 | 5,056 | 5,545 | 5,788 | 5,665 | 4,452 | 4,297 | 5,324 | 4,958 | 3,600 | 5,462 | 5,135 | 5,141 | 3,670 | 5,220 | 5,369 | 4,327 |

Table G - 4. Landed catch of Chinook in the Area G (WCVI Troll) fishery, 2001 to 2018, by location and total.

| Offshore |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MONTH | YEAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| JAN | 440 | 470 | 253 | 411 | 727 | 1,108 | 4,941 | 1,414 | 2,943 | - | - | 87 | 796 | - | 67 | 1 | - | 5 |
| FEB | 692 | - | 139 | 1,869 | 4,803 | 4,487 | 1,977 | 1,690 | 1,388 | - | 1,661 | 379 | 346 | 584 | 365 | 7 | 20 | 30 |
| MAR | 1,160 | - | 2,330 | 6,350 | 15,604 | 7,046 | 1,324 | - | 509 | - | 789 | 200 | 452 | 1,117 | 426 | - | 24 | - |
| APR | 7,898 | 24,790 | 31,327 | 50,846 | 56,977 | 20,243 | 5,118 | 1,719 | 3,315 | 7,926 | 8,221 | 10,016 | 1,045 | 13,238 | 3,692 | 6,185 | 3,687 | - |
| MAY | 22,945 | 71,347 | 75,613 | 51,042 | 26,409 | 7,051 | 23,685 | 11,430 | 17,983 | 30,953 | 40,437 | 22,120 | 25,522 | 40,084 | 25,854 | 31,676 | 23,160 | 10,534 |
| JUN | - | 22,670 | 25,628 | - | - | 20,807 | 25,102 | 15,634 | 12,165 | 23,284 | 34,395 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| JUL | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 15,620 | - | - | 26,494 | - | - | 8,169 | - |
| AUG | 4 | 5,064 | - | - | - | 912 | - | 9,099 | 9,630 | 11,642 | 21,283 | 4,280 | - | 10,002 | 13,953 | 7,574 | 6,758 | 5,063 |
| SEP | 18,697 | 3,845 | - | 31,951 | 16,690 | 24,098 | 5,982 | 45,157 | - | 3,980 | - | 17,264 | 2,531 | 15,151 | 7,341 | 2,390 | 4,279 | 2,572 |
| OCT | 3,235 | 11,924 | 17,905 | 11,256 | 12,198 | 16,026 | 3,137 | 1,882 | - | - | - | 3,344 | 2,358 | 213 | 178 | - | - | - |
| Nov | 49 | 296 | 2,955 | 7,951 | 2,156 | 1,099 | - | 1,209 | - | - | 57 | 90 | 28 | 18 | 13 | - | - | - |
| DEC | 110 | 133 | 656 | 67 | 1,627 | 548 | - | 1,032 | - | - | 129 | 119 | 8 | - | 1 | - | - | - |
| Offshore Total | 55,230 | 140,541 | 156,806 | 161,743 | 137,191 | 103,425 | 71,266 | 90,266 | 47,933 | 77,785 | 122,592 | 57,899 | 33,086 | 106,901 | 51,890 | 47,833 | 46,097 | 18,204 |

## Terminal

| MONTH | YEAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| JAN | 541 | 1,869 | 1,634 | 1,150 | 1,135 | 360 | 499 | 220 | 451 | - | - | 42 | 222 | 49 | 119 | 50 | 72 | 69 |
| FEB | 310 | - | 1,338 | 968 | 847 | 667 | 610 | 259 | 152 | - | 188 | 163 | 12 | 2 | 247 | 335 | 256 | 111 |
| MAR | 127 | - | 180 | 1,693 | 643 | 837 | 932 | - | 77 | - | 86 | 43 | 51 | 305 | 305 | 315 | 334 | 297 |
| APR | 26 | 63 | 395 | 335 | 86 | 318 | 211 | 27 | 301 | 627 | 464 | 477 | 159 | 107 | 149 | 271 | 378 | - |
| MAY | 366 | 23 | 765 | 444 | 246 | 27 | 284 | 74 | 79 | 343 | 879 | 214 | 144 | 252 | 1,551 | 123 | 397 | 475 |
| JUN | 2 | 67 | 371 | - | - | - | 640 | 310 | - | 368 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| JUL | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| AUG | - | - | - | 290 | 184 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| SEP | - | - | 6 | 94 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| NOV | - | 35 | - | 106 | - | 91 | - | - | - | - | - | 140 | - | 38 | - | - | - | - |
| DEC | 738 | 316 | 69 | 67 | 62 | 222 | - | 75 | - | - | 59 | 193 | 7 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Term. Total | 2,111 | 2,374 | 4,858 | 5,147 | 3,203 | 2,522 | 3,176 | 965 | 1,060 | 1,338 | 1,676 | 1,272 | 605 | 753 | 2,371 | 1,094 | 1,437 | 952 |
| Area G Total | 57,341 | 142,915 | 161,664 | 166,890 | 140,394 | 105,947 | 74,442 | 91,231 | 48,993 | 79,123 | 124,268 | 59,171 | 33,691 | 107,654 | 54,261 | 48,927 | 47,534 | 19,156 |

Table G-5. Chinook released from the Area G (WCVI Troll) fishery, 2001 to 2018, by location and total.

| MONTH | YEAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| JAN | 347 | 205 | 56 | 167 | 178 | 54 | 627 | 190 | 220 | - | - | 3 | 99 | - | 5 | 3 | - | 10 |
| FEB | 574 | - | 46 | 265 | 319 | 369 | 194 | 184 | 80 | - | 54 | 26 | 36 | 28 | 130 | 1 | 7 | 30 |
| MAR | 256 | - | 212 | 333 | 1,497 | 190 | 109 | - | 9 | - | 23 | 1 | 17 | 7 | 48 | - | 3 | - |
| APR | 1,878 | 1,927 | 2,718 | 2,147 | 2,826 | 573 | 242 | 38 | 66 | 235 | 168 | 163 | 18 | 224 | 216 | 516 | 514 | - |
| MAY | 4,735 | 5,748 | 8,133 | 2,871 | 1,738 | 343 | 1,540 | 146 | 1,133 | 1,330 | 1,166 | 754 | 2,837 | 2,831 | 997 | 866 | 2,655 | 715 |
| JUN | - | 2,712 | 1,726 | - | - | 1,300 | 1,218 | 348 | 1,169 | 2,254 | 3,093 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| JUL | 673 | 3,960 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 477 | - | - | 1,095 | - | - | 237 | - |
| AUG | 1,505 | 4,312 | 5 | - | - | 3,845 | - | 174 | 801 | 537 | 687 | 236 | - | 354 | 156 | 298 | 387 | 648 |
| SEP | 3,363 | 418 | 65 | 1,119 | 1,400 | 2,372 | 1,945 | 4,583 | 470 | 797 | 562 | 4,008 | 150 | 1,884 | 412 | 850 | 933 | 669 |
| OCT | 1,061 | 1,098 | 1,941 | 978 | 1,032 | 1,807 | 1,464 | 758 | - | - | - | 994 | 282 | 92 | 22 | - | - | - |
| NOV | 56 | 0 | 474 | 1,353 | 541 | 168 | - | 157 | - | - | 21 | 23 | 22 | 17 | - | - | - | - |
| DEC | 100 | 120 | 125 | 4 | 161 | 92 | - | 109 | - | - | 19 | 37 | 7 | - | 7 | - | - | - |
| Offshore Total | 14,548 | 20,570 | 15,501 | 9,237 | 9,692 | 11,113 | 7,339 | 6,687 | 3,948 | 5,153 | 6,270 | 6,245 | 3,468 | 6,532 | 1,993 | 2,534 | 4,736 | 2,072 |

## Terminal

| MONTH | YEAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| JAN | 782 | 557 | 588 | 328 | 259 | 77 | 144 | 60 | 131 | - | - | 18 | 66 | 31 | 28 | 101 | 35 | 31 |
| FEB | 388 | - | 289 | 255 | 194 | 154 | 255 | 94 | 54 | - | 7 | 40 | 11 | - | 57 | 166 | 135 | 100 |
| MAR | 74 | - | 62 | 255 | 69 | 104 | 273 | - | 4 | - | 15 | 15 | 7 | 83 | 84 | 150 | 129 | 157 |
| APR | 9 | 1 | 32 | 32 | - | 54 | 51 | 3 | 21 | 35 | 6 | 42 | 22 | 6 | 16 | 50 | 218 | - |
| MAY | 79 | 1 | 89 | 6 | 36 | - | 53 | - | 11 | 19 | 18 | 6 | 11 | 34 | 162 | 53 | 221 | 75 |
| JUN | 7 | 21 | 26 | - | - | - | 53 | 14 | - | 60 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| JUL | 11 | 25 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| AUG | - | - | - | 32 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| SEP | - | - | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| NOV | - | 30 | - | 10 | - | 35 | - | - | - | - | 3 | 42 | 2 | 17 | - | - | - | - |
| DEC | 303 | 183 | 77 | 17 | 11 | 70 | - | 27 | - | - | 11 | 60 | 16 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Term. Total | 1,653 | 818 | 1,164 | 936 | 569 | 494 | 829 | 198 | 221 | 114 | 60 | 223 | 135 | 171 | 347 | 520 | 738 | 363 |
| Area G Total | 16,201 | 21,388 | 16,665 | 10,173 | 10,261 | 11,607 | 8,168 | 6,885 | 4,169 | 5,267 | 6,330 | 6,468 | 3,603 | 6,703 | 2,340 | 3,054 | 5,474 | 2,435 |

Table G-6. Total effort (boat-days) in the Area G (WCVI Troll) fishery, 2001 to 2018, by location and total.

| Offshore |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MONTH | YEAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| JAN | 19 | 22 | 14 | 35 | 38 | 52 | 225 | 157 | 237 | - | - | 9 | 53 | - | 10 | 1 | - | 4 |
| FEB | 53 | - | 11 | 124 | 225 | 342 | 146 | 182 | 237 | - | 98 | 27 | 37 | 19 | 31 | 1 | 8 | 9 |
| MAR | 80 | - | 129 | 307 | 917 | 621 | 108 | - | 105 | - | 47 | 24 | 53 | 36 | 34 | - | 3 | - |
| APR | 273 | 626 | 1,027 | 1,257 | 1,840 | 1,130 | 478 | 237 | 283 | 232 | 223 | 249 | 171 | 396 | 268 | 353 | 261 | - |
| MAY | 938 | 1,752 | 1,658 | 618 | 526 | 333 | 1,197 | 957 | 836 | 982 | 1,021 | 742 | 689 | 1,494 | 1,376 | 1,404 | 901 | 1,056 |
| JUN | - | 591 | 214 | - | - | 438 | 805 | 629 | 488 | 451 | 502 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| JUL | 248 | 526 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 300 | - | - | 419 | - | - | 278 | - |
| AUG | 331 | 534 | 1 | - | - | 448 | - | 170 | 208 | 215 | 265 | 52 |  | 202 | 98 | 435 | 281 | 270 |
| SEP | 227 | 174 | 14 | 343 | 703 | 751 | 258 | 783 | 5 | 107 | 4 | 339 | 118 | 536 | 252 | 180 | 213 | 118 |
| OCT | 115 | 170 | 206 | 182 | 284 | 198 | 108 | 54 | - | - | - | 39 | 47 | 39 | 19 | - | - | - |
| NOV | 10 | 20 | 33 | 81 | 56 | 42 | - | 27 | - | - | 13 | 7 | 7 | 2 | 2 | - | - | - |
| DEC | 5 | 14 | 21 | 6 | 54 | 16 | - | 22 | - | - | 16 | 13 | 4 | - | 1 | - | - | - |
| Offshore Total | 2,299 | 4,429 | 3,328 | 2,953 | 4,643 | 4,371 | 3,325 | 3,218 | 2,399 | 1,987 | 3,755 | 1,501 | 1,179 | 3,143 | 2,091 | 2,374 | 1,945 | 1,457 |

## Terminal

| MONTH | YEAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| JAN | 35 | 88 | 65 | 97 | 77 | 39 | 46 | 26 | 80 | - | - | 12 | 37 | 15 | 11 | 16 | 17 | 9 |
| FEB | 19 | - | 21 | 80 | 77 | 65 | 68 | 28 | 28 | - | 19 | 24 | 5 | 1 | 15 | 25 | 22 | 0 |
| MAR | 5 | - | 27 | 113 | 39 | 109 | 85 | - | 21 | - | 16 | 9 | 11 | 24 | 28 | 17 | 25 | 30 |
| APR | 3 | 2 | 20 | 31 | 4 | 29 | 39 | 17 | 39 | 55 | 28 | 28 | 17 | 12 | 8 | 31 | 30 | - |
| MAY | 22 | 2 | 20 | 6 | 3 | 2 | 26 | 11 | 12 | 27 | 32 | 15 | 18 | 17 | 125 | 32 | 41 | 39 |
| JUN | 105 | 227 | 8 | - | - | - | 23 | 14 | - | 13 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| JUL | 101 | 278 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| AUG | - | - | 5 | 42 | 36 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| SEP | - | 5 | 11 | 5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| NOV | - | 11 | - | 4 | - | 7 | - | - | - | - | 2 | 15 | 6 | 12 | 3 | - | - | - |
| DEC | 28 | 33 | 18 | 8 | 7 | 14 | - | 4 | - | - | 15 | 19 | 9 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Term. Total | 318 | 646 | 195 | 386 | 243 | 265 | 287 | 100 | 180 | 95 | 112 | 122 | 103 | 81 | 190 | 121 | 135 | 98 |
| Area G <br> Total | 2,618 | 5,075 | 3,523 | 3,339 | 4,886 | 4,636 | 3,612 | 3,318 | 2,579 | 2,082 | 3,867 | 1,623 | 1,282 | 3,224 | 2,281 | 2,495 | 2,080 | 1,555 |

Table G-7. Landed catch of Chinook in the Area H (Georgia Strait Troll) fishery, 2001 to 2018, by location and total.

| JST |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MONTH | YEAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| APR | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MAY | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| JUL | 468 | 112 | 91 | 428 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| AUG | 21 | 314 | 827 | 200 | - | 5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | - |
| SEP | 33 | - | 37 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| OCT | 13 | 20 | 150 | 13 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| NOV | - | 72 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { JST } \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ | 535 | 518 | 1,105 | 641 | - | 5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | - |


| MONTH | YEAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| FEB | - | - | - | 72 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| JUL | 7 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| AUG | - | 112 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| SEP | - | - | 8 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| OCT | - | 2 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nov | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { GS } \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ | 10 | 114 | 9 | 72 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |


| Fraser |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MONTH | YEAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| FEB | - | - | - | 10 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| JUL | 29 | - | 2 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| AUG | 20 | - | 7 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 45 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| SEP | - | - | - | 17 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 7 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| OCT | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| NOV | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Fraser Total | 49 | - | 9 | 29 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 52 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Area H Total | 594 | 632 | 1,123 | 742 | - | 5 | - | - | - | - | 52 | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | - |

Table G-8. Chinook released from the Area H (Georgia Strait Troll) fishery, 2001 to 2018, by location and total.

| JST |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MONTH | YEAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| APR | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MAY | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| JUL | 278 | 78 | 69 | 245 | - | - | - | 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| AUG | 4 | 208 | 537 | 74 | - | 513 | - | - | 11 | 580 | 137 | - | - | 730 | - | - | - | - |
| SEP | 97 | - | 16 | 1 | 169 | - | 24 | 1 | 46 | 108 | 32 | 4 | - | 130 | 1 | 5 | - | - |
| OCT | 91 | 19 | 103 | 73 | 162 | 97 | 261 | 35 | 72 | 2 | 44 | 18 | 13 | 5 | 18 | 37 | 33 | - |
| NOV | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { JST } \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ | 470 | 307 | 725 | 393 | 331 | 610 | 286 | 42 | 129 | 690 | 213 | 22 | 13 | 865 | 19 | 42 | 33 | - |


| GS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MONTH | YEAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| FEB | - | - | - | 77 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| JUL | 1 | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| AUG | - | 68 | - | - | - | 2 | - | - |  | 9 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| SEP | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| OCT | 2 | 2 |  | 7 | 9 | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| NOV | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { GS } \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ | 3 | 70 | 1 | 86 | 9 | 3 | 7 | - | 3 | 9 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |


| Fraser |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MONTH | YEAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| FEB | - | - | - | 19 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| JUL | 14 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| AUG | 27 | - | 7 | 1 | - | 6 | - | - | - | 25 | 11 | - | - | 22 | - | - | - | - |
| SEP | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | 3 | 68 | 15 | - | - | 203 | - | - | - | - |
| OCT | 3 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| NOV | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Fraser Total | 44 | - | 7 | 22 | 1 | 6 | - | - | 3 | 93 | 26 | - | - | 225 | - | - | - | - |
| Area H Total | 517 | 377 | 733 | 501 | 341 | 619 | 293 | 42 | 135 | 792 | 239 | 22 | 13 | 1,090 | 19 | 42 | 33 | - |

Table G-9. Total effort (boat-days) in the Area H (Georgia Strait Troll) fishery, 2001 to 2018, by location and total.

| JST |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MONTH | YEAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| APR | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| MAY | - | - | - | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| JUL | 545 | 170 | 125 | 606 | - | - | - | 20 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| AUG | 41 | 543 | 1,226 | 298 | - | 811 | - | - | 12 | 729 | 178 | - | - | 541 | - | - | - | - |
| SEP | 134 | - | 74 | 2 | 285 | - | 29 | 2 | 77 | 206 | 32 | 14 | 5 | 118 | 6 | 4 | 4 | - |
| OCT | 140 | 223 | 501 | 477 | 438 | 549 | 427 | 324 | 339 | 20 | 333 | 234 | 198 | 30 | 243 | 243 | 240 | - |
| NOV | - | 12 | - | - | - | - | 6 | 2 | 2 | - | - | - | 1 | 2 | 1 | - | - | - |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { JST } \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ | 860 | 948 | 1,926 | 1,389 | 723 | 1,360 | 462 | 348 | 430 | 955 | 543 | 248 | 204 | 691 | 250 | 247 | 244 | - |


| GS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MONTH | YEAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| FEB | - | - | - | 36 | - | - | - |  | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| JUL | 5 |  | 2 | 2 | - | - | - | 9 | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| AUG | - | 301 | 6 | - | - | 7 |  | - | - | 28 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| SEP | - | - | 14 | - | - |  | 2 | - | 3 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| OCT | 36 | 33 | 14 | 30 | 27 | 17 | 3 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - |
| Nov | 20 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 2 |  | 1 | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { GS } \\ & \text { Total } \end{aligned}$ | 61 | 335 | 39 | 73 | 29 | 24 | 6 | 9 | 4 | 30 | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | 1 | - |


| Fraser |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MONTH | YEAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| FEB | - | - | - | 7 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| JUL | 38 | - | 1 | 8 | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| AUG | 104 | - | 9 | 2 | - | 7 | - | - | - | 88 | 18 | - | - | 53 | - | - | - | - |
| SEP | - | - | - | 14 | - | - | - | - | 2 | 230 | 17 | - | - | 298 | - | - | - | - |
| OCT | 4 | 19 | 3 | - | 1 | - | 5 | 2 | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - |
| NOV | - | 3 | 2 | - | 1 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Fraser Total | 146 | 22 | 15 | 31 | 2 | 8 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 319 | 35 | - | . | 351 | 1 | . | - | - |
| Area G Total | 1,067 | 1,305 | 1,980 | 1,493 | 754 | 1,392 | 473 | 361 | 437 | 1,304 | 578 | 248 | 204 | 1,042 | 253 | 247 | 245 | - |

Table G-10. Landed catch of Chinook, Area B seine licence, Fraser fishery, 2001 to 2018.

| MONTH | YEAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| JUL | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| AUG | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| SEP | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | 63 | - | 75 | 20 | - | - | - | - |
| OCT | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Area B Total | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | 63 | - | 75 | 20 | - | - | - | - |

Table G-11. Chinook released from the Area B Fraser seine fishery, 2001 to 2018.

| MONTH | YEAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| JUL | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| AUG | - | 134 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 15 | - | - | - |
| SEP | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 91 | 85 | 4,396 | - | 4,127 | 84 | 29 | - | - | 43 |
| OCT | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | 4 | - | 2 | - | - | - |
| Area B Total | - | 134 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 91 | 85 | 4,396 | 2 | 4,131 | 84 | 46 | - | - | 43 |

Table G-12. Total effort (boat-days), Area B seine licence, Fraser fishery, 2001 to 2018.

| MONTH | YEAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| JUL | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| AUG | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6 | - | 6 | - | - | - |
| SEP | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 20 | 100 | 138 | - | 160 | 190 | 2 | - | - | 25 |
| OCT | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | 14 | 2 | 16 | 9 | - | - |
| Area B Total | - | 2 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 20 | 100 | 138 | 3 | 180 | 192 | 24 | 9 | - | 25 |

Table G-13. Landed catch of Chinook, Area E gillnet licence, Fraser fishery, 2001 to 2018.

| MONTH | YEAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| JUL | - | - | - | 2,402 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| AUG | 98 | 4,230 | 5,713 | 5,122 | - | 2,782 | - | - | - | 4,456 | 3,299 | - | - | 3,815 | - | - | - | 24 |
| SEP | - | - | - | - | 54 | 638 | - | - | - | 1,929 | 2,042 | - | - | 2,697 | - | - | - | - |
| OCT | - | 79 | 53 | 150 | 66 | 22 | 88 | - | 33 | - | - | 1 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 3 | - | - |
| NOV | 6 | 5 | 35 | 37 | 19 | 10 | - | - | - | - | 174 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Area E Total | 104 | 4,314 | 5,801 | 7,711 | 139 | 3,452 | 88 | - | 33 | 6,385 | 5,515 | 1 | 5 | 6,513 | 4 | 3 | - | 24 |

Table G-14. Chinook released from the Area E gillnet, Fraser fishery, 2001 to 2018.

| MONTH | YEAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| JUL | - | - | - | 2,402 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| AUG | 98 | 4,230 | 5,713 | 5,122 | - | 2,782 | - | - | - | 4,456 | 3,299 | - | - | 3,815 | - | - | - | 2,402 |
| SEP | - | - | - | - | 54 | 638 | - | - | - | 1,929 | 2,042 | - | - | 2,697 | - | - | - | - |
| OCT | - | 79 | 53 | 150 | 66 | 22 | 88 | - | 33 | - | - | 1 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 3 | - | - |
| Nov | 6 | 5 | 35 | 37 | 19 | 10 | - | - | - | - | 174 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Area E Total | 104 | 4,314 | 5,801 | 7,711 | 139 | 3,452 | 88 | - | 33 | 6,385 | 5,515 | 1 | 5 | 6,513 | 4 | 3 | - | 2,402 |

Table G-15. Total effort (boat-days) Area E gillnet licence, Fraser Fishery, 2001 to 2018.

| MONTH | YEAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| JUL | - | - | - | 371 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| AUG | 49 | 1,542 | 807 | 744 | - | 1,045 | - | - | - | 2,072 | 1,094 | - | - | 1,147 | - | - | - | 1,102 |
| SEP | - | 23 | - | - | 27 | 303 | - | - | - | 865 | 28 | - | - | 1,448 | - | - | - | - |
| OCT | - | 155 | 152 | 126 | 159 | 373 | 227 | 204 | 200 | - | - | 155 | 173 | 428 | 407 | 377 | 329 | - |
| Nov | 277 | 59 | 206 | 135 | 151 | 88 | 191 | - | 1 | - | 296 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Area E <br> Total | 326 | 1,779 | 1,165 | 1,376 | 337 | 1,809 | 418 | 204 | 201 | 2,937 | 1,418 | 155 | 173 | 3,023 | 407 | 377 | 329 | 1,102 |

## APPENDIX H: CWT RECOVERY DATA

Table H-1. Estimated marine CWT recoveries of all tagged Spring 42 Chinook.

| Recovery Year | Recovery Location |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | AK | NBC | WCVI | JDF | JST | GST | US South | Total |
| 1978 | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | 2 |
| 1979 | - | 12 | 7 | - | - | 13 | - | 31 |
| 1980 | - | - | 7 | 4 | - | 4 | - | 15 |
| 1981 | - | 4 | - | - | - | 64 | 4 | 71 |
| 1982 | - | 29 | 4 | - | 4 | - | - | 37 |
| 1983 | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | 2 |
| 1984 | 4 | 9 | 24 | 7 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 56 |
| 1985 | 3 | - | 12 | 12 | - | 2 | 2 | 31 |
| 1986 | - | 3 | 15 | 14 | - | 6 | - | 37 |
| 1987 | - | 11 | 11 | 14 | 10 | 6 | 8 | 60 |
| 1988 | - | - | 8 | 4 | - | 53 | 27 | 92 |
| 1989 | - | 23 | 22 | 104 | - | 74 | 98 | 320 |
| 1990 | - | - | 19 | 8 | 2 | - | 26 | 57 |
| 1991 | 5 | 9 | 54 | 72 | 7 | 11 | 63 | 222 |
| 1992 | - | 70 | 54 | 37 | - | 30 | 73 | 264 |
| 1993 | - | 57 | 104 | 61 | 13 | 91 | 129 | 454 |
| 1994 | - | 16 | 103 | 103 | - | 18 | 27 | 267 |
| 1995 | - | 31 | 54 | 52 | - | 22 | 45 | 204 |
| 1996 | - | 3 | 4 | 7 | - | - | 3 | 17 |
| 1997 | - | 3 | - | 11 | - | - | 12 | 26 |
| 1998 | - | 12 | - | 5 | - | 5 | - | 22 |
| 1999 | - | - | - | 12 | - | 4 | 16 | 32 |
| 2000 | - | 27 | - | 59 | - | 13 | 2 | 100 |
| 2001 | 2 | 9 | 5 | 85 | - | 33 | 22 | 155 |
| 2002 | 3 | 34 | 19 | 18 | - | 8 | 21 | 103 |
| 2003 | 2 | 39 | 33 | 55 | - | 16 | 8 | 152 |
| 2004 | - | 15 | 22 | 19 | - | 9 | 6 | 70 |
| 2005 | - | 4 | 15 | 14 | - | 10 | 2 | 45 |
| 2006 | - | 6 | 7 | 11 | - | - | 4 | 29 |
| 2007 | - | - | 8 | - | - | - | 2 | 11 |
| 2008 | - | 10 | - | 8 | - | 13 | 16 | 47 |
| 2009 | - | - | - | 21 | - | - | 12 | 34 |
| 2010 | 6 | 40 | 2 | 12 | 9 | - | 24 | 94 |
| 2011 | - | 8 | 3 | 16 | 4 | 2 | 22 | 56 |
| 2012 | - | 14 | - | 9 | 6 | - | 53 | 82 |
| 2013 | - | 15 | 3 | 48 | 3 | 9 | 52 | 131 |
| 2014 | - | - | 8 | 4 |  | - | 6 | 18 |
| 2015 | - | 9 | 4 | 42 | 5 | - | 22 | 81 |
| 2016 | 2 | 19 | 10 | 71 | 4 | - | 15 | 120 |
| 2017 | - | 7 | 11 | 21 | 9 | 8 | 29 | 85 |
| 2018 | - | 13 | 9 | 22 | 7 | - | - | 51 |

Table H-2. Estimated marine CWT recoveries of all tagged Spring $5_{2}$ Chinook.

| Recovery Year | Recovery Location |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | AK | NBC | WCVI | JDF | JST | GST | US South | Total |
| 1976 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | 2 |
| 1978 | - | - | 5 | - | 4 | 3 | - | 12 |
| 1979 | - | - |  | - | 3 | 9 | - | 12 |
| 1980 | - | - | 11 | - | - | - | - | 11 |
| 1981 | 7 | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | 10 |
| 1982 | - | 8 | - | - | - | - | - | 8 |
| 1983 | 5 | 15 | - | 2 | - | - | - | 22 |
| 1984 | - | 5 | 3 | - | - | - | - | 9 |
| 1985 | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 13 |
| 1986 | - | 16 | 14 | - | - | 2 | 9 | 41 |
| 1987 | 33 | 35 | 25 | 33 | 12 | 15 | 12 | 165 |
| 1988 | 38 | 80 | 55 | 11 | 3 | 56 | 34 | 278 |
| 1989 | 18 | 88 | 35 | 70 | 5 | 46 | 16 | 278 |
| 1990 | 66 | 76 | 21 | 21 | - | 9 | 11 | 203 |
| 1991 | 31 | 121 | 37 | 35 | - | 26 | 35 | 285 |
| 1992 | 31 | 100 | 44 | 21 | 11 | 23 | 20 | 250 |
| 1993 | 26 | 128 | 74 | 44 | 2 | 37 | 66 | 377 |
| 1994 | 27 | 92 | 41 | 56 | - | 31 | 4 | 251 |
| 1995 | 13 | 48 | 76 | 47 | - | 16 | 19 | 218 |
| 1996 | 7 | 3 | 2 | 19 | - | - | 5 | 36 |
| 1997 | - | 3 | 3 | 20 | - | - | 8 | 33 |
| 1998 | 2 | - | - | 12 | - | 5 | - | 18 |
| 1999 | - | - | - | - | - | 8 | 10 | 18 |
| 2000 | - | - | - | 19 | - |  | 3 | 22 |
| 2001 | - | 2 | 7 | 34 | - | 6 | 1 | 51 |
| 2002 | - | 15 | 16 | 15 | - | - | 5 | 51 |
| 2003 | - | 8 | 9 | 18 | - | - | - | 35 |
| 2004 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 2005 | - | 8 | - | 5 | - | 3 | - | 16 |
| 2006 | - | - | 7 | 4 | - | 2 | 1 | 15 |
| 2007 | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | 7 | 10 |
| 2008 | 3 | - | - | 15 | - | - | - | 18 |
| 2009 | - | - | - | 6 | - | - | - | 6 |

Table H-3. Estimated marine CWT recoveries of all tagged Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook.

| Recovery | Recovery Location |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | AK | NBC | WCVI | JDF | JST | GST | US South | Total |
| 1979 | - | 13 | - | - | - | - | - | 13 |
| 1980 | - | - | - | 4 | - | - | 4 | 8 |
| 1981 | - | 6 | 14 | - | 2 | 24 | 4 | 49 |
| 1982 | 5 | 8 | 27 | 7 | - | - | 18 | 64 |
| 1983 | 6 | 11 | 4 | 6 | - | - | - | 27 |
| 1984 | 2 | - | 11 | 6 | - | 3 | 12 | 34 |
| 1985 | 1 | - | - | 5 | 5 | 9 | 7 | 29 |
| 1986 | 10 | 38 | 31 | - | - | 11 | 5 | 94 |
| 1987 | 15 | 49 | 76 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 9 | 160 |
| 1988 | 19 | 54 | 141 | 5 | 7 | 4 | 33 | 263 |
| 1989 | 53 | 128 | 68 | 29 | 8 | - | 52 | 338 |
| 1990 | 51 | 260 | 117 | 20 | 5 | 15 | 47 | 514 |
| 1991 | 75 | 250 | 77 | 14 | - | 11 | 67 | 495 |
| 1992 | 17 | 218 | 184 | 30 | 8 | 3 | 46 | 507 |
| 1993 | 60 | 308 | 318 | 51 | 23 | 15 | 118 | 894 |
| 1994 | 14 | 107 | 207 | 66 | - | 18 | 35 | 446 |
| 1995 | 44 | 163 | 381 | 17 | 3 | 14 | 41 | 663 |
| 1996 | 35 | - | 2 | 21 | - | 5 | 2 | 67 |
| 1997 | 8 | 18 | 29 | 13 | - | - | 13 | 81 |
| 1998 | 29 | 62 | - | 5 | - | 16 | 11 | 123 |
| 1999 | 9 | 5 | - | 8 | - | 4 | 2 | 27 |
| 2018 | - | - | 7 |  | - | - | - | 7 |

## APPENDIX I: CTC EXPLOITATION ANALYSIS RESULTS

Table I-1. Estimated exploitation rate (total mortality) of the Nicola CWT Indicator Stock (Fraser Spring 42), CTC ERA.

| YEAR | Alaska | North/Central BC |  |  | WCVI |  |  | Southern BC |  |  |  | S. US | Fraser River |  |  | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | AABM | AABM |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { ISBM } \\ \text { All gear } \end{gathered}$ | AABM |  | ISBM <br> All gear | ISBM |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ISBM } \\ & \text { All gear } \end{aligned}$ | ISBM |  |  |  |
|  | All gear | Troll | Sport |  | Troll | Sport |  | JDFSPT | JSTSP | GSTSP | Other |  | Comm. GN | FRSPT | FN NET |  |
| 1988 | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 2.1\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 22.9\% | 1.0\% | 8.3\% | 6.8\% | 9.9\% | 0.0\% | 51.0\% |
| 1989 | 0.0\% | 0.5\% | 1.1\% | 0.2\% | 1.1\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 7.4\% | 0.0\% | 5.0\% | 0.3\% | 4.0\% | 12.4\% | 2.4\% | 0.0\% | 34.3\% |
| 1990 | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 2.5\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 2.1\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 7.1\% | 0.0\% | 13.9\% | 14.2\% | 39.9\% |
| 1991 | 0.7\% | 0.0\% | 0.2\% | 0.2\% | 4.5\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 4.5\% | 0.4\% | 0.4\% | 0.9\% | 2.8\% | 0.0\% | 7.3\% | 13.1\% | 35.0\% |
| 1992 | 0.0\% | 5.5\% | 0.0\% | 2.7\% | 5.5\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 4.7\% | 1.8\% | 1.8\% | 0.9\% | 12.7\% | 0.0\% | 7.3\% | 6.3\% | 49.2\% |
| 1993 | 0.0\% | 3.2\% | 0.0\% | 0.2\% | 5.6\% | 1.2\% | 0.0\% | 1.9\% | 1.7\% | 3.3\% | 1.2\% | 5.2\% | 0.0\% | 5.2\% | 9.4\% | 38.2\% |
| 1994 | 0.0\% | 0.3\% | 0.0\% | 0.2\% | 4.0\% | 0.4\% | 0.0\% | 2.7\% | 0.0\% | 0.8\% | 0.0\% | 0.3\% | 0.0\% | 8.0\% | 1.3\% | 18.1\% |
| 1995 | 0.0\% | 0.3\% | 0.6\% | 0.0\% | 1.7\% | 0.5\% | 0.0\% | 1.5\% | 0.2\% | 1.3\% | 1.3\% | 0.5\% | 0.0\% | 3.6\% | 3.4\% | 15.0\% |
| 1996 | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 18.8\% | 18.8\% |
| 1997 | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.9\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 4.9\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 3.1\% | 11.2\% | 0.0\% | 6.3\% | 1.8\% | 28.1\% |
| 1998 | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 4.8\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 1.2\% | 0.0\% | 1.7\% | 1.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 17.0\% | 10.0\% | 35.6\% |
| 1999 | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.5\% | 0.0\% | 0.2\% | 0.0\% | 0.8\% | 0.0\% | 2.2\% | 6.9\% | 10.6\% |
| 2000 | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 2.1\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 3.6\% | 0.0\% | 0.8\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 5.3\% | 8.0\% | 19.8\% |
| 2001 | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.1\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 3.4\% | 0.4\% | 0.3\% | 0.0\% | 0.8\% | 0.0\% | 4.4\% | 6.7\% | 16.1\% |
| 2002 | 0.0\% | 1.5\% | 0.3\% | 0.2\% | 0.6\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.8\% | 0.0\% | 0.3\% | 0.0\% | 1.0\% | 0.0\% | 2.5\% | 4.0\% | 11.2\% |
| 2003 | 0.2\% | 2.8\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.9\% | 0.6\% | 0.0\% | 1.8\% | 0.0\% | 0.9\% | 0.0\% | 0.6\% | 0.0\% | 6.7\% | 0.6\% | 15.0\% |
| 2004 | 0.0\% | 2.3\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 2.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 1.4\% | 0.0\% | 2.5\% | 0.0\% | 0.9\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 23.6\% | 32.7\% |
| 2005 | 0.0\% | 1.5\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 3.9\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 3.6\% | 0.0\% | 3.1\% | 0.0\% | 0.5\% | 0.0\% | 14.8\% | 14.5\% | 41.9\% |
| 2006 | 0.0\% | 1.6\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 1.6\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 2.8\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 1.2\% | 0.0\% | 9.5\% | 13.9\% | 30.6\% |


| YEAR | Alaska | North/Central BC |  |  | WCVI |  |  | Southern BC |  |  |  | S. US <br> ISBM | Fraser River |  |  | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | AABM <br> All gear | AABM |  | ISBM <br> All gear | AABM |  | ISBM |  | ISBM |  | Other |  |  | ISBM |  |  |
|  |  | Troll | Sport |  | Troll | Sport | All gear | JDFSPT | JSTSP | GSTSP |  | All gear | Comm. GN | FRSPT | FN NET |  |
| 2007 | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 6.4\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 1.3\% | 0.0\% | 21.7\% | 31.2\% | 60.5\% |
| 2008 | 0.0\% | 1.4\% | 0.6\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 1.4\% | 0.0\% | 2.6\% | 0.0\% | 3.0\% | 0.0\% | 3.5\% | 11.4\% | 24.0\% |
| 2009 | 0.0\% | 0.3\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 8.2\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 7.2\% | 0.0\% | 20.1\% | 18.8\% | 54.6\% |
| 2010 | 0.4\% | 1.5\% | 0.2\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.1\% | 0.0\% | 0.6\% | 0.7\% | 0.5\% | 0.0\% | 1.2\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 4.6\% | 9.8\% |
| 2011 | 0.0\% | 0.9\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.4\% | 0.0\% | 2.5\% | 0.7\% | 1.2\% | 0.0\% | 3.8\% | 0.4\% | 2.5\% | 3.8\% | 16.3\% |
| 2012 | 0.0\% | 0.6\% | 0.8\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 1.8\% | 1.2\% | 1.1\% | 0.0\% | 8.7\% | 0.6\% | 0.8\% | 17.2\% | 32.8\% |
| 2013 | 0.0\% | 1.2\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.2\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 3.5\% | 0.0\% | 1.2\% | 0.0\% | 4.6\% | 0.5\% | 0.0\% | 1.6\% | 13.0\% |
| 2014 | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 2.1\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.9\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 1.6\% | 1.6\% | 0.9\% | 9.2\% | 16.3\% |
| 2015 | 0.0\% | 0.3\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.3\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 2.6\% | 0.3\% | 0.5\% | 0.0\% | 1.9\% | 0.9\% | 0.0\% | 10.0\% | 16.9\% |
| 2016 | 0.2\% | 1.7\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.9\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 7.6\% | 2.1\% | 0.5\% | 0.0\% | 1.0\% | 0.7\% | 0.0\% | 10.1\% | 24.9\% |
| 2017 | 0.0\% | 1.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 1.2\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 1.8\% | 0.0\% | 1.6\% | 0.0\% | 1.8\% | 0.2\% | 0.0\% | 7.6\% | 15.3\% |
| 2018 | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 1.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 3.3\% | 0.5\% | 1.2\% | 0.0\% | 1.6\% | 1.2\% | 0.0\% | 17.1\% | 26.2\% |

Table I-2. Estimated exploitation rate (total mortality) of the Dome CWT Indicator Stock (Fraser Spring 52), CTC ERA.

| YEAR | Alaska | North/Central BC |  |  | WCVI |  |  | Southern BC |  |  |  | S. US | Fraser River |  |  | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | AABM | AABM |  | ISBM | AABM |  | ISBM |  | ISBM |  | ISBM |  | ISBM |  |  |  |
|  | All gear | Troll | Sport | All gear | Troll | Sport | All gear | JDFSPT | JSTSP | GSTSP | Other | All gear | Comm. GN | FRSPT | FN NET |  |
| 1990 | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 15.2\% | 15.2\% |
| 1991 | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 2.6\% | 3.9\% | 3.9\% | 0.0\% | 19.4\% | 0.0\% | 3.2\% | 3.9\% | 36.8\% |
| 1992 | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 4.4\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 3.1\% | 2.5\% | 3.1\% | 3.1\% | 7.5\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 45.0\% | 68.8\% |
| 1993 | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 1.4\% | 0.0\% | 1.7\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 2.3\% | 1.1\% | 2.6\% | 0.0\% | 1.7\% | 0.0\% | 5.7\% | 49.6\% | 66.1\% |
| 1994 | 0.7\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 2.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 1.3\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 2.4\% | 26.3\% | 32.7\% |
| 1995 | 0.0\% | 1.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 1.5\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 4.2\% | 0.0\% | 1.5\% | 0.0\% | 1.9\% | 0.0\% | 3.0\% | 20.6\% | 33.7\% |
| 1996 | 0.0\% | 0.6\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.3\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 5.8\% | 1.1\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 2.2\% | 0.0\% | 4.4\% | 36.7\% | 51.1\% |
| 1997 | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.6\% | 0.3\% | 0.0\% | 6.9\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 2.5\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 38.4\% | 48.7\% |
| 1998 | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 5.7\% | 0.0\% | 2.2\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 7.4\% | 40.4\% | 55.7\% |
| 1999 | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 17.6\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 11.8\% | 25.5\% | 54.9\% |
| 2000 | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 18.2\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 3.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 39.4\% | 60.6\% |
| 2001 | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 2.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 8.8\% | 0.7\% | 5.9\% | 0.0\% | 0.3\% | 0.0\% | 2.9\% | 58.3\% | 78.8\% |
| 2002 | 0.0\% | 14.5\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 10.9\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 11.6\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 3.6\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 18.8\% | 59.4\% |
| 2003 | 0.0\% | 5.8\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 7.8\% | 0.0\% | 12.3\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 59.1\% | 85.1\% |
| 2004 | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 20.0\% | 40.0\% | 60.0\% |
| 2005 | 0.0\% | 4.1\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 2.3\% | 0.0\% | 1.4\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 7.3\% | 59.5\% | 74.5\% |
| 2006 | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 8.4\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 4.2\% | 0.0\% | 2.1\% | 0.0\% | 1.1\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 34.7\% | 50.5\% |
| 2007 | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 42.1\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 26.3\% | 68.4\% |

Table I-3. Estimated marine survival rate for the Fraser Spring 42 CWT indicator stock, brood years 1985 to 2015. 2014 and 2015 brood years are incomplete therefore estimates are preliminary.

| Stock Management Unit | CWT Indicator | Brood Year | MSR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ | Nicola | 1985 | 3.1\% |
| Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ | Nicola | 1986 | 0.6\% |
| Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ | Nicola | 1987 | 2.6\% |
| Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ | Nicola | 1988 | 1.3\% |
| Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ | Nicola | 1989 | 2.7\% |
| Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ | Nicola | 1990 | 7.7\% |
| Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ | Nicola | 1991 | 5.5\% |
| Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ | Nicola | 1992 | 0.1\% |
| Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ | Nicola | 1993 | 0.8\% |
| Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ | Nicola | 1994 | 1.1\% |
| Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ | Nicola | 1995 | 5.8\% |
| Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ | Nicola | 1996 | 4.6\% |
| Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ | Nicola | 1997 | 6.3\% |
| Fraser Spring 42 | Nicola | 1998 | 12.5\% |
| Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ | Nicola | 1999 | 6.3\% |
| Fraser Spring 42 | Nicola | 2000 | 0.8\% |
| Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ | Nicola | 2001 | 1.4\% |
| Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ | Nicola | 2002 | 1.3\% |
| Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ | Nicola | 2003 | 0.2\% |
| Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ | Nicola | 2004 | 2.0\% |
| Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ | Nicola | 2005 | 0.4\% |
| Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ | Nicola | 2006 | 3.9\% |
| Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ | Nicola | 2007 | 1.1\% |
| Fraser Spring 42 | Nicola | 2008 | 1.3\% |
| Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ | Nicola | 2009 | 1.9\% |
| Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ | Nicola | 2010 | 0.5\% |
| Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ | Nicola | 2011 | 1.8\% |
| Fraser Spring 42 | Nicola | 2012 | 1.2\% |
| Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ | Nicola | 2013 | 1.5\% |
| Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ | Nicola | 2014 | 1.4\% |
| Fraser Spring $4_{2}$ | Nicola | 2015 | 0.6\% |

Table I-4. Estimated marine survival rate for the Fraser Spring $5_{2}$ CWT indicator stock, brood years 1986 to 2002.

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Stock Management Unit | CWT Indicator | Brood Year | MSR |
|  |  |  |  |
| Fraser Spring 52 | Dome | 1986 | $0.4 \%$ |
| Fraser Spring 52 | Dome | 1987 | $1.1 \%$ |
| Fraser Spring 52 | Dome | 1988 | $2.0 \%$ |
| Fraser Spring 52 | Dome | 1989 | $0.8 \%$ |
| Fraser Spring 52 | Dome | 1990 | $2.5 \%$ |
| Fraser Spring 52 | Dome | 1991 | $1.7 \%$ |
| Fraser Spring 52 | Dome | 1992 | $1.8 \%$ |
| Fraser Spring $5_{2}$ | Dome | 1993 | $2.4 \%$ |
| Fraser Spring 52 | Dome | 1994 | $0.1 \%$ |
| Fraser Spring $5_{2}$ | Dome | 1995 | $0.3 \%$ |
| Fraser Spring $5_{2}$ | Dome | 1996 | $0.9 \%$ |
| Fraser Spring $5_{2}$ | Dome | 1997 | $1.4 \%$ |
| Fraser Spring $5_{2}$ | Dome | 1998 | $1.3 \%$ |
| Fraser Spring $5_{2}$ | Dome | 1999 | $n / a$ |
| Fraser Spring $5_{2}$ | Dome | 2000 | $0.3 \%$ |
| Fraser Spring $5_{2}$ | Dome | 2001 | $0.4 \%$ |
| Fraser Spring $5_{2}$ | Dome | 2002 | $0.4 \%$ |

Table I-5. Observed CWT recoveries of the Nicola CWT Indicator stock by fishery, 1988 to 2018.

| YEAR | Alaska <br> AABM <br> All gear | North/Central BC |  |  | WCVI |  |  | Southern BC |  |  |  | S. USISBMAll gear | Fraser River |  |  | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | AABM |  | ISBM <br> All gear | AABM |  | ISBM <br> All gear | ISBM |  |  |  |  |  | ISBM |  |  |
|  |  | Troll | Sport |  | Troll | Sport |  | JDFSPT | JSTSP | GSTSP | Other |  | Comm. GN | FRSPT | FN NET |  |
| 1988 | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | 7 | 4 | 6 | 10 | 18 | - | 47 |
| 1989 | - | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | - | - | 11 | - | 8 | 1 | 12 | 64 | 23 | - | 127 |
| 1990 | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | 2 | - | - | 1 | 2 | - | 32 | 4 | 43 |
| 1991 | 2 | - | 1 | 2 | 14 | - | - | 11 | - | 3 | 3 | 16 | - | 90 | 52 | 194 |
| 1992 | - | 6 | - | 5 | 7 | 2 | - | 7 | - | 5 | 2 | 15 | - | 50 | 9 | 108 |
| 1993 | - | 4 | - | 5 | 15 | 1 | - | 13 | - | 13 | 4 | 32 | - | 41 | 44 | 172 |
| 1994 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 15 | 2 | - | 18 | - | 4 | - | 5 | - | 178 | 7 | 232 |
| 1995 | - | 1 | 3 | 1 | 8 | 2 | - | 14 | - | 8 | - | 5 | - | 46 | 5 | 93 |
| 1996 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | 1 | - | 2 | 5 | 11 |
| 1997 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | 3 | - | 12 | 1 | 19 |
| 1998 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | 10 | - | 57 | 3 | 73 |
| 1999 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | 1 | - | 8 | - | 8 | 6 | 25 |
| 2000 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | 7 | - | 4 | - | 2 | - | 72 | 1 | 87 |
| 2001 | - | - | - | 3 | 2 | - | - | 9 | - | 1 | - | 8 | - | 59 | 11 | 93 |
| 2002 | - | 7 | 1 | 1 | 10 | - | - | 5 | - | 2 | - | 9 | - | 49 | 8 | 92 |
| 2003 | 1 | 7 | - | - | 2 | 1 | - | 3 | - | 5 | - | 3 | - | 60 | 2 | 84 |
| 2004 | - | 4 | - | - | 4 | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | 3 | - | - | 4 | 17 |
| 2005 | 1 | 2 | - | - | 3 | - | - | 3 | - | 2 | - | 2 | - | 10 | - | 23 |
| 2006 | - | 3 | - | - | 2 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 2 | - | 24 | - | 32 |
| 2007 | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 7 | - | 11 |
| 2008 | - | 6 | 1 | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 4 | - | 8 | - | 15 | - | 35 |


| YEAR | Alaska <br> AABM <br> All gear | North/Central BC |  |  | WCVI |  |  | Southern BC |  |  |  | S. US <br> ISBM <br> All gear | Fraser River |  |  | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | AABM |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ISBM } \\ & \text { All gear } \end{aligned}$ | AABM |  |  | ISBM |  |  |  |  |  | ISBM |  |  |
|  |  | Troll | Sport |  | Troll | Sport |  | JDFSPT | JSTSP | GSTSP | Other |  | Comm. GN | FRSPT | FN NET |  |
| 2009 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | 6 | - | 13 | - | 22 |
| 2010 | 2 | 9 | 1 | 3 | - | 1 | - | 2 | 3 | - | - | 13 | - | - | 15 | 49 |
| 2011 | - | 2 | - | 2 | - | 1 | - | 4 | 2 | 1 | - | 9 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 25 |
| 2012 | - | 1 | 2 | 2 | - | - | - | 2 | 2 | - | - | 20 | 4 | 2 | 12 | 47 |
| 2013 | - | 4 | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | 4 | 1 | 2 | - | 20 | 3 | - | 7 | 43 |
| 2014 | 1 | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | 4 | 1 | - | 10 |
| 2015 | - | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | - | 5 | 2 | - | - | 10 | 13 | - | 5 | 40 |
| 2016 | 1 | 3 | - | 2 | 3 | - | - | 6 | 1 | - | - | 10 | 7 | - | 2 | 35 |
| 2017 | - | 2 | - | - | 3 | - | - | 4 | 4 | 2 | - | 5 | 2 | - | 3 | 25 |
| 2018 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 3 | - | - | 2 | 1 | - | - | - | 4 | - | 3 | 15 |

Table I-6. Catch-sample ratios used to expand CWT recoveries of the Nicola CWT Indicator Stock (MRP data), 1988 to 2018.

| YEAR | Alaska <br> AABM <br> All gear | North/Central BC |  |  | WCVI |  |  | Southern BC |  |  |  | $\frac{\text { S. US }}{\text { ISBM }}$ | Fraser River |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | AABM |  |  | AABM |  | ISBM <br> All gear | ISBM |  |  |  |  | ISBM |  |  |
|  |  | Troll | Sport |  | Troll | Sport |  | JDFSPT | JSTSP | GSTSP | Other | All gear | Comm. GN | FRSPT | FN NET |
| 1988 | - | - | - | - | 4.16 | - | - | - | - | 6.34 | 2.85 | 3.54 | 1.56 | 1.77 | - |
| 1989 | - | 3.68 | 6.97 | 1.84 | 3.56 | - | - | 8.24 | - | 6.19 | 3.75 | 4.19 | 2.14 | 1.76 | - |
| 1990 | - | - | - | - | 5.15 | - | - | 4.22 | - | - | 2.34 | 6.78 | - | 1.23 | 9.87 |
| 1991 | 2.44 | - | 2.90 | 3.28 | 3.84 | - | - | 6.18 | - | 2.85 | 4.74 | 3.95 | - | 1.50 | 5.46 |
| 1992 | - | 5.63 | - | 4.53 | 5.79 | 5.60 | - | 3.54 | - | 4.37 | 2.97 | 4.31 | - | 1.43 | 7.18 |
| 1993 | - | 7.51 | - | 2.81 | 4.29 | 13.41 | - | 2.71 | - | 4.31 | 4.95 | 2.21 | - | 2.07 | 4.31 |
| 1994 | - | 3.90 | 2.31 | 3.84 | 4.54 | 8.14 | - | 3.73 | - | 3.34 | - | 1.71 | - | 1.14 | 6.86 |
| 1995 | - | 2.56 | 5.18 | 2.72 | 3.79 | 4.25 | - | 3.07 | - | 2.55 | - | 3.08 | - | 2.27 | 17.36 |
| 1996 | - | - | - | 2.83 | - | - | - | 3.56 | - | - | - | 0.00 | - | 1.07 | 10.48 |
| 1997 | - | - | - | 1.50 | - | - | - | 5.27 | - | - | - | 3.88 | - | 1.07 | 3.65 |
| 1998 | - | - | 12.35 | - | - | - | - | 4.83 | - | 5.00 | - | 0.00 | - | 1.19 | 13.88 |
| 1999 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6.07 | - | 3.60 | - | 2.01 | - | 6.27 | 27.79 |
| 2000 | - | - | 27.14 | - | - | - | - | 8.37 | - | 2.63 | - | 0.00 | - | 1.23 | 13.56 |
| 2001 | - | - | - | 2.55 | 1.36 | - | - | 8.04 | - | 5.21 | - | 1.91 | - | 1.57 | 13.90 |
| 2002 | - | 4.04 | 6.18 | 2.23 | 1.43 | - | - | 3.57 | - | 2.41 | - | 2.29 | - | 1.10 | 11.61 |
| 2003 | 1.85 | 5.51 | - | - | 7.98 | 9.22 | - | 9.87 | - | 2.59 | - | 2.67 | - | 1.91 | 4.84 |
| 2004 | - | 2.08 | - | - | 1.97 | - | - | 6.02 | - | 8.51 | - | 1.71 | - | - | 26.06 |
| 2005 | 0.00 | 1.90 | - | - | 5.10 | - | - | 4.54 | - | 4.87 | - | 1.22 | - | 5.65 | - |
| 2006 | - | 2.15 | - | - | 3.54 | - | - | 11.12 | - | - | - | 2.19 | - | 1.66 | - |
| 2007 | - | - | - | - | 2.79 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2.13 | - | 4.58 | - |
| 2008 | - | 1.00 | 4.38 | - | - | - | - | 7.57 | - | 3.18 | - | 2.03 | - | 1.42 | - |


| YEAR | Alaska | North/Central BC |  |  | WCVI |  |  | Southern BC |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { S. US } \\ & \text { ISBM } \end{aligned}$ | Fraser River |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | AABM | AABM |  | ISBM <br> All gear | AABM |  | ISBM |  | ISBM |  | Other |  |  | ISBM |  |
|  | All gear | Troll | Sport |  | Troll | Sport | All gear | JDFSPT | JSTSP | GSTSP |  | All gear | Comm. GN | FRSPT | FN NET |
| 2009 | - | 0.00 | - | - | - | - | - | 10.74 | - | - | - | 2.01 | - | 4.15 | - |
| 2010 | 3.16 | 2.77 | 3.24 | 3.93 | - | 2.23 | - | 6.13 | 3.07 | - | - | 1.85 | - | - | 7.19 |
| 2011 | - | 1.98 | - | 2.01 | - | 3.09 | - | 4.01 | 2.00 | 2.26 | - | 2.48 | 1.99 | 8.00 | 25.93 |
| 2012 | - | 2.63 | 1.92 | 3.71 | - | - | - | 4.69 | 3.15 | - | - | 2.66 | 1.00 | 3.11 | 10.33 |
| 2013 | - | 3.02 | 2.66 | - | 3.22 | - | - | 12.04 | 2.67 | 4.54 | - | 2.63 | 1.06 | - | 3.31 |
| 2014 | 0.00 | - | - | - | 3.84 | - | - | 4.19 | - | - | - | 5.88 | 1.03 | 3.60 | - |
| 2015 | - | 1.54 | 1.79 | 3.86 | 3.71 | - | - | 8.30 | 2.44 | - | - | 2.22 | 1.00 | - | 30.77 |
| 2016 | 1.61 | 4.39 | - | 2.76 | 3.23 | - | - | 11.88 | 4.37 | - | - | 1.50 | 1.00 | - | - |
| 2017 | - | 3.71 | - | - | 3.52 | - | - | 5.29 | 2.24 | 4.00 | - | 5.80 | - | - | - |
| 2018 | - | - | 6.01 | 7.11 | 2.89 | - | - | 11.03 | 7.23 | - | - |  | 1.02 | - | - |

Table I-7. Estimated CWT recoveries of the Nicola CWT Indicator stock by fishery used in the CTC analysis, 1988 to 2018. These data include stratum for which auxiliary data were used to approximate CWT recoveries for un-sampled stratum or for stratum for which catch data were unavailable.

| YEAR | Alaska | North/Central BC |  |  | WCVI |  |  | $\frac{\text { Southern BC }}{\text { ISBM }}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { S. US } \\ & \hline \text { ISBM } \end{aligned}$ | Fraser River |  |  | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | AABM <br> All gear | AABM |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { ISBM } \\ \text { All gear } \end{gathered}$ | AABM |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ISBM } \\ & \text { All gear } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | Comm. GN | ISBM |  |  |
|  |  | Troll | Sport |  | Troll | Sport |  | JDFSPT | JSTSP | GSTSP | Other |  | All gear | FRSPT | FN NET |  |
| 1988 | - | - | - | - | 4 | - | - | - | - | 44 | 3 | 21 | 10 | 18 | - | 100 |
| 1989 | - | 6 | 14 | - | 11 | - | - | 91 | - | 50 | 4 | 46 | 156 | 30 | - | 406 |
| 1990 | - | - | - | - | 5 | - | - | 6 | - | - | 0 | 14 | - | 36 | 39 | 100 |
| 1991 | 5 | 2 | 3 | - | 47 | - | - | 57 | 4 | 4 | 14 | 30 | - | 106 | 178 | 450 |
| 1992 | - | 33 | - | - | 24 | - | - | 25 | 8 | 9 | 6 | 53 | - | 37 | 35 | 230 |
| 1993 | - | 32 | - | - | 57 | 13 | - | 23 | 12 | 31 | 17 | 41 | - | 61 | 120 | 407 |
| 1994 | - | 4 | - | - | 63 | 8 | 4 | 52 | - | 13 | - | 6 | - | 155 | 28 | 333 |
| 1995 | - | 3 | 10 | - | 19 | 9 | - | 27 | 3 | 20 | - | 8 | - | 64 | 63 | 225 |
| 1996 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 13 | 13 |
| 1997 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | 11 | - | - | - | 12 | - | 13 | 4 | 40 |
| 1998 | - | - | 12 | - | - | - | - | 5 | - | 5 | - | - | - | 68 | 42 | 132 |
| 1999 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 12 | - | 4 | - | 16 | - | 50 | 174 | 256 |
| 2000 | - | - | 27 | - | - | - | - | 59 | - | 11 | - | - | - | 89 | 140 | 325 |
| 2001 | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | 72 | 8 | 5 | - | 15 | - | 93 | 153 | 349 |
| 2002 | - | 26 | 6 | - | 14 | - | 2 | 18 | - | 5 | - | 21 | - | 54 | 93 | 238 |
| 2003 | 2 | 39 | - | - | 16 | 9 | - | 30 | - | 13 | - | 8 | - | 114 | 10 | 240 |
| 2004 | - | 8 | - | - | 8 | - | - | 6 | - | 9 | - | 4 | - | - | 104 | 139 |
| 2005 | - | 4 | - | - | 15 | - | - | 14 | - | 10 | - | 2 | - | 57 | 61 | 162 |
| 2006 | - | 6 | - | - | 7 | - | - | 11 | - | - | - | 4 | - | 40 | 60 | 129 |
| 2007 | - | - | - | - | 8 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | 32 | 50 | 93 |
| 2008 | - | 6 | 4 | - | - | - | - | 8 | - | 13 | - | 16 | - | 21 | 71 | 140 |
| 2009 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | 21 | - | - | - | 12 | - | 54 | 55 | 144 |
| 2010 | -6 | 25 | 3 | - | - | 2 | - | 12 | 12 | 9 | - | 22 | - | - | 108 | 200 |
| 2011 | - | 4 | - | - | - | 3 | - | 16 | 4 | 6 | - | 21 | 2 | 16 | 26 | 98 |
| 2012 | - | 3 | 4 | - | - | - | - | 11 | 7 | 6 | - | 49 | 4 | 6 | 124 | 215 |
| 2013 | - | 12 |  | - | 3 | - | 3 | 48 | - | 13 | - | 53 | 3 | - | 23 | 158 |
| 2014 | - | - | - | - | 8 | - | - | 4 | - | - | - | 6 | 4 | 4 | 40 | 65 |
| 2015 | - | 3 | 2 | - | 4 | - | - | 42 | 4 | 5 | - | 22 | 13 | - | 154 | 248 |
| 2016 | 2 | 13 | - | - | 10 | - | - | 71 | 13 | 4 | - | 9 | 7 | - | 98 | 226 |
| 2017 | - | 7 | - | - | 11 | - | - | 19 | - | 14 | - | 16 | 2 | - | 82 | 151 |
| 2018 | - |  | 2 | - | 9 | - | - | 28 | 4 | 8 | - | 14 | 4 | - | 157 | 225 |

Table I-8. Stratum with values for which auxiliary data were used to approximate CWT recoveries for the Nicola CWT Indicator Stock.

| YEAR | Alaska <br> AABM <br> All gear | North/Central BC |  |  | WCVI |  |  | Southern BC <br> ISBM |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { S. US } \\ & \hline \text { ISBM } \end{aligned}$ |  | Fraser River |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | AABM |  | ISBM <br> All gear | AABM |  | ISBM |  |  |  | ISBM |
|  |  | Troll | Sport |  | Troll | Sport | All gear | JDFSPT | JSTSP | GSTSP |  |  | Other | ISBM All gear | Comm. GN | FRSPT | FN NET |
| 1988 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - |
| 1989 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 30 | - | - |
| 1990 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1991 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1992 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1993 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1994 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1995 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1996 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1997 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1998 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1999 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 7 |
| 2000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 127 |
| 2001 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2002 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2003 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2004 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2005 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 61 |
| 2006 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 60 |
| 2007 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 50 |
| 2008 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 71 |
| 2009 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 55 |
| 2010 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2011 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2012 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 40 |
| 2015 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2017 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 12 |
| 2018 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 25 |

Table I-9. Observed CWT recoveries of the Dome CWT Indicator stock by fishery, 1990 to 2007.

| YEAR | Alaska <br> AABM <br> All gear | North/Central BC |  |  | WCVI |  |  | Southern BC |  |  |  | $\frac{\text { S. US }}{\text { ISBM }}$ | Fraser River |  |  | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | AABM |  |  | AABM |  |  | ISBM |  |  |  |  |  | ISBM |  |  |
|  |  | Troll | Sport | All gear | Troll | Sport | All gear | JDFSPT | JSTSP | GSTSP | Other | All gear | Comm. GN | FRSPT | FN NET |  |
| 1990 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | 2 |
| 1991 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | 4 | - | 1 | 1 | 9 |
| 1992 | - | - | - | 1 | 2 | - | - | 3 | - | - | 1 | 4 | - | - | 10 | 21 |
| 1993 | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | - | 3 | - | 2 | - | 4 | - | 5 | 12 | 29 |
| 1994 | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 2 | - | 3 | 8 | 16 |
| 1995 | - | 1 | - | - | 2 | - | - | 7 | - | 3 | - | 2 | - | 2 | 6 | 23 |
| 1996 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 4 | - | - | - | 2 | - | 1 | 13 | 21 |
| 1997 | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | - | 4 | - | - | - | 7 | - | - | 8 | 21 |
| 1998 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | 5 | 8 | 19 |
| 1999 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - | 2 |
| 2000 | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | 5 |
| 2001 | - | - | - | 1 | 3 | - | - | 5 | - | 2 | - | 2 | - | 1 | 9 | 23 |
| 2002 | - | 5 | - | - | 5 | - | - | 4 | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | 4 | 20 |
| 2003 | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 9 | 13 |
| 2004 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | 2 |
| 2005 | - | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | 1 | 3 | 11 |
| 2006 | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | - | 5 |
| 2007 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | 3 |

Table I-10. Catch-sample expansions for the Dome CWT Indicator Stock (MRP data), 1990 to 2007.

| YEAR | Alaska <br> AABM <br> All gear | North/Central BC |  |  | WCVI |  |  | Southern BC |  |  |  | S. US <br> ISBM | Fraser River |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | AABM |  | ISBM | AABM |  | ISBM | ISBM |  |  |  |  | ISBM |  |  |
|  |  | Troll | Sport | All gear | Troll | Sport | All gear | JDFSPT | JSTSP | GSTSP | Other | All gear | Comm. GN | FRSPT | FN NET |
| 1990 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4.51 |
| 1991 | - | - | - | 5.21 | - | - | - | 3.64 | - | 4.54 | - | 5.58 | - | 5.14 | 5.71 |
| 1992 | - | - | - | 3.82 | 3.23 | - | - | 3.36 | - | - | 3.74 | 2.77 | - |  | 7.15 |
| 1993 | - | - | 4.04 | 3.64 | 4.89 | - | - | 2.69 | - | 4.34 | - | 1.15 | - | 3.80 | 14.52 |
| 1994 | 2.46 | - | - | - | 5.26 | - | - | 3.94 |  | - | - | 0.00 | - | 2.31 | 9.88 |
| 1995 | - | 2.56 | - | - | 2.78 | - | - | 2.82 | - | 2.30 | - | 3.56 | - | 7.51 | 17.94 |
| 1996 | - | - | - | 2.72 | - | - | - | 4.74 | - | - | - | 2.47 | - | 15.38 | 10.14 |
| 1997 | - | - | - | - | 2.00 | 1.03 | - | 4.94 | - | - | - | 1.11 | - | - | 15.34 |
| 1998 | 0.00 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3.89 | - | 5.00 | - | - | - | 3.27 | 11.57 |
| 1999 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 8.43 | - | - | - | 6.29 | - |
| 2000 | - | - | - | - | 0.00 | - | - | 8.31 | - | - | - | 1.51 | - | - | - |
| 2001 | - | - | - | 2.20 | 2.17 | - | - | 6.86 | - | 3.21 | - | 0.65 | - | 7.69 | 19.90 |
| 2002 | - | 3.39 | - | - | 3.17 | - | - | 3.74 | - | - | - | 2.51 | - | - | 6.60 |
| 2003 | - | 7.71 | - | - | - | 9.22 | - | 9.19 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 10.05 |
| 2004 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1.40 | - |
| 2005 | - | 1.90 | - | - | - | - | - | 5.04 | - | 2.92 | - | - | - | 14.87 | 43.68 |
| 2006 | - | - | - | - | 3.54 | - | - | 3.98 | - | 2.22 | - | 1.43 | - | - | - |
| 2007 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3.22 | - | - | - | 3.51 | - | - | - |

Table I- 11. Estimated CWT recoveries used for the CTC ERA analysis for the Dome CWT Indicator Stock, 1990 to 2007. These data include stratum for which auxiliary data were used to approximate CWT recoveries for un-sampled stratum or for stratum for which catch data were unavailable.

| YEAR | Alaska | North/Central BC |  |  | WCVI |  |  | Southern BC |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { S. US } \\ & \hline \text { ISBM } \end{aligned}$ | Fraser River |  |  | TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | AABM <br> All gear | AABM |  | ISBM <br> All gear | AABM |  | ISBM <br> All gear |  |  |  | Other |  |  | ISBM |  |  |
|  |  | Troll | Sport |  | Troll | Sport |  |  | JSTSP | GSTSP |  | All gear | Comm. GN | FRSPT | FN NET |  |
| 1990 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5 | 5 |
| 1991 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4 | 5.21 | 4.54 | - | 22.31 | - | 5.14 | 6 | 47 |
| 1992 | - | - | - | - | 6.45 | - | - | 5 | 3.82 | 4.69 | 3.74 | 11.06 | - | - | 71 | 107 |
| 1993 | - | - | 4.04 | - | 4.89 | - | - | 8 | 3.64 | 8.67 | - | 4.60 | - | 18.98 | 174 | 227 |
| 1994 | 2.46 | - | - | - | 5.26 | - | - | 4 | - | - | - |  | - | 6.93 | 79 | 98 |
| 1995 | - | 2.56 | - | - | 5.56 | - | - | 20 | - | 6.90 | - | 7.12 | - | 15.02 | 108 | 165 |
| 1996 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 19 | 2.72 | - | - | 4.93 | - | 15.38 | 132 | 174 |
| 1997 | - | - | - | - | 2.00 | 1.03 | - | 20 | - | - | - | 7.75 | - | - | 123 | 153 |
| 1998 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 12 | - | 5.00 | - |  | - | 16.34 | 93 | 126 |
| 1999 | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - | 8.43 | - |  | - | 6.29 | 15 | 29 |
| 2000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 17 | - | - | - | 3.02 | - | - | 39 | 58 |
| 2001 | - | - | - | - | 6.51 | - | - | 25 | 2.20 | 15.82 | - | 1.29 | - | 7.69 | 179 | 238 |
| 2002 | - | 16.95 | - | - | 15.77 | - | - | 15 | - | - | - | 5.01 | - | - | 26 | 79 |
| 2003 | - | 7.71 | - | - |  | 9.22 | - | 18 | - | - | - |  | - | - | 90 | 126 |
| 2004 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | 1.40 | 2 | 4 |
| 2005 | - | 7.60 | - | - | - | - | - | 5 | - | 2.92 | - |  | - | 14.87 | 145 | 176 |
| 2006 | - | - | - | - | 7.08 | - |  | 4 | - | 2.22 | - | 1.43 | - | - | 32 | 47 |
| 2007 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5.86 | - | - | 5 | 11 |

Table I-12. Stratum for which auxiliary data were used to approximate CWT recoveries for the Dome CWT Indicator Stock.

| YEAR | Alaska <br> AABM <br> All gear | North/Central BC |  |  | WCVI |  |  | Southern BC ISBM |  |  | S. US |  | Fraser River |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | AABM |  | ISBM <br> All gear | AABM |  | ISBM |  |  |  | Other | ISBM <br> All gear | ISBM |  |  |
|  |  | Troll | Sport |  | Troll | Sport | All gear |  | JSTSP | GSTSP |  |  | Comm. GN | FRSPT | FN NET |
| 1990 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1991 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1992 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1993 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1994 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1995 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1996 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1997 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1998 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1999 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 14.63 |
| 2000 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 38.73 |
| 2001 | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2002 | - | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2003 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2004 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2.44 |
| 2005 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 14.12 |
| 2006 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 31.89 |
| 2007 | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5.22 |

Table I-13. Release mortality rates applied in the CTC model (and ERA analysis). In the most recent model formulation, rates in some fisheries change over time, in accordance with changes in management regulations (CTC 2018b).

| Fishery | Sublegal Rate | Legal Rate | Drop-off | Applicable Years |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alaska T | 0.255 | 0.211 | 0.008 | All |
| North T | 0.255 | 0.211 | 0.017 | 1979-1995 |
| North T | 0.22 | 0.185 | 0.016 | 1996-curr. |
| Centr T | 0.225 | 0.211 | 0.017 | 1979-1995 |
| Centr T | 0.22 | 0.185 | 0.016 | 1996-curr. |
| WCVI T | 0.225 | 0.211 | 0.017 | 1979-1997 |
| WCVI T | 0.22 | 0.185 | 0.016 | 1998-curr. |
| WA/OR T | 0.255 | 0.211 | 0.017 | 1979-1983 |
| WA/OR T | 0.22 | 0.185 | 0.016 | 1984-curr. |
| Str of Geo T | 225 | 0.211 | 0.017 | 1979-1985, 1987-1996 |
| Str of Geo T | 0.22 | 0.185 | 0.016 | 1986, 1998-curr. |
| Alaska N | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0 | All |
| North N | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0 | All |
| Centr N | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0 | All |
| WCVI N | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0 | All |
| J De F N | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0 | All |
| PgtNth N | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0 | All |
| PgtSth N | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0 | All |
| WashCst N | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0 | All |
| Col R N | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0 | All |
| John St N | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0 | All |
| Fraser N | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0 | All |
| Alaska S | 0.123 | 0.123 | 0.036 | All |
| Nor/Cen S | 0.123 | 0.123 | 0.036 | All |
| WCVI S | 0.123 | 0.123 | 0.069 | All |
| WashOcn S | 0.123 | 0.123 | 0.069 | All |
| PgtNth S | 0.123 | 0.123 | 0.145 | All |
| PgtSth S | 0.123 | 0.123 | 0.145 | All |
| Str of Geo S | 0.322 | 0.322 | 0.069 | 1979-1981 |
| Str of Geo S | 0.123 | 0.123 | 0.069 | 1982-curr. |
| ColR S | 0.123 | 0.123 | 0.069 | All |

## APPENDIX J: 2018 FRASER RUN RECONSTRUCTION MODEL RESULTS

Table J-1. Estimated return to the river, catch, and harvest rate for stream-type Fraser Chinook stock management units, estimated using the Fraser Chinook run reconstruction model. Note that these results come from the 2018 DFO version of the Run Reconstruction model (folder name $=1979$-2018 Run Reconstruction V15_ 06Mar2019 ; Nicole Trouton, DFO, Kamloops, BC, pers. comm.) rather than our updated version for this review, and therefore, only represent landed catch.

| Year | Spring 42 |  |  | Spring $5_{2}$ |  |  | Summer 52 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Catch | Return | HR | Catch | Return | HR | Catch | Return | HR |
| 1979 | 10,655 | 14,162 | 75.2\% | 20,468 | 35,367 | 57.9\% | 11,754 | 24,234 | 48.5\% |
| 1980 | 4,129 | 11,660 | 35.4\% | 6,071 | 23,958 | 25.3\% | 6,427 | 22,953 | 28.0\% |
| 1981 | 3,862 | 7,634 | 50.6\% | 7,340 | 18,998 | 38.6\% | 8,060 | 23,885 | 33.7\% |
| 1982 | 4,418 | 11,069 | 39.9\% | 9,316 | 24,052 | 38.7\% | 18,056 | 35,844 | 50.4\% |
| 1983 | 2,197 | 5,482 | 40.1\% | 8,087 | 30,801 | 26.3\% | 6,761 | 26,503 | 25.5\% |
| 1984 | 1,823 | 10,039 | 18.2\% | 7,583 | 37,452 | 20.2\% | 11,010 | 27,902 | 39.5\% |
| 1985 | 2,400 | 14,477 | 16.6\% | 7,575 | 51,868 | 14.6\% | 12,337 | 35,165 | 35.1\% |
| 1986 | 2,614 | 16,385 | 16.0\% | 6,165 | 60,617 | 10.2\% | 10,192 | 49,025 | 20.8\% |
| 1987 | 2,370 | 9,462 | 25.0\% | 8,661 | 61,874 | 14.0\% | 6,747 | 40,554 | 16.6\% |
| 1988 | 1,742 | 8,243 | 21.1\% | 6,844 | 52,968 | 12.9\% | 5,427 | 43,243 | 12.6\% |
| 1989 | 2,811 | 11,938 | 23.5\% | 9,855 | 43,696 | 22.6\% | 6,415 | 26,589 | 24.1\% |
| 1990 | 1,824 | 7,232 | 25.2\% | 7,511 | 49,940 | 15.0\% | 10,945 | 49,561 | 22.1\% |
| 1991 | 4,015 | 11,442 | 35.1\% | 10,232 | 39,994 | 25.6\% | 8,666 | 42,189 | 20.5\% |
| 1992 | 3,914 | 13,836 | 28.3\% | 7,322 | 44,501 | 16.5\% | 4,550 | 48,763 | 9.3\% |
| 1993 | 6,578 | 20,197 | 32.6\% | 11,960 | 49,582 | 24.1\% | 6,984 | 31,543 | 22.1\% |
| 1994 | 7,136 | 24,388 | 29.3\% | 11,104 | 65,443 | 17.0\% | 6,282 | 33,688 | 18.6\% |
| 1995 | 7,586 | 26,566 | 28.6\% | 7,677 | 49,260 | 15.6\% | 7,429 | 42,041 | 17.7\% |
| 1996 | 9,412 | 37,296 | 25.2\% | 6,781 | 39,783 | 17.0\% | 7,690 | 57,531 | 13.4\% |
| 1997 | 9,630 | 32,309 | 29.8\% | 8,652 | 46,489 | 18.6\% | 11,539 | 60,205 | 19.2\% |
| 1998 | 4,841 | 10,461 | 46.3\% | 12,875 | 45,710 | 28.2\% | 6,713 | 48,660 | 13.8\% |
| 1999 | 6,301 | 18,444 | 34.2\% | 7,085 | 29,175 | 24.3\% | 9,241 | 38,505 | 24.0\% |
| 2000 | 11,677 | 28,078 | 41.6\% | 10,363 | 37,115 | 27.9\% | 8,254 | 46,451 | 17.8\% |
| 2001 | 12,548 | 31,518 | 39.8\% | 12,245 | 43,513 | 28.1\% | 8,487 | 51,599 | 16.4\% |
| 2002 | 8,700 | 33,696 | 25.8\% | 7,970 | 50,388 | 15.8\% | 7,667 | 47,300 | 16.2\% |
| 2003 | 14,621 | 43,875 | 33.3\% | 12,184 | 63,573 | 19.2\% | 9,441 | 67,254 | 14.0\% |
| 2004 | 16,271 | 37,126 | 43.8\% | 14,725 | 48,697 | 30.2\% | 18,078 | 64,001 | 28.2\% |
| 2005 | 7,687 | 17,156 | 44.8\% | 9,281 | 31,767 | 29.2\% | 6,473 | 35,858 | 18.1\% |
| 2006 | 6,778 | 16,978 | 39.9\% | 8,539 | 31,358 | 27.2\% | 6,916 | 45,072 | 15.3\% |
| 2007 | 2,022 | 4,677 | 43.2\% | 4,835 | 17,315 | 27.9\% | 4,984 | 21,140 | 23.6\% |
| 2008 | 6,033 | 18,229 | 33.1\% | 5,357 | 22,646 | 23.7\% | 7,666 | 34,478 | 22.2\% |
| 2009 | 1,888 | 4,403 | 42.9\% | 10,940 | 39,127 | 28.0\% | 8,931 | 40,572 | 22.0\% |
| 2010 | 3,251 | 13,139 | 24.7\% | 4,412 | 23,562 | 18.7\% | 4,774 | 31,176 | 15.3\% |
| 2011 | 2,620 | 8,048 | 32.6\% | 4,007 | 16,509 | 24.3\% | 10,170 | 33,677 | 30.2\% |
| 2012 | 3,844 | 15,494 | 24.8\% | 3,592 | 15,816 | 22.7\% | 6,836 | 19,920 | 34.3\% |
| 2013 | 1,160 | 8,507 | 13.6\% | 2,032 | 20,242 | 10.0\% | 2,268 | 20,027 | 11.3\% |
| 2014 | 6,569 | 31,531 | 20.8\% | 6,500 | 42,707 | 15.2\% | 6,755 | 38,875 | 17.4\% |
| 2015 | 2,534 | 14,048 | 18.0\% | 3,416 | 29,086 | 11.7\% | 4,069 | 47,206 | 8.6\% |
| 2016 | 2,014 | 11,325 | 17.8\% | 2,340 | 17,895 | 13.1\% | 1,990 | 16,339 | 12.2\% |
| 2017 | 1,240 | 6,714 | 18.5\% | 1,409 | 11,163 | 12.6\% | 1,152 | 11,061 | 10.4\% |
| 2018 | 1,339 | 3,711 | 36.1\% | 3,135 | 13123 | 23.9\% | 1,530 | 10508 | 14.6\% |



Figure J-1. Estimated total annual harvest rates from all Fraser River fisheries on stream-type Fraser stock management units. Note that these results come from the 2018 DFO version of the Run Reconstruction model rather than our revised version for this review, and therefore, only represent landed catch.

Table J-2. Estimated Fraser River FSC catch and harvest rates for stream-type stock management units from the Fraser Chinook run reconstruction. Note that these results come from the 2018 DFO version of the Run Reconstruction model rather than our revised version for this review, and therefore, only represent landed catch.

| Year | Spring 42 |  |  | Spring $\mathbf{5}_{2}$ |  |  | Summer $5_{2}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Catch | Return | HR | Catch | Return | HR | Catch | Return | HR |
| 1979 | 2,360 | 14,162 | 16.7\% | 4,394 | 35,367 | 12.4\% | 2,346 | 24,234 | 9.7\% |
| 1980 | 2,546 | 11,660 | 21.8\% | 3,886 | 23,958 | 16.2\% | 2,055 | 22,953 | 9.0\% |
| 1981 | 2,995 | 7,634 | 39.2\% | 4,137 | 18,998 | 21.8\% | 1,901 | 23,885 | 8.0\% |
| 1982 | 4,100 | 11,069 | 37.0\% | 8,477 | 24,052 | 35.2\% | 13,015 | 35,844 | 36.3\% |
| 1983 | 1,961 | 5,482 | 35.8\% | 7,187 | 30,801 | 23.3\% | 3,454 | 26,503 | 13.0\% |
| 1984 | 1,366 | 10,039 | 13.6\% | 5,175 | 37,452 | 13.8\% | 4,042 | 27,902 | 14.5\% |
| 1985 | 1,965 | 14,477 | 13.6\% | 4,669 | 51,868 | 9.0\% | 1,820 | 35,165 | 5.2\% |
| 1986 | 2,361 | 16,385 | 14.4\% | 5,188 | 60,617 | 8.6\% | 3,734 | 49,025 | 7.6\% |
| 1987 | 1,863 | 9,462 | 19.7\% | 6,060 | 61,874 | 9.8\% | 2,752 | 40,554 | 6.8\% |
| 1988 | 1,319 | 8,243 | 16.0\% | 4,882 | 52,968 | 9.2\% | 2,231 | 43,243 | 5.2\% |
| 1989 | 1,094 | 11,938 | 9.2\% | 2,901 | 43,696 | 6.6\% | 861 | 26,589 | 3.2\% |
| 1990 | 1,426 | 7,232 | 19.7\% | 6,108 | 49,940 | 12.2\% | 4,066 | 49,561 | 8.2\% |
| 1991 | 2,588 | 11,442 | 22.6\% | 6,391 | 39,994 | 16.0\% | 3,832 | 42,189 | 9.1\% |
| 1992 | 3,393 | 13,836 | 24.5\% | 6,126 | 44,501 | 13.8\% | 2,117 | 48,763 | 4.3\% |
| 1993 | 5,841 | 20,197 | 28.9\% | 9,521 | 49,582 | 19.2\% | 2,117 | 31,543 | 6.7\% |
| 1994 | 6,263 | 24,388 | 25.7\% | 9,249 | 65,443 | 14.1\% | 2,467 | 33,688 | 7.3\% |
| 1995 | 4,985 | 26,566 | 18.8\% | 4,529 | 49,260 | 9.2\% | 4,217 | 42,041 | 10.0\% |
| 1996 | 7,569 | 37,296 | 20.3\% | 4,817 | 39,783 | 12.1\% | 2,894 | 57,531 | 5.0\% |
| 1997 | 8,085 | 32,309 | 25.0\% | 6,697 | 46,489 | 14.4\% | 1,897 | 60,205 | 3.2\% |
| 1998 | 3,406 | 10,461 | 32.6\% | 9,302 | 45,710 | 20.4\% | 2,497 | 48,660 | 5.1\% |
| 1999 | 6,028 | 18,444 | 32.7\% | 6,683 | 29,175 | 22.9\% | 8,268 | 38,505 | 21.5\% |
| 2000 | 9,771 | 28,078 | 34.8\% | 8,516 | 37,115 | 22.9\% | 3,522 | 46,451 | 7.6\% |
| 2001 | 9,488 | 31,518 | 30.1\% | 9,159 | 43,513 | 21.0\% | 2,597 | 51,599 | 5.0\% |
| 2002 | 7,788 | 33,696 | 23.1\% | 6,480 | 50,388 | 12.9\% | 4,581 | 47,300 | 9.7\% |
| 2003 | 11,667 | 43,875 | 26.6\% | 8,642 | 63,573 | 13.6\% | 3,498 | 67,254 | 5.2\% |
| 2004 | 13,502 | 37,126 | 36.4\% | 11,153 | 48,697 | 22.9\% | 6,912 | 64,001 | 10.8\% |
| 2005 | 6,368 | 17,156 | 37.1\% | 7,641 | 31,767 | 24.1\% | 3,240 | 35,858 | 9.0\% |
| 2006 | 4,565 | 16,978 | 26.9\% | 6,145 | 31,358 | 19.6\% | 2,886 | 45,072 | 6.4\% |
| 2007 | 1,650 | 4,677 | 35.3\% | 4,319 | 17,315 | 24.9\% | 3,436 | 21,140 | 16.3\% |
| 2008 | 5,335 | 18,229 | 29.3\% | 4,603 | 22,646 | 20.3\% | 4,743 | 34,478 | 13.8\% |
| 2009 | 1,643 | 4,403 | 37.3\% | 9,019 | 39,127 | 23.1\% | 5,529 | 40,572 | 13.6\% |
| 2010 | 2,960 | 13,139 | 22.5\% | 3,804 | 23,562 | 16.1\% | 3,132 | 31,176 | 10.0\% |
| 2011 | 2,497 | 8,048 | 31.0\% | 3,685 | 16,509 | 22.3\% | 8,039 | 33,677 | 23.9\% |
| 2012 | 3,577 | 15,494 | 23.1\% | 3,262 | 15,816 | 20.6\% | 5,541 | 19,920 | 27.8\% |
| 2013 | 1,064 | 8,507 | 12.5\% | 1,784 | 20,242 | 8.8\% | 1,536 | 20,027 | 7.7\% |
| 2014 | 6,019 | 31,531 | 19.1\% | 5,320 | 42,707 | 12.5\% | 4,312 | 38,875 | 11.1\% |
| 2015 | 2,377 | 14,048 | 16.9\% | 2,830 | 29,086 | 9.7\% | 2,769 | 47,206 | 5.9\% |
| 2016 | 1,902 | 11,325 | 16.8\% | 2,127 | 17,895 | 11.9\% | 1,276 | 16,339 | 7.8\% |
| 2017 | 1,196 | 6,714 | 17.8\% | 1,337 | 11,163 | 12.0\% | 998 | 11,061 | 9.0\% |
| 2018 | 1,251 | 3,711 | 33.7\% | 2910 | 13,123 | 22.2\% | 1155 | 10,508 | 11.0\% |

Table J - 3. Estimated Fraser River Recreational catch and harvest rates for stream-type stock management units from the Fraser Chinook run reconstruction. Note that these results come from the 2018 DFO version of the Run Reconstruction model rather than our revised version for this review, and therefore, only represent landed catch.

| Year | Spring 42 |  |  | Spring $5_{2}$ |  |  | Summer 52 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Catch | Return | HR | Catch | Return | HR | Catch | Return | HR |
| 1979 | 1,337 | 14,162 | 9.4\% | 1,250 | 35,367 | 3.5\% | 392 | 24,234 | 1.6\% |
| 1980 | - | 11,660 | 0.0\% | - | 23,958 | 0.0\% | 3 | 22,953 | 0.0\% |
| 1981 | - | 7,634 | 0.0\% | - | 18,998 | 0.0\% | 1 | 23,885 | 0.0\% |
| 1982 | - | 11,069 | 0.0\% | - | 24,052 | 0.0\% | 3 | 35,844 | 0.0\% |
| 1983 | - | 5,482 | 0.0\% | - | 30,801 | 0.0\% | 6 | 26,503 | 0.0\% |
| 1984 | - | 10,039 | 0.0\% | - | 37,452 | 0.0\% | 4 | 27,902 | 0.0\% |
| 1985 | - | 14,477 | 0.0\% | 8 | 51,868 | 0.0\% | 72 | 35,165 | 0.2\% |
| 1986 | 2 | 16,385 | 0.0\% | 29 | 60,617 | 0.0\% | 101 | 49,025 | 0.2\% |
| 1987 | 198 | 9,462 | 2.1\% | 1,001 | 61,874 | 1.6\% | 702 | 40,554 | 1.7\% |
| 1988 | 194 | 8,243 | 2.4\% | 589 | 52,968 | 1.1\% | 857 | 43,243 | 2.0\% |
| 1989 | 502 | 11,938 | 4.2\% | 841 | 43,696 | 1.9\% | 407 | 26,589 | 1.5\% |
| 1990 | 201 | 7,232 | 2.8\% | 185 | 49,940 | 0.4\% | 827 | 49,561 | 1.7\% |
| 1991 | 290 | 11,442 | 2.5\% | 75 | 39,994 | 0.2\% | 384 | 42,189 | 0.9\% |
| 1992 | 197 | 13,836 | 1.4\% | 200 | 44,501 | 0.4\% | 598 | 48,763 | 1.2\% |
| 1993 | 162 | 20,197 | 0.8\% | 200 | 49,582 | 0.4\% | 230 | 31,543 | 0.7\% |
| 1994 | 354 | 24,388 | 1.5\% | 450 | 65,443 | 0.7\% | 480 | 33,688 | 1.4\% |
| 1995 | 2,119 | 26,566 | 8.0\% | 2,278 | 49,260 | 4.6\% | 1,057 | 42,041 | 2.5\% |
| 1996 | 1,107 | 37,296 | 3.0\% | 1,087 | 39,783 | 2.7\% | 1,473 | 57,531 | 2.6\% |
| 1997 | 527 | 32,309 | 1.6\% | 347 | 46,489 | 0.7\% | 1,036 | 60,205 | 1.7\% |
| 1998 | 1,246 | 10,461 | 11.9\% | 2,807 | 45,710 | 6.1\% | 2,146 | 48,660 | 4.4\% |
| 1999 | 93 | 18,444 | 0.5\% | 53 | 29,175 | 0.2\% | 350 | 38,505 | 0.9\% |
| 2000 | 1,531 | 28,078 | 5.5\% | 1,134 | 37,115 | 3.1\% | 2,420 | 46,451 | 5.2\% |
| 2001 | 2,157 | 31,518 | 6.8\% | 1,805 | 43,513 | 4.1\% | 3,201 | 51,599 | 6.2\% |
| 2002 | 423 | 33,696 | 1.3\% | 631 | 50,388 | 1.3\% | 1,214 | 47,300 | 2.6\% |
| 2003 | 1,926 | 43,875 | 4.4\% | 2,110 | 63,573 | 3.3\% | 3,256 | 67,254 | 4.8\% |
| 2004 | 1,960 | 37,126 | 5.3\% | 2,230 | 48,697 | 4.6\% | 3,594 | 64,001 | 5.6\% |
| 2005 | 1,222 | 17,156 | 7.1\% | 1,444 | 31,767 | 4.5\% | 2,958 | 35,858 | 8.2\% |
| 2006 | 2,094 | 16,978 | 12.3\% | 2,148 | 31,358 | 6.8\% | 3,170 | 45,072 | 7.0\% |
| 2007 | 360 | 4,677 | 7.7\% | 434 | 17,315 | 2.5\% | 1,307 | 21,140 | 6.2\% |
| 2008 | 556 | 18,229 | 3.1\% | 488 | 22,646 | 2.2\% | 2,310 | 34,478 | 6.7\% |
| 2009 | 204 | 4,403 | 4.6\% | 1,445 | 39,127 | 3.7\% | 2,789 | 40,572 | 6.9\% |
| 2010 | 72 | 13,139 | 0.5\% | 193 | 23,562 | 0.8\% | 930 | 31,176 | 3.0\% |
| 2011 | 46 | 8,048 | 0.6\% | 141 | 16,509 | 0.9\% | 1,476 | 33,677 | 4.4\% |
| 2012 | 139 | 15,494 | 0.9\% | 182 | 15,816 | 1.2\% | 969 | 19,920 | 4.9\% |
| 2013 | 22 | 8,507 | 0.3\% | 55 | 20,242 | 0.3\% | 487 | 20,027 | 2.4\% |
| 2014 | 238 | 31,531 | 0.8\% | 683 | 42,707 | 1.6\% | 1,440 | 38,875 | 3.7\% |
| 2015 | 10 | 14,048 | 0.1\% | 249 | 29,086 | 0.9\% | 740 | 47,206 | 1.6\% |
| 2016 | 18 | 11,325 | 0.2\% | 20 | 17,895 | 0.1\% | 427 | 16,339 | 2.6\% |
| 2017 | - | 6,714 | 0.0\% | - | 11,163 | 0.0\% | 79 | 11,061 | 0.7\% |
| 2018 | 48 | 3,711 | 1.3\% | 66 | 13123 | 0.5\% | 199 | 10508 | 1.9\% |

Table J - 4. Estimated Fraser River Commercial (including FN EO) catch and harvest rates for streamtype stock management units from the Fraser Chinook run reconstruction. Note that these results come from the 2018 DFO version of the Run Reconstruction model rather than our revised version for this review, and therefore, only represent landed catch. .

| Year | Spring 42 |  |  | Spring 52 |  |  | Summer 52 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Catch | Return | HR | Catch | Return | HR | Catch | Return | HR |
| 1979 | 6,958 | 14,162 | 49.1\% | 14,824 | 35,367 | 41.9\% | 9,016 | 24,234 | 37.2\% |
| 1980 | 1,583 | 11,660 | 13.6\% | 2,185 | 23,958 | 9.1\% | 4,369 | 22,953 | 19.0\% |
| 1981 | 867 | 7,634 | 11.4\% | 3,203 | 18,998 | 16.9\% | 6,158 | 23,885 | 25.8\% |
| 1982 | 318 | 11,069 | 2.9\% | 839 | 24,052 | 3.5\% | 5,038 | 35,844 | 14.1\% |
| 1983 | 236 | 5,482 | 4.3\% | 900 | 30,801 | 2.9\% | 3,301 | 26,503 | 12.5\% |
| 1984 | 457 | 10,039 | 4.6\% | 2,408 | 37,452 | 6.4\% | 6,964 | 27,902 | 25.0\% |
| 1985 | 435 | 14,477 | 3.0\% | 2,898 | 51,868 | 5.6\% | 10,445 | 35,165 | 29.7\% |
| 1986 | 251 | 16,385 | 1.5\% | 948 | 60,617 | 1.6\% | 6,357 | 49,025 | 13.0\% |
| 1987 | 309 | 9,462 | 3.3\% | 1,600 | 61,874 | 2.6\% | 3,293 | 40,554 | 8.1\% |
| 1988 | 229 | 8,243 | 2.8\% | 1,373 | 52,968 | 2.6\% | 2,339 | 43,243 | 5.4\% |
| 1989 | 1,215 | 11,938 | 10.2\% | 6,113 | 43,696 | 14.0\% | 5,147 | 26,589 | 19.4\% |
| 1990 | 197 | 7,232 | 2.7\% | 1,218 | 49,940 | 2.4\% | 6,052 | 49,561 | 12.2\% |
| 1991 | 1,137 | 11,442 | 9.9\% | 3,766 | 39,994 | 9.4\% | 4,450 | 42,189 | 10.5\% |
| 1992 | 324 | 13,836 | 2.3\% | 996 | 44,501 | 2.2\% | 1,835 | 48,763 | 3.8\% |
| 1993 | 575 | 20,197 | 2.8\% | 2,239 | 49,582 | 4.5\% | 4,637 | 31,543 | 14.7\% |
| 1994 | 519 | 24,388 | 2.1\% | 1,405 | 65,443 | 2.1\% | 3,335 | 33,688 | 9.9\% |
| 1995 | 482 | 26,566 | 1.8\% | 870 | 49,260 | 1.8\% | 2,155 | 42,041 | 5.1\% |
| 1996 | 736 | 37,296 | 2.0\% | 877 | 39,783 | 2.2\% | 3,323 | 57,531 | 5.8\% |
| 1997 | 1,018 | 32,309 | 3.2\% | 1,608 | 46,489 | 3.5\% | 8,606 | 60,205 | 14.3\% |
| 1998 | 189 | 10,461 | 1.8\% | 766 | 45,710 | 1.7\% | 2,070 | 48,660 | 4.3\% |
| 1999 | 180 | 18,444 | 1.0\% | 349 | 29,175 | 1.2\% | 623 | 38,505 | 1.6\% |
| 2000 | 375 | 28,078 | 1.3\% | 713 | 37,115 | 1.9\% | 2,312 | 46,451 | 5.0\% |
| 2001 | 903 | 31,518 | 2.9\% | 1,281 | 43,513 | 2.9\% | 2,689 | 51,599 | 5.2\% |
| 2002 | 489 | 33,696 | 1.5\% | 859 | 50,388 | 1.7\% | 1,872 | 47,300 | 4.0\% |
| 2003 | 1,028 | 43,875 | 2.3\% | 1,432 | 63,573 | 2.3\% | 2,687 | 67,254 | 4.0\% |
| 2004 | 809 | 37,126 | 2.2\% | 1,342 | 48,697 | 2.8\% | 7,572 | 64,001 | 11.8\% |
| 2005 | 97 | 17,156 | 0.6\% | 196 | 31,767 | 0.6\% | 275 | 35,858 | 0.8\% |
| 2006 | 119 | 16,978 | 0.7\% | 246 | 31,358 | 0.8\% | 860 | 45,072 | 1.9\% |
| 2007 | 12 | 4,677 | 0.3\% | 82 | 17,315 | 0.5\% | 241 | 21,140 | 1.1\% |
| 2008 | 142 | 18,229 | 0.8\% | 266 | 22,646 | 1.2\% | 613 | 34,478 | 1.8\% |
| 2009 | 41 | 4,403 | 0.9\% | 476 | 39,127 | 1.2\% | 613 | 40,572 | 1.5\% |
| 2010 | 219 | 13,139 | 1.7\% | 415 | 23,562 | 1.8\% | 712 | 31,176 | 2.3\% |
| 2011 | 77 | 8,048 | 1.0\% | 181 | 16,509 | 1.1\% | 655 | 33,677 | 1.9\% |
| 2012 | 128 | 15,494 | 0.8\% | 148 | 15,816 | 0.9\% | 326 | 19,920 | 1.6\% |
| 2013 | 74 | 8,507 | 0.9\% | 193 | 20,242 | 1.0\% | 245 | 20,027 | 1.2\% |
| 2014 | 312 | 31,531 | 1.0\% | 497 | 42,707 | 1.2\% | 1,003 | 38,875 | 2.6\% |
| 2015 | 147 | 14,048 | 1.0\% | 337 | 29,086 | 1.2\% | 560 | 47,206 | 1.2\% |
| 2016 | 94 | 11,325 | 0.8\% | 193 | 17,895 | 1.1\% | 287 | 16,339 | 1.8\% |
| 2017 | 44 | 6,714 | 0.7\% | 72 | 11,163 | 0.6\% | 75 | 11,061 | 0.7\% |
| 2018 | 40 | 3,711 | 1.1\% | 159 | 13123 | 1.2\% | 176 | 10508 | 1.7\% |

## APPENDIX K: SELECT INPUTS TO THE REVISED RUN RECONSTRUCTION MODEL FOR CURRENT REVIEW

Table K-1. Run reconstruction residence time (in days) by in-river area used for our parameterization of the run reconstruction model. Note that although we have added three additional areas, we have adjusted residence times so that cumulative residence time is approximately similar to the 2018 DFO version. 'Trib. Time' is the number of days between leaving the final fishery area and entering the spawning grounds. Note that four fisheries included in this table are located in a portion of other fishery areas (e.g., Area 29B fishery occurs within the Steveston - Deas Island fishing area). When this occurs, the cumulative residence time (i.e., number of days between tributary and each fishery) that is used to calculate the number of fish available to the fishery is adjusted according to the footnote given in column headings below. See English et al. 2007 for a description of how residence time is used to calculate the number of fish available to each fishery. Footnotes are defined at the end of table.

| Stock Name | Timing Group | 은 을 은 | ~ | 山 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { の } \\ & \text { ס } \\ & \vdots \\ & \vdots \\ & \vdots \\ & \vdots \end{aligned}$ |  | $\frac{\stackrel{C}{0}}{\frac{0}{4}}$ |  |  | Hope-Sawmill | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{2}{\pi} \\ & \frac{\pi}{\pi} \\ & \frac{\pi}{0} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \overline{\overline{1}} \\ & \bar{U} \\ & \dot{1} \\ & \mathbb{\pi} \\ & \hline 0 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{\vdots} \\ & \stackrel{1}{0} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \\ & \dot{0} \\ & \bar{y} \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\mathrm{t}}{\pi} \\ & \stackrel{N}{5} \\ & \stackrel{N}{0} \end{aligned}$ |  | Thompson-Bonaparte | sdoojwey-әuedeuog |  | Kamloops-Shuswap |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Swift | Spring 5.2 | 23 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 4 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Fraser | Spring 5.2 | 22 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 4 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Horsey | Spring 5.2 | 21 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 4 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nevin | Spring 5.2 | 20 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 4 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Holmes | Spring 5.2 | 20 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 4 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| McKale | Spring 5.2 | 19 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 4 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Twin | Spring 5.2 | 19 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 4 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Goat | Spring 5.2 | 18 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 4 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Morkill | Spring 5.2 | 17 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 4 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Walker | Spring 5.2 | 16 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 4 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Torpy | Spring 5.2 | 16 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 4 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Dome | Spring 5.2 | 16 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 4 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Slim | Spring 5.2 | 16 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 4 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Bowron | Spring 5.2 | 15 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 4 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| McGregor | Spring 5.2 | 15 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 4 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Willow | Spring 5.2 | 10 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 4 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Salmon | Spring 5.2 | 10 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Stuart | Summer 5.2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 4 | - | 2 | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nechako | Summer 5.2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 4 | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Stellako | Summer 5.2 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 4 | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Endako | Spring 5.2 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 4 | - | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Chilako | Spring 5.2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 4 | - | 4 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Blackwater | Spring 5.2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Cottonwood | Spring 5.2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |


| Stock Name | Timing Group | $\begin{aligned} & \text { © } \\ & \text { E } \\ & \text { 을 } \\ & \text { 2n } \end{aligned}$ |  | 山 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 』 } \\ & \text { む } \\ & \vdots \\ & \vdots \\ & \text { む } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\frac{\stackrel{0}{0}}{\frac{1}{4}}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Thompson-Texas |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \grave{0} \\ & \stackrel{1}{0} \\ & \frac{1}{2} \\ & \frac{1}{0} \\ & \frac{0}{0} \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \stackrel{1}{0} \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \pm \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | Thompson－Bonaparte |  |  | Kamloops－Shuswap |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Quesnel | Summer 5.2 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| Cariboo | Summer 5.2 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| Horsefly | Spring 5.2 | 10 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| Chilko | Summer 5.2 | 10 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | － | － | － | － | － | － | 14 | － | － | － | － | － |
| Chilcotin Upper | Spring 5.2 | 52 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | － | － | － | － | － | － | 20 | － | － | － | － | － |
| Chilcotin Lower | Spring 5.2 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | － | － | － | － | － | － | 20 | － | － | － | － | － |
| Elkin | Summer 5.2 | 10 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | － | － | － | － | － | － | 20 | － | － | － | － | － |
| Taseko | Summer 5.2 | 10 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | － | － | － | － | － | － | 20 | － | － | － | － | － |
| Bridge | Spring 5.2 | 30 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 8 |  | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| Portage | Summer 5.2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| Seton | Summer 5.2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| Mahood | Summer 5.2 | 20 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 6 | 4 | 10 | － | － |
| Clearwater | Summer 5.2 | 20 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 6 | 4 | 10 | － | － |
| Finn | Spring 5.2 | － | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 6 | 4 | 10 | － | － |
| Raft | Summer 5.2 | 20 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 6 | 4 | 10 | － | － |
| Barriere | Summer 5.2 | 20 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 6 | 4 | 10 | － | － |
| Louis | Spring 4.2 | － | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 20 | 8 | 10 | － | － |
| North Thompson | Summer 5.2 | 20 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 3 | 2 | 5 | － | － |
| Bessette | Spring 4.2 | － | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 0 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 6 | 4 | － | 4 | 8 |
| Middle Shuswap | Summer 4.1 | 30 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 3 | 2 | － | 2 | 8 |
| Lower Shuswap | Summer 4.1 | 30 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 3 | 2 | － | 2 | 3 |
| Eagle | Spring 5.2 | 15 |  | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 6 | 4 | － | 10 | － |
| Salmon | Spring 5.2 | 15 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 6 | 4 | － | 10 | － |
| Adams | Summer 4.1 | 30 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 3 | 2 | － | 2 | － |
| Little | Summer 4.1 | 30 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 3 | 2 | － | 2 | － |
| South Thompson | Summer 4.1 | 30 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 3 | 2 | － | 2 | － |
| Lower Thompson | Summer 4.1 | 30 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 3 | 2 | － | － | － |
| Deadman | Spring 4.2 | 30 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 15 | 15 | － | － | － |
| Bonaparte | Spring 4.2 | 30 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 30 | － | － | － | － |
| Coldwater | Spring 4.2 | 60 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 30 | － | － | － | － |
| Spius | Spring 4.2 | 60 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 30 | － | － | － | － |
| Nicola | Spring 4.2 | 20 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 30 | － | － | － | － |
| Nahatlatch | Spring 5.2 | 40 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| Maria Slough | Summer 4.1 | 50 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| Birkenhead | Spring 5.2 | 70 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| Harrison | Fall | 25 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |


| Stock Name | Timing Group | $\begin{aligned} & \text { © } \\ & \text { 튼 } \\ & \text { 은 } \\ & \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 』 } \\ & \text { む } \\ & \vdots \\ & \vdots \\ & \text { む } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\frac{\text { 응 }}{\frac{1}{4}}$ |  |  | Hope－Sawmill |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \grave{\overline{0}} \\ & \stackrel{y}{\dot{0}} \\ & \tilde{y} \\ & \underset{\sim}{\bullet} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \overline{=} \\ & \text { U } \\ & \text { io } \\ & \widetilde{\circ} \\ & \text { O} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br>  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { o } \\ & \frac{1}{\pi} \\ & \text { İ } \\ & \text { Z } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | әұеdeuog－uosdmoч। | sdooןwey－әреdeuog |  | demsnys－sdoopmey |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chilliwack | Fall | 25 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| Pitt | Spring 5.2 | 20 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| Blue | Spring 5.2 | － | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 6 | 4 | 10 | － | － |
| Lemieux | Summer 5.2 | 20 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 6 | 4 | 10 | － | － |
| Upper Adams | Summer 4.1 | 30 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 3 | 2 | － | 2 | － |
| Scotch | Spring 5.2 | 15 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 6 | 4 | － | 10 | － |
| Seymour | Spring 5.2 | 30 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 0 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 6 | 4 | － | 10 | － |
| Stave | Fall | 20 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| Baker | Spring 5.2 | 30 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| Big Silver | Summer 5.2 | 30 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| Chilliwack Su | Summer 5.2 | 30 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| Douglas | Summer 5.2 | 30 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| Holliday | Spring 5.2 | 15 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 4 | 4 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| Kazchek | Summer 5.2 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 4 | － | 2 | 6 | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| Kuzkwa | Summer 5.2 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 4 | － | 2 | 6 | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| Narcosli | Spring 5.2 | 30 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| Naver | Spring 5.2 | 30 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 2 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| Pinchi | Summer 5.2 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 4 |  | 2 | 4 | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| Sloquet | Summer 5.2 | 30 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |  | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| Small | Spring 5.2 | 15 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 4 | 4 | － | －－ | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| Tipella | Summer 5.2 | 30 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| Wap | Summer 4.1 | 30 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | 3 | 2 | － | 2 | 8 |
| McKinley | Spring 5.2 | 10 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |
| Chehalis | Summer 5.2 | 30 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － | － |

${ }^{1}$ Area 29－B cumulative residence time is set to be the same as the Steveston－Deas cumulative residence time as these fisheries overlap geographically
${ }^{2}$ Area 29－E cumulative residence time is set to be the same as the Deas－Mission cumulative residence time as these fisheries overlap geographically．
${ }^{3}$ Albian cumulative residence time is set to be the same as the Deas－Mission cumulative residence time as these fisheries overlap geographically．
${ }^{4}$ Qualark cumulative residence time is set to be the same as the Hope－Sawmill cumulative residence time as these fisheries overlap geographically．

Table K-2. Spawn timing parameters used in our parameterization of the Fraser Chinook run reconstruction model.
$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|c|c|c|c|}\hline & & & \begin{array}{l}\text { Spawn } \\ \text { Start } \\ \text { Day }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Spawn } \\ \text { Peak } \\ \text { Day }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Spawn } \\ \text { End Day }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { Stock Name } & \text { Agg. Name } & \text { Duration } & 70 & 196 & 231\end{array}\right] 266$

|  |  |  | Spawn <br> Start <br> Day | Spawn <br> Peak <br> Day | Spawn <br> End Day |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Stock Name | Agg. Name | Duration |  |  |  |
| Little River | Summer 4.1 | 76 | 249 | 287 | 325 |
| South Thompson | Summer 4.1 | 76 | 249 | 287 | 325 |
| Lower Thompson | Summer 4.1 | 76 | 263 | 301 | 339 |
| Deadman | Spring 4.2 | 120 | 186 | 246 | 306 |
| Bonaparte | Spring 4.2 | 120 | 186 | 246 | 306 |
| Coldwater | Spring 4.2 | 100 | 190 | 240 | 290 |
| Spius | Spring 4.2 | 100 | 190 | 240 | 290 |
| Nicola | Spring 4.2 | 82 | 202 | 243 | 284 |
| Nahatlatch | Spring 5.2 | 60 | 214 | 244 | 274 |
| Maria Slough | Summer 4.1 | 50 | 258 | 283 | 308 |
| Birkenhead | Spring 5.2 | 100 | 116 | 166 | 216 |
| Harrison | Fall | 92 | 264 | 310 | 356 |
| Chilliwack | Fall | 92 | 264 | 310 | 356 |
| Pitt | Spring 5.2 | 46 | 214 | 237 | 260 |
| Blue | Spring 5.2 | 62 | 207 | 238 | 269 |
| Lemieux | Summer 5.2 | 88 | 205 | 249 | 293 |
| Upper Adams | Summer 4.1 | 74 | 228 | 265 | 302 |
| Scotch | Spring 5.2 | 65 | 205 | 238 | 270 |
| Seymour | Spring 5.2 | 65 | 220 | 253 | 285 |
| Stave | Fall | 69 | 268 | 303 | 337 |
| Baker | Spring 5.2 | 76 | 161 | 199 | 237 |
| Big Silver | Summer 5.2 | 46 | 234 | 257 | 280 |
| Chilliwack Su | Summer 5.2 | 46 | 234 | 257 | 280 |
| Douglas | Summer 5.2 | 46 | 234 | 257 | 280 |
| Holliday | Spring 5.2 | 70 | 192 | 227 | 262 |
| Kazchek | Summer 5.2 | 46 | 238 | 261 | 284 |
| Kuzkwa | Summer 5.2 | 46 | 238 | 261 | 284 |
| Narcosli | Spring 5.2 | 76 | 161 | 199 | 237 |
| Naver | Spring 5.2 | 76 | 163 | 201 | 239 |
| Pinchi | Summer 5.2 | 46 | 236 | 259 | 282 |
| Sloquet | Summer 5.2 | 46 | 234 | 257 | 280 |
| Small | Spring 5.2 | 69 | 305 | 340 | 374 |
| Tipella | Summer 5.2 | 46 | 234 | 257 | 280 |
| Wap | Summmer 4.1 | 68 | 223 | 257 | 291 |
| McKinley | Spring 5.2 | 70 | 205 | 240 | 275 |
| Chehalis | Summer 5.2 | 46 | 234 | 257 | 280 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |



Figure K-1. Run timing of stock aggregates included in the Fraser run reconstruction, based on our parameterization of the model. Timing is being represented as average weekly return to the mouth of the river.

Table K-2. Rationale behind parameterization of release and drop-off mortality in our parameterization of the run reconstruction model. All references cited in this table are provided in Section 9.

| Fishery Location | Fishery Type | Gear | Base Scenario | IFMP Scenario |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fraser and Trib. | Sport | Assume hook and line | Release Mortality 12.3\% - CTC (2004) Table 11 gives values of $12.3 \%$ for fish greater than 33 cm (both barbed and barbless) and 32.2\% for fish smaller than 33 cm . We have used $12.3 \%$ because we assume all fish caught in the Fraser are mature. <br> Drop-off 6.9\% - CTC (1997) average drop-off rates between SEAK (3.6\%), Puget Sound(14.5\%), and Oregon (2.7\%). | Release Mortality 15\% - 2018/2019 IFMP (DFO 2018a) Table 7.3-1 gives both recreational with troll and mooching gear values of $15 \%$. |
| Fraser | FN and Commercial | Gillnet | Release Mortality 90\% - Sublegal and legal incidental mortality are estimated to be 90\% in both CTC documents. <br> Drop-off 8\% - CTC (2004) Table 13 suggests a drop-off rate of 8\% for gillnet fisheries. | Release Mortality 60\% - 2018/2019 IFMP (DFO 2018a) Table 7.3-1 gives 60\% release mortality rates for both FN and commercial (provisions for rates as low as $40 \%$ where techniques warrant) |
| Fraser | FN and Commercial | Purse <br> Seine | Release Mortality 40\% - CTC (2004) Table 12 estimates total mortality (immediate and delayed) for all fish sizes at $72.0 \%$, however for terminal fisheries (<60d to spawning) gave values of 63.9, 51.6, and 29.1\% for small, medium, and large Chinook, respectively. Assuming all fish caught in Fraser are mature; we took the average of the medium/large fish ( $>53 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) less than 60d to spawning. <br> Drop-off 8\% - No values are given by CTC, so used gillnet rate; gillnet and seine mixed in CTC model. | Release Mortality 25\% - 2018/2019 IFMP (DFO 2018a) Table 7.3-1 gives value of 25\% for "seine" for Johnstone Strait and all areas for Sockeye. |
| Fraser | FN and Commercial | Beach <br> Seine | Release Mortality 5\% - In the absence of CTC values, we used the rate given in the IFMP (DFO 2018a) for Sockeye and Coho for in-river fisheries. <br> Dropoff 0\% - With consultation from the technical working group, we chose a drop-off value of 0 due to low rates of escaping from gear with injury. | Release Mortality 5\% - 2018/2019 IFMP (DFO 2018a) Table 7.3-1 gives value of 5\% for Sockeye/Coho for in-river fisheries. <br> Dropoff 0\% - Consultation with technical working group, led to a drop-off value of |


| Fishery <br> Location | Fishery <br> Type | Gear | Base Scenario | IFMP Scenario |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Fraser | FN and <br> Commercial | Fish <br> Wheel/ <br> Dip Net | Release Mortality 5\% - No clear CTC recommendation. <br> 2018/2019 IFMP (DFO 2018a) Table 7.3-1 states 5\% for <br> fishwheel for Sockeye and Coho in-river. No data for dip net. <br> Drop-off 0\% - Based on pers. comm. with field staff, the <br> likelihood of drop-off mortality is very low, since both <br> methods are very non-invasive, and have low rates of fish <br> escaping from gear. | Release Mortality 5\% - 2018/2019 IFMP <br> (DFO 2018a) Table 7.3-1 states 5\% for <br> fishwheel for Sockeye and Coho in-river. <br> No data for dip net. |
| Tributary | FN |  | Assume <br> Gillnet | Release Mortality 90\% - No Value given in either CTC report, <br> therefore use FN and commercial values above. |
| with injury. |  |  |  |  |

## APPENDIX L: GSI DATA

Table L-1. Estimated proportion of Spring 42, Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook in the Northern Troll (Area F) fishery from GSI samples.

| Year | Month | DNA stock composition |  |  |  | Total Effort, Kept Catch and Releases (Rel) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $n$ | Sample Rate | Spring $\mathbf{4}_{2}$ | Spring \& Summer $5_{2}$ | Effort | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) |
| 2002 | ALL | 934 | 0.9\% | 0.00\% | 6.3\% | 4,169 | 103,037 | 5,109 | 2,737 |
| 2003 | ALL | 1775 | 1.3\% | 0.00\% | 5.5\% | 5,056 | 137,357 | 11,798 | 1,869 |
| 2004 | ALL | 1911 | 1.1\% | 0.03\% | 6.9\% | 5,545 | 167,508 | 31,460 | 3,094 |
| 2005 | ALL | 2496 | 1.4\% | 0.36\% | 4.0\% | 5,788 | 174,806 | 20,414 | 1,127 |
| 2006 | ALL | 2522 | 1.7\% | 0.13\% | 4.9\% | 5,665 | 151,485 | 818 | 10,001 |
| 2007 | ALL | 1326 | 1.6\% | 0.04\% | 3.3\% | 4,452 | 83,235 | 1,896 | 9,527 |
| 2008 | ALL | 1569 | 3.0\% | 0.05\% | 4.2\% | 4,297 | 52,147 | 1,707 | 4,417 |
| 2009 | ALL | 2129 | 2.8\% | 0.13\% | 3.4\% | 5,324 | 75,470 | 3,470 | 9,159 |
| 2010 | ALL | 1875 | 2.1\% | 0.14\% | 2.4\% | 4,958 | 90,213 | 5,635 | 7,993 |
| 2011 | ALL | 1734 | 2.3\% | 0.00\% | 1.5\% | 3,600 | 74,660 | 31,994 | 4,480 |
| 2012 | ALL | 2875 | 3.6\% | 0.09\% | 1.8\% | 5,462 | 80,256 | 3,901 | 11,186 |
| 2013 | ALL | 1337 | 1.9\% | 0.00\% | 1.5\% | 5,135 | 69,264 | 29,994 | 8,565 |
| 2014 | ALL | 2155 | 1.3\% | 0.16\% | 1.8\% | 5,141 | 172,001 | 6,679 | 13,937 |
| 2015 | ALL | 1897 | 1.8\% | 0.30\% | 1.8\% | 3,670 | 106,703 | 17,961 | 7,036 |
| 2016 | ALL | 2271 | 1.5\% | 0.05\% | 1.1\% | 5,220 | 147,381 | 3,838 | 14,326 |
| 2017 | ALL | 2071 | 2.1\% | 0.00\% | 1.6\% | 5,369 | 97,730 | 10,706 | 23,412 |
| 2018 | ALL | 1931 | 2.7\% | 0.00\% | 1.2\% | 2,420 | 72,276 | 5,732 | 15,946 |

Table L-2. Estimated mortalities of Spring $4_{2}$, Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook in the Northern Troll (Area F) fishery from GSI samples.

| Year | Estimated Spring 42 Encounters |  |  | Estimated Spring \& Summer $5_{2}$ Encounters |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) |
| 2002 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6,467 | 321 | 172 |
| 2003 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7,508 | 645 | 102 |
| 2004 | 55 | 10 | 1 | 11,616 | 2,182 | 215 |
| 2005 | 633 | 74 | 4 | 6,935 | 810 | 45 |
| 2006 | 196 | 1 | 13 | 7,471 | 40 | 493 |
| 2007 | 29 | 1 | 3 | 2,726 | 62 | 312 |
| 2008 | 26 | 1 | 2 | 2,183 | 71 | 185 |
| 2009 | 101 | 5 | 12 | 2,597 | 119 | 315 |
| 2010 | 129 | 8 | 11 | 2,172 | 136 | 192 |
| 2011 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 1,087 | 466 | 65 |
| 2012 | 72 | 3 | 10 | 1,484 | 72 | 207 |
| 2013 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1,072 | 464 | 133 |
| 2014 | 269 | 10 | 22 | 3,123 | 121 | 253 |
| 2015 | 321 | 54 | 21 | 1,917 | 323 | 126 |
| 2016 | 71 | 2 | 7 | 1,691 | 44 | 164 |
| 2017 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,544 | 169 | 370 |
| 2018 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 862 | 68 | 190 |

Table L-3. Estimated proportion of Spring 42, Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook in the Northern Recreational (AABM) fishery from GSI samples.

| Year | Month | DNA stock composition |  |  |  | Total Effort, Kept Catch and Releases (Rel) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | n | Sample Rate | Spring $\mathbf{4}_{2}$ | Spring \& Summer $5_{2}$ | Effort | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) |
| 2002 | ALL | 0 | - | - | - | - | 47,100 | 42,275 | - |
| 2003 | ALL | 225 | 0.4\% | 0.02\% | 1.1\% | - | 54,300 | 47,575 | - |
| 2004 | ALL | 597 | 0.8\% | 0.11\% | 2.6\% | - | 74,000 | 116,809 | - |
| 2005 | ALL | 684 | 1.0\% | 0.00\% | 2.2\% | - | 68,800 | 61,283 | - |
| 2006 | ALL | 874 | 1.4\% | 0.04\% | 2.7\% | - | 64,500 | 32,582 | - |
| 2007 | ALL | 1020 | 1.7\% | 0.01\% | 2.2\% | - | 61,000 | 35,688 | - |
| 2008 | ALL | 642 | 1.5\% | 0.08\% | 1.7\% | - | 43,500 | 10,691 | - |
| 2009 | ALL | 576 | 1.7\% | 0.01\% | 3.0\% | - | 34,000 | 17,531 | - |
| 2010 | ALL | 769 | 1.7\% | 0.11\% | 1.5\% | - | 46,400 | 32,117 | - |
| 2011 | ALL | 798 | 1.7\% | 0.02\% | 1.5\% | - | 48,000 | 46,453 | - |
| 2012 | ALL | 504 | 1.3\% | 0.00\% | 1.9\% | - | 40,050 | 22,235 | - |
| 2013 | ALL | 535 | 1.1\% | 0.00\% | 1.1\% | - | 46,650 | 47,931 | - |
| 2014 | ALL | 524 | 1.2\% | 0.00\% | 1.8\% | - | 44,900 | 36,920 | - |
| 2015 | ALL | 523 | 1.0\% | 0.01\% | 0.7\% | - | 52,200 | 72,749 | - |
| 2016 | ALL | 525 | 1.2\% | 0.47\% | 0.8\% | - | 42,800 | 29,711 | - |
| 2017 | ALL | 541 | 1.2\% | 0.21\% | 0.8\% | - | 45,600 | 28,724 | - |
| 2018 | ALL | 557 | 1.5\% | 0.00\% | 1.1\% | - | 36,700 | - | - |

Table L- 4. Estimated mortalities of Spring $4_{2}$, Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook in the Northern Recreational (AABM) fishery from GSI samples.

| Year | Estimated Spring $4_{2}$ Encounters |  |  | Estimated Spring \& Summer $5_{2}$ Encounters |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) |
| 2002 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2003 | 11 | 10 | - | 586 | 514 | - |
| 2004 | 84 | 133 | - | 1,910 | 3,015 | - |
| 2005 | - | - | - | 1,539 | 1,371 | - |
| 2006 | 26 | 13 | - | 1,772 | 895 | - |
| 2007 | 8 | 5 | - | 1,316 | 770 | - |
| 2008 | 36 | 9 | - | 720 | 177 | - |
| 2009 | 4 | 2 | - | 1,015 | 523 | - |
| 2010 | 51 | 35 | - | 704 | 487 | - |
| 2011 | 9 | 8 | - | 718 | 695 | - |
| 2012 | 0 | 0 | - | 762 | 423 | - |
| 2013 | 0 | 0 | - | 509 | 523 | - |
| 2014 | - | - | - | 794 | 653 | - |
| 2015 | 5 | 7 | - | 357 | 497 | - |
| 2016 | 202 | 140 | - | 337 | 234 | - |
| 2017 | 96 | 61 | - | 346 | 218 | - |
| 2018 | - | - | - | 411 | - |  |

Table L-5. Estimated proportion of Spring $4_{2}$, Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook in the WCVI Troll (Area G) fishery from GSI samples.

| Year | Month | Area | DNA stock composition |  |  |  | Total Effort, Kept Catch and Releases (Rel) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $n$ | Sample Rate | Spring 42 | Spring $5_{2}$ | Summer 52 | Effort | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) |
| 2007 | JAN | NWVI | 187 | 4\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 207 | 4,740 | 616 | - |
| 2007 | FEB | NWVI | 100 | 6\% | 0.0\% | 1.0\% | 0.0\% | 113 | 1,543 | 223 | - |
| 2007 | MAR | NWVI | 100 | 8\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.1\% | 108 | 1,182 | 98 | - |
| 2007 | APR | NWVI | 100 | 5\% | 1.0\% | 3.0\% | 0.0\% | 245 | 1,995 | 64 | - |
| 2007 | MAY | NWVI | 99 | 2\% | 0.4\% | 3.2\% | 1.2\% | 448 | 5,164 | 118 | - |
| 2007 | JUN | NWVI | 251 | 2\% | 0.0\% | 3.2\% | 0.2\% | 406 | 12,709 | 529 | - |
| 2007 | SEP | NWVI | 95 | 9\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 1.1\% | 96 | 1,046 | 125 | - |
| 2007 | OCT | NWVI | 81 | 8\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 39 | 1,072 | 157 | - |
| 2007 | SEP | NWVI | 199 | 19\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 1.1\% | 96 | 1,046 | 125 | - |
| 2007 | JAN | SWVI | 99 | 14\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 64 | 700 | 155 | - |
| 2007 | FEB | SWVI | 100 | 10\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 101 | 1,044 | 226 | - |
| 2007 | MAR | SWVI | 104 | 10\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 85 | 1,074 | 284 | - |
| 2007 | APR | SWVI | 126 | 4\% | 0.5\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 272 | 3,334 | 229 | - |
| 2007 | MAY | SWVI | 369 | 2\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.5\% | 775 | 18,805 | 1,475 | - |
| 2007 | JUN | SWVI | 250 | 2\% | 0.0\% | 0.9\% | 0.1\% | 422 | 13,033 | 742 | - |
| 2007 | SEP | SWVI | 100 | 2\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 162 | 4,936 | 1,820 | - |
| 2007 | OCT | SWVI | 100 | 5\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 69 | 2,065 | 1,307 | - |
| 2008 | JAN | NWVI | 106 | 9\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 125 | 1,170 | 142 | - |
| 2008 | FEB | NWVI | 102 | 9\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 125 | 1,095 | 84 | - |
| 2008 | APR | NWVI | 397 | 23\% | 0.3\% | 0.9\% | 0.0\% | 243 | 1,735 | 38 | - |
| 2008 | MAY | NWVI | 214 | 6\% | 0.9\% | 2.5\% | 0.0\% | 416 | 3,500 | 21 | - |
| 2008 | JUN | NWVI | 205 | 7\% | 1.4\% | 2.2\% | 0.0\% | 235 | 2,852 | 20 | - |
| 2008 | AUG | NWVI | 125 | 25\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.8\% | 26 | 509 | 3 | - |
| 2008 | OCT | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 21 | 617 | 76 | - |
| 2008 | NOV | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 16 | 1,025 | 86 | - |
| 2008 | DEC | NWVI | 199 | 19\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 19 | 1,055 | 109 | - |
| 2008 | SEP | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 196 | 3,642 | 341 | - |
| 2008 | JAN | SWVI | 100 | 22\% | 0.0\% | 0.1\% | 0.2\% | 58 | 464 | 108 | - |


| Year | Month | Area | DNA stock composition |  |  |  | Total Effort, Kept Catch and Releases (Rel) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | n | Sample Rate | Spring $4_{2}$ | Spring $5_{2}$ | Summer $5_{2}$ | Effort | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) |
| 2008 | FEB | SWVI | 100 | 12\% | 0.0\% | 0.2\% | 0.2\% | 85 | 854 | 194 | - |
| 2008 | APR | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 11 | 11 | 3 | - |
| 2008 | MAY | SWVI | 196 | 2\% | 1.7\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 552 | 8,004 | 125 | - |
| 2008 | JUN | SWVI | 197 | 2\% | 1.0\% | 0.5\% | 0.1\% | 408 | 13,092 | 342 | - |
| 2008 | AUG | SWVI | 153 | 2\% | 0.0\% | 1.8\% | 0.0\% | 144 | 8,590 | 171 | - |
| 2008 | SEP | SWVI | 798 | 2\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 587 | 41,515 | 4,242 | - |
| 2008 | OCT | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 33 | 1,265 | 682 | - |
| 2008 | NOV | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 11 | 184 | 71 | - |
| 2008 | DEC | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 7 | 52 | 27 | - |
| 2009 | JAN | NWVI | 200 | 7\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 231 | 2,933 | 260 | - |
| 2009 | FEB | NWVI | 200 | 15\% | 0.0\% | 0.5\% | 0.0\% | 207 | 1,310 | 111 | - |
| 2009 | MAR | NWVI | 200 | 39\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.1\% | 108 | 519 | 9 | - |
| 2009 | APR | NWVI | 200 | 6\% | 0.0\% | 1.1\% | 0.2\% | 288 | 3,327 | 68 | - |
| 2009 | MAY | NWVI | 400 | 13\% | 0.0\% | 2.6\% | 2.8\% | 356 | 3,068 | 80 | - |
| 2009 | JUN | NWVI | 298 | 8\% | 0.4\% | 3.1\% | 1.5\% | 156 | 3,873 | 617 | - |
| 2009 | AUG | NWVI | 201 | 9\% | 0.0\% | 1.0\% | 0.2\% | 71 | 2,198 | 92 | - |
| 2009 | JAN | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 86 | 461 | 91 | - |
| 2009 | FEB | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 58 | 230 | 23 | - |
| 2009 | MAR | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 18 | 67 | 4 | - |
| 2009 | APR | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 34 | 289 | 19 | - |
| 2009 | MAY | SWVI | 380 | 3\% | 0.0\% | 0.3\% | 0.0\% | 492 | 14,994 | 1,064 | - |
| 2009 | JUN | SWVI | 298 | 4\% | 0.4\% | 0.5\% | 0.3\% | 332 | 8,292 | 552 | - |
| 2009 | AUG | SWVI | 201 | 3\% | 0.1\% | 0.0\% | 1.8\% | 137 | 7,432 | 709 | - |
| 2009 | SEP | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 5 | - | 470 | - |
| 2010 | APR | NWVI | 238 | 3\% | 0.0\% | 0.8\% | 0.0\% | 245 | 8,141 | 249 | - |
| 2010 | MAY | NWVI | 399 | 2\% | 0.3\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 528 | 16,926 | 844 | - |
| 2010 | JUN | NWVI | 199 | 4\% | 0.0\% | 0.4\% | 0.1\% | 150 | 4,927 | 297 | - |
| 2010 | AUG | NWVI | 199 | 8\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 62 | 2,574 | 208 | - |
| 2010 | SEP | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 42 | 2,292 | 104 | - |


| Year | Month | Area | DNA stock composition |  |  |  |  | Total Effort, Kept Catch and Releases (Rel) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | n | Sample Rate | Spring $4_{2}$ | Spring $5_{2}$ | Summer 52 | Effort | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) |
| 2010 | APR | SWVI | 0 |  |  |  |  | 42 | 412 | 21 | - |
| 2010 | MAY | SWVI | 400 | 3\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 481 | 14,370 | 505 | - |
| 2010 | JUN | SWVI | 353 | 2\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 314 | 18,725 | 2,017 | - |
| 2010 | AUG | SWVI | 164 | 2\% | 0.0\% | 0.2\% | 0.3\% | 153 | 9,068 | 329 | - |
| 2010 | SEP | SWVI | 95 | 6\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 65 | 1,688 | 693 | - |
| 2011 | FEB | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 71 | 1,402 | 34 | - |
| 2011 | MAR | NWVI | 184 | 23\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 49 | 796 | 24 | - |
| 2011 | APR | NWVI | 131 | 2\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 1.6\% | 232 | 8,392 | 170 | - |
| 2011 | MAY | NWVI | 375 | 1\% | 0.0\% | 0.3\% | 0.2\% | 1,808 | 25,994 | 572 | - |
| 2011 | JUN | NWVI | 224 | 2\% | 0.7\% | 0.6\% | 0.0\% | 166 | 11,289 | 298 | - |
| 2011 | JUL | NWVI | 310 | 2\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 2.9\% | 300 | 15,620 | 477 | - |
| 2011 | AUG | NWVI | 119 | 2\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 1.8\% | 95 | 6,070 | 73 | - |
| 2011 | NOV | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 7 | 53 | 3 | - |
| 2011 | DEC | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 10 | 95 | 6 | - |
| 2011 | FEB | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 46 | 447 | 27 | - |
| 2011 | MAR | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 14 | 79 | 14 | - |
| 2011 | APR | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 19 | 293 | 4 | - |
| 2011 | MAY | SWVI | 86 | 1\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 511 | 15,322 | 612 | - |
| 2011 | JUN | SWVI | 461 | 2\% | 0.2\% | 0.4\% | 0.0\% | 336 | 23,106 | 2,795 | - |
| 2011 | AUG | SWVI | 330 | 2\% | 0.0\% | 0.2\% | 0.0\% | 170 | 15,213 | 614 | - |
| 2011 | SEP | SWVI |  | - | - | - | - | 4 | - | 562 | - |
| 2011 | NOV | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 8 | 4 | 21 | - |
| 2011 | DEC | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 21 | 93 | 24 | - |
| 2012 | JAN | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 7 | 84 | - | - |
| 2012 | FEB | NWVI | 105 | 35\% | 0.0\% | 0.1\% | 3.4\% | 22 | 300 | 4 | - |
| 2012 | MAR | NWVI | 32 | 16\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 26 | 200 | 1 | - |
| 2012 | APR | NWVI | 208 | 2\% | 0.0\% | 1.2\% | 0.1\% | 253 | 10,154 | 163 | - |
| 2012 | MAY | NWVI | 150 | 1\% | 0.0\% | 0.8\% | 0.0\% | 585 | 20,250 | 641 | - |
| 2012 | AUG | NWVI | 301 | 38\% | 0.0\% | 0.3\% | 0.0\% | 17 | 787 | 18 | - |


| Year | Month | Area | DNA stock composition |  |  |  |  | Total Effort, Kept Catch and Releases (Rel) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $n$ | Sample Rate | Spring 42 | Spring $5_{2}$ | Summer $5_{2}$ | Effort | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) |
| 2012 | OCT | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 6 | 152 | 23 | - |
| 2012 | NOV | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 2 | 59 | 2 | - |
| 2012 | DEC | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 9 | 60 | 12 | - |
| 2012 | SEP | NWVI | 58 | 1\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 115 | 4,121 | 728 | - |
| 2012 | JAN | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 14 | 45 | 21 | - |
| 2012 | FEB | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 29 | 242 | 62 | - |
| 2012 | MAR | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 7 | 43 | 15 | - |
| 2012 | APR | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 24 | 339 | 42 | - |
| 2012 | MAY | SWVI | 100 | 5\% | 0.1\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 172 | 2,084 | 119 | - |
| 2012 | AUG | SWVI | 110 | 3\% | 0.2\% | 0.4\% | 0.0\% | 35 | 3,493 | 218 | - |
| 2012 | SEP | SWVI | 263 | 2\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 224 | 13,143 | 3,280 | - |
| 2012 | OCT | SWVI | 80 | 3\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 33 | 3,192 | 971 | - |
| 2012 | NOV | SWVI | 50 | 29\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 20 | 171 | 63 | - |
| 2012 | DEC | SWVI | 32 | 13\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 23 | 252 | 85 | - |
| 2013 | JAN | NWVI | 48 | 6\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 48 | 772 | 89 | - |
| 2013 | FEB | NWVI | 79 | 23\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 31 | 341 | 13 | - |
| 2013 | MAR | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 53 | 452 | 17 | - |
| 2013 | APR | NWVI | 25 | 2\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 175 | 1,063 | 20 | - |
| 2013 | MAY | NWVI | 13 | 0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 218 | 2,723 | 34 | - |
| 2013 | JAN | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 42 | 246 | 76 | - |
| 2013 | FEB | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 11 | 17 | 34 | - |
| 2013 | MAR | SWVI | 32 | 63\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 11 | 51 | 7 | - |
| 2013 | APR | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 13 | 141 | 20 | - |
| 2013 | MAY | SWVI | 9 | 0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 489 | 22,943 | 2,814 | - |
| 2013 | OCT | SWVI | 92 | 4\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 47 | 2,358 | 282 | - |
| 2013 | NOV | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 13 | 28 | 24 | - |
| 2013 | DEC | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 13 | 25 | 23 | - |
| 2014 | FEB | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 10 | 427 | 2 | - |
| 2014 | MAR | NWVI | 375 | 34\% | 0.8\% | 0.8\% | 0.9\% | 36 | 1,117 | 7 | - |


| Year | Month | Area | DNA stock composition |  |  |  | Total Effort, Kept Catch and Releases (Rel) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $n$ | Sample Rate | Spring $\mathbf{4}_{2}$ | Spring $5_{2}$ | Summer $5_{2}$ | Effort | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) |
| 2014 | APR | NWVI | 441 | 3\% | 0.0\% | 0.7\% | 0.7\% | 397 | 13,268 | 224 | - |
| 2014 | MAY | NWVI | 643 | 2\% | 1.7\% | 0.5\% | 0.9\% | 1,350 | 37,218 | 2,323 | - |
| 2014 | JUL | NWVI | 528 | 2\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 1.4\% | 419 | 26,494 | 1,095 | - |
| 2014 | AUG | NWVI | 135 | 1\% | 0.0\% | 0.3\% | 0.5\% | 160 | 9,371 | 302 | - |
| 2014 | SEP | NWVI | 22 | 1\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 265 | 2,875 | 321 | - |
| 2014 | NOV | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 8 | 24 | 12 | - |
| 2014 | SEP | NWVI | 94 | 3\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 265 | 2,875 | 321 | - |
| 2014 | JAN | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 15 | 49 | 31 | - |
| 2014 | FEB | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 10 | 159 | 26 | - |
| 2014 | MAR | SWVI | 251 | 82\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 24 | 305 | 83 | - |
| 2014 | APR | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 11 | 77 | 6 | - |
| 2014 | MAY | SWVI | 99 | 3\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 161 | 3,118 | 542 | - |
| 2014 | AUG | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 42 | 631 | 52 | - |
| 2014 | SEP | SWVI | 76 | 1\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 271 | 12,276 | 1,563 | - |
| 2014 | OCT | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 39 | 213 | 92 | - |
| 2014 | NOV | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 6 | 32 | 22 | - |
| 2015 | JAN | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 10 | 67 | 5 | - |
| 2015 | FEB | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 13 | 70 | 11 | - |
| 2015 | MAR | NWVI | 205 | 48\% | 0.0\% | 0.3\% | 0.2\% | 34 | 426 | 48 | - |
| 2015 | APR | NWVI | 188 | 5\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 274 | 3,803 | 223 | - |
| 2015 | MAY | NWVI | 451 | 2\% | 1.1\% | 1.4\% | 0.1\% | 1,068 | 22,285 | 787 | - |
| 2015 | AUG | NWVI | 299 | 2\% | 0.0\% | 0.1\% | 0.0\% | 70 | 12,552 | 99 | - |
| 2015 | JAN | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 11 | 119 | 28 | - |
| 2015 | FEB | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 33 | 542 | 176 | - |
| 2015 | MAR | SWVI | 106 | 35\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 28 | 305 | 84 | - |
| 2015 | APR | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 2 | 38 | 9 | - |
| 2015 | MAY | SWVI | 196 | 4\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 433 | 5,120 | 372 | - |
| 2015 | AUG | SWVI | 43 | 3\% | 0.1\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 28 | 1,401 | 57 | - |
| 2015 | SEP | SWVI | 124 | 2\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 176 | 6,358 | 356 | - |

Table L-6. Estimated mortality of Spring $4_{2}$, Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook in the WCVI Troll (Area G) fishery from GSI samples

| Year | Month | Area | Estimated Spring 42 Encounters |  |  | Estimated Spring $5_{2}$ Encounters |  |  | Estimated Summer $5_{2}$ Encounters |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) |
| 2007 | JAN | NWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - | 1 | 0 | - |
| 2007 | FEB | NWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 15 | 2 | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2007 | MAR | NWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - | 1 | 0 | - |
| 2007 | APR | NWVI | 20 | 1 | - | 60 | 2 | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2007 | MAY | NWVI | 19 | 0 | - | 166 | 4 | - | 60 | 1 | - |
| 2007 | JUN | NWVI | 1 | 0 | - | 400 | 17 | - | 29 | 1 | - |
| 2007 | SEP | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2007 | OCT | NWVI | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2007 | SEP | NWVI | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | - | 11 | 1 | - |
| 2007 | JAN | SWVI | 0 | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2007 | FEB | SWVI | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | - | - | - | - |
| 2007 | MAR | SWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2007 | APR | SWVI | 18 | 1 | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2007 | MAY | SWVI | - | - | - | 2 | 0 | - | 96 | 8 | - |
| 2007 | JUN | SWVI | 6 | 0 | - | 118 | 7 | - | 10 | 1 | - |
| 2007 | SEP | SWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - | - | - | - |
| 2007 | OCT | SWVI | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2008 | JAN | NWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2008 | FEB | NWVI | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2008 | APR | NWVI | 5 | 0 | - | 15 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2008 | MAY | NWVI | 33 | 0 | - | 89 | 1 | - | 1 | 0 | - |
| 2008 | JUN | NWVI | 39 | 0 | - | 64 | 0 | - | 1 | 0 | - |
| 2008 | AUG | NWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - | 4 | 0 | - |
| 2008 | OCT | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2008 | NOV | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2008 | DEC | NWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2008 | SEP | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2008 | JAN | SWVI | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | - | 1 | 0 | - |


| Year | Month | Area | Estimated Spring 42 Encounters |  |  | Estimated Spring $5_{2}$ Encounters |  |  | Estimated Summer $5_{2}$ Encounters |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) | Kept | Rel (legal) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (sublegal) } \end{gathered}$ | Kept | Rel (legal) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (sublegal) } \end{gathered}$ |
| 2008 | FEB | SWVI | - | - |  | 2 | 0 |  | 1 | 0 |  |
| 2008 | APR | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2008 | MAY | SWVI | 138 | 2 | - | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2008 | JUN | SWVI | 136 | 4 | - | 67 | 2 | - | 9 | 0 | - |
| 2008 | AUG | SWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 151 | 3 | - | 4 | 0 | - |
| 2008 | SEP | SWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 1 | 0 | - | 1 | 0 | - |
| 2008 | OCT | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2008 | NOV | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2008 | DEC | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2009 | JAN | NWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2009 | FEB | NWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 7 | 1 | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2009 | MAR | NWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2009 | APR | NWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 37 | 1 | - | 5 | 0 | - |
| 2009 | MAY | NWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 78 | 2 | - | 85 | 2 | - |
| 2009 | JUN | NWVI | 14 | 2 | - | 122 | 19 | - | 60 | 10 | - |
| 2009 | AUG | NWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 23 | 1 | - | 3 | 0 | - |
| 2009 | JAN | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2009 | FEB | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2009 | MAR | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2009 | APR | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2009 | MAY | SWVI | 3 | 0 | - | 44 | 3 | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2009 | JUN | SWVI | 34 | 2 | - | 41 | 3 | - | 28 | 2 | - |
| 2009 | AUG | SWVI | 5 | 0 | - | 2 | 0 | - | 133 | 13 | - |
| 2009 | SEP | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - |
| 2010 | APR | NWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 66 | 2 | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2010 | MAY | NWVI | 52 | 3 | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2010 | JUN | NWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 19 | 1 | - | 5 | 0 | - |
| 2010 | AUG | NWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2010 | SEP | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |


| Year | Month | Area | Estimated Spring 42 Encounters |  |  | Estimated Spring $5_{2}$ Encounters |  |  | Estimated Summer $5_{2}$ Encounters |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Kept | Rel (legal) | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Rel} \\ \text { (sublegal) } \end{gathered}$ | Kept | Rel (legal) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (sublegal) } \end{gathered}$ | Kept | Rel (legal) | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Rel} \\ \text { (sublegal) } \end{gathered}$ |
| 2010 | APR | SWVI | - | - |  | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 2010 | MAY | SWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - | 1 | 0 | - |
| 2010 | JUN | SWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 1 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2010 | AUG | SWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 14 | 1 | - | 29 | 1 | - |
| 2010 | SEP | SWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2011 | FEB | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2011 | MAR | NWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2011 | APR | NWVI | 1 | 0 | - | 1 | 0 | - | 134 | 3 | - |
| 2011 | MAY | NWVI | 1 | 0 | - | 88 | 2 | - | 56 | 1 | - |
| 2011 | JUN | NWVI | 77 | 2 | - | 67 | 2 | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2011 | JUL | NWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 5 | 0 | - | 448 | 14 | - |
| 2011 | AUG | NWVI | 2 | 0 | - | 2 | 0 | - | 107 | 1 | - |
| 2011 | NOV | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2011 | DEC | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2011 | FEB | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2011 | MAR | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2011 | APR | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2011 | MAY | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2011 | JUN | SWVI | 56 | 7 | - | 102 | 12 | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2011 | AUG | SWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 31 | 1 | - | 1 | 0 | - |
| 2011 | SEP | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2011 | NOV | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2011 | DEC | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2012 | JAN | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2012 | FEB | NWVI | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | - | 10 | 0 | - |
| 2012 | MAR | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2012 | APR | NWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 124 | 2 |  | 10 | 0 | - |
| 2012 | MAY | NWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 159 | 5 | - | 6 | 0 | - |
| 2012 | AUG | NWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 2 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - |


| Year | Month | Area | Estimated Spring 42 Encounters |  |  | Estimated Spring $5_{2}$ Encounters |  |  | Estimated Summer $5_{2}$ Encounters |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Kept | Rel (legal) | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Rel} \\ \text { (sublegal) } \end{gathered}$ | Kept | Rel (legal) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (sublegal) } \end{gathered}$ | Kept | Rel (legal) | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Rel} \\ \text { (sublegal) } \end{gathered}$ |
| 2012 | OCT | NWVI | - | - |  | - | - |  | - | - |  |
| 2012 | NOV | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2012 | DEC | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2012 | SEP | NWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2012 | JAN | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2012 | FEB | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2012 | MAR | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2012 | APR | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2012 | MAY | SWVI | 1 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - | 1 | 0 | - |
| 2012 | AUG | SWVI | 8 | 1 | - | 15 | 1 | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2012 | SEP | SWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2012 | OCT | SWVI | - | - | - | 1 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2012 | NOV | SWVI | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2012 | DEC | SWVI | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | JAN | NWVI | 0 | 0 | - | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2013 | FEB | NWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2013 | MAR | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | APR | NWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | MAY | NWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - | 1 | 0 | - |
| 2013 | JAN | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | FEB | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | MAR | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | APR | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | MAY | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | OCT | SWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2013 | NOV | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | DEC | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | FEB | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | MAR | NWVI | 9 | 0 | - | 8 | 0 | - | 11 | 0 | - |


| Year | Month | Area | Estimated Spring 42 Encounters |  |  | Estimated Spring $5_{2}$ Encounters |  |  | Estimated Summer $5_{2}$ Encounters |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Kept | Rel (legal) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (sublegal) } \end{gathered}$ | Kept | Rel (legal) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (sublegal) } \end{gathered}$ | Kept | Rel (legal) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (sublegal) } \end{gathered}$ |
| 2014 | APR | NWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 89 | 2 |  | 99 | 2 | - |
| 2014 | MAY | NWVI | 645 | 40 | - | 191 | 12 | - | 341 | 21 | - |
| 2014 | JUL | NWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 12 | 1 | - | 367 | 15 | - |
| 2014 | AUG | NWVI | 1 | 0 | - | 24 | 1 | - | 50 | 2 | - |
| 2014 | SEP | NWVI | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | NOV | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | SEP | NWVI | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | JAN | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | FEB | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | MAR | SWVI | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2014 | APR | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | MAY | SWVI | 1 | 0 | - | 1 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2014 | AUG | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | SEP | SWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 1 | 0 | - | 1 | 0 | - |
| 2014 | OCT | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | NOV | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | JAN | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | FEB | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | MAR | NWVI | 0 | 0 | - | 1 | 0 | - | 1 | 0 | - |
| 2015 | APR | NWVI | 2 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | MAY | NWVI | 250 | 9 | - | 320 | 11 | - | 30 | 1 | - |
| 2015 | AUG | NWVI | 1 | 0 | - | 17 | 0 | - | 4 | 0 | - |
| 2015 | JAN | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | FEB | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | MAR | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2015 | APR | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | MAY | SWVI | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | AUG | SWVI | 1 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 2015 | SEP | SWVI | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | - |

Table L-7. Estimated proportion of Spring 42, Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook in the T'aaq-wiihak EO fishery from GSI samples.

| Year | Month | DNA stock composition |  |  |  |  | Total Effort, Kept Catch and Releases (Rel) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $n$ | Sample Rate | Spring 42 | Spring $\mathbf{5}_{2}$ | Summer $\mathbf{5}_{2}$ | Effort | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) |
| 2012 | ALL | 984 | 16\% | 0.0\% | 0.3\% | 0.1\% | - | 6,292 | - | - |
| 2013 | ALL | 494 | 6\% | 0.0\% | 0.9\% | 0.3\% |  | 7,650 | - | - |
| 2014 | ALL | 481 | 3\% | 0.2\% | 1.2\% | 3.9\% | - | 17,126 | - | - |
| 2015 | ALL | 279 | 4\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 2.8\% | - | 6,234 | - | - |
| 2016 | ALL | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | 6,184 | 25 | 1,663 |
| 2017 | ALL | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | 6,877 | - | 305 |
| 2018 | ALL | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | 9,667 | 12 | 487 |

Table L-8. Estimated mortalities of Spring 42 , Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook in the T'aaq-wiihak EO fishery from GSI samples.

| Year | Month | Estimated Spring 42 Encounters |  |  | Estimated Spring 52 Encounters |  |  | Estimated Summer $5_{2}$ Encounters |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) | Kept | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (legal) } \end{gathered}$ | Rel (sublegal) |
| 2012 | ALL | 0 | - | - | 19 | - | - | 9 | - | - |
| 2013 | ALL | 1 | - | - | 66 | - | - | 20 | - | - |
| 2014 | ALL | 37 | - | - | 200 | - | - | 662 | - | - |
| 2015 | ALL | 2 | - | - | 1 | - | - | 172 | - | - |
| 2016 | ALL | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2017 | ALL | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | ALL | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Table L-9. Estimated proportions of Spring $4_{2}$, Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook in the WCVI AABM recreational fishery from GSI samples.

| Year | Month | Area | DNA stock composition |  |  |  |  | Total Effort, Kept Catch and Releases (Rel) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $n$ | Rate | Spring $\mathbf{4}^{2}$ | Spring 52 | Summer $5_{2}$ | Effort | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) |
| 2008 | MAY | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2008 | MAY | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 590 | 48 | - | - |
| 2008 | JUN | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 679 | 732 | 3 | 3 |
| 2008 | JUN | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 2,365 | 2,712 | 661 | 162 |
| 2008 | JUL | NWVI | 104 | 3.2\% | 0.00\% | 1.96\% | 0.43\% | 3,220 | 5,267 | 632 | 71 |
| 2008 | JUL | SWVI | 184 | 4.3\% | 0.00\% | 0.11\% | 0.05\% | 4,301 | 9,959 | 3,038 | 434 |
| 2008 | AUG | NWVI | 160 | 3.4\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 0.18\% | 4,746 | 8,271 | 1,462 | 651 |
| 2008 | AUG | SWVI | 214 | 3.4\% | 0.01\% | 0.03\% | 0.95\% | 6,241 | 14,160 | 6,945 | 4,770 |
| 2008 | SEP | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2008 | SEP | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 1,446 | 2,187 | 436 | 628 |
| 2009 | MAY | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2009 | MAY | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2009 | JUN | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 333 | 389 | 37 | 169 |
| 2009 | JUN | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 1,933 | 7,075 | 4,588 | 3,427 |
| 2009 | JUL | NWVI | 75 | 2.1\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 3.85\% | 3,494 | 6,582 | 621 | 1,107 |
| 2009 | JUL | SWVI | 187 | 3.6\% | 0.03\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 5,127 | 18,379 | 5,425 | 6,448 |
| 2009 | AUG | NWVI | 109 | 2.7\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 4,007 | 7,491 | 736 | 744 |
| 2009 | AUG | SWVI | 109 | 2.0\% | 0.00\% | 0.09\% | 0.89\% | 5,569 | 15,724 | 1,794 | 5,227 |
| 2009 | SEP | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2009 | SEP | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 881 | 2,225 | 852 | 535 |
| 2010 | MAY | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2010 | MAY | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2010 | JUN | $\begin{gathered} \text { SWVI } \\ 123 / 124 \end{gathered}$ | 21 | 1.0\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 0.01\% | 2,040 | 4,970 | 2,613 | 753 |
| 2010 | JUN | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SWVI } \\ & 21 / 121 \end{aligned}$ | 23 | 13.6\% | 14.81\% | 6.87\% | 0.01\% | 169 | 305 | 9 | 9 |
| 2010 | JUL | NWVI | 17 | 0.6\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 3,062 | 6,121 | 6,696 | 1,238 |
| 2010 | JUL | $\begin{gathered} \text { SWVI } \\ 123 / 124 \end{gathered}$ | 47 | 1.5\% | 0.07\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 3,105 | 11,469 | 6,577 | 2,336 |
| 2010 | JUL | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SWVI } \\ & 21 / 121 \end{aligned}$ | 64 | 11.6\% | 0.00\% | 1.01\% | 2.17\% | 554 | 1,534 | 583 | 138 |


| Year | Month | Area | DNA stock composition |  |  |  |  | Total Effort, Kept Catch and Releases (Rel) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $n$ | Rate | Spring 42 | Spring $5_{2}$ | Summer 52 | Effort | Kept | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (legal) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (sublegal) } \end{gathered}$ |
| 2010 | AUG | NWVI | 11 | 0.3\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 3,222 | 5,655 | 8,425 | 1,320 |
| 2010 | AUG | $\begin{gathered} \text { SWVI } \\ 123 / 124 \end{gathered}$ | 71 | 1.6\% | 0.00\% | 0.01\% | 0.00\% | 4,569 | 14,540 | 7,589 | 799 |
| 2010 | AUG | $\begin{gathered} \text { SWVI } \\ 21 / 121 \end{gathered}$ | 59 | 6.2\% | 0.04\% | 0.04\% | 0.02\% | 956 | 1,767 | 449 | 39 |
| 2010 | SEP | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 26 | 97 | 250 | 9 |
| 2010 | SEP | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 964 | 2,172 | 1,856 | 145 |
| 2011 | MAY | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2011 | MAY | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2011 | JUN | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 244 | 365 | 68 | 39 |
| 2011 | JUN | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 1,762 | 5,470 | 1,608 | 1,147 |
| 2011 | JUL | NWVI | 45 | 1.7\% | 0.01\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 2,608 | 5,627 | 808 | 299 |
| 2011 | JUL | SWVI | 84 | 1.7\% | 0.46\% | 0.00\% | 2.41\% | 4,849 | 18,459 | 7,922 | 5,096 |
| 2011 | AUG | NWVI | 64 | 1.5\% | 0.08\% | 0.02\% | 0.00\% | 4,169 | 10,205 | 518 | 577 |
| 2011 | AUG | SWVI | 80 | 1.1\% | 0.01\% | 0.01\% | 0.02\% | 7,423 | 23,852 | 8,924 | 2,077 |
| 2011 | SEP | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 118 | 156 | 27 | 21 |
| 2011 | SEP | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 1,560 | 4,236 | 1,206 | 512 |
| 2011 | Total | WCVI REC | 273 | 1.2\% | - | - | - | 22,733 | 68,370 | 21,081 | 9,768 |
| 2012 | MAY | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2012 | MAY | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 37 | 41 | - | - |
| 2012 | JUN | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 1,130 | 2,707 | 4,206 | 59 |
| 2012 | JUN | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 1,812 | 4,384 | 1,375 | 686 |
| 2012 | JUL | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 3,222 | 6,826 | 6,786 | 2,020 |
| 2012 | JUL | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 5,092 | 16,058 | 6,546 | 4,589 |
| 2012 | AUG | NWVI | 58 | 1.3\% | 0.03\% | 0.01\% | 0.00\% | 4,552 | 10,040 | 4,546 | 1,207 |
| 2012 | AUG | SWVI | 65 | 1.1\% | 0.00\% | 0.03\% | 0.00\% | 5,904 | 15,416 | 8,615 | 5,237 |
| 2012 | SEP | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 74 | 34 | 4 | - |
| 2012 | SEP | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 863 | 983 | 210 | 595 |
| 2013 | MAY | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | MAY | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | JUN | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 792 | 2,206 | 1,168 | 296 |


| Year | Month | Area | DNA stock composition |  |  |  |  | Total Effort, Kept Catch and Releases (Rel) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $n$ | Rate | Spring 42 | Spring $5{ }_{2}$ | Summer 52 | Effort | Kept | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (legal) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (sublegal) } \end{gathered}$ |
| 2013 | JUN | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 2,408 | 7,677 | 2,639 | 2,280 |
| 2013 | JUL | NWVI | 97 | 3.4\% | 0.87\% | 0.12\% | 0.64\% | 2,837 | 6,059 | 2,109 | 856 |
| 2013 | JUL | $\begin{gathered} \text { SWVI } \\ 123 / 124 \end{gathered}$ | 62 | 2.4\% | 1.19\% | 0.34\% | 0.05\% | 2,544 | 11,635 | 8,864 | 3,978 |
| 2013 | JUL | $\begin{gathered} \text { SWVI } \\ 21 / 121 \end{gathered}$ | 28 | 3.8\% | 0.00\% | 3.52\% | 0.01\% | 728 | 3,329 | 1,768 | 1,108 |
| 2013 | AUG | NWVI | 52 | 1.5\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 3,401 | 7,494 | 1,303 | 983 |
| 2013 | AUG | $\begin{gathered} \text { SWVI } \\ 123 / 124 \end{gathered}$ | 41 | 1.1\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 0.29\% | 3,638 | 10,862 | 10,467 | 2,314 |
| 2013 | AUG | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SWVI } \\ & 21 / 121 \end{aligned}$ | 19 | 1.6\% | 0.00\% | 0.04\% | 0.00\% | 1,209 | 4,706 | 2,350 | 680 |
| 2013 | SEP | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | SEP | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 653 | 1,856 | 742 | 423 |
| 2014 | MAY | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | MAY | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | JUN | NWVI | 18 | 13.2\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 136 | 177 | - | 3 |
| 2014 | JUN | $\begin{gathered} \text { SWVI } \\ 123 / 124 \end{gathered}$ | 81 | 5.5\% | 0.22\% | 0.05\% | 1.11\% | 1,480 | 4,891 | 7,478 | 950 |
| 2014 | JUN | $\begin{gathered} \text { SWVI } \\ 21 / 121 \end{gathered}$ | 41 | 8.1\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 507 | 1,549 | 1,341 | 830 |
| 2014 | JUL | NWVI | 128 | 4.0\% | 0.12\% | 2.80\% | 0.07\% | 3,176 | 6,772 | 3,577 | 1,434 |
| 2014 | JUL | $\begin{gathered} \text { SWVI } \\ 123 / 124 \end{gathered}$ | 110 | 3.9\% | 0.54\% | 1.25\% | 0.36\% | 2,812 | 8,671 | 9,696 | 2,750 |
| 2014 | JUL | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SWVI } \\ & 21 / 121 \end{aligned}$ | 62 | 6.2\% | 0.01\% | 0.05\% | 1.65\% | 1,005 | 5,221 | 4,743 | 576 |
| 2014 | AUG | NWVI | 126 | 3.5\% | 0.01\% | 0.02\% | 0.01\% | 3,551 | 6,646 | 3,181 | 1,151 |
| 2014 | AUG | $\begin{gathered} \text { SWVI } \\ 123 / 124 \end{gathered}$ | 117 | 5.9\% | 0.01\% | 0.22\% | 0.93\% | 1,999 | 6,228 | 7,893 | 3,098 |
| 2014 | AUG | $\begin{gathered} \text { SWVI } \\ 21 / 121 \end{gathered}$ | 44 | 5.1\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 2.27\% | 866 | 2,878 | 1,244 | 277 |
| 2014 | SEP | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 35 | 44 | 10 | - |
| 2014 | SEP | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 613 | 1,019 | 1,560 | 201 |
| 2015 | MAY | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 4 | 11 | 16 | - |
| 2015 | MAY | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | JUN | NWVI | 90 | 15.2\% | 4.56\% | 0.89\% | 3.66\% | 594 | 1,539 | 792 | 66 |


| Year | Month | Area | DNA stock composition |  |  |  |  | Total Effort, Kept Catch and Releases (Rel) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $n$ | Rate | Spring 42 | Spring 5 | Summer 52 | Effort | Kept | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (legal) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (sublegal) } \end{gathered}$ |
| 2015 | JUN | $\begin{gathered} \text { SWVI } \\ 123 / 124 \end{gathered}$ | 72 | 5.1\% | 0.04\% | 3.12\% | 1.03\% | 1,409 | 3,578 | 1,234 | 240 |
| 2015 | JUN | $\begin{gathered} \text { SWVI } \\ 21 / 121 \end{gathered}$ | 25 | 6.9\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 360 | 1,460 | 995 | 245 |
| 2015 | JUL | NWVI | 107 | 4.4\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 2,457 | 5,055 | 3,019 | 1,161 |
| 2015 | JUL | $\begin{gathered} \text { SWVI } \\ 123 / 124 \end{gathered}$ | 278 | 10.9\% | 0.00\% | 1.14\% | 0.73\% | 2,545 | 8,314 | 2,711 | 1,589 |
| 2015 | JUL | $\begin{gathered} \text { SWVI } \\ 21 / 121 \end{gathered}$ | 74 | 7.4\% | 0.00\% | 0.01\% | 0.03\% | 1,000 | 5,066 | 3,739 | 533 |
| 2015 | AUG | NWVI | 119 | 4.9\% | 0.01\% | 0.01\% | 0.01\% | 2,433 | 5,017 | 1,949 | 595 |
| 2015 | AUG | SWVI | 294 | 8.3\% | 0.00\% | 0.02\% | 0.59\% | 3,550 | 11,735 | 3,695 | 1,416 |
| 2015 | SEP | NWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 34 | 43 | 8 | - |
| 2015 | SEP | SWVI | 0 | - | - | - | - | 522 | 284 | 26 | 43 |

Table L-10. Estimated mortalities of Spring 42 , Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook in the WCVI AABM recreational fishery from GSI samples.

| Year | Month | Area | Estimated Spring $4_{2}$ Encounters |  |  | Estimated Spring $5_{2}$ Encounters |  |  | Estimated Summer $5_{2}$ Encounters |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Kept | Rel(legal) | Rel (sublegal) | Kept | Rel(legal) | Rel (sublegal) | Kept | Rel(legal) | $\qquad$ |
| 2008 | MAY | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2008 | MAY | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2008 | JUN | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2008 | JUN | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2008 | JUL | NWVI | 0 | 0 | 0 | 103.20 | 12.38 | 1.39 | 22.53 | 2.70 | 0.30 |
| 2008 | JUL | SWVI | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10.47 | 3.19 | 0.46 | 4.72 | 1.44 | 0.21 |
| 2008 | AUG | NWVI | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.24 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 15.12 | 2.67 | 1.19 |
| 2008 | AUG | SWVI | 1 | 1 | 0 | 4.06 | 1.99 | 1.37 | 134.02 | 65.73 | 45.15 |
| 2008 | SEP | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2008 | SEP | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2009 | MAY | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2009 | MAY | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2009 | JUN | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2009 | JUN | SWVI | - | - | - | - | . | - | - | - | - |
| 2009 | JUL | NWVI | - | - | - | 0.09 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 253.57 | 23.92 | 42.65 |
| 2009 | JUL | SWVI | 6.39 | 1.89 | 2 | 0.45 | 0.13 | 0.16 | 0.29 | 0.08 | 0.10 |
| 2009 | AUG | NWVI | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.23 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.10 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| 2009 | AUG | SWVI | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0 | 13.60 | 1.55 | 4.52 | 139.31 | 15.89 | 46.31 |
| 2009 | SEP | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2009 | SEP | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2010 | MAY | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2010 | MAY | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2010 | JUN | $\begin{gathered} \text { SWVI } \\ 123 / 124 \end{gathered}$ | - | - | - | 0.19 | 0.10 | 0.03 | 0.62 | 0.32 | 0.09 |
| 2010 | JUN | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SWVI } \\ & 21 / 121 \end{aligned}$ | 45.17 | 1.33 | 1 | 20.95 | 0.62 | 0.62 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 2010 | JUL | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |


| Year | Month | Area | Estimated Spring $4_{2}$ Encounters |  |  | Estimated Spring $5_{2}$ Encounters |  |  | Estimated Summer $\mathbf{5}_{2}$ Encounters |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Kept | Rel(legal) | Rel (sublegal) | Kept | Rel(legal) | Rel (sublegal) | Kept | Rel(legal) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (sublegal } \\ \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ |
| 2010 | JUL | $\begin{gathered} \text { SWVI } \\ 123 / 124 \end{gathered}$ | 8.44 | 4.84 | 2 | 0.54 | 0.31 | 0.11 | 0.24 | 0.14 | 0.05 |
| 2010 | JUL | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SWVI } \\ & 21 / 121 \end{aligned}$ | - | - | - | 15.49 | 5.89 | 1.39 | 33.33 | 12.67 | 3.00 |
| 2010 | AUG | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2010 | AUG | $\begin{gathered} \text { SWVI } \\ 123 / 124 \end{gathered}$ | - | - | - | 1.39 | 0.73 | 0.08 | 0.45 | 0.24 | 0.02 |
| 2010 | AUG | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SWVI } \\ & 21 / 121 \end{aligned}$ | 0.63 | 0.16 | 0 | 0.66 | 0.17 | 0.01 | 0.42 | 0.11 | 0.01 |
| 2010 | SEP | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2010 | SEP | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2011 | MAY | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2011 | MAY | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2011 | JUN | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2011 | JUN | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2011 | JUL | NWVI | 0.30 | 0.04 | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2011 | JUL | SWVI | 85.00 | 36.48 | 23 | 0.22 | 0.09 | 0.06 | 444.99 | 190.98 | 122.85 |
| 2011 | AUG | NWVI | 7.78 | 0.39 | 0 | 1.64 | 0.08 | 0.09 | 0.08 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 2011 | AUG | SWVI | 2.59 | 0.97 | 0 | 2.50 | 0.94 | 0.22 | 3.88 | 1.45 | 0.34 |
| 2011 | SEP | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2011 | SEP | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2012 | MAY | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2012 | MAY | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2012 | JUN | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2012 | JUN | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2012 | JUL | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2012 | JUL | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2012 | AUG | NWVI | 2.65 | 1.20 | 0 | 0.74 | 0.34 | 0.09 | 0.40 | 0.18 | 0.05 |
| 2012 | AUG | SWVI | - | - | - | 4.39 | 2.45 | 1.49 | 0.24 | 0.13 | 0.08 |
| 2012 | SEP | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |


| Year | Month | Area | Estimated Spring $4_{2}$ Encounters |  |  | Estimated Spring 52 Encounters |  |  | Estimated Summer $5_{2}$ Encounters |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Kept | Rel(legal) | Rel (sublegal) | Kept | Rel(legal) | Rel (sublegal) | Kept | Rel(legal) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (sublegal } \\ \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ |
| 2012 | SEP | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | MAY | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | MAY | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | JUN | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | JUN | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | JUL | NWVI | 52.92 | 18.42 | 7 | 7.43 | 2.59 | 1.05 | 38.94 | 13.55 | 5.50 |
| 2013 | JUL | $\begin{gathered} \text { SWVI } \\ 123 / 124 \end{gathered}$ | 138.61 | 105.60 | 47 | 40.03 | 30.50 | 13.69 | 5.46 | 4.16 | 1.87 |
| 2013 | JUL | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SWVI } \\ & 21 / 121 \end{aligned}$ | - | - | - | 117.01 | 62.15 | 38.95 | 0.19 | 0.10 | 0.06 |
| 2013 | AUG | NWVI | - | - | - | 0.20 | 0.04 | 0.03 | - | - | - |
| 2013 | AUG | $\begin{gathered} \text { SWVI } \\ 123 / 124 \end{gathered}$ | - | - | - | 0.50 | 0.49 | 0.11 | 31.34 | 30.20 | 6.68 |
| 2013 | AUG | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SWVI } \\ & 21 / 121 \end{aligned}$ | - | - | - | 1.73 | 0.87 | 0.25 | - | - | - |
| 2013 | SEP | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | SEP | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | MAY | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | MAY | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | JUN | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | JUN | $\begin{gathered} \text { SWVI } \\ 123 / 124 \end{gathered}$ | 10.91 | 16.68 | 2 | 2.31 | 3.53 | 0.45 | 54.38 | 83.14 | 10.56 |
| 2014 | JUN | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SWVI } \\ & 21 / 121 \end{aligned}$ | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.07 | 0.06 | 0.04 |
| 2014 | JUL | NWVI | 8.07 | 4.26 | 2 | 189.59 | 100.14 | 40.15 | 5.07 | 2.68 | 1.07 |
| 2014 | JUL | $\begin{gathered} \text { SWVI } \\ 123 / 124 \end{gathered}$ | 46.71 | 52.23 | 15 | 108.12 | 120.90 | 34.29 | 30.78 | 34.42 | 9.76 |
| 2014 | JUL | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SWVI } \\ & 21 / 121 \end{aligned}$ | 0.66 | 0.60 | 0 | 2.77 | 2.52 | 0.31 | 85.90 | 78.04 | 9.48 |
| 2014 | AUG | NWVI | 0.36 | 0.17 | 0 | 1.33 | 0.64 | 0.23 | 0.73 | 0.35 | 0.13 |
| 2014 | AUG | $\begin{gathered} \text { SWVI } \\ 123 / 124 \end{gathered}$ | 0.39 | 0.50 | 0 | 13.71 | 17.38 | 6.82 | 57.97 | 73.47 | 28.84 |


| Year | Month | Area | Estimated Spring $4_{2}$ Encounters |  |  | Estimated Spring $5_{2}$ Encounters |  |  | Estimated Summer $5_{2}$ Encounters |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Kept | Rel(legal) | Rel (sublegal) | Kept | Rel(legal) | Rel (sublegal) | Kept | Rel(legal) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (sublegal } \\ \text { ) } \end{gathered}$ |
| 2014 | AUG | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { SWVI } \\ 21 / 121 \end{gathered}$ | - | - | - | 0.10 | 0.05 | 0.01 | 65.33 | 28.24 | 6.29 |
| 2014 | SEP | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | SEP | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | MAY | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | MAY | SWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | JUN | NWVI | 70.17 | 36.11 | 3 | 13.66 | 7.03 | 0.59 | 56.27 | 28.96 | 2.41 |
| 2015 | JUN | $\begin{gathered} \text { SWVI } \\ 123 / 124 \end{gathered}$ | 1.51 | 0.52 | 0 | 111.78 | 38.55 | 7.50 | 36.87 | 12.72 | 2.47 |
| 2015 | JUN | SWVI <br> 21/121 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | JUL | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| 2015 | JUL | $\begin{gathered} \text { SWVI } \\ 123 / 124 \end{gathered}$ | 0.06 | 0.02 | 0 | 94.62 | 30.85 | 18.08 | 60.68 | 19.79 | 11.60 |
| 2015 | JUL | SWVI <br> 21/121 | - | - | - | 0.60 | 0.44 | 0.06 | 1.59 | 1.17 | 0.17 |
| 2015 | AUG | NWVI | 0.25 | 0.10 | 0 | 0.74 | 0.29 | 0.09 | 0.70 | 0.27 | 0.08 |
| 2015 | AUG | SWVI | 0.24 | 0.08 | 0 | 2.89 | 0.91 | 0.35 | 68.83 | 21.67 | 8.31 |
| 2015 | SEP | NWVI | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | SEP | SWVI | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Table L-11. Estimated proportion of Spring $4_{2}$, Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook in the Juan de Fuca Recreation fishery from GSI samples.

|  |  | DNA stock composition |  |  |  |  | Total Effort, Kept Catch and Releases (Rel) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | M | n | Sample Rate | Spring $\mathbf{4}_{2}$ | Spring $5_{2}$ | Summer 52 | Effort | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) |
| 2009 | Jan | 37 | 6\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 968 | 589 | 12 | 167 |
| 2009 | Feb | 14 | 4\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 777 | 327 | 3 | 42 |
| 2009 | March | 2 | 3\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 903 | 63 | 3 | 20 |
| 2009 | April | 4 | 4\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 1,970 | 95 | 10 | 24 |
| 2009 | May | 13 | 4\% | 12.3\% | 20.3\% | 0.2\% | 5,700 | 313 | 112 | 269 |
| 2009 | June | 109 | 2\% | 4.3\% | 41.1\% | 16.8\% | 9,745 | 4,742 | 389 | 1,461 |
| 2009 | July | 120 | 4\% | 5.8\% | 10.5\% | 20.2\% | 10,258 | 3,286 | 588 | 3,199 |
| 2009 | Aug | 160 | 2\% | 0.0\% | 0.3\% | 5.1\% | 15,045 | 7,991 | 502 | 13,060 |
| 2009 | Sept | 68 | 2\% | 1.5\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 7,434 | 3,575 | 236 | 13,902 |
| 2009 | Oct | 69 | 4\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 2,302 | 1,831 | 225 | 5,736 |
| 2009 | Nov | 41 | 7\% | 0.1\% | 0.2\% | 0.1\% | 997 | 624 | 186 | 693 |
| 2009 | Dec | 37 | 2\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 1,839 | 2,149 | 1,467 | 1,860 |
| 2010 | March | 27 | 9\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 1,420 | 300 | 33 | 85 |
| 2010 | April | 19 | 3\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 2,687 | 624 | 457 | 108 |
| 2010 | May | 18 | 5\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 2,838 | 367 | 114 | 43 |
| 2010 | June | 40 | 2\% | 7.0\% | 12.1\% | 1.2\% | 6,016 | 1,724 | 318 | 147 |
| 2010 | July | 40 | 3\% | 0.0\% | 7.1\% | 15.1\% | 9,076 | 1,331 | 80 | 49 |
| 2010 | Aug | 75 | 3\% | 0.0\% | 0.3\% | 0.4\% | 10,486 | 2,425 | 276 | 705 |
| 2010 | Sept | 43 | 3\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 5,259 | 1,691 | 442 | 1,019 |
| 2014 | Feb | 21 | 8\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 449 | 280 | 136 | 130 |
| 2014 | March | 20 | 4\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 1,517 | 483 | 278 | 271 |
| 2014 | April | 8 | 2\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 1,880 | 457 | 94 | 117 |
| 2014 | May | 34 | 1\% | 5.8\% | 2.2\% | 0.8\% | 4,674 | 2,447 | 997 | 228 |
| 2014 | June | 35 | 1\% | 4.6\% | 30.3\% | 16.7\% | 6,095 | 2,997 | 844 | 157 |
| 2014 | July | 37 | 1\% | 6.8\% | 9.7\% | 0.8\% | 8,452 | 3,781 | 1,042 | 4,157 |
| 2014 | Aug | 23 | 1\% | 0.0\% | 0.1\% | 4.6\% | 12,151 | 4,027 | 499 | 1,995 |
| 2014 | Sept | 11 | 1\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 6,797 | 995 | 403 | 374 |
| 2016 | March | 19 | 4\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 2,070 | 430 | 390 | 579 |


| Year | Month | DNA stock composition |  |  |  |  | Total Effort, Kept Catch and Releases (Rel) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | n | Sample Rate | Spring $4_{2}$ | Spring $5_{2}$ | Summer $5_{2}$ | Effort | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) |
| 2016 | April | 10 | 1\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 3,222 | 852 | 423 | 982 |
| 2016 | May | 18 | 1\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 4,935 | 1,613 | 473 | 68 |
| 2016 | June | 28 | 2\% | 3.8\% | 12.8\% | 4.1\% | 5,423 | 1,317 | 626 | 660 |
| 2016 | July | 33 | 1\% | 3.3\% | 6.4\% | 14.8\% | 7,444 | 3,356 | 1,064 | 4,627 |
| 2016 | Aug | 72 | 1\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 9.7\% | 11,067 | 6,036 | 1,562 | 4,900 |
| 2016 | Sept | 42 | 2\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 2.3\% | 7,705 | 2,721 | 1,412 | 1,648 |
| 2017 | March | 33 | 6\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 1,024 | 577 | 8 | 69 |
| 2017 | April | 46 | 6\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 1,780 | 764 | 331 | 439 |
| 2017 | May | 54 | 9\% | 0.0\% | 1.8\% | 0.0\% | 2,243 | 573 | 59 | 185 |
| 2017 | June | 149 | 9\% | 1.3\% | 12.8\% | 5.1\% | 3,418 | 1,660 | 801 | 576 |
| 2017 | July | 170 | 7\% | 2.4\% | 6.0\% | 6.9\% | 4,836 | 2,336 | 417 | 3,987 |
| 2017 | Aug | 289 | 3\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 1.8\% | 11,842 | 8,503 | 1,721 | 8,008 |
| 2017 | Sept | 40 | 1\% | 0.0\% | 2.5\% | 0.0\% | 10,382 | 3,470 | 1,455 | 3,292 |
| 2017 | Oct | 33 | 9\% | 0.0\% | 0.2\% | 0.0\% | 1,283 | 372 | 203 | 1,452 |
| 2018 | Jan | 7 | 2\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | - | 424 | 2,201 | - |
| 2018 | Feb | 29 | 6\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 524 | 505 | 217 | 827 |
| 2018 | March | 50 | 11\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 1,021 | 471 | 156 | 284 |
| 2018 | April | 35 | 6\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 1,318 | 547 | 34 | 100 |
| 2018 | May | 52 | 4\% | 0.3\% | 1.0\% | 0.7\% | 3,280 | 1,352 | 448 | 202 |
| 2018 | June | 72 | 3\% | 1.5\% | 8.8\% | 2.0\% | 6,122 | 2,216 | 729 | 752 |
| 2018 | July | 232 | 4\% | 0.0\% | 5.0\% | 7.3\% | 9,176 | 5,584 | 1,771 | 12,868 |
| 2018 | Aug | 285 | 3\% | 0.0\% | 0.1\% | 1.3\% | 11,241 | 9,432 | 3,399 | 12,673 |
| 2018 | Sept | 91 | 4\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 8,046 | 2,271 | 311 | 4,451 |
| 2018 | Oct | 37 | 3\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 4,191 | 1,203 | 868 | 1,342 |

Table L-12. Estimated mortalty of Spring $4_{2}$, Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook in the Juan de Fuca Recreation fishery from GSI samples.

| Year | Month | Estimated Spring $4_{2}$ Encounters |  |  | Estimated Spring $5_{2}$ Encounters |  |  | Estimated Summer $5_{2}$ Encounters |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) |
| 2009 | Jan | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - | - |
| 2009 | Feb | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2009 | Mar | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2009 | April | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2009 | May | 39 | 14 | 33 | 64 | 23 | 55 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 2009 | June | 205 | 17 | 63 | 1948 | 160 | 600 | 797 | 65 | 246 |
| 2009 | July | 191 | 34 | 186 | 346 | 62 | 337 | 663 | 119 | 645 |
| 2009 | Aug | 1 | 0 | 1 | 22 | 1 | 36 | 408 | 26 | 667 |
| 2009 | Sept | 53 | 3 | 205 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 2009 | Oct | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - | - |
| 2009 | Nov | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2009 | Dec | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | - | - |
| 2010 | Mar | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2010 | April | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2010 | May | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2010 | June | 121 | 22 | 10 | 208 | 38 | 18 | 21 | 4 | 2 |
| 2010 | July | 0 | 0 | 0 | 95 | 6 | 3 | 201 | 12 | 7 |
| 2010 | Aug | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 1 | 2 | 10 | 1 | 3 |
| 2010 | Sept | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2014 | Feb | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | Mar | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | April | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | May | 142 | 58 | 13 | 54 | 22 | 5 | 19 | 8 | 2 |
| 2014 | June | 137 | 39 | 7 | 908 | 256 | 48 | 501 | 141 | 26 |
| 2014 | July | 258 | 71 | 283 | 366 | 101 | 403 | 31 | 9 | 34 |
| 2014 | Aug | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 187 | 23 | 93 |


| Year | Month | Estimated Spring $4_{2}$ Encounters |  |  | Estimated Spring $5_{2}$ Encounters |  |  | Estimated Summer $\mathbf{5}_{2}$ Encounters |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) |
| 2014 | Sept | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | Mar | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | April | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | May | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | June | 50 | 24 | 25 | 169 | 80 | 84 | 53 | 25 | 27 |
| 2016 | July | 110 | 35 | 152 | 214 | 68 | 295 | 498 | 158 | 686 |
| 2016 | Aug | - | - | - | 1 | 0 | 1 | 586 | 152 | 476 |
| 2016 | Sept | - | - | - | - | - | - | 61 | 32 | 37 |
| 2017 | Mar | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2017 | April | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2017 | May | - | - | - | 11 | 1 | 3 | - | - | - |
| 2017 | June | 22 | 11 | 8 | 212 | 102 | 74 | 84 | 41 | 29 |
| 2017 | July | 55 | 10 | 95 | 141 | 25 | 240 | 161 | 29 | 275 |
| 2017 | Aug | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 151 | 31 | 143 |
| 2017 | Sept | - | - | - | 87 | 37 | 83 | - | - | - |
| 2017 | Oct | - | - | - | 1 | 0 | 3 | - | - | - |
| 2018 | Jan | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - |  |
| 2018 | Feb | - | - | - | - | - |  | - | - |  |
| 2018 | Mar | 5 | 1 | 1 | 13 | 4 | 2 | 10 | 3 | 1 |
| 2018 | April | 33 | 11 | 11 | 194 | 64 | 66 | 45 | 15 | 15 |
| 2018 | May | 0 | 0 | 0 | 281 | 89 | 648 | 406 | 129 | 935 |
| 2018 | June | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 8 | 122 | 44 | 164 |
| 2018 | July | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2018 | Aug | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2018 | Sept | 5 | 1 | 1 | 13 | 4 | 2 | 10 | 3 | 1 |
| 2018 | Oct | 33 | 11 | 11 | 194 | 64 | 66 | 45 | 15 | 15 |

Table L-13. Estimated proportion of Spring $4_{2}$, Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook in the Strait of Georgia (NORTH) fishery from GSI samples.

| Year | Month | DNA stock composition (kept) |  |  |  |  | DNA stock composition (sublegal) |  |  |  |  | Total Effort, Kept Catch and Releases (Rel) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $n$ | Rate | SP 42 | SP 5 | SU $5_{2}$ | $n$ | Rate | SP 42 | SP 52 | SU $5_{2}$ | Effort | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) |
| 2013 | Jan | 5 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 6 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | Feb | 1 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | March | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | April | - | - | - | - | - | 1 |  | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 4,501 | 1,017 | 296 | - |
| 2013 | May | 6 | 0.1\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - | - | 16,029 | 9,088 | 1,781 | 14,033 |
| 2013 | June | 10 | 0.2\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - | - | 14,655 | 5,419 | 246 | 11,329 |
| 2013 | July | 6 | 0.1\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - | - | 17,965 | 6,743 | 709 | 18,408 |
| 2013 | Aug | 2 | 0.1\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - | - | 9,301 | 1,875 | 593 | 3,307 |
| 2013 | Sep | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | Oct | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | Nov | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | Dec | 7 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 3 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | Jan | 7 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 6 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | Feb | 2 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 3 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | March | 14 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 20 | - | 5\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | April | 9 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 16 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | May | 19 | 1.3\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 4 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 4,074 | 1,469 | 586 | - |
| 2014 | June | 56 | 0.7\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 21 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 7,398 | 8,128 | 1,252 | 6,514 |
| 2014 | July | 68 | 0.6\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 22 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 13,719 | 11,030 | 1,563 | 6,073 |
| 2014 | Aug | 37 | 0.4\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 10 | 0.1\% | 10\% | 0\% | 0\% | 21,435 | 9,947 | 1,337 | 10,676 |
| 2014 | Sep | 7 | 0.2\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 7 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 8,937 | 4,418 | 1,185 | 2,917 |
| 2014 | Oct | - | 0.0\% | - | - | - | - | 0.0\% | - | - | - | 1,172 | 108 | 1 | 385 |
| 2014 | Nov | 1 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 2 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | Dec | 9 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 6 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | Jan | 43 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 1 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | Feb | 14 | 2.5\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 5 | 0.5\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 990 | 551 | 28 | 1,009 |
| 2015 | March | 19 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 7 | 3.8\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 482 | 39 | 1 | 185 |


| Year | Month | DNA stock composition (kept) |  |  |  |  | DNA stock composition (sublegal) |  |  |  |  | Total Effort, Kept Catch and Releases (Rel) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $n$ | Rate | SP 42 | SP 52 | SU $5_{2}$ | n | Rate | SP 42 | SP 5 | SU5 ${ }_{2}$ | Effort | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) |
| 2015 | April | 5 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 3 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | May | 74 | 5.5\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 3 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 2,884 | 1,343 | 159 | - |
| 2015 | June | 41 | 0.4\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 10 | 0.2\% | 0\% | 0\% | 10\% | 12,607 | 9,398 | 995 | 5,353 |
| 2015 | July | 59 | 0.6\% | 2\% | 12\% | 3\% | 4 | 0.1\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 15,481 | 9,223 | 341 | 6,565 |
| 2015 | Aug | 67 | 0.4\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 4 | 0.0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 19,462 | 15,377 | 1,955 | 10,060 |
| 2015 | Sep | 10 | 0.1\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 2 | 0.1\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 8,698 | 7,178 | 1,043 | 2,299 |
| 2015 | Oct | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | Nov | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | Dec | 1 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | Jan | 6 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 5 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | Feb | 4 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 10 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | March | 2 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 11 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | April | 1 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 1 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | May | 24 | 0.6\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 8 | 0.1\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 7,873 | 3,978 | 254 | 7,276 |
| 2016 | June | 38 | 0.6\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 16 | 0.1\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 9,548 | 6,450 | 570 | 12,690 |
| 2016 | July | 46 | 0.6\% | 9\% | 11\% | 0\% | 18 | 0.2\% | 0\% | 6\% | 6\% | 16,458 | 8,021 | 547 | 11,135 |
| 2016 | Aug | 24 | 0.2\% | 0\% | 0\% | 4\% | 14 | 0.2\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 15,188 | 10,679 | 709 | 7,693 |
| 2016 | Sep | 6 | 0.2\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 6 | 0.1\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 11,267 | 3,842 | 170 | 5,802 |
| 2016 | Oct | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | Nov | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | Dec | 4 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2017 | Jan | 14 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 3 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2017 | Feb | 1 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2017 | March | 4 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2017 | April | 18 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 7 | - | 0\% | 5\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2017 | May | 50 | 1.7\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 25 | 0.9\% | 0\% | 6\% | 2\% | 5,747 | 2,979 | 306 | 2,817 |
| 2017 | June | 34 | 0.3\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 44 | 0.7\% | 3\% | 0\% | 0\% | 12,318 | 10,520 | 688 | 6,649 |
| 2017 | July | 28 | 0.3\% | 0\% | 4\% | 0\% | 53 | 0.6\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 24,147 | 9,770 | 1,003 | 8,672 |
| 2017 | Aug | 44 | 0.3\% | 0\% | 0\% | 2\% | 39 | 0.2\% | - | - | - | 21,599 | 15,207 | 1,326 | 24,506 |


| Year | Month | DNA stock composition (kept) |  |  |  |  | DNA stock composition (sublegal) |  |  |  |  | Total Effort, Kept Catch and Releases (Rel) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $n$ | Rate | SP 42 | SP $5_{2}$ | SU $5_{2}$ | $n$ | Rate | SP 42 | SP 52 | SU $5_{2}$ | Effort | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) |
| 2017 | Sep | 3 | 0.1\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 9 | 0.1\% | - | - | - | 10,803 | 3,679 | 318 | 8,919 |
| 2017 | Oct | - | 0.0\% | - | - | - | - | 0.0\% | - | - | - | 1,393 | 22 | - | 175 |
| 2017 | Nov | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2017 | Dec | 7 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 7 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | Jan | 4 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | Feb | 7 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | March | 26 | - | 0\% | 4\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | April | 4 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | May | 34 | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - | - | 6,308 | 8,156 | 296 | - |
| 2018 | June | 178 | 2\% | 0\% | 0\% | 1\% | - | - | - | - | - | 11,082 | 10,914 | 4,044 | 8,157 |
| 2018 | July | 194 | 1\% | 0\% | 0\% | 2\% | - | - | - | - | - | 19,684 | 13,504 | 4,687 | 9,314 |
| 2018 | Aug | 152 | 1\% | 0\% | 0\% | 1\% | - | - | - | - | - | 25,124 | 15,015 | 2,151 | 15,337 |
| 2018 | Sep | 42 | 3\% | 0\% | 0\% | 2\% | - | - | - | - | - | 6,500 | 1,596 | 64 | 2,941 |
| 2018 | Oct | 4 | 1\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - | - | 2,154 | 340 | - | 886 |
| 2018 | Nov | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | Dec | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Table L-14. Estimated mortality of Spring 42, Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook in the Strait of Georgia (NORTH) fishery from GSI samples.

| Year | Month | Estimated Spring 42 Encounters |  |  | Estimated Spring $5_{2}$ Encounters |  |  | Estimated Summer $\mathbf{5}_{2}$ Encounters |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Kept | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Rel} \\ \text { (legal) } \end{gathered}$ | Rel (sublegal) | Kept | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (legal) } \end{gathered}$ | Rel (sublegal) | Kept | $\begin{gathered} \text { ReI } \\ \text { (legal) } \end{gathered}$ | Rel (sublegal) |
| 2014 | Jan | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | Feb | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | March | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | April | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | May | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | June | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | July | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | Aug | - | - | 1,068 | - | - | - | - | - | - |


| Year | Month | Estimated Spring 42 Encounters |  |  | Estimated Spring $5_{2}$ Encounters |  |  | Estimated Summer $5_{2}$ Encounters |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Kept | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (legal) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (sublegal) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Kept | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (legal) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (sublegal) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Kept | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (legal) } \end{gathered}$ | Rel (sublegal) |
| 2014 | Sep | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | Oct | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | Nov | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | Dec | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | Jan | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | Feb | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | March | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | April | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | May | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | June | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 535 |
| 2015 | July | 156 | 6 | - | 1,094 | 40 | - | 313 | 12 | - |
| 2015 | Aug | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | Sep | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | Oct | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | Nov | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | Dec | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | Jan | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | Feb | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | March | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | April | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | May | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | June | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | July | 697 | 48 | - | 872 | 59 | 619 | - | - | 619 |
| 2016 | Aug | - | - | - | - | - | - | 445 | 30 | - |
| 2016 | Sep | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | Oct | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | Nov | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | Dec |  | - |  | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 2017 | Jan | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |


| Year | Month | Estimated Spring 42 Encounters |  |  | Estimated Spring $5_{2}$ Encounters |  |  | Estimated Summer $5_{2}$ Encounters |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Kept | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (legal) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (sublegal) } \end{gathered}$ | Kept | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (legal) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (sublegal) } \end{gathered}$ | Kept | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (legal) } \end{gathered}$ | Rel (sublegal) |
| 2017 | Feb | - | - | (sublegal) | - | - | (suble | - | - | - |
| 2017 | March | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2017 | April | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2017 | May | - | - | - | - | - | 159 | - | - | 53 |
| 2017 | June | - | - | 170 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2017 | July | - | - | - | 349 | 36 | - | - | - | - |
| 2017 | Aug | - | - | - | - | - | - | 346 | 30 | - |
| 2017 | Sep | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2017 | Oct | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2017 | Nov | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2017 | Dec | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | Jan | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | Feb | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | March | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | April | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | May | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | June | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 120 | 44 | 90 |
| 2018 | July | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 270 | 94 | 186 |
| 2018 | Aug | - | - | - | - | - | - | 105 | 15 | 107 |
| 2018 | Sep | - | - | - | 2 | 0 | 3 | 37 | 1 | 68 |
| 2018 | Oct | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | Nov | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | Dec | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Table L-15. Estimated proportion of Spring 42, Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook in the Strait of Georgia (SOUTH) fishery from GSI samples.

| Year | Month | DNA stock composition (kept) |  |  |  |  | DNA stock composition (sublegal) |  |  |  |  | Total Effort, Kept Catch and Releases (Rel) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | n | rate | SP 42 | SP5 ${ }_{2}$ | SU 52 | n | rate | SP 42 | SP5 ${ }_{2}$ | SU 52 | Effort | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) |
| 2012 | Nov | 2 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 22 | - | 0\% | 12\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2012 | Dec | 1 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 16 | - | 0\% | 6\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | Jan | 34 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 22 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | Feb | 15 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 1 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | Mar | 15 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 5 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 120 | - | - | - |
| 2013 | April | 25 | 0.7\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 12 | - | 7\% | 13\% | 0\% | 6,686 | 3,787 | 4,603 | - |
| 2013 | May | 24 | 1.2\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 30 | 0.2\% | 3\% | 3\% | 0\% | 7,636 | 2,004 | 574 | 16,469 |
| 2013 | June | 1 | 0.1\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 13 | 0.4\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 7,841 | 672 | 79 | 3,660 |
| 2013 | July | 5 | 0.3\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 15 | 0.4\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 10,410 | 1,555 | 121 | 4,086 |
| 2013 | Aug | - | - | - | - | - | 5 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 6,030 | 957 | 338 | - |
| 2013 | Sep | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 51 | - | - | - |
| 2013 | Oct | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | Nov | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | Dec | 1 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | Jan | 5 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 17 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | Feb | 3 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 3 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 8 | 1 | - | - |
| 2014 | Mar | 17 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 25 | - | 4\% | 0\% | 0\% | 20 | 2 | - | - |
| 2014 | April | 61 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 43 | - | 6\% | 4\% | 0\% | 85 | - | - | - |
| 2014 | May | 95 | 2.0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 38 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 3\% | 6,041 | 4,779 | 9,100 | - |
| 2014 | June | 67 | 3.5\% | 4\% | 1\% | 0\% | 18 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 4,592 | 1,903 | 1,673 | - |
| 2014 | July | 41 | 3.3\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 12 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 7\% | 8,041 | 1,247 | 1,134 | - |
| 2014 | Aug | 30 | 1.5\% | 3\% | 0\% | 3\% | 5 | 0.2\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 22,645 | 1,980 | 131 | 2,260 |
| 2014 | Sep | 25 | 2.0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 5 | 5.6\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 8,716 | 1,236 | 284 | 89 |
| 2014 | Oct | 5 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 1 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 31 | - | - | - |
| 2014 | Nov | 4 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 1 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | Jan | 18 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 12 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | Feb | 13 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 11 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 21 | - | - | - |


| Year | Month | DNA stock composition (kept) |  |  |  |  | DNA stock composition (sublegal) |  |  |  |  | Total Effort, Kept Catch and Releases (Rel) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $n$ | rate | SP 42 | SP5 ${ }_{2}$ | SU $5_{2}$ | $n$ | rate | SP 42 | SP5 ${ }_{2}$ | SU $5_{2}$ | Effort | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) |
| 2015 | Mar | 23 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 6 | - | 0\% | 14\% | 0\% | 88 | 17 | - | - |
| 2015 | April | 45 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 24 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 107 | 1 | - | - |
| 2015 | May | 100 | 1.8\% | 0\% | 1\% | 0\% | 17 | 0.9\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 8,523 | 5,516 | 447 | 1,939 |
| 2015 | June | 47 | 4.5\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 10 | 0.5\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 4,139 | 1,041 | 235 | 2,050 |
| 2015 | July | 41 | 2.1\% | 2\% | 0\% | 0\% | 22 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 9,199 | 1,947 | 735 |  |
| 2015 | Aug | 65 | 1.4\% | 0\% | 0\% | 3\% | 10 | 0.7\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 12,674 | 4,657 | 454 | 1,361 |
| 2015 | Sep | 39 | 1.4\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 4 | 0.5\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 6,262 | 2,884 | 153 | 778 |
| 2015 | Oct | 4 | 1.3\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 1 | 1.4\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 1,774 | 304 | - | 74 |
| 2015 | Nov | 1 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 1 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | Dec | 7 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 25 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | Jan | 7 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 46 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | Feb | 9 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 50 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | Mar | 20 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 79 | - | 1\% | 0\% | 0\% | 38 | 9 | - | 21 |
| 2016 | April | 37 | 40.7\% | 3\% | 3\% | 0\% | 43 | 23.6\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 121 | 91 |  | 182 |
| 2016 | May | 65 | 1.5\% | 2\% | 0\% | 0\% | 57 | 0.6\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 8,663 | 4,434 | 351 | 9,817 |
| 2016 | June | 27 | 1.6\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 22 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 6,119 | 1,731 | 146 | - |
| 2016 | July | 42 | 3.4\% | 2\% | 2\% | 0\% | 24 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 10,334 | 1,219 | 205 | - |
| 2016 | Aug | 48 | 2.9\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 11 | - | 0\% | 10\% | 0\% | 10,558 | 1,644 | 143 | - |
| 2016 | Sep | 14 | 0.5\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 16 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 8,055 | 2,556 | 622 | - |
| 2016 | Oct | 1 |  | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 20 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | Nov | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | Dec | 15 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 37 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2017 | Jan | 10 | - | 0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 30 | - | 0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2017 | Feb | 6 | - | 0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 16 | - | 0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2017 | Mar | 9 | 36.0\% | 0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 18 | 29.0\% | 0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 190 | 25 | - | 62 |
| 2017 | April | 70 | 93.3\% | 0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 47 | 63.5\% | 0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 560 | 75 | 175 | 74 |
| 2017 | May | 64 | 1.4\% | 0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 35 | 0.7\% | 0\% | 0.0\% | 2.8\% | 10,391 | 4,452 | 308 | 5194 |
| 2017 | June | 44 | 3.2\% | 0\% | 2.3\% | 2.3\% | 25 | 1.1\% | 0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 6,857 | 1,396 | 219 | 2226 |


| Year | Month | DNA stock composition (kept) |  |  |  |  | DNA stock composition (sublegal) |  |  |  |  | Total Effort, Kept Catch and Releases (Rel) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $n$ | rate | SP 42 | SP5 ${ }_{2}$ | SU $5_{2}$ | $n$ | rate | SP 42 | SP52 | SU $5_{2}$ | Effort | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) |
| 2017 | July | 62 | 4.1\% | 0\% | 1.6\% | 0.0\% | 20 | 0.3\% | 0\% | 8.7\% | 0.0\% | 10,066 | 1,499 | 575 | 6254 |
| 2017 | Aug | 73 | 1.7\% | 0\% | 0.0\% | 1.4\% | 9 | 0.3\% | 0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 15,739 | 4,361 | 753 | 3092 |
| 2017 | Sep | 25 | 0.5\% | 0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 8 | 0.2\% | 0\% | 9.1\% | 9.1\% | 12,104 | 5,377 | 190 | 3548 |
| 2017 | Oct | - | 0.0\% | - | - | - | 7 | 2.4\% | 0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 691 | 53 | - | 290 |
| 2017 | Nov | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 0\% | 50.0\% | 0.0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2017 | Dec | 9 | - | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 60 | - | 0\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | Jan | 13 |  | 0\% | 1\% | 1\% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | Feb | 16 | 41.0\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - | - | 74 | 39 | 43 | 67 |
| 2018 | March | 66 | 6.7\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - | - | 2,862 | 988 | 56 | 2,924 |
| 2018 | April | 169 | - | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - | - | 373 | 21 | - | - |
| 2018 | May | 145 | 1.4\% | 0\% | 1\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - | - | 11,695 | 10,533 | 795 | 107 |
| 2018 | June | 77 | 5.7\% | 1\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - | - | 6,263 | 1,361 | 9 | 4,042 |
| 2018 | July | 69 | 5.2\% | 0\% | 0\% | 2\% | - | - | - | - | - | 8,241 | 1,318 | 185 | 3,015 |
| 2018 | Aug | 56 | 1.9\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - | - | 16,006 | 2,883 | 280 | 4,920 |
| 2018 | Sept | 17 | 1.7\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - | - | 13,264 | 1,023 | 33 | 979 |
| 2018 | Oct | 3 | 2.9\% | 0\% | 0\% | 0\% | - | - | - | - | - | 251 | 105 | 112 | 66 |
| 2018 | Nov | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | Dec | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Table L-16. Estimated mortalities of Spring 42, Spring 52 and Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook in the Strait of Georgia (SOUTH) fishery from GSI samples.

| Year | Month | Estimated Spring 42 Encounters |  |  | Estimated Spring $5_{2}$ Encounters |  |  | Estimated Summer $5_{2}$ Encounters |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Kept | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (legal) } \end{gathered}$ | Rel (sublegal) | Kept | Rel (legal) | Rel (sublegal) | Kept | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (legal) } \end{gathered}$ | Rel (sublegal) |
| 2013 | Jan | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | Feb | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | Mar | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | April | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | May | - | - | 515 | - | - | 515 | - | - | - |
| 2013 | June | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | July | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | Aug | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 213 | Sep | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | Oct | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | Nov | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2013 | Dec | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | Jan | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | Feb | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | Mar | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | April | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | May | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | June | 85 | 75 | - | 28 | 25 | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | July | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | Aug | 66 | 4 | - | - | - | - | 66 | 4 | - |
| 2014 | Sep | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | Oct | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | Nov | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2014 | Dec | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 2015 | Jan | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |


| Year | Month | Estimated Spring $4_{2}$ Encounters |  |  | Estimated Spring $5_{2}$ Encounters |  |  | Estimated Summer $5_{2}$ Encounters |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Kept | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (legal) } \end{gathered}$ | Rel (sublegal) | Kept | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (legal) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (sublegal) } \end{gathered}$ | Kept | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (legal) } \end{gathered}$ | Rel (sublegal) |
| 2015 | Feb | - | - | - | - | - |  | - |  |  |
| 2015 | Mar | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | April | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | May | - | - | - | 55 | 4 | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | June | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | July | 47 | 18 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | Aug | - | - | - | - | - | - | 143 | 14 | - |
| 2015 | Sep | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | Oct | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | Nov | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | Dec | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | Jan | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | Feb | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | Mar | - | - | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | April | 2 | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | May | 68 | 5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | June | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | July | 29 | 5 | - | 29 | 5 | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | Aug | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | Sep | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | Oct | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | Nov | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | Dec | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2017 | Jan | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2017 | Feb | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2017 | Mar | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |


| Year | Month | Estimated Spring 42 Encounters |  |  | Estimated Spring $5_{2}$ Encounters |  |  | Estimated Summer $5_{2}$ Encounters |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Kept | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (legal) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (sublegal) } \end{gathered}$ | Kept | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (legal) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (sublegal) } \end{gathered}$ | Kept | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rel } \\ \text { (legal) } \end{gathered}$ | Rel (sublegal) |
| 2017 | April | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2017 | May | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 144 |
| 2017 | June | - | - | - | 32 | 5 | - | 32 | 5 | - |
| 2017 | July | - | - | - | 24 | 9 | 544 | - | - | - |
| 2017 | Aug | - | - | - | - | - | - | 60 | 10 | - |
| 2017 | Sep | - | - | - | - | - | 323 | - | - | 323 |
| 2017 | Oct | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2017 | Nov | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2017 | Dec | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | Jan | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | Feb | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | March | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | April | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | May | - | - | - | 74 | 6 | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | June | 18 | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | July | - | - | - | 1 | 0 | - | 22 | 3 | - |
| 2018 | Aug | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | Sept | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | Oct | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | Nov | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | Dec | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

## APPENDIX M: MARINE CATCH ESTIMATION USING GSI

The level of stratification used to estimate catch and release of Fraser River Spring $4_{2}$, Spring $5_{2}$, and Summer $5_{2}$ Chinook SMUs from genetic stock identification (GSI) varied among fisheries as a function of available data and sample sizes. In addition, infilling of stock composition estimates was required in a subset of years for several of the marine fisheries represented in the Run Reconstruction Model-based ERI estimation routine. The methods used to calculate SMU-level catch and release estimates based on GSI data, as well as infilling assumptions, are described for each fishery below. Because genetic samples are not routinely collected from released catch, we assumed for each fishery that that the SMU proportions in released catch were equal to the proportions observed in landed catch samples.

## WCVI TROLL FISHERY (AREA G)

DNA sampling of catch composition for the WCVI (Area G) commercial troll fishery was conducted between 2007 and 2015, which allowed us to estimate annual catch specific to each of the three Fraser stream-type SMUs (Spring $4_{2}$, Spring $5_{2}$, Summer $5_{2}$ ). Completing the estimated SMU-specific catch series up to 2018 required infilling SMU proportions for 2016, 2017, and 2018, when no DNA sampling was done.

Catch composition estimates were stratified by month and region (Northwest Vancouver Island [NWVI] vs. Southwest Vancouver Island [SWVI]) to calculate SMU-level catch and release numbers as follows:

Eq. M-1

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \hat{C}_{y, s}=\sum_{r=1}^{2} \sum_{m=1}^{m=12} C_{y, r, m} P_{y, m, r, s} \\
& \hat{R}_{y, s}=\sum_{r=1}^{2} \sum_{m=1}^{m=12} R_{y, r, m} P_{y, m, r, s}
\end{aligned}
$$

where, $\hat{C}_{y, s}$ and $\hat{R}_{y, s}$ are the catch and release estimates for SMU $s$ in year $y$ respectively, $C_{y, r, m}$ and $R_{y, r, m}$ are the total observed catch and release of Chinook salmon by the fishery in region $r$ in month $m$ of year $y . P_{y, m, r, s}$ is the estimated proportion of the total landed fishery catch attributed to each SMU in region $r$ in month $m$ of year $y$ using GSI methods.

Infilling of 2016, 2017, and 2018 proportions for Fraser Spring 42, Spring $5_{2}$, and Summer $5_{2}$ SMUs was done by replacing the $P_{y, m, r, s}$ term in equations $\mathrm{M}-1$ and $\mathrm{M}-2$, and Eq. $\mathrm{M}-2$ with the average proportion of catch attributed to SMU $s$ in month $m$ and region $r$, calculated from 2009 to 2015, $\bar{P}_{m, r, s}$.

Annual estimates of $P_{y, m, r, s}$, as well as the values of $\bar{P}_{m, r, s}$ used for infilling are shown in Figures Figure M-1 and Figure M-2. The final time series of catch and release estimates that were used as inputs to the exploitation rate estimation routine are show in Table M-1.

Table M-1. Catch and release values for the WCVI Troll Fishery used as inputs to the Run Reconstruction Model approach to ERI estimation. Values shown in bold italics indicate infilling.

| Year | Spring 42 |  | Spring 52 |  | Summer $5_{2}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Catch | Release | Catch | Release | Catch | Release |
| 2009 | 56 | 5 | 354 | 30 | 316 | 27 |
| 2010 | 52 | 3 | 101 | 4 | 36 | 1 |
| 2011 | 137 | 9 | 296 | 18 | 748 | 19 |
| 2012 | 11 | 1 | 303 | 8 | 28 | 1 |
| 2013 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 2014 | 657 | 40 | 326 | 15 | 869 | 40 |
| 2015 | 253 | 9 | 338 | 12 | 35 | 1 |
| 2016 | 146 | 4 | 307 | 10 | 240 | 8 |
| 2017 | 105 | 12 | 226 | 25 | 349 | 24 |
| 2018 | 50 | 4 | 103 | 8 | 86 | 7 |



Figure M-1. Monthly proportions of total WCVI troll fishery catch from the NWVI region attributed to each Fraser Chinook SMU based on GSI catch composition estimates shown by year. The thick black line shows the average among years that was used for infilling missing data in 2016-2018.


Figure M - 2. Monthly proportions of total WCVI troll fishery catch from the SWVI region attributed to each Fraser Chinook SMU based on DNA catch composition estimates shown by year. The thick black line shows the average among years that was used for infilling missing data in 2016-2018.

## WCVI AABM RECREATIONAL FISHERY

DNA sampling of catch composition for the WCVI AABM recreational fishery was conducted between 2007 and 2015; however, we excluded samples from 2012 due to missing samples during summer months. Infilling for 2012, 2016, and 2017 were required to complete estimated SMU-specific catch series for this fishery.

As with the WCVI Troll fishery, catch composition estimates were stratified by month and region (NWVI vs. SWVI) to calculate SMU-level catch and release numbers using equations M-1 and M-2.

Infilling of 2012, 2016 and 2017 catch proportions for Fraser Spring 42, Spring 52, and Summer $5_{2}$ SMUs was done by replacing the $P_{y, m, r, s}$ term in equations $\mathrm{M}-1$ and $\mathrm{M}-2$ with $\bar{P}_{m, r, s}$, which for this fishery represented the average proportion of catch attributed to SMU $s$ in month $m$ and region $r$, calculated over the years 2009-2011 and 2013-2015.
The months used to estimate SMU catch proportions for this fishery were limited to June through September. While relatively high proportions of catch attributed to stream-type SMUs were apparent in June in some years (Figures $\mathrm{M}-3$ and $\mathrm{M}-4$ ) suggest that these SMUs may have been present in catches in May, recreational sampling data are not available for May. In the absence of sampling, catch attributed to these SMUs in May is assumed to be zero. Additional infilling was required for the month of June in 2009, 2011, and 2013 as GSI sampling was not conducted in June in these years. In this case, the value of $\bar{P}_{m, r, s}$ from all years with sampling in June was applied to estimates of total catch and release in June.

Annual estimates of $P_{y, m, r, s}$, as well as the values of $\bar{P}_{m, r, s}$ used for infilling are shown in Figures $\mathrm{M}-3$ and $\mathrm{M}-4$. The final time series of catch and release estimates that were used as inputs to the exploitation rate estimation routine are show in Table M-2.

Table M-2. Catch and release values for the Offshore (AABM) WCVI Recreational fishery used as inputs to the Run Reconstruction Model approach to ERI estimation. Values shown in bold italics indicate infilling.

| Year | Spring 42 |  | Spring 52 |  | Summer 52 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Catch | Release | Catch | Release | Catch | Release |
| 2009 | 73 | $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ | 81 | $\mathbf{3 8}$ | 509 | $\mathbf{1 3 3}$ |
| 2010 | 12 | $\mathbf{5}$ | 3 | $\mathbf{1}$ | 2 | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| 2011 | 190 | $\mathbf{5 4}$ | 87 | $\mathbf{1 7}$ | 628 | $\mathbf{2 3 7}$ |
| 2012 | $\mathbf{1 4 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 8 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{3 2 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 2 2}$ |
| 2013 | 311 | $\mathbf{1 5 9}$ | 112 | $\mathbf{5 7}$ | 171 | $\mathbf{7 2}$ |
| 2014 | 106 | $\mathbf{1 0 9}$ | 409 | $\mathbf{3 2 1}$ | 244 | $\mathbf{2 5 3}$ |
| 2015 | 73 | $\mathbf{3 7}$ | 355 | $\mathbf{1 6 1}$ | 319 | $\mathbf{1 3 1}$ |
| 2016 | 138 | $\mathbf{2 3}$ | 171 | $\mathbf{3 3}$ | 275 | $\mathbf{5 0}$ |
| 2017 | 149 | $\mathbf{3 6}$ | 187 | $\mathbf{6 0}$ | 319 | $\mathbf{8 8}$ |
| 2018 | 86 | $\mathbf{1 2}$ | 140 | $\mathbf{2 8}$ | 212 | $\mathbf{4 2}$ |



Figure M - 3. Monthly proportions of total WCVI recreational fishery catch from the NWVI region attributed to each Fraser Chinook SMU based on DNA catch composition estimates shown by year. The thick black line shows the average among years that was used for infilling missing data in 2012 and 2016-2018.


Figure M - 4. Monthly proportions of total WCVI recreational fishery catch from the SWVI region attributed to each Fraser Chinook SMU based on DNA catch composition estimates shown by year. The thick black line shows the average among years that was used for infilling missing data in 2012 and 2016-2018.

## JDF RECREATIONAL FISHERY

DNA sampling of catch composition for the JDF Recreational fishery was conducted in 2009, 2010, 2014, and 2016-2018, therefore infilling was required for 2011-2013, and 2015 to complete estimated SMU-specific catch series for this fishery.

For years with DNA sampling, catch and release values were estimated using the following equations:

Eq. M-3

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \hat{C}_{y, s}=\sum_{m=1}^{m=12} C_{y, m} P_{y, m, s} \\
& \hat{R}_{y, s}=\sum_{m=1}^{m=12} R_{y, m} P_{y, m, s}
\end{aligned}
$$

Eq. M-4
Where the notation is the same as that described for equations $\mathrm{M}-1$ and $\mathrm{M}-2$, but without the region subscript.

For years in which infilling was required, an additional stratification of $P_{y, m, s}$ estimates was applied in order to separate out years according to the annual management zone applied for Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ SMUs (i.e., Zone 1 management vs. Zone 2 management). Stratification by management zone was required for this fishery because size limits are used to reduce impacts on Fraser Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ SMUs. The five-year-old fish that dominate the Fraser Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ runs tend to have larger body sizes than four-year-old fish from other stocks that are caught concurrently. As a result, restrictions on the retention of large fish are greater from mid-June to mid-July in Zone 1 years, compared to Zone 2 years, to allow a larger portion of Fraser Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ stocks to escape JDF Rec fisheries (Appendix B). Catch composition is therefore expected to differ among years according to management zone. Infilling for Zone 2 years without DNA sampling (2011-2012 and 2015), was done using the average $P_{y, m, s}$ calculated over Zone 2 years with sampling (2010, 2014). Infilling for the only Zone 1 year without genetic catch composition samples (2013) was done using estimated $P_{y, m, s}$ from other Zone 1 years $(2016,2017)$. Note that 2009 and 2018 were not classified as belonging to a zone; 2009 was before the start of Zone management in 2010 and 2018 had additional management restrictions in place to protect Southern Resident Killer Whales.

The JDF recreational fishery uses a combination of slot-based size limits and reduced bag limits on larger fish that are aimed at limiting the retention of Fraser River Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ fish. As a result, the assumption of equal proportions of Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ fish in released and retained catch is expected to be inappropriate. However, in the absence of direct estimates of stock composition from released fish, we have continued to rely on this assumption. As a result, release estimated from these SMUs are likely under-estimates. We examine the potential impacts of this assumption using sensitivity analyses (see section 5.4 in main document).

In addition, we assume that the proportion of the catch sampled from each size category is proportional to the total retained catch from each size category. While size-based stratification of stock composition estimates would be a more appropriate and could potentially reduce uncertainty, we did not attempt to do so at this time.

Annual estimates of $P_{y, m, s}$ are shown in Figure M-5. The final time series of catch and release estimates that were used as inputs to the exploitation rate estimation routine are show in Table M-3.

Table M-3. Catch and release values for the JDF recreational fishery used for input to the exploitation rate estimation routine. Values shown in bold italics indicate infilling.

| Year | Spring 42 |  | Spring 52 |  | Summer 52 |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Catch | Release | Catch | Release | Catch | Release |
| 2009 | 488 | $\mathbf{6 8}$ | 2379 | $\mathbf{2 4 6}$ | 1869 | $\mathbf{2 1 0}$ |
| 2010 | 121 | $\mathbf{2 2}$ | 311 | $\mathbf{4 5}$ | 232 | $\mathbf{1 7}$ |
| 2011 | $\mathbf{1 8 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 5}$ | $\mathbf{5 1 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{4 6 2}$ | $\mathbf{6 1}$ |
| 2012 | $\mathbf{2 8 6}$ | $\mathbf{5 4}$ | $\mathbf{7 6 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 6 4}$ | $\mathbf{5 8 5}$ | $\mathbf{8 6}$ |
| 2013 | $\mathbf{2 2 9}$ | $\mathbf{5 1}$ | $\mathbf{8 2 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 6 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 2 8}$ | $\mathbf{3 0 6}$ |
| 2014 | 537 | $\mathbf{1 6 8}$ | 1331 | $\mathbf{3 7 9}$ | 738 | $\mathbf{1 8 0}$ |
| 2015 | $\mathbf{5 3 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 8 2}$ | $\mathbf{3 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 5 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 2 2}$ |
| 2016 | 160 | $\mathbf{5 9}$ | 383 | $\mathbf{1 4 8}$ | 1198 | $\mathbf{3 6 7}$ |
| 2017 | 78 | $\mathbf{2 1}$ | 452 | $\mathbf{1 6 5}$ | 397 | $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ |
| 2018 | 38 | $\mathbf{1 2}$ | 495 | $\mathbf{1 6 0}$ | 583 | $\mathbf{1 9 1}$ |




> Zone 1 Years
> $-\quad 2016$
Zone 2 Years
-- 2010
$-2014$
Other
$\rightarrow 2009$


Figure M-5. Monthly proportions of total JDF catch attributed to each Fraser Chinook SMU based on DNA catch composition estimates, shown by year. The management zone used to guide in-season management each year is indicated in the legend.

## T'AAQ-WIIHAK FISHERY INFILLING

GSI sampling of catch composition for the T'aaq-wiihak fishery was conducted between 2012 (the first year of operation) and 2015. Therefore infilling of SMU-specific catch was required for 2016 - 2018, and based on only 4 years of data.

DNA sample sizes for this fishery were considered insufficient to support stratification by month. As a result, calculation of SMU-level catch and release was based on annual catch composition estimates. An assumption of this approach is that monthly trends in catch composition remain constant among years (rather than by month, as assumed in the previous fisheries). Given that there have been no changes in catch restrictions in this fishery since 2012, any changes in monthly catch composition would be driven by changes in relative abundance of Fraser stocks relative to other stocks in a given month or changes in fisher behavior that are independent of management measures.

Catch and release values for years with DNA sampling were calculated as:
Eq. M-5

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \hat{C}_{y, s}=C_{y} P_{y, s} \\
& \hat{R}_{y, s}=R_{y} P_{y, s}
\end{aligned}
$$

where, $\hat{C}_{y, s}$ and $\hat{R}_{y, s}$ are the catch and release estimates for SMU $s$ in year $y . C_{y}$ and $R_{y}$ are the total observed catch and release of Chinook salmon by the fishery in year y , and $P_{y, s}$ is the estimated proportion of the total landed fishery catch attributed to each SMU in year $y$ using GSI methods. Infilling of 2016 and 2017 catch and releases from each SMU was done by replacing $P_{y, s}$ in Equations Eq. M-5 and Eq. M - 6 with the average $P_{y, s}$ values over the years 2012-2015, $\bar{P}_{s}$.

Estimated values of $\bar{P}_{s}$ used to infill 2016-2018, as well as the annual estimates of $P_{y, s}$ from which $\bar{P}_{s}$ was calculated are shown in Figure M-6. The final time series of catch and release estimates that were used as inputs to the exploitation rate estimation routine are show in Table M-4.

Table M-4. Catch and release values for the T'aaq-wiihak fishery used for input to the exploitation rate estimation routine. Values shown in bold italics indicate infilling.

| Year | Spring 42 |  | Spring 52 |  | Summer 52 |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | Catch | Release | Catch | Release | Catch | Release |
| 2012 | 0 | $\mathbf{0}$ | 20 | $\mathbf{0}$ | 9 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| 2013 | 1 | $\mathbf{0}$ | 66 | $\mathbf{0}$ | 20 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| 2014 | 37 | $\mathbf{0}$ | 200 | $\mathbf{0}$ | 662 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| 2015 | 2 | $\mathbf{0}$ | 1 | $\mathbf{0}$ | 172 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| 2016 | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{3 7}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| 2017 | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{4 1}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 1}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| 2018 | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{5 7}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{1 7 0}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ |



Figure M-6. Annual proportions of total T'aaq-wiihak fishery catch attributed to each Fraser Chinook SMU based on DNA catch composition estimates. Blue points annual estimates based on DNA sampling of catch composition while black stars show the scalars that were used for infilling in 2016-2018 (i.e., $\overline{\boldsymbol{P}}_{\boldsymbol{y}}$ ).

## NORTHERN BC TROLL AND RECREATIONAL FISHERIES

GSI data are available from 2009 to 2018 for both of these fisheries, so no infilling of missing years was required. As with the T'aaq-wiihak fishery, calculation of SMU-level catch and release was based on annual catch composition estimates using equations Eq. M-5 and Eq. M - 6. Readily available GSI data summaries from these fisheries did not separate out Spring $5_{2}$ and Summer $5_{2}$ SMUs; proportions of catch attributed to these two SMUs were combined. To separate out these SMUs in our input catch and release data, we made the assumption that annual ratio of Spring $5_{2}$ to Summer $5_{2}$ abundance in both landed and released catch was equal to the ratio estimated at the mouth of the Fraser using run reconstruction model. We test the potential impacts of this assumption using sensitivity analyses that introduced a constant negative or positive bias to the estimated ratio used in all years.

The final time series of catch and release estimates that were used as inputs to the exploitation rate estimation routine for the NBC Troll and NBC Recreational fisheries are show in Table M 5 and Table M-6, respectively.

Table M - 5. Catch and release values for the Northern BC AABM troll fishery used for input to the exploitation rate estimation routine. Values shown in bold italics indicate infilling

| Year | Spring 42 |  | Spring 52 |  | Summer $5_{2}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Catch | Release | Catch | Release | Catch | Release |
| 2009 | 101 | 5 | 1292 | 59 | 1304 | 60 |
| 2010 | 129 | 8 | 937 | 59 | 1238 | 77 |
| 2011 | 3 | 1 | 367 | 157 | 724 | 310 |
| 2012 | 72 | 3 | 672 | 33 | 812 | 39 |
| 2013 | 1 | 0 | 545 | 236 | 529 | 229 |
| 2014 | 269 | 10 | 1660 | 64 | 1471 | 57 |
| 2015 | 321 | 54 | 737 | 124 | 1183 | 199 |
| 2016 | 71 | 2 | 893 | 23 | 802 | 21 |
| 2017 | 0 | 0 | 778 | 85 | 766 | 84 |
| 2018 | 0 | 0 | 377 | 30 | 483 | 38 |

Table M-6. Catch and release values for the Northern BC recreational fishery used for input to the exploitation rate estimation routine. Values shown in bold italics indicate infilling.

| Year | Spring 42 |  | Spring 52 |  | Summer $5_{2}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Catch | Release | Catch | Release | Catch | Release |
| 2009 | 4 | 2 | 504 | 260 | 509 | 262 |
| 2010 | 51 | 35 | 304 | 210 | 401 | 278 |
| 2011 | 9 | 8 | 242 | 234 | 478 | 463 |
| 2012 | 0 | 0 | 345 | 191 | 416 | 231 |
| 2013 | 0 | 0 | 258 | 265 | 250 | 257 |
| 2014 | 0 | 0 | 421 | 346 | 373 | 307 |
| 2015 | 5 | 7 | 136 | 190 | 219 | 305 |
| 2016 | 202 | 140 | 178 | 124 | 160 | 111 |
| 2017 | 96 | 61 | 175 | 110 | 172 | 108 |
| 2018 | 0 | 0 | 180 | 197 | 231 | 252 |


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Brown, G., Thiess, M.E., Pestal, G., Holt, C.A and Patten, B. In Revision. Integrated Biological Status Assessments under the Wild Salmon Policy Using Standardized Metrics and Expert Judgement: Southern British Columbia Chinook Salmon (Oncorhynchus tshawytscha) Conservation Units. DFO Can. Sci. Advis. Sec. Res. Doc.

