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Hareng des côtes est et sud-est de Terre-Neuve - Évaluation des stocks jusqu'au printemps 2002

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#### Abstract

Results of data analysis from 2000 to the spring of 2002 are presented for four herring stocks along the east and southeast coasts of Newfoundland. Commercial landings in 2000 (3500 t) and 2001 (2300 t) continued to be low due to poor market conditions and price. Spring spawners dominated the catches; however, there was no dominant year class common to all areas. Three series of abundance indices were available for each of the stock areas including research gill net catch rates and acoustic survey biomass estimates extending back to the early 1980's, and commercial gill net catch rates commencing in 1996. Gill net and purse seine fisher observations were also available since 1996. The methodology to describe stock status differed from recent assessments. For each area, current status and future prospects were summarized in a performance report based upon interpretation of abundance indices, biological characteristics, and ecological considerations. For White Bay - Notre Dame Bay, stock status has not changed since the last assessment in 2000 and continues to be poor. The Bonavista Bay Trinity Bay stock status is also poor; this represents a decline since the 2000 assessment. The status of the St. Mary's Bay - Placentia Bay and Fortune Bay stocks remain unchanged from 2000 and continue to be moderate to good.


## RÉSUMÉ

Les résultats de l'analyse des données pour quatres stocks de hareng des côtes est et sud-est de Terre-Neuve de 2000 au printemps 2002 sont présentés dans ce document. Les débarquements commerciaux en 2000 (3500 t) et en 2001 ( 2300 t ) sont demeurés peu élevés en raison de mauvaises conditions de marché et de faibles prix. Les prises étaient dominées par les géniteurs printaniers, mais il n'y avait aucune classe d'âge dominante commune à toutes les zones. Pour chaque zone de stock, trois séries d'indices d'abondance étaient disponibles, soit les taux de capture scientifique au filet maillant et les biomasses estimées par relevé acoustique, séries qui remontent toutes deux au début des années 1980, ainsi que les taux de capture commerciale au filet maillant (depuis 1996). Des observations faites par les pêcheurs au filet maillant et à la senne étaient aussi disponibles depuis 1996. La méthode utilisée pour décrire l'état des stocks diffère des évaluations récentes. L'état actuel et les perspectives des stocks dans chaque zone ont été résumés dans un rapport de performance selon l'interprétation des indices d'abondance, des caractéristiques biologiques et des considérations écologiques. L'état du stock des baies White et Notre Dame est toujours mauvais, comme au moment de la dernière évaluation en 2000. L'état du stock des baies Bonavista et Trinity est également mauvais, ayant empiré depuis l'évaluation de 2000. L'état du stock des baies St. Mary's et Placentia et de celui de la baie Fortune reste modéré à bon, comme en 2000.

## INTRODUCTION

There are five herring stocks distributed along the east and southeast coasts of Newfoundland (Figure 1): White Bay - Notre Dame Bay (WB-NDB), Bonavista Bay - Trinity Bay (BB-TB), Conception Bay - Southern Shore (CB-SS), St. Mary's Bay - Placentia Bay (SMB-PB), and Fortune Bay (FB). This document provides an assessment of four of these stocks to the spring of 2002; CB-SS was excluded from the analysis due to the limited commercial fishery and lack of scientific data.

In recent years, east and southeast Newfoundland herring stocks have been assessed bi-annually; the previous most recent assessment was conducted in the fall of 2000 (Wheeler et al. 2001). Although the data sources in the current assessment are similar to those in 2000, the assessment methodology differs considerably.

This document is divided into several sections, outlining the steps taken to assess these herring stocks in 2002. The first section examines the commercial fishery data and the associated biological sampling used to calculate the 2000 and 2001 commercial catches at age. The next section examines the abundance indices for each of the stocks. This section is sub-divided as several series of abundance indices were available, including research gill net catch rates and acoustic survey biomass estimates extending back to the early 1980's, commercial gill net catch rates commencing in 1996, and gill net and purse seine fisher observations, also available since 1996. The third section examines biological and ecological data and their effects on stock status. The document concludes with performance reports on the current status and future prospects of each stock.

## Section 1.0 - Description of the 2000 and 2001 Commercial Fisheries and Catches at Age

### 1.1 Biological Sampling

Biological samples are collected each year from the east and southeast Newfoundland commercial herring fisheries. These data provide information on the age distribution of commercial landings.

Policy and Economics Branch provide commercial catch data ( $t$ ), by bay, month and gear type. Data for recent years are considered preliminary, as catch statistics have not been finalized for these years. Commercial catch statistics since 1996 are not inclusive, as they do not include catches used for bait purposes.

### 1.2 The 2000 Fishery

Fisheries Management Branch formulated a two year (1999 and 2000) management plan for east and southeast Newfoundland herring based upon the 1998 SSR released by Science Branch after the 1998 herring stock assessment meetings (Wheeler et al. 1999).

As defined by the stock status classification system, the 2000 plan allowed for a restricted fishery in WB-NDB and a commercial fishery in BB-TB, SMB-PB and FB. A restricted fishery was established in WB-NDB as the status of this stock was considered poor to moderate and a fishing mortality of $5 \%$ to $10 \%$ was recommended. The status of BB-TB and SMB-PB was considered to be moderate to good with recommended fishing mortalities of $10 \%$ to $20 \%$. FB was considered to be good to very good with a recommended fishing mortality of $20 \%$.

The TAC's for the 2000 fisheries were the same as in 1999 for all areas except WBNDB where they were reduced (Table 1). Quotas were not taken in any of the stock areas and 2000 landings ( 3500 t ) were similar to those in 1999 ( 3300 t ) (Tables 2 - 5 and Figure 2).

The level of biological sampling was more than adequate as 1490 herring were sampled from the 2000 fisheries (Table 6).

Spring spawners accounted for greater than 74\% of the catch in all areas; no single year class dominated (Tables 8-10 and Figure 3). In WB-NDB, the 1995 year class of spring spawners dominated, followed by the 1994 year class. This was similar to the 1999 fishery. In BB-TB, a broad range of year classes was represented in the 2000 fishery. This differed from 1999 when the 1991 year class dominated. In SMB-PB, the 1996 year class of spring spawners dominated, followed by fish aged 11+. This differed from 1999, when the 1991 year class was dominant in the fishery. In FB, spring spawners of the 1992 year class dominated, as was the case in 1999.

Mean weights at age (Table 11 and Figure 4) in WB-NDB and BB-TB showed an increasing trend for most ages from 1999 to 2000 but were still less than during the 1980's. Mean weights at age for older fish in SMB-PB and FB continued to decrease from 1999 to 2000. However, there was evidence of increased growth for some younger ages.

### 1.3 The 2001 Fishery

Prior to the 2001 fishery, Fisheries Management Branch formulated a new two year (2001 and 2002) integrated management plan for east and southeast Newfoundland herring. This was based upon the 2000 SSR released by Science Branch after the 2000 herring stock assessment meetings (Wheeler et al. 2001). As defined by the stock status classification system, the plan allowed for a scientific fishery in WB-NDB and commercial fisheries in BB-TB, SMB-PB and FB. A scientific fishery was established for the northern area as the status of this stock was considered very poor and a fishing mortalities of less than $5 \%$ was recommended. The status of BB-TB was considered to be good with a recommended fishing mortality of $20 \%$. The status of SMB-PB and FB was considered to be moderate to good; fishing mortalities of $10 \%$ to $20 \%$ were recommended.

TAC's decreased from 2000 to 2001 in WB-NDB and FB, increased in BB-TB, and remained the same in SMB-PB (Table 1). Quotas were not taken in any of the stock areas and 2001 landings (2300 t) were lower than in 2000 ( 3500 t ) (Tables $2-5$ and Figure 2).

The level of biological sampling was again more than adequate in 2001 as 838 herring were sampled from the fisheries (Table 12).

Spring spawners accounted for greater than $88 \%$ of the catch in WB-NDB and FB; in BB-TB and SMB-PB, spring spawners accounted for $53 \%$ and $63 \%$ of the respective catch. As in 2000, there was no dominant year class in all areas. In WB-NDB, the 1999 year class replaced the 1995 year class in dominance. In BB-TB, as in 2000, there was a broad range of year classes in the commercial catch. In SMB-PB, the distribution was similar to 2000, dominated by the 1996 year class and fish aged 11+. In FB, the 1996 year class replaced the 1992 year class in dominance.

Mean weights at age exhibited similar trends to 2000 (Table 11 and Figure 4).

## Section 2.0 - Abundance Indices

### 2.1 Research Gill Net Program

The research gill net program was initiated in 1982 to provide age disaggregated abundance indices independent of the commercial fishery. There is a fifteen year time series for WB-NDB an BB-TB, and a twenty-one year time series for SMB-PB and FB. Each year, commercial fishers are contracted to provide catch rate data and biological samples of their catch. In 2002, twenty-nine fishers participated in the program (Figure 5), nine in WBNDB, ten in BB-TB, six in SMB-PB and four in FB. This represented an increase of six fishers from 2001.

Age distributions of herring (by number) from the research gill net program were available up to and including 2001; biological samples from the 2002 program were not processed in time for this assessment. In all areas, spring spawners accounted for greater than $82 \%$ of the catch in 2001. As in the commercial fishery, no single year class dominated (Figure 6), and with minor differences, the age distribution of the catch was similar in 2000 and 2001. In WB-NDB, and BB-TB the 1995 year class was dominant; in SMB-PB and FB, the 1996 year class was dominant. The 1994 year class, which accounted for $30 \%$ to $40 \%$ of the 2000 catch in WB-NDB and BB-TB, accounted for less than $20 \%$ of the 2001 catch in each area.

Year classes are normally recruited to the research gill nets by age three or four years (Wheeler et al. 1997). There was substantial recruitment of the 1997 year class as 4 year olds in 2001 in WB-NDB, where it accounted for $35 \%$ of the catch. Similarly, there was recruitment of the 1997 and 1998 year classes in BB-TB where each accounted for approximately $10 \%$ of the 2001 catch. There was no evidence of recruitment of year classes since that of 1996 in SMB-PB and FB.

Catch rates at age for spring spawning herring only from the research gill net program are presented by stock area in Table 13 and Figure 7. Catch rates only are available for 2002, as these biological samples have not yet been processed. Catch rates and age distributions by bay are presented in Figures 8-10.

Catch rates for WB-NDB have continued to decline since last examined in 2000 (Figure 7). This decline has been continuous since 1992; catch rates in 2002 were the lowest in the time series and were $4 \%$ of the peak in 1992. When examined by bay (Figure 8 ), catch rates have declined in both WB and NDB.

Catch rates for BB-TB have also continued to decline since last examined in 2000 (Figure 7). Catch rates in 2002 were the lowest in the time series and were $8 \%$ of the peak in 1997. In recent years, there have been different trends in each bay (Figure 9). From 2000 to 2002, catch rates increased marginally in BB; during the same period, catch rates decreased in TB.

Catch rates for SMB-PB increased from 2000 to 2002 and are currently the highest in the time series (Figure 7). Although trends differed between bays from 2000 to 2001, 2002 catch rates were high in both bays (Figure 10).

There has been a declining trend in FB catch rates since 1998 (Figure 7). However, catch rates are still higher than in any other area and are supported by a broad range of ages including substantial numbers of fish age 11+ years.

Estimates of relative year class size were derived from research gill net catches at age 4 (Figure 11). In WB-NDB and BB-TB, all year classes through the 1990's (to 1997) were considered to be small. In SMB-PB and FB, the 1996 year class was estimated to be less than half that of the 1982 year class, which, in previous assessments (Wheeler et al. 2001), was estimated to be moderate strength.

### 2.2 Acoustic Survey Biomass Estimates

Acoustic surveys were conducted from 1983 to 2001 to assess Atlantic herring stocks within the Newfoundland Region. Biomass estimates, distribution and behavioral information are available from two surveys since the last assessment, one conducted in WBNDB in the fall of 2000, and one conducted in FB during the winter of 2001.

The design of the acoustic surveys remained unchanged from recent surveys (Wheeler et al. 2001) and followed that described by Anderson et al. (1998).

The 2000 fall WB-NDB survey was conducted from the Valerie Amanda II, a chartered commercial purse-seining vessel. The survey commenced in Great Harbour Deep, White Bay on November 6, 2000 and terminated at Fogo Island, Notre Dame Bay on December 7, 2000. The total length of transects surveyed was $482 \mathrm{n} . \mathrm{mi}$. The survey
averaged $17.3 \mathrm{n} . \mathrm{mi}$. of transects per twelve hour day and all strata were surveyed. During the survey, there was $25 \%$ downtime, including one lay day, and two days due to storms.

The 2001 winter FB survey was conducted from the Three T's 1, a chartered commercial purse seining vessel. The survey commenced at Pass Island on March 14, 2001 and terminated at Fortune on April 5, 2001. The total length of transects surveyed was $373 \mathrm{n} . \mathrm{mi}$. The survey averaged $23.1 \mathrm{n} . \mathrm{mi}$. of transects per twelve hour day and all strata were surveyed. During the survey, there was $16 \%$ downtime, including two days due to storms.

A Femto Model 9001 acoustic data acquisition system was used in both surveys in conjunction with a BioSonics Model 105 echo sounder and 120 kHz transducer (operating in single beam mode). The transducer, mounted in a v-fin, was deployed at a depth of approximately 3 m astern and abeam of the vessel.

The acoustic system was calibrated in April 2000 and June 2001. The calibration parameters were as follows:

Parameters

Source Level / Receive Sensitivity:
Fixed Receiver Gain:
TVG Gain:
Attenuation Coefficient:
Pulse Length:
Average Beam Factor:

Apr. 2000 (1) Apr. 2000 (2) June 2001

| 42.23 dB | 43.98 dB | 43.05 dB |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 10.828 dB | 10.828 dB | 10.914 dB |
| $20 \log \mathrm{R}$ | $20 \log \mathrm{R}$ | $20 \log \mathrm{R}$ |
| $0.0347 \mathrm{~dB} / \mathrm{m}$ | $0.0347 \mathrm{~dB} / \mathrm{m}$ | $0.0347 \mathrm{~dB} / \mathrm{m}$ |
| 0.4 ms | 0.4 ms | 0.4 ms |
| -28.35 dB | -28.04 dB | -28.04 dB |

The April 2000 (1) calibration parameters were used for the WB-NDB survey until November $25^{\text {th }}$ at which time the 120 kHz transducer failed. The transducer was replaced and the April 2000 (2) parameters were then applied for the remainder of the survey. The June 2001 calibration parameters were used for the FB survey.

During the surveys, a detailed log record was maintained for each transect and also while steaming between transects. Observations were recorded of all fish concentrations (pelagic and groundfish) detected on both the echogram and oscilloscope.

The acoustic data, as recorded in the detailed log, were edited subsequent to the surveys, using a Femto acoustic data editing system. All bottom signals were removed and only those fish concentrations considered being herring (from visual inspection of oscilloscope and echogram images) were included in the analyses.

Where concentrations warranted, and depth and weather conditions permitted, biological samples of herring were collected during the surveys using a purse seine.

Acoustic back-scatter was converted to herring density using the following target strength - fish length relationship calculated for herring by Wheeler et al. (1994):

$$
\text { T.S. }=20 \log L-65.5
$$

Mean fish lengths were derived from biological samples collected during the survey. Target strength per fish was converted to target strength per unit fish weight using mean fish weights from the biological samples. Age distributions were also calculated from the samples.

Formulas used to calculate mean densities, variances, and biomass estimates remained unchanged from previous surveys and are described in Wheeler (1991).

For the purpose of plotting herring distributions, mean densities $\left(\mathrm{g} / \mathrm{m}^{2}\right)$ were calculated per $10 \mathrm{sec} .(\sim 30 \mathrm{~m})$ intervals along each transect for the surveys.

### 2.2.1 White Bay - Notre Dame Bay

During this survey, 292 transects were surveyed (Figure 12). Herring were acoustically detected in 7 of the 21 strata surveyed. Concentrations of herring were detected and integrated near Jackson's Cove, in Southern Arm, in Little Bay Arm, near Little Bay Island, in Badger Bay, and in the Bay of Exploits.

One purse seine set was made during the survey; no herring were caught. However, samples from the commercial fishery were available from two locations (Table 14). As mean lengths and weights from these samples were similar, the samples were combined to calculate one target strength for the entire survey (Table 15).

A biomass estimate of 312 t was derived from the survey area (Table 16), all of which was in Notre Dame Bay and Green Bay (Figure 13).

Spring spawners accounted for $72.0 \%$ of the population numbers (Figure 14). The estimate of spring spawners ( 230 t ) represented a substantial decrease from the last acoustic survey of the area in 1998 (Table 17). The 1995 year class accounted for approximately $55 \%$ of the population estimate; there was also limited evidence of recruitment of the 1996 and 1997 year classes which each accounted for less than 10\% of the population estimate (Figure 14).

### 2.2.2 Fortune Bay

During this survey, 378 transects were surveyed (Figure 15). Herring were acoustically detected in 2 of the 12 strata surveyed. Concentrations of herring were detected and integrated in Long Harbour and near Harbour Breton.

Herring were sampled by purse seine in one location during the survey (Table 18). Mean lengths and weights from this sample were used to calculate a target strength for the entire survey (Table 19).

A biomass estimate of 3452 t was derived from the survey area (Table 20). Greater than $99 \%$ of the estimated biomass was detected in Long Harbour (Figure 16).

Spring spawners accounted for $94 \%$ of the population numbers (Figure 17). The estimate of spring spawners ( 3215 t ) represented a substantial decrease from the last acoustic survey of the area (Table 21) and was the second lowest in the time series. The 1996 year class dominated, accounting for approximately $50 \%$ of the population estimate (Figure 17).

### 2.3 Commercial Gill Net Logbook Program

In 1996, Science, Oceans, and Environment Branch started a program to increase the scientific information derived from the fixed gear herring fishery and to allow for the quantitative input of commercial fishers in the assessment process.

The long-term goal of this program is to develop a time series of catch per unit effort (CPUE) data from the commercial fixed gear fishery. These data will complement information derived from the research gill net program that has been used to track herring year class abundance since the early 1980's.

From 1996 to 1999, logbooks, prepared by Science, Oceans, and Environment Branch, were distributed by Fisheries Management Branch to greater than 2000 fishers along the east and southeast coasts of Newfoundland as part of the fisher's fixed gear herring license package. Commencing in 2000, logbooks were mailed directly to approximately 2800 fishers in an effort to ensure that all fixed gear and bait fishers received a logbook.

The logbook, the format of which has been described in Wheeler et al. (1999), was designed to be completed by gill net fishers involved in the spring commercial (food fish) fishery, spring bait (lobster) fishery, and/or fall commercial fishery. Subsequent to the 1998 fishery, the logbook was revised to allow fishers to indicate the number of nights that each net was fished each time that it was hauled.

In 2000, a standardized panel area was calculated for each mesh size net by calculating the mean net panel area by mesh size for data collected from all areas between 1996 and 1999. Catch rates for the entire time series were then standardized to allow for comparisons between areas and years.

Prior to this assessment, historical data from 1981 and 1983 were included for WBNDB, BB-TB and SMB-PB. These data were derived from logbooks completed by fishers at that time, which have since been coded and incorporated into the current database. In the
original 1981 and 1983 logbooks, fishers recorded the mesh size of nets fished, but did not record the length and depth of nets fished. Consequently, when these data were incorporated in the current database, it was assumed that each net fished had the standardized panel area, as calculated above.

Depending upon the area fished, most logbooks were from winter / spring / early summer fisheries. Logbooks from fall fisheries were limited in number and were not included in the analysis. All logbooks received to September 2002 have been included.

### 2.3.1 White Bay - Notre Dame Bay

The number of logbook returns increased from 8 in 2000 to 10 in 2001 and then decreased to 6 in 2002 (Table 22 and Figure 18). The age range of fishers remained relatively stable over the same time period. The total number of nets fished decreased from 19 in 2000 to 14 in 2002. Similarly, the number of nights fished also decreased, from 306 in 2000 to 188 in 2002. The mean mesh size of nets fished decreased by $4 \%$ from 2000 to 2002. Mean panel area also decreased over the period and was $15 \%$ smaller in 2002 than in 2000. The spatial distribution of fishing effort represented by the logbooks was similar in all years and was restricted primarily to the eastern portion of Notre Dame Bay (Figure 19). The temporal distribution of fishing effort was also similar over the time period but shoed some contraction in 2002 (Figure 18). Catch rates, which increased from 1998 to 2001, decreased sharply in 2002 and are currently the lowest in the time series (Figure 20). The decline in catch rates was consistent with the observations of fishers who indicated a decline in abundance from below average in 2001 to well below average in 2002 (Figure 20). Fishers also indicated that spawning intensity has been below average each year since 1998 (Figure 20).

### 2.3.2 Bonavista Bay - Trinity Bay (BB-TB)

The number of logbook returns increased from 9 in 2000 to 10 in 2001, but decreased to 7 in 2002 (Table 22 and Figure 21). The age range of fishers increased slightly over the same time period. The total number of nets fished decreased from 29 in 2000 to 14 in 2002. The number of nights fished exhibited similar trends. The mean mesh size of nets fished increased marginally (2\%) from 2000 to 2002 whereas mean panel area decreased $8 \%$ over the same time period. The spatial distribution of fishing effort represented by the logbooks has been widespread and similar in most years (Figure 22). The temporal distribution of fishing effort contracted from 2000 to 2002, commencing later and ending earlier (Figure 21). Catch rates decreased from 2000 to 2002 and are currently the lowest in the time series (Figure 23). The decline in catch rates was consistent with the observations of fishers who indicated a decline in abundance from below average in 2001 to well below average in 2002 (Figure 23). Fishers also indicated that spawning intensity has been below average each year since 1998 (Figure 23).

### 2.3.3 St. Mary's Bay - Placentia Bay (SMB-PB)

The number of logbook returns increased from 1 in 2000 to 3 in 2001 and 2002 (Table 22 and Figure 24); any conclusions regarding 2000 are limited. The age range of fishers was similar from 2000 to 2002. The total number of nets fished and nights fished increased over the time period. The mean mesh size of nets fished decreased marginally (1.3\%) from 2000 to 2002; mean panel area of nets decreased by $21 \%$ over the same time period. The spatial distribution of fishing represented by the logbooks was similar in 2001 and 2002 (Figure 25). The temporal distribution of fishing effort was broader in 2002 than in 2000 and 2001 (Figure 25). Catch rates were stable from 2000 to 2001 and increased from 2001 to 2002; current catch rates are the second highest in the time series (Figure 26). Fishers indicated that abundance increased from 2001 to 2002 but was still below average (Figure 26). They also indicated that spawning intensity increased from 2001 to 2002 but was still below average (Figure 26).

### 2.3.4 Fortune Bay (FB)

The number of logbook returns decreased from 11 in 2000 to 8 in 2001 and to 5 in 2002 (Table 22 and Figure 27). The mean age of fishers increased from 2000 to 2002. The total number of nets fished and nights fished decreased over the time period. The mean mesh size of nets decreased by $4.1 \%$ from 2000 to 2002, whereas the mean panel area increased by 10.2\% over the same time period. Although the number of logbooks in 2002 was reduced, the spatial distribution of returns was broad and similar to previous years (Figure 25). The temporal distribution of fishing effort was also similar across the time series (Figure 27). Catch rates decreased from 2000 to 2001 but increased again in 2002; current catch rates are the second highest in the time series (Figure 28). This was comparable with the observations of fishers who indicated that abundance had increased slightly from 2001 to 2002 and was still above average (Figure 28). Similarly, they also indicated that spawning intensity increased and was above average (Figure 28).

### 2.4 Commercial Purse Seine Questionnaire

In 1996, a questionnaire was designed to quantitatively evaluate biological and fishery related information obtained from east and southeast Newfoundland herring purse seine fishers.

Each year, Fisheries Management Branch provides a list of all east and southeast Newfoundland herring purse seine fishers who have participated in the current year fishery. An attempt is made to contact all fishers. To minimize time and costs, the surveys are conducted by telephone.

For the three northern areas, there is a fall purse seine fishery only and survey results are available to 2001. For St. Mary's Bay - Placentia Bay, there is a late winter / early spring fishery and survey results are available to 2002.

In 2000, 15 of 20 fishers ( $75 \%$ ) who participated in the fishery (all areas) were contacted. In 2001, 6 of 7 fishers (86\%) were contacted, and to date in 2002, all 5 (100\%) fishers who participated in the winter / spring purse seine fishery in St. Mary's Bay Placentia Bay were contacted (Table 23). In all years, a minimum of three attempts was made to contact the remaining fishers.

The number of participants in the WB-NDB and BB-TB purse seine fisheries decreased from 2000 to 2001; in SMB-PB, the number of participants increased from 2000 to 2002. Overall, the numbers of fishers participating in the purse seine fishery decreased by $60 \%$ from 2000 to 2001 and the number of participants in 2001 was the lowest in the time series (Table 23).

### 2.4.1 Questions Regarding Herring Abundance

Three questions were asked to compare herring abundance in one's home bay in current and previous years (Figure 29). Fishers in all areas indicated that herring abundance continued to be above average in 2000. Fishers in BB-TB and SMB-PB indicated that abundance increased from 2000 to 2001. Fishers were also asked to retrospectively estimate abundance in their home bay in the previous year. For all stock areas, the retrospective abundance estimates for 1999 from the 2000 survey and for 2000 from the 2001 survey were variable. However, retrospective estimates tended to be higher. When asked to compare abundance in the most recent year to when they started fishing herring by purse seine (Figure 29), BB-TB fishers indicated that current abundance was the same as when they first started fishing. SMB-PB fishers indicated that current abundance was higher than when they started fishing.

### 2.4.2 Fleet Characteristics

All respondents were asked a series of questions to characterize the demographics of the population of purse seine fishers; these were designed to monitor changes in fishing experience and fleet capacity.

Responses indicated that the mean age of fishers increased over the time period in all areas, with most now in the age $50-60$ range (Figure 30 ). Responses also indicated that participants in the 2001 and 2002 fisheries had substantial experience and had fished, on average, since the early 1980's (Figure 30).

The average fishing vessel length and capacity increased marginally from 2000 to 2001 (Table 24).

### 2.4.3 Questions on the Fishery

Fishers were asked questions regarding the bays and the months in which they fished (Figure 31). For WB-NDB, in 2000 there was approximately an equal distribution of fishers in WB and NDB; in 2001 there was no purse seine fishery. The 2000 fall fishery commenced earlier than in previous years as fishers pursued mackerel and herring simultaneously. For BB-TB, the 2000 and 2001 fall fisheries occurred entirely in the northern part of BB; the timing of these fisheries was similar to previous years. For SMBPB, the 2000 fishery occurred entirely within PB. In 2001, it occurred primarily in SMB; in 2002, it switched back and occurred on the eastern side of PB. During this period, the timing of the fishery did not change, occurring primarily in March.

Three questions were asked regarding abundance of herring during the current fishery compared to previous years (Figure 32). When asked to compare the number and size of herring schools detected in the current year fishery with the previous year, respondents in 2000 in all areas indicated that the number of schools either decreased or remained the same. Results regarding size of schools in 2000 was more variable, up in WB-NDB, down in BB-TB, and no change in SMB-PB. In 2001, the number and size of schools was up or the same in all areas. Results were similar for SMB-PB in 2002.

A series of questions was asked to determine the distribution of fishing effort. To facilitate analysis, each stock area was divided into geographical sub-areas or strata (Figure 33). In all areas and years, successful sets continued to be restricted to a few strata within each stock area; successful fishing sets were not widely distributed throughout the stock areas. The percentage of successful sets remained high in all areas. The majority of successful sets also occurred during daylight hours.

The total landings of the purse seine fleet (Table 25) decreased in WB-NDB and BBTB from 2000 to 2001 but increased in SMB-PB. In most areas and years, total landings matched the commercial landing data. However, in at least three instances (BB-TB 1996, SMB-PB, 1997, and SMB-PB 2000) landings reported from questionnaires were substantially higher than those from commercial landing data (Figure 34). The ratio of removals to landings remained similar in most areas but increased substantially in BB-TB in 2001. This was due to an increase in the level of discarding due to the size of the fish (Figures 35 and 36 ).

### 2.4.4 Biological Events

A question was asked to quantify observations regarding the seasonal timing of herring migration in the current year compared to the previous year (Figure 36). For BB-TB, the timing in 2001 was considered the same. For SMB-PB, the timing in 2002 was considered to be earlier.

## Section 3.0 - Biological and Ecological Data

### 3.1 Water Temperatures

It has been shown (Winters and Wheeler 1987) that when good survival of young herring (i.e. recruitment) occurred through the 1960's to 1980's, it was largely influenced by suitable environmental conditions, principally warm over-wintering water temperatures and high salinities prior to spawning. Ocean temperatures and salinities in the early to mid 1990's were below average and year classes produced during this period were weak. Since 1997, ocean temperatures in coastal Newfoundland waters have been warmer and similar to the long-term average (Figure 37); however, salinities have remained low. There has been no evidence of strong recruitment of year classes during this period (Figure 38).

### 3.2 Length and Age at Maturity

When compared to the early 1980's, in most areas, the age at which herring mature has remained stable (Figures 39-42). Most herring are mature by age 6 and can live in excess of 11 years. However, due to reduced growth rates (Figure 4), herring are smaller at age in recent years. Consequently, the length at which fish mature is smaller in most areas (Figures 39-42). This affects fecundity, i.e. the number of eggs produced. A 1 cm reduction in the length at which herring mature results in a $12 \%$ to $16 \%$ reduction in fecundity (Hodder 1972). The impact of a reduction in number of eggs deposited due to lower fecundity is uncertain.

### 3.3 Predation

Quantitative information on the predation of herring is available only for seals. It has been estimated (Hammill and Stenson 2000) that, in 1996, seals consumed 36000 t of herring in NAFO Divs. 2J3KL, an area encompassing all east and southeast Newfoundland herring stocks, except Fortune Bay. From 1990 to 1996, it was estimated that the consumption of herring by seals in Atlantic Canada increased by $40 \%$. Most of the herring consumed are less than 30 cm in length. The proportion of herring in harp seal diet in the near shore Newfoundland waters has also increased since the 1980's (Figure 43). This has led to increased mortality of herring by harp seals. However, other changes in predation mortality are unknown.

## Section 4.0 - Stock Status

### 4.1 Methodology

The methodology used to describe stock status in this assessment differs substantially from the previous most recent assessment in 2000 (Wheeler et al. 2001). For
each stock area, current stock status and future prospects were summarized in a performance report (Tables 26-29). Observations on abundance indices, biological characteristics, and ecological considerations were interpreted and then evaluated using the traffic light method (Caddy 1998). This method uses a system of red (-), yellow (?), and green (+) lights to categorize indicators as 'cause for concern', 'uncertain', or 'positive'. In this assessment, 'uncertain' was defined as 'uncertainty of an interpretation' rather than precautionary uncertainty.

Five series of abundance indices were evaluated for each stock including: research gill net catch rates, acoustic survey biomass estimates, commercial gill net catch rates, gill net fisher observations, purse seine fisher observations, and recruitment estimates. Purse seine fisher observations were not available for Fortune Bay, as there is no purse seine fishery in the area.

Biological characteristics, including age compositions, weights at age, and length and age at maturity were evaluated. Ecological considerations included predation by harp seals, and changes in water temperature and salinity.

In evaluating current stock status and future prospects, only abundance indices and age compositions were considered. Current stock status was described based upon a qualitative evaluation of age composition data (range of mature age groups) and all abundance indices (excluding recruitment data).

Age compositions from research gill nets were considered to best represent population age structure, but age composition data from acoustic surveys and the commercial fishery were also included in the analysis.

Future prospects were described by evaluating the strength of the mature year classes and of recruiting year classes (since 1988). Recruitment data were available from research gill net catch rates at age, from acoustic surveys, and from the commercial fishery.

### 4.2 White Bay - Notre Dame Bay

### 4.2.1 The Fishery

Landings decreased from 1093 t in 2000 to 22 t in 2001; $2 \%$ of the TAC was taken in 2001 (Table 2). In 2002, the catch (to June $30^{\text {th }}$ ) was 17 t . In addition to reported landings, since 1996 an unknown amount of herring (considered to be less than 500 t ) is caught annually in the gill net bait fishery.

Effort was less in the 1990's than in the 1980's and has continued to decline. Purse seine effort in the fall fishery as defined by 'sets per fisher' decreased by $88 \%$ from 1997 to 2000 (Table 30); there was no purse seine fishery in the fall of 2001. Gillnet effort (net nights fished per fisher) in the spring fishery decreased by $86 \%$ from 1996 to 2002 (Table 31).

There was no purse seine fishery in 2001. The 2002 gill net fishery, from early May to mid June, was mostly in eastern Notre Dame Bay (Figure 19).

### 4.2.2 Abundance Indices

Research gill net catch rates (number of fish per nights fished) have decreased continuously since 1992; catch rates in 2002 were the lowest in the 15 year time series and were $3 \%$ of the peak in 1992 (Figure 7). This suggests that current abundance is very low and decreasing.

The biomass ( t ) estimated from an acoustic survey in the fall of 2000 was the lowest in the time series (Table 17). There has been a decreasing trend in 10 surveys conducted between 1983 and 2000. The 2000 estimate was less than $1 \%$ of the peak in 1985. A current evaluation could not be made, as more recent data were not available; however, abundance in 2000 was very low and much lower than in the 1980's.

Commercial gillnet catch rates (kilograms per net per nights fished) have exhibited a decreasing trend in the 7 year time series (Figure 20). There was a large decrease from 2001 to 2002; the 2002 catch rate was the lowest in the series, and was $3 \%$ of the peak in 1996. This suggests that current abundance is very low and decreasing.

Gillnet fishers indicated (on a ten point scale) that herring abundance in 2002 was below average and decreasing (Figure 20), also suggesting that current abundance is low and decreasing.

Purse seine fishers indicated (on a ten point scale) that herring abundance in 2000 was above average and stable (Figure 29). There was no purse seine fishery in the fall of 2001. A current evaluation could not be made, as more recent data were not available. However, their observations suggested that abundance in 2000 was stable and no cause for concern.

Most observations indicate poor recruitment of recent year classes. Herring of the 1998 or subsequent year classes were not detected in the 2001 research gillnet program (Figure 6). Samples from 2002 have not yet been processed. Similarly, they were not detected in the 2000 acoustic purse seine survey (Figure 14). No abundance estimates are available; however, this suggests that recent year classes are not strong.

### 4.2.3 Biological Characteristics

The age composition from the 2001 research gillnet catch was dominated by the 1995 and 1997 year classes with each accounting for approximately $35 \%$ of the catch (Figure 6). There were very few younger mature fish and few fish older than age 7. This was consistent with the age distribution from the 2000 acoustic survey (Figure 14). A truncated age composition is considered a cause for concern.

Weights at age have decreased continuously during the 1980's and 1990's and, in 2001, were approximately $9 \%$ less than in the early 1990's and $25 \%$ less than in the early 1980's (Figure 4). This can potentially lead to an increase in fishing mortality per tonne of fish caught.

Herring are smaller at age than in the early 1980's. The length at which $50 \%$ of herring matured in 1982-1984 was approximately 31 cm ; this decreased to 29 cm in 19992001 and would result in a concurrent reduction in fecundity. The age at which $50 \%$ of herring mature remained relatively consistent at 4.5 to 5.0 years (Figure 39). The impact of a reduction in number of eggs deposited due to lower fecundity is uncertain.

### 4.2.4 Ecological Considerations

The proportion of herring in the diet of harp seals, in inshore areas of NAFO Div. 2J3KL, increased between the late 1980's and the mid 1990's, during a time when the harp seal population increased by approximately $44 \%$, from 3.5 million to 5.2 million seals (Figure 43). It is not clear if this resulted in an increase in consumption of herring from the area due to the high variance associated with diet estimates and changes in sampling over this time period. Although there was increased mortality by harp seals, other changes in predation mortality are unknown, as no other predation information was available for this assessment.

Mean annual water temperatures (at 10 m ) in Notre Dame Bay decreased from $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in 1990 to $3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in 1992, but then increased gradually to $6^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in 1999 , similar to the long-term average (Figure 37). Lower water temperatures in the 1990's may have lead to reduced herring growth rates. Lower temperatures may also adversely affect recruitment (Winters and Wheeler 1987).

Mean annual salinities (at 10 m ) at Station 27 off St. John's decreased between 1990 and 1991 and have remained at levels lower than in the 1980's (Figure 38). Lower salinities may also adversely affect recruitment (Winters and Wheeler 1987).

### 4.2.5 Current Stock Status

With one exception (purse seine fisher observations in 2000), all abundance indices show that this stock is at a very low level, possibly the lowest since the stock was closed to fishing in the early 1980's (Table 26). Mature year classes in the population are considered to be weak, contributing to this decline. The spawning stock is dominated by two age groups, with very few younger or older mature fish. Mean weights at age have decreased since the 1980's, and this may have resulted in increased fishing mortality per tonne of catch.

During this same period, there has been an increase in the proportion of herring in the diet of harp seals, at a time when the seal population is increasing.

Stock status has not changed since the last assessment in 2000 when it was classified as very poor.

### 4.2.6 Stock Outlook

There is no evidence of strong recruitment of recent year classes from research gill net catches, the acoustic survey, or the commercial fishery.

The reduction in mean weights at age during the 1990's was coincident with a reduction in fecundity (ie. eggs deposited per female). Given the uncertainty in the relationship between fecundity and egg survival, the impact of this on recruitment is unknown.

Recruitment has been shown to be positively influenced by warm over-wintering temperatures and high salinities during the over-wintering period prior to spawning. Although recent water temperatures have been similar to long term averages, salinities have been below normal. Mature biomass will not increase in the near future.

### 4.3 Bonavista Bay - Trinity Bay

### 4.3.1 The Fishery

Landings decreased from 1090 t in 2000 to 486 t in 2001; $14 \%$ of the TAC was taken in 2001 (Table 3). In 2002, the catch (to June $30^{\text {th }}$ ) was 391 t . In addition to reported landings, an unknown amount of herring (considered to be less than 300 t ) is caught annually in the gill net bait fishery. Mortality from discards in the 2001 fall purse seine fishery, due entirely to small fish, was reported to be approximately 350 t (Table 25).

Overall, effort was less in the 1990's than in the 1980's. Gill net effort (net nights fished per fisher) in the spring fishery declined by $79 \%$ from 1996 to 2002 (Table 31). However, purse seine effort in the fall fishery (sets per fisher) increased since 1996 and was the highest in 2001 (Table 30).

The 2001 fall purse seine fishery, in October and November, was concentrated in the northern part of Bonavista Bay (Figure 33). The 2002 spring gill net fishery, from mid April to mid June, was distributed throughout Bonavista and Trinity Bays (Figure 22).

### 4.3.2 Abundance Indices

Research gill net catch rates (number of fish per nights fished) have decreased continuously since 1997; catch rates in 2002 were the lowest in the 15 year time series and
were $8 \%$ of the peak in 1997 (Figure 7). This suggests that current abundance is very low and decreasing.

There was a decreasing trend in the biomass ( $t$ ) estimates from 10 acoustic surveys conducted between 1984 and 1999 (Figure 44). A current evaluation could not be made, as more recent data were not available; however, abundance in 1999 was low and much lower than in the 1980's.

Commercial gill net catch rates (kilograms per standard net per nights fished) exhibited a large decrease from 2001 to 2002 (Figure 23). The 2002 catch rate was the lowest in the 7 year time series, and was $10 \%$ of the peak in 1996. This suggests that current abundance is very low and decreasing.

Gill net fishers indicated (on a ten point scale) that herring abundance in 2002 was below average and decreasing (Figure 23), also suggesting that current abundance is low and decreasing.

Purse seine fishers indicated (on a ten point scale) that herring abundance in 2001 was above average and increasing (Figure 29). Their observations suggest that current abundance is increasing and no cause for concern.

There is some evidence of recruitment of recent year classes. Herring from the 1998 year class were caught in the 2001 research gillnet program. Similarly, 1998 and 1999 year class fish were caught in the 2001 commercial fishery. The research gillnet catch rates at age (age 3 only), indicate that the 1998 year class is weak. The size of the 1999 year class has not been quantified but may be considered small since it has not appeared in the research gillnet catches.

### 4.3.3 Biological Characteristics

The age composition from the 2001 research gillnet catch was dominated by the 1995 year class which accounted for approximately $40 \%$ of the catch (Figure 6). Younger mature fish and fish older than age 7 were also well represented in the catch. This was consistent with the age distribution from the 2001 commercial fishery (Figure 3). This is considered to be positive as the spawning biomass consists of a broad age composition.

Weights at age have decreased continuously during the 1980's and 1990's and, in 2001, were approximately $8 \%$ less than in the early 1990's and $28 \%$ less than in the early 1980's (Figure 4). This can potentially lead to an increase in fishing mortality per tonne of fish caught.

Herring are smaller at age than in the early 1980's. The length at which $50 \%$ of herring matured in 1982-1984 was approximately 30 cm ; this decreased to 29 cm in 19992001 and would result in a concurrent reduction in fecundity. The age at which 50\% of
herring mature remained relatively consistent at 4.0 to 4.5 years (Figure 40). The impact of a reduction in number of eggs deposited due to lower fecundity is uncertain.

### 4.3.4 Ecological Considerations

The proportion of herring in the diet of harp seals, in inshore areas of NAFO Div. 2J3KL, increased between the late 1980's and the mid 1990's, during a time when the harp seal population increased by approximately $44 \%$, from 3.5 million to 5.2 million seals (Figure 43). It is not clear if this resulted in an increase in consumption of herring from the area due to the high variance associated with diet estimates and changes in sampling over this time period. Although there was increased mortality by harp seals, other changes in predation mortality are unknown as no other predation information was available for this assessment.

Mean annual water temperatures (at 10 m ) in Bonavista Bay decreased from $5.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in 1990 to $3.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in 1992 , but then gradually increased to $4.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in 2000 , similar to the long term average (Figure 37). Lower water temperatures in the 1990's may have lead to reduced herring growth rates. Lower temperatures may also adversely affect recruitment (Winters and Wheeler 1987).

Mean annual salinities (at 10 m ) at Station 27 off St. John's decreased between 1990 and 1991 and have since remained at levels lower than in the 1980's (Figure 38). Lower salinities may also adversely affect recruitment (Winters and Wheeler 1987).

### 4.3.5 Current Stock Status

With one exception (purse seine fisher observations in 2001), all abundance indices show that this stock is at a low level, possibly the lowest in 20 years (Table 27). Although the population age structure is considered to be stable, mature year classes in the population are considered to be weak, contributing to this decline. Mean weights at age, reduced during the 1990's compared to the 1980's, may have led to increased fishing mortality per weight of fish caught.

During this period, there has been an increase in the proportion of herring in the diet of harp seals, at a time when the seal population is increasing.

Stock status has declined since the last assessment in 2000 when it was classified as good. Since then, mature year classes in the population have been shown to be weak, and there has been a substantial decrease in commercial and research gillnet catch rates.

### 4.3.6 Stock Outlook

Recent year classes (1998 and 1999) were found in research gillnet catches, the acoustic survey, and the commercial fishery. The research gillnet data (age 3 only), indicate that the 1998 year class is weak, while the abundance of the 1999 year class has not been quantified.

The reduction in mean weights at age during the 1990's was coincident with a reduction in fecundity (ie. eggs deposited per female). Given the uncertainty in the relationship between fecundity and egg survival, the impact of this on recruitment is unknown.

Recruitment has been shown to be influenced by warm over-wintering temperatures and high salinities during the over-wintering period prior to spawning. Although recent water temperatures have been similar to long term averages, salinities have been below normal.

Any increase in mature biomass in the near future will depend upon the strength of the 1998 and 1999 year classes. As noted above, it appears the 1989 year class is weak.

### 4.4 St. Mary's Bay - Placentia Bay

### 4.4.1 The Fishery

Landings in 2000 and 2001 were approximately 500 t ; 25\% of the TAC was taken in 2001 (Table 4). In 2002, the catch (to June $30^{\text {th }}$ ) was 1120 t , over double the catch in all of 2001. In addition to reported landings, since 1996 an unknown amount of herring (considered to be less than 150 t ) is caught annually in the gill net bait fishery. There was minimal reported discard mortality in the 2002 winter/spring purse seine fishery (Table 25).

Effort increased from the 1980's to the 1990's. Purse seine effort (sets per fisher) peaked in 1997 and has since declined by $71 \%$ (Table 30). Gillnet effort (net nights fished per fisher) peaked in 1998 and has since declined by 89\% (Table 31).

The purse seine fishery, in March 2002, was concentrated along the eastern side of Placentia Bay, similar to recent years (Figure 33). The 2002 gillnet fishery, from mid February to early June, was mostly in Placentia Bay (Figure 25).

### 4.4.2 Abundance Indices

Research gillnet catch rates (number of fish per nights fished) decreased from 1996 to 1998 but have shown an increasing trend since 2000 and are currently the highest in the 21 year time series (Figure 7). This suggests a recent increase in abundance, a positive stock signal.

The biomass ( t ) estimated from the most recent acoustic survey in the winter of 2000 was the lowest in the time series (Figure 45). There was a decreasing trend in 10 surveys conducted between 1984 and 2000. The 2000 estimate was $5 \%$ of the peak in 1984. A current evaluation could not be made, as more recent data were not available; however, abundance in 2000 was low and much lower than in the 1980's.

Commercial gillnet catch rates (kilograms per standard net per nights fished) were stable at a low level from 1999 to 2001. They increased from 2001 to 2002 and the 2002 estimate was the second highest in the 7 year time series (Figure 26). This suggests a recent increase in abundance, a positive stock signal.

Gillnet fishers indicated (on a ten point scale) that herring abundance in 2002 was below average and either stable or increasing marginally (Figure 26). This negative signal suggests that current abundance is low but not decreasing.

Purse seine fishers indicated (on a ten point scale) that herring abundance in 2002 was above average and increasing (Figure 29). Their observations suggest that current abundance is increasing and no cause for concern.

Most observations suggest possible poor recruitment of recent year classes. Herring from the 1998 year class were caught in the 2001 research gillnet program (Figure 6). Fish younger than 3 years of age were not caught in the 2001 commercial fishery, and were not detected in the 2000 acoustic survey (Figure 17). The research gillnet catch rates at age (age 3 only) indicate that the 1998 year class is weak (Table 13).

### 4.4.3 Biological Characteristics

The age composition from the 2001 research gillnet catch was dominated by the 1996 year class which accounted for approximately $55 \%$ of the catch (figure 6). Older fish were not evident in the research gill net catch but were represented in the 2001 commercial fishery (Figure 3). Younger fish were not evident in any of the catches. Although there was a fairly broad population age structure, there is concern regarding the apparent lack of younger fish.

Weights at age have decreased continuously during the 1980's and 1990's and, in 2001, were approximately $19 \%$ less than in the early 1990's and $24 \%$ less than in the early 1980's (Figure 4). This can potentially lead to an increase in fishing mortality per weight of fish caught.

Herring are smaller at age than in the early 1980's. The length at which $50 \%$ of herring matured in 1982-1984 was approximately 30 cm ; this decreased to 29 cm in 19992001 and would result in a concurrent reduction in fecundity. The age at which $50 \%$ of herring mature remained relatively consistent at 4.0 to 4.5 years (Figure 41). The impact of a reduction in number of eggs deposited due to lower fecundity is uncertain.

### 4.4.4 Ecological Considerations

No predation information was available for this stock.
Mean annual water temperatures (at 10 m ) in Placentia Bay decreased rapidly from $6.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in 1990 to $5.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in 1992 , but then increased gradually to $7.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in 2000 , similar to the long term average (Figure 37). Lower water temperatures in the 1990's may have lead to reduced herring growth rates. Lower temperatures may also adversely affect recruitment (Winters and Wheeler 1987).

Mean annual salinities (at 10 m) at Station 27 off St. John's decreased between 1990 and 1991 and have since remained at levels lower than in the 1980's (Figure 38). Lower salinities may also adversely affect recruitment (Winters and Wheeler 1987).

### 4.4.5 Current Stock Status

Most data show that this stock is increasing due to the recruitment of the 1996 year class (Table 28). Data from research gill net catch rates at age, indicate that this year class is of moderate strength, at best. Other mature year classes in the population are considered to be weak. Although a single age group dominates the mature population, a wide range of ages is present.

Mean weights at age have decreased since the 1980's, and this may have resulted in increased fishing mortality per tonne of catch.

Although current stock status has been given a positive rating, this should be treated with caution because the mature biomass is largely dependent upon one year class. All other mature year classes are considered to be weak.

The status of this stock has not changed since the last assessment in 2000 when it was classified as moderate to good.

### 4.4.6 Stock Outlook

The recruiting 1998 year class was present only in the research gillnet catches. Based upon these data it appears to be weak. There is no evidence of the recruitment of subsequent year classes.

The reduction in mean weights at age during the 1990's was coincident with a reduction in fecundity (ie. eggs deposited per female). Given the uncertainty in the relationship between fecundity and egg survival, the impact of this on recruitment is unknown.

Recruitment has been shown to be influenced by warm over-wintering temperatures and high salinities during the over-wintering period prior to spawning. Although recent water temperatures have been similar to long term averages, salinities have been below normal. Any increase in mature biomass, in the near future, will depend upon the strength of the 1998 year class.

### 4.5 Fortune Bay

### 4.5.1 The Fishery

Landings increased from 846 t in 2000 to 1272 t in 2001; 47\% of the TAC was taken in 2001 (Table 5). In 2002, the catch (to June $30^{\text {th }}$ ) was 2711 t , over double the catch in all of 2001. In addition to reported landings, since 1996 an unknown amount of herring (considered to be less than 400 t ) is caught annually in the gill net bait fishery in Fortune Bay.

Effort in the 1980's and 1990's was very low. Gillnet effort (net nights fished per fisher) in the spring fishery peaked in 1997 but has since declined by $87 \%$ (Table 31). No effort information is available from the bar seine fishery. There is no purse seine fishery in Fortune Bay.

In recent years, most landings have been by bar seine; in the spring of 2002, this fishery was concentrated in the Long Harbour area. The 2002 gillnet fishery, from early April to late June, was distributed throughout Fortune Bay (Figure 25).

### 4.5.2 Abundance Indices

Research gill net catch rates (number of fish per nights fished) decreased from 2001 to 2002. Although below average for the 21 year time series, catch rates are still high compared to those for other stocks (Figure 7). This is thought to be reflective of abundance relative to other areas.

The biomass (t) estimated from an acoustic survey in the winter of 2001 was the second lowest in the time series (Table 21). There had been an increasing trend in six surveys conducted between 1986 and 1999. The 2001 estimate was $11 \%$ of the peak in 1999. It was concluded that abundance in 2001 was lower than in the 1980's.

Commercial gill net catch rates (kilograms per standard net per nights fished) exhibited no trend and have fluctuated at high levels for several years (Figure 28), suggesting that current abundance is stable at a high level.

Gill net fishers indicated (on a ten point scale) that herring abundance in 2002 was above average and either stable or decreasing marginally (Figure 28). This also suggests that current abundance is high and stable or decreasing marginally.

There was nominal evidence of recruitment. Two recruiting (1998 and 1999) year classes were caught in the 2001 bar seine fishery (Figure 3). Neither year class was caught in the 2001 research gillnets (Figure 6), nor were they detected in the 2001 acoustic survey (Figure 17) suggesting that neither year class is large.

### 4.5.3 Biological Characteristics

The age composition from the 2001 research gillnet catch was dominated by fish aged $11+$ which accounted for approximately $40 \%$ of the catch (Figure 6). The 1996 year class was the most dominant individual year class for ages 10 and less, accounting for approximately $20 \%$ of the catch. This year class was also dominant in the 2001 fishery (Figure 3) and acoustic survey (Figure 17). The population age structure is considered to be stable due to the substantial contribution of older fish.

Weights at age have decreased continuously during the 1980's and 1990's and, in 2001, were approximately $19 \%$ less than in the early 1990's and $24 \%$ less than in the early 1980's (Figure 4). This can potentially lead to an increase in fishing mortality per tonne of fish caught.

Herring are smaller at age than in the early 1980's. The length at which $50 \%$ of herring matured in 1982-1984 was approximately 31 cm ; this decreased to 29 cm in 19992001 and would result in a concurrent reduction in fecundity. The age at which $50 \%$ of herring mature increased from 4 to 5 (Figure 42). The impact of a reduction in number of eggs deposited due to lower fecundity is uncertain.

### 4.5.4 Ecological Considerations

No predation information was available for this stock.
Water temperature data were not available for Fortune Bay. However, mean annual water temperatures (at 10 m ) in Placentia Bay decreased rapidly from $6.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in 1990 to $5.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in 1992 . Temperatures increased gradually to $7.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in 2000 , similar to the long-term average (Figure 37). Lower water temperatures in the 1990's may have lead to reduced herring growth rates. Lower temperatures may also adversely affect recruitment (Winters and Wheeler 1987).

Mean annual salinities (at 10 m) at Station 27 off St. John's decreased between 1990 and 1991 and have remained at levels lower than in the 1980's (Figure 38). Lower salinities may also adversely affect recruitment (Winters and Wheeler 1987).

### 4.5.5 Current Stock Status

Most data show that this stock is still at a high level but it may be decreasing (Table 29). From research gillnet catch rates at age, the 1996 year class has been shown to be of moderate strength, at best. Other mature year classes in the population are considered to be weak.

The status of this stock has not changed since the last assessment in 2000 when it was classified as moderate to good.

### 4.5.6 Stock Outlook

Given that older fish (age 11+) dominated the research gillnet catch in 2001, it is likely that mature biomass will decrease as these year classes die of natural causes. The 1998 year class was evident only as a small percentage of the commercial catch. There is no evidence of strong recruitment from more recent year classes. Therefore, any change in mature biomass, in the near future, will depend upon the strength of the 1998 year class. Its strength has not been quantified.

The reduction in mean weights at age during the 1990's was coincident with a reduction in fecundity (i.e. eggs deposited per female). Given the uncertainty in the relationship between fecundity and egg survival, the impact of this on recruitment is unknown.

Recruitment has been shown to be influenced by warm over-wintering temperatures and high salinities during the over-wintering period prior to spawning. Although recent water temperatures have been similar to long term averages, salinities have been below normal.

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Table 1. Landings and TAC's ('000 t) of east and southeast Newfoundland herring, by stock area.

| Year | WB-NDB |  | BB-TB |  | SMB-PB |  | FB |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Catch | TAC | Catch | TAC | Catch | TAC | Catch | TAC |
| 1979 | 15.7 | 11.5 | 9.8 | 8.4 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 1.2 | 1.0 |
| 1980 | 6.5 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 4.4 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 0.5 | 1.0 |
| 1981 | 4.7 | 5.3 | 4.0 | 4.8 | 0.6 | 1.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| 1982 | 2.0 | 1.2 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 |
| 1983 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 |
| 1984 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 |
| 1985 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 0.1 | 0.6 | 0.1 | 0.3 |
| 1986 | 2.8 | 5.5 | 1.8 | 3.8 | 0.1 | 2.1 | 0.1 | 0.7 |
| 1987 | 13.5 | 32.5 | 6.1 | 13.7 | 0.3 | 2.5 | 0.1 | 2.4 |
| 1988 | 7.4 | 34.7 | 11.7 | 16.2 | 1.1 | 8.9 | 0.1 | 4.7 |
| 1989 | 6.4 | 14.0 | 4.9 | 6.9 | 0.4 | 1.5 | 0.1 | 1.5 |
| 1990 | 5.1 | 16.5 | 3.7 | 23.4 | 0.5 | 1.5 | 0.1 | 1.5 |
| 1991 | 8.7 | 13.5 | 9.1 | 10.0 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 0.1 | 1.5 |
| 1992 | 5.6 | 13.5 | 4.6 | 10.0 | 0.9 | 1.5 | 0.1 | 1.5 |
| 1993 | 1.7 | 13.5 | 2.3 | 10.0 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 0.2 | 1.5 |
| 1994 | 1.4 | 13.5 | 2.7 | 10.0 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 0.3 | 1.5 |
| 1995 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 1.5 |
| 1996 | 0.7 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.1 | 0.5 |
| 1997 | 2.5 | 4.9 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 4.0 | 6.6 | 0.1 | 5.4 |
| *1998 | 0.7 | 2.5 | 1.0 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 0.1 | 5.4 |
| *1999 | 1.1 | 2.5 | 1.4 | 2.5 | 0.3 | 2.0 | 0.5 | 5.4 |
| *2000 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 2.5 | 0.5 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 5.4 |
| *2001 | 0.02 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 3.5 | 0.5 | 2.0 | 1.3 | 2.7 |

Table 2. White Bay (WB) - Notre Dame Bay (NDB) herring landings and TAC's (t), by gear, 1990-2001.

| Year | Area | Purse <br> Seine | Ringnet | Midwater Trawl | Bar Seine | Gillnet | Trap | Total | TAC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1990 | WB | 108 | - | - | 1 | 90 | 21 | 220 |  |
|  | NDB | 3398 | - | - | 30 | 1289 | 151 | 4868 |  |
|  | Combined | 3506 | - | - | 31 | 1379 | 172 | 5088 | 16500 |
| 1991 | WB | 1318 | - | - | 2 | 311 | 23 | 1654 |  |
|  | NDB | 6026 | - | - | 80 | 946 | 41 | 6872 |  |
|  | Combined | 7344 | - | - | 82 | 1257 | 64 | 8526 | 13500 |
| 1992 | WB | 1252 | - | - | - | 252 | 4 | 1508 |  |
|  | NDB | 2964 | - | - | 6 | 1102 | 48 | 4120 |  |
|  | Combined | 4216 | - | - | 6 | 1354 | 52 | 5628 | 13500 |
| 1993 | WB | 121 | - | - | - | 34 | - | 155 |  |
|  | NDB | 686 | - | - | 104 | 739 | 2 | 1531 |  |
|  | Combined | 807 | - | - | 104 | 773 | - | 1686 | 13500 |
| 1994 | WB | 145 | - | - | 5 | 20 | 59 | 229 |  |
|  | NDB | 234 | - | - | 84 | 859 | - | 1177 |  |
|  | Combined | 379 | - | - | 89 | 879 | 59 | 1406 | 13500 |
| 1995 | WB | 201 | - | - | 1 | 15 | 9 | 225 |  |
|  | NDB | 454 | - | - | 25 | 890 | - | 1369 |  |
|  | Combined | 655 | - | - | 26 | 905 | 9 | 1594 | 1200 |
| 1996 | WB | 184 | - | - | - | 1 | - | 185 |  |
|  | NDB | 252 | - | - | - | 229 | - | 481 |  |
|  | Combined | 435 | - | - | - | 230 | - | 665 | 1600 |
| 1997 | WB | 11 | - | - | - | 10 | 57 | 78 |  |
|  | NDB | 2364 | - | - | - | 11 | 7 | 2382 |  |
|  | Combined | 2375 | - | - | - | 21 | 64 | 2460 | 4900 |
| 1998* |  | 106 | - | - | - | 1 | 7 | 114 |  |
|  | NDB | 500 | - | - | 7 | 30 | 2 | 539 |  |
|  | Combined | 606 | - | - | 7 | 31 | 9 | 653 | 2500 |
| 1999* | WB | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
|  | NDB | 1011 | - | - | - | 34 | - | 1045 |  |
|  | Combined | 1011 | - | - | - | 34 | - | 1045 | 2500 |
| 2000* | WB | 74 | - | - | - | 3 | 2 | 79 |  |
|  | NDB | 997 | - | - | - | 16 | 1 | 1014 |  |
|  | Combined | 1071 | - | - | - | 19 | 3 | 1093 | 2500 |
| 2001* | WB | 13 | - | - | - | 4 | 4 | 21 |  |
|  | NDB | - | - | - | - |  | 1 | 1 |  |
|  | Combined | 13 | - | - | - | 4 | 5 | 22 | 1100 |

[^1]Table 3. Bonavista Bay (BB) - Trinity Bay (TB) herring landings and TAC's (t), by gear, 1990-2001.

| Year | Area | Purse Seine | Ringnet | Midwater Trawl | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Bar } \\ \text { Seine } \end{array}$ | Gillnet | Trap | Total | TAC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1990 | BB | 904 | - | - | 2 | 126 | 7 | 1039 |  |
|  | TB | 1819 | - | - | 721 | 84 | 24 | 2648 |  |
|  | Combined | 2723 | - | - | 723 | 210 | 31 | 3687 | 23400 |
| 1991 | BB | 4458 | - | - | 7 | 147 | 43 | 4655 |  |
|  | TB | 3760 | - | - | 567 | 85 | - | 4412 |  |
|  | Combined | 8218 | - | - | 574 | 232 | 43 | 9067 | 10000 |
| 1992 | BB | 4209 | - | - | 3 | 197 | 2 | 4411 |  |
|  | TB | 51 | - | - | 63 | 44 | - | 158 |  |
|  | Combined | 4260 | - | - | 66 | 241 | 2 | 4569 | 10000 |
| 1993 | BB | 2001 | - | - | 4 | 234 | - | 2239 |  |
|  | TB | 31 | - | - | 2 | 72 | 1 | 106 |  |
|  | Combined | 2032 | - | - | 6 | 306 | 1 | 2345 | 10000 |
| 1994 | BB | 1984 | - | - | 1 | 357 | 1 | 2342 |  |
|  | TB | 39 | - | - | 235 | 71 | 1 | 346 |  |
|  | Combined | 2023 | - | - | 236 | 428 | 2 | 2688 | 10000 |
| 1995 | BB | 427 | - | - | 6 | 520 | - | 954 |  |
|  | TB | 271 | - | - | 133 | 91 | 2 | 497 |  |
|  | Combined | 698 | - | - | 139 | 611 | 2 | 1451 | 1000 |
| 1996 | BB | 345 | - | - | - | 300 | 1 | 645 |  |
|  | TB | 13 | - | - | 13 | 78 | - | 410 |  |
|  | Combined | 358 | - | - | 13 | 378 | - | 1054 | 1400 |
| 1997 | BB | 321 | - | - | - | 72 | 1 | 394 |  |
|  | TB | 329 | - | - | 211 | 129 | 41 | 710 |  |
|  | Combined | 650 | - | - | 211 | 201 | 42 | 1104 | 1600 |
| 1998* | BB | 331 | - | - | 96 | 148 | - | 575 |  |
|  | TB | 333 | - | - | 8 | 22 | 22 | 385 |  |
|  | Combined | 661 | - | - | 104 | 170 | 22 | 960 | 2500 |
| 1999* | BB | 564 | - | - | 222 | 95 | - | 881 |  |
|  | TB | 245 | - | - | 208 | 100 | - | 553 |  |
|  | Combined | 809 | - | - | 430 | 195 | - | 1434 | 2500 |
| 2000* | BB | 493 | - | - | 195 | 135 | 8 | 831 |  |
|  | TB | 2 | - | - | 190 | 67 | - | 259 |  |
|  | Combined | 495 | - | - | 385 | 202 | - | 1090 | 2500 |
| 2001* | BB | 241 | - | - | 16 | 37 | - | 294 |  |
|  | TB | 18 | - | - | 155 | 19 | - | 192 |  |
|  | Combined | 259 | - | - | 171 | 56 | - | 486 | 3500 |

[^2]Table 4. St. Mary's Bay (SMB) - Placentia Bay (PB) herring landings and TAC's (t), by gear, 1990-2001.

| Year | Area | Purse Seine | Ringnet | Midwater Trawl | Bar Seine | Gillnet | Trap | Total | TAC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1990 | SMB | - | - | - | - | 18 | - | 18 |  |
|  | PB | 379 | - | - | - | 144 | - | 523 |  |
|  | Combined | 379 | - | - | - | 162 | - | 541 | 1500 |
| 1991 | SMB | - | - | - | - | 16 | - | 16 |  |
|  | PB | 742 | - | - | 110 | 104 | 34 | 990 |  |
|  | Combined | 742 | - | - | 110 | 120 | 34 | 1006 | 1500 |
| 1992 | SMB | - | - | - | - | 2 | - | 2 |  |
|  | PB | 781 | - | - | 2 | 125 | - | 908 |  |
|  | Combined | 781 | - | - | 2 | 127 | - | 910 | 1500 |
| 1993 | SMB | 262 | - | - | - | 3 | - | 265 |  |
|  | PB | 667 | - | - | 84 | 119 | - | 870 |  |
|  | Combined | 929 | - | - | 84 | 122 | - | 1135 | 1500 |
| 1994 | SMB | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 |  |
|  | PB | 681 | - | - | 78 | 194 | 10 | 962 |  |
|  | Combined | 681 | - | - | 78 | 195 | 10 | 963 | 1500 |
| 1995 | SMB | 219 | - | - | - | 1 | - | 220 |  |
|  | PB | 332 | - | - | 76 | 135 | - | 543 |  |
|  | Combined | 551 | - | - | 76 | 136 | - | 763 | 1100 |
| 1996 | SMB | 217 | - | - | - | 1 | - | 217 |  |
|  | PB | 229 | - | - | 15 | 37 | - | 282 |  |
|  | Combined | 446 | - | - | 15 | 37 | - | 499 | 700 |
| 1997 | SMB | 1650 | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1651 |  |
|  | PB | 2186 | - | - | 100 | 20 | - | 2306 |  |
|  | Combined | 3836 | - | - | 100 | 21 | - | 3957 | 6600 |
| 1998* | SMB | 740 | - | - | - | 14 | - | 754 |  |
|  | PB | 1570 | - | - | - | 5 | - | 1575 |  |
|  | Combined | 2310 | - | - | - | 19 | - | 2329 | 2000 |
| 1999* | SMB | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
|  | PB | 330 | - | - | - | 1 | - | 331 |  |
|  | Combined | 330 | - | - | - | 1 | - | 331 | 2000 |
| 2000* | SMB | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
|  | PB | 448 | - | - | 41 | 2 | - | 491 |  |
|  | Combined | 448 | - | - | 41 | 2 | - | 491 | 2000 |
| 2001* | SMB | 57 | - | - | - | - | - | 57 |  |
|  | PB | 394 | - | - | 26 | 39 | - | 459 |  |
|  | Combined | 451 | - | - | 26 | 39 | - | 516 | 2000 |

* provisional

Table 5. Fortune Bay (FB) herring landings and TAC's (t), by gear, 1990-2001.

| Year | Purse Seine | Ringnet | Midwater Trawl | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bar } \\ & \text { Seine } \end{aligned}$ | Gillnet | Trap | Total | TAC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1990 | - | - | - | - | 92 | - | 92 | 1500 |
| 1991 | - | - | - | - | 123 | - | 123 | 1500 |
| 1992 | - | - | - | - | 130 | - | 130 | 1500 |
| 1993 | - | - | - | - | 175 | - | 175 | 1500 |
| 1994 | 1 | - | - | 2 | 250 | - | 253 | 1500 |
| 1995 | 5 | - | - | 4 | 460 | - | 469 | 1500 |
| 1996 | - | - | - | 35 | 31 | 4 | 70 | 500 |
| 1997 | - | - | - | 92 | 28 | 23 | 143 | 5400 |
| 1998* | - | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | 5400 |
| 1999* | - | - | - | 338 | 29 | 89 | 455 | 5400 |
| 2000* | - | - | - | 796 | 16 | 34 | 846 | 5400 |
| 2001* | - | - | - | 1081 | - | 190 | 1272 | 2700 |

Table 6. Commercial catch (t) and number of fish sampled (bold print) for 2000, by stock area, gear type and month. Boxed areas indicate the catch - sample combinations used for calculating commercial catch at age.

| AREA | GEAR | JAN. | FEB. | MAR. | APR. | MAY | JUNE | JULY | AUG. | SEPT. OCT. | NOV. | DEC. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| WB-NDB | Gillnet |  |  |  |  | 16 50 |  |  | 1 | 2 |  | 50 |
|  | Purse seine <br> Bar Seine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 74 <br> 50 | $\begin{aligned} & 996 \\ & 150 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | Trap |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $1 \begin{array}{\|} 2 \\ 50 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |
| BB-TB | Gillnet |  |  |  | 118 100 | 60 50 | 2 |  |  | 12 50 | 10 50 | $5{ }^{2}$ |
|  | Purse seine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{ll} \hline 261 & 234 \\ & 150 \end{array}$ | 50 |  |
|  | Bar Seine |  |  |  | 299 100 | 4 |  |  |  | $22$ | 61 |  |
|  | Trap |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  | 2 | 3 |  |
| SMB-PB | Gillnet |  |  |  | 2 50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Purse seine |  |  | 188 150 | $\begin{array}{r} 260 \\ 50 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Bar Seine |  |  | 9 50 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 32 \\ & 50 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Trap |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FB | Gillnet |  | 1 | 8 | 4 40 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Purse seine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Bar Seine |  |  | 101 50 | $514$ | 180 50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Trap |  |  | 11 <br> 50 | $6$ | $17$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 7. Commercial catch at age of spring and autumn spawning herring for White Bay - Notre Dame Bay, 1972-2001.

| Spring Spawners |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Age | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1979 | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1986 |  |
| 2 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 56 | 50 | 1 | 1 | 115 | 445 | 76 | 1 | 6 | 3 |
| 3 | 290 | 727 | 4 | 128 | 24 | 1671 | 55 | 60 | 46 | 152 | 371 | 38 | 12 | 187 |
| 4 | 2396 | 1411 | 123 | 215 | 506 | 107 | 2034 | 50 | 1240 | 41 | 332 | 46 | 124 | 350 |
| 5 | 353 | 2825 | 3142 | 453 | 237 | 468 | 317 | 2928 | 92 | 1231 | 59 | 23 | 1218 | 240 |
| 6 | 69 | 761 | 5446 | 5438 | 868 | 184 | 1034 | 323 | 1080 | 63 | 268 | 14 | 73 | 1486 |
| 7 | 122 | 719 | 1193 | 7069 | 10893 | 793 | 517 | 1410 | 17 | 805 | 34 | 93 | 114 | 108 |
| 8 | 403 | 654 | 697 | 1123 | 17145 | 7363 | 2509 | 767 | 496 | 64 | 258 | 1 | 157 | 275 |
| 9 | 1363 | 416 | 1506 | 838 | 1328 | 12675 | 10807 | 2222 | 179 | 344 | 19 | 26 | 37 | 94 |
| 10 | 205 | 1685 | 858 | 810 | 3364 | 1055 | 11756 | 14413 | 1450 | 194 | 192 | 4 | 122 | 81 |
| $11+$ | 808 | 794 | 2378 | 3999 | 8535 | 15707 | 14379 | 27508 | 14653 | 10908 | 4059 | 805 | 1938 | 2110 |
| Total | 6015 | 9994 | 15349 | 20076 | 42957 | 40074 | 43410 | 49683 | 19369 | 14248 | 5669 | 1052 | 3802 | 4935 |



Autumn Spawners

| Age | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1979 | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | , | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | 53 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 71 | 1 | 72 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 10 |
| 4 | 17 | 7 | 11 | 64 | 31 | 45 | 6 | 1 | 13 | 13 | 26 | 74 | 60 | 29 | 67 |
| 5 | 74 | 22 | 124 | 3 | 35 | 35 | 24 | 10 | 13 | 86 | 62 | 25 | 409 | 94 | 69 |
| 6 | 79 | 25 | 10 | 25 | 51 | 85 | 155 | 267 | 23 | 11 | 16 | 23 | 66 | 333 | 79 |
| 7 | 67 | 60 | 48 | 16 | 20 | 54 | 171 | 172 | 272 | 1 | 12 | 1 | 30 | 137 | 373 |
| 8 | 1 | 25 | 2 | 21 | 40 | 1 | 24 | 160 | 4 | 100 | 9 | 1 | 8 | 32 | 68 |
| 9 | 164 | 13 | 46 | 3 | 46 | 94 | 2 | 133 | 19 | 1 | 42 | 6 | 7 | 23 | 6 |
| 10 | 81 | 97 | 7 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 130 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 10 | 1 |
| 11+ | 562 | 298 | 346 | 302 | 329 | 182 | 238 | 298 | 450 | 65 | 23 |  | 24 | 74 | 42 |
| Total | 1100 | 550 | 597 | 444 | 559 | 500 | 753 | 1045 | 868 | 284 | 265 | 134 | 610 | 735 | 717 |


| Age | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 11 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 19 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 28 | 7 |
| 4 | 297 | 92 | 65 | 130 | 188 | 109 | 1 | 7 | 11 | 1 | 56 | 106 | 192 | 176 | 1 |
| 5 | 469 | 115 | 12 | 65 | 450 | 187 | 48 | 70 | 37 | 1 | 72 | 26 | 120 | 613 | 1 |
| 6 | 156 | 45 | 5 | 52 | 98 | 172 | 78 | 80 | 2 | 80 | 20 | 1 | 152 | 169 |  |
| 7 | 112 | 20 | 574 | 84 | 36 | 48 | 113 | 137 | 120 | 16 | 233 | 1 | 40 | 139 | 1 |
| 8 | 630 | 7 | 70 | 37 | 128 | 46 | 79 | 25 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 13 | 1 | 2 |  |
| 9 | 152 | 560 | 1 | 1 | 249 | 80 | 42 | 4 | 24 | 3 | 69 | 20 | 1 | 28 | 1 |
| 10 | 10 | 6 | 533 | 4 | 120 | 19 | 21 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 11+ | 108 | 306 | 29 | 577 | 2733 | 613 | 349 | 14 | 204 | 1 | 34 | 1 | 115 | 28 | 1 |
| Total | 1938 | 1154 | 1292 | 953 | 4005 | 1277 | 734 | 341 | 415 | 129 | 489 | 172 | 625 | 1186 | 17 |

Spring and Autumn Spawners

|  | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1979 | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Total | 7115 | 10544 | 15946 | 20520 | 43516 | 40574 | 44163 | 50728 | 20237 | 14532 | 5934 | 1186 | 4412 |
| $\%$ SS | 84.5 | 94.8 | 96.3 | 97.8 | 98.7 | 98.8 | 9870 | 1986 |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\%$ AS | 15.5 | 5.2 | 3.7 | 2.2 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.7 | 97.9 | 95.7 | 98.0 | 95.5 | 88.7 | 86.2 |
| 87.0 | 93.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


a - preliminary
b - also 4475 age 0 SS
c - also 10 age 0 SS

Table 8. Commercial catch at age of spring and autumn spawning herring for Bonavista Bay - Trinity Bay, 1972-2001.
Spring Spawners

| Age | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1979 | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 10 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |
| 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 14 | 16 | 22 | 6 | 15 | 136 | 1 | 1 | 4 |  |  |
| 3 | 10 | 1 | 1 | 392 | 77 | 248 | 26 | 286 | 13 | 246 | 8 | 4 | 22 | 175 | 207 |
| 4 | 1347 | 60 | 2 | 134 | 493 | 135 | 357 | 167 | 195 | 53 | 11 | 34 | 35 | 70 | 4445 |
| 5 | 389 | 4887 | 235 | 163 | 123 | 759 | 122 | 765 | 43 | 256 | 2 | 7 | 210 | 87 | 261 |
| 6 | 91 | 126 | 4795 | 2564 | 166 | 227 | 251 | 19 | 293 | 26 | 30 | 2 | 9 | 351 | 161 |
| 7 | 75 | 96 | 424 | 14330 | 4897 | 50 | 112 | 436 | 52 | 288 | 5 | 15 | 5 | 37 | 262 |
| 8 | 88 | 1 | 151 | 455 | 20697 | 6209 | 598 | 101 | 264 | 23 | 35 | 1 | 12 | 27 | 38 |
| 9 | 480 | 48 | 294 | 995 | 909 | 23206 | 4412 | 530 | 75 | 321 | 5 | 8 | 2 | 13 | 10 |
| 10 | 14 | 271 | 69 | 727 | 854 | 774 | 13394 | 5575 | 967 | 88 | 65 | 2 | 2 | 22 | 31 |
| $11+$ | 213 | 1 | 1849 | 1679 | 4306 | 5890 | 5956 | 19994 | 12259 | 11762 | 1186 | 159 | 154 | 797 | 657 |
| Total | 2709 | 5493 | 7822 | 21441 | 32541 | 37524 | 25251 | 27880 | 14177 | 13200 | 1349 | 234 | 456 | 1593 | 6666 |


| Age | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 |  | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 296 | 717 | 1 | 1 | 115 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 48 | 1 |
| 2 | 1352 | 6612 | 563 | 58 | 689 | 499 | 354 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 75 | 57 | 50 | 355 | 197 |
| 3 | 413 | 9910 | 1043 | 3094 | 210 | 1056 | 621 | 394 | 107 | 23 | 302 | 533 | 47 | 205 | 252 |
| 4 | 2845 | 267 | 3323 | 422 | 13551 | 271 | 160 | 819 | 2645 | 63 | 13 | 507 | 746 | 218 | 188 |
| 5 | 16208 | 3674 | 264 | 2350 | 2586 | 12612 | 344 | 303 | 349 | 2638 | 96 | 93 | 545 | 764 | 33 |
| 6 | 334 | 21739 | 1428 | 94 | 3859 | 2422 | 3779 | 1072 | 64 | 345 | 3230 | 135 | 9 | 388 | 54 |
| 7 | 359 | 782 | 8639 | 629 | 347 | 579 | 422 | 3878 | 152 | 46 | 182 | 1388 | 14 | 48 | 139 |
| 8 | 126 | 713 | 13 | 4439 | 1550 | 194 | 385 | 479 | 978 | 157 | 7 | 98 | 1537 | 23 | 39 |
| 9 | 33 | 8 | 216 | 235 | 7505 | 1394 | 132 | 471 | 172 | 430 | 1 | 4 | 895 | 904 | 1 |
| 10 | 6 | 55 | 100 | 325 | 447 | 2054 | 657 | 530 | 163 | 11 | 29 | 4 | 55 | 111 | 5 |
| 11+ | 956 | 1247 | 508 | 466 | 891 | 653 | 1092 | 2614 | 649 | 300 | 94 | 88 | 104 | 223 | 137 |
| Total | 22928 | 45724 | 16098 | 12113 | 31750 | 21735 | 7947 | 10562 | 5284 | 4015 | 4030 | 2908 | 4003 | 3287 | 1046 |

## Autumn Spawners

| Age | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1979 | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |
| 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 10 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 14 | 6 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |
| 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 26 | 22 | 55 | 16 | 1 | 11 | 115 | 1 | 10 | 3 | 5 | 51 |
| 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 30 | 77 | 16 | 14 | 27 | 17 | 106 | 8 | 2 | 84 | 18 | 80 |
| 6 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 23 | 176 | 61 | 114 | 83 | 33 | 10 | 5 | 14 | 203 | 59 |
| 7 | 2 | 1 | 16 | 22 | 66 | 86 | 58 | 30 | 188 | 83 | 3 | 2 | 17 | 96 | 292 |
| 8 | 2 | 48 | 2 | 41 | 34 | 112 | 28 | 175 | 45 | 283 | 8 | 1 | 3 | 54 | 149 |
| 9 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 62 | 30 | 23 | 13 | 112 | 36 | 25 | 1 | 5 | 22 | 24 |
| 10 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 19 | 8 | 73 | 82 | 16 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 10 |  |  |
| $11+$ | 33 | 1 | 1216 | 259 | 1069 | 1069 | 417 | 800 | 463 | 230 | 37 | 3 | 9 | 29 | 30 |
| Total | 49 | 58 | 1242 | 407 | 1373 | 1620 | 702 | 1179 | 938 | 898 | 98 | 28 | 139 | 440 | 689 |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 |
| 1 | 19 | , | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 1 | 253 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 13 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 22 | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | 1 | 54 | 1 | 5 | 6 | 1 | 11 | 1 | 6 | 1 | 33 | 1 | 58 | 41 | 74 |
| 4 | 2 | 22 | 55 | 139 | 140 | 10 | 1 | 1 | 39 | 1 | 63 | 239 | 61 | 77 | 28 |
| 5 | 391 | 88 | 76 | 55 | 837 | 219 | 146 | 53 | 90 | 119 | 26 | 324 | 184 | 137 | 57 |
| 6 | 237 | 357 | 136 | 9 | 152 | 205 | 205 | 168 | 4 | 126 | 88 | 121 | 249 | 110 | 224 |
| 7 | 87 | 216 | 237 | 61 | 17 | 118 | 163 | 27 | 1 | 16 | 39 | 138 | 38 | 174 | 116 |
| 8 | 360 | 202 | 18 | 50 | 99 | 1 | 121 | 114 | 48 | 29 | 3 | 76 | 56 | 103 | 165 |
| 9 | 138 | 818 | 83 | 58 | 104 | 5 | 39 | 1 | 24 | 11 | 6 | 2 | 61 | 11 | 64 |
| 10 | 2 | 2 | 697 | 19 | 125 | 1 | 14 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 19 | 35 | 57 | 37 | 13 |
| 11+ | 156 | 237 | 193 | 89 | 481 | 167 | 376 | 79 | 206 | 20 | 4 | 16 | 20 | 165 | 177 |
| Total | 1394 | 2250 | 1498 | 487 | 1963 | 729 | 1078 | 446 | 433 | 326 | 283 | 954 | 807 | 857 | 920 |

Spring and Autumn Spawners

|  | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1979 | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Total | 2758 | 5551 | 9064 | 21848 | 33914 | 39144 | 25953 | 29059 | 15115 | 14098 | 1447 | 262 | 595 |
| $\%$ SS | 98.2 | 99.0 | 86.3 | 98.1 | 96.0 | 95.9 | 97.3 | 95.9 | 93.8 | 93.6 | 93.2 | 89.3 | 76.6 |
| $\%$ AS | 1.8 | 1.0 | 13.7 | 1.9 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 2.7 | 4.1 | 6.2 | 6.4 | 7355 |  |  |


|  | c |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | a | a | a | a |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 |
| Total | 24322 | 47974 | 17596 | 12600 | 33713 | 22464 | 9025 | 11008 | 5717 | 4341 | 4313 | 3862 | 4810 | 4144 | 1966 |
| \% SS | 94.3 | 95.3 | 91.5 | 96.1 | 94.2 | 96.8 | 88.1 | 95.9 | 92.4 | 92.5 | 93.4 | 75.3 | 83.2 | 79.3 | 53.2 |
| \% AS | 5.7 | 4.7 | 8.5 | 3.9 | 5.8 | 3.2 | 11.9 | 4.1 | 7.6 | 7.5 | 6.6 | 24.7 | 16.8 | 20.7 | 46.8 |

a - preliminary
b - also 10 age 0 SS
c - also 3124 age 0 SS

Table 9. Commercial catch at age of spring and autumn spawning herring for St. Mary's Bay - Placentia Bay, 1972-2001.

| Age | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1979 | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 1 | 76 | 995 | 74 | 365 | 52 | 30 | 87 | 133 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 8 | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | 207 | 326 | 280 | 2234 | 391 | 1423 | 175 | 663 | 332 | 193 | 1 | 5 | 9 | 7 | 1 |
| 4 | 20375 | 77 | 234 | 471 | 1906 | 140 | 1817 | 279 | 133 | 42 | 2 | 2 | 24 | 18 | 143 |
| 5 | 725 | 15470 | 126 | 147 | 208 | 736 | 123 | 2263 | 153 | 111 | 3 | 3 | 36 | 27 | 19 |
| 6 | 5154 | 566 | 14328 | 1591 | 267 | 87 | 596 | 96 | 1270 | 51 | 8 | 2 | 6 | 21 | 28 |
| 7 | 365 | 6757 | 436 | 13858 | 862 | 50 | 64 | 614 | 57 | 338 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 15 | 9 |
| 8 | 650 | 93 | 6049 | 146 | 5622 | 1039 | 106 | 85 | 470 | 28 | 14 | 1 | 24 | 3 | 4 |
| 9 | 352 | 224 | 138 | 3391 | 201 | 3830 | 512 | 66 | 38 | 80 | 4 | 9 | 1 | 25 | 1 |
| 10 | 73 | 193 | 238 | 350 | 2256 | 134 | 3827 | 501 | 237 | 6 | 4 | 1 | 10 | 5 | 5 |
| 11+ | 403 | 315 | 624 | 1323 | 1361 | 2448 | 2185 | 4785 | 2971 | 466 | 69 | 39 | 44 | 125 | 30 |
| Total | 28306 | 24098 | 23451 | 23586 | 13440 | 9940 | 9436 | 9440 | 5795 | 1317 | 110 | 68 | 166 | 248 | 242 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | a | a | a | a |
| Age | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 13 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 34 | 1 | 22 | 1 | 37 | 68 | 5 | 24 | 1 | 19 | 235 | 151 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | 19 | 1 | 48 | 115 | 1 | 47 | 62 | 137 | 333 | 19 | 125 | 487 | 21 | 12 | 1 |
| 4 | 2 | 22 | 9 | 189 | 222 | 7 | 34 | 5 | 1418 | 224 | 1 | 205 | 21 | 579 | 11 |
| 5 | 502 | 163 | 1 | 64 | 160 | 363 | 11 | 36 | 37 | 1187 | 1656 | 61 | 1 | 156 | 329 |
| 6 | 29 | 2457 | 24 | 15 | 170 | 231 | 187 | 6 | 1 | 94 | 8237 | 873 | 1 | 63 | 80 |
| 7 | 47 | 119 | 463 | 30 | 12 | 55 | 118 | 225 | 1 | 43 | 465 | 3222 | 84 | 60 | 64 |
| 8 | 9 | 213 | 34 | 494 | 110 | 53 | 74 | 60 | 63 | 32 | 134 | 299 | 292 | 290 | 39 |
| 9 | 3 | 16 | 100 | 45 | 493 | 74 | 63 | 98 | 1 | 51 | 76 | 186 | 42 | 127 | 268 |
| 10 | 1 | 36 | 5 | 172 | 88 | 383 | 56 | 172 | 16 | 16 | 50 | 43 | 21 | 35 | 153 |
| 11+ | 11 | 147 | 34 | 128 | 948 | 965 | 1174 | 1042 | 416 | 177 | 280 | 109 | 63 | 391 | 354 |
| Total | 658 | 3176 | 741 | 1254 | 2242 | 2247 | 1785 | 1818 | 2288 | 1863 | 11260 | 5637 | 548 | 1715 | 1301 |


| Autumn Spawners |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1979 | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | 24 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 11 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 4 | 61 | 150 | 2 | 7 | 4 | 47 | 23 | 11 | 96 | 139 | 1 | 18 | 17 | 9 | 16 |
| 5 | 175 | 52 | 96 | 68 | 214 | 52 | 435 | 143 | 35 | 116 | 7 | 6 | 101 | 20 | 24 |
| 6 | 15 | 71 | 146 | 182 | 67 | 209 | 92 | 598 | 52 | 10 | 1 | 12 | 32 | 86 | 15 |
| 7 | 61 | 10 | 80 | 89 | 32 | 81 | 244 | 73 | 419 | 11 | 1 | 4 | 21 | 46 | 97 |
| 8 | 37 | 54 | 95 | 206 | 17 | 69 | 122 | 216 | 79 | 50 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 36 | 28 |
| 9 | 101 | 17 | 93 | 6 | 94 | 26 | 38 | 21 | 126 | 7 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 10 | 16 |
| 10 | 71 | 68 | 51 | 37 | 11 | 22 | 52 | 2 | 25 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| 11+ | 539 | 737 | 970 | 677 | 329 | 526 | 561 | 348 | 492 | 29 | 2 | 4 | 8 | 24 | 15 |
| Total | 1086 | 1166 | 1537 | 1275 | 781 | 1035 | 1570 | 1415 | 1327 | 366 | 18 | 50 | 191 | 237 | 218 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | a | a | a | a |
| Age | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | 4 | 1 | 5 | 7 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 7 | 1 | 19 | 76 | 61 | 1 | 11 | 1 |
| 4 | 12 | 20 | 5 | 37 | 14 | 7 | 2 | 7 | 105 | 40 | 295 | 231 | 1 | 16 | 2 |
| 5 | 32 | 30 | 18 | 61 | 87 | 8 | 208 | 62 | 112 | 82 | 188 | 445 | 1 | 72 | 83 |
| 6 | 80 | 239 | 8 | 54 | 40 | 50 | 239 | 116 | 35 | 102 | 1231 | 273 | 42 | 46 | 209 |
| 7 | 30 | 90 | 56 | 24 | 23 | 33 | 173 | 182 | 106 | 10 | 1361 | 764 | 63 | 96 | 185 |
| 8 | 82 | 35 | 43 | 47 | 65 | 27 | 41 | 231 | 99 | 19 | 229 | 694 | 104 | 30 | 174 |
| 9 | 24 | 270 | 67 | 58 | 98 | 64 | 41 | 182 | 87 | 9 | 306 | 376 | 63 | 26 | 2 |
| 10 | 3 | 5 | 178 | 17 | 40 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 78 | 1 | 50 | 23 | 104 | 9 | 7 |
| 11+ | 12 | 53 | 164 | 173 | 495 | 479 | 863 | 411 | 282 | 74 | 730 | 255 | 125 | 89 | 103 |
| Total | 282 | 745 | 546 | 480 | 865 | 672 | 1573 | 1201 | 907 | 358 | 4468 | 3124 | 506 | 397 | 768 |

Spring and Autumn Spawners

|  | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1979 | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Total | 29392 | 25264 | 24988 | 24861 | 14221 | 10975 | 11006 | 10855 | 7122 | 1683 | 128 | 118 | 357 |
| $\%$ SS | 96.3 | 95.4 | 93.8 | 94.9 | 94.5 | 90.6 | 85.7 | 87.0 | 81.4 | 78.3 | 85.9 | 57.6 | 46.5 |
| $\%$ AS | 3.7 | 4.6 | 6.2 | 5.1 | 5.5 | 9.4 | 14.3 | 13.0 | 18.6 | 21.7 | 14.1 | 42.4 | 53.5 |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | a | a | a |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 |
| Total | 940 | 3921 | 1287 | 1734 | 3107 | 2919 | 3358 | 3019 | 3195 | 2221 | 15728 | 8761 | 1054 | 2112 | 2069 |
| \% SS | 70.0 | 81.0 | 57.6 | 72.3 | 72.2 | 77.0 | 53.2 | 60.2 | 71.6 | 83.9 | 71.6 | 64.3 | 52.0 | 81.2 | 62.9 |
| \% AS | 30.0 | 19.0 | 42.4 | 27.7 | 27.8 | 23.0 | 46.8 | 39.8 | 28.4 | 16.1 | 28.4 | 35.7 | 48.0 | 18.8 | 37.1 |

a - preliminary

Table 10. Commercial catch at age of spring and autumn spawning herring for Fortune Bay, 1972-2001.

| Age | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1979 | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 617 | 23 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 1515 | 2210 | 389 | 2 | 82 | 27 | 1 | 1 | 25 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | 256 | 925 | 1314 | 277 | 15 | 2103 | 42 | 1 | 16 | 144 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 54 | 1 |
| 4 | 19690 | 67 | 552 | 581 | 318 | 25 | 2677 | 183 | 3 | 16 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 145 |
| 5 | 2896 | 5694 | 130 | 112 | 228 | 327 | 62 | 3833 | 69 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 39 | 4 |
| 6 | 10767 | 475 | 4435 | 87 | 129 | 166 | 237 | 15 | 1122 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 12 | 69 |
| 7 | 351 | 1712 | 250 | 1490 | 11 | 26 | 43 | 165 | 7 | 21 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 20 |
| 8 | 4432 | 73 | 1094 | 16 | 338 | 43 | 139 | 5 | 183 | 2 | 36 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 6 |
| 9 | 991 | 282 | 36 | 142 | 36 | 188 | 52 | 24 | 1 | 23 | 1 | 10 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 10 | 34 | 558 | 117 | 22 | 188 | 4 | 326 | 1 | 11 | 1 | 5 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| 11+ | 366 | 173 | 255 | 201 | 140 | 244 | 302 | 167 | 50 | 12 | 5 | 18 | 23 | 15 | 14 |
| Total | 41915 | 12192 | 8573 | 2931 | 1486 | 3154 | 3882 | 4396 | 1488 | 228 | 59 | 39 | 42 | 130 | 264 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | a | a | a | a |
| Age | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 464 |
| 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 108 | 1 | 112 |
| 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 23 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 201 | 1 | 1 | 27 | 193 | 122 |
| 5 | 304 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 8 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 14 | 12 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3159 |
| 6 | 11 | 219 | 18 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 327 | 1 | 14 | 17 | 1 | 1 | 48 | 18 | 196 |
| 7 | 49 | 7 | 274 | 12 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 24 | 24 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 816 | 102 | 94 |
| 8 | 18 | 26 | 1 | 155 | 6 | 1 | 3 | 9 | 569 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 152 | 1239 | 215 |
| 9 | 4 | 6 | 17 | 17 | 274 | 2 | 8 | 23 | 36 | 47 | 1 | 1 | 120 | 195 | 540 |
| 10 | 1 | 1 | 11 | 20 | 1 | 75 | 10 | 8 | 36 | 6 | 15 | 1 | 1 | 191 | 151 |
| 11+ | 38 | 10 | 24 | 1 | 72 | 266 | 217 | 647 | 728 | 38 | 355 | 1 | 478 | 830 | 712 |
| Total | 429 | 274 | 350 | 213 | 389 | 353 | 573 | 723 | 1425 | 326 | 379 | 11 | 1753 | 2772 | 5766 |


| Autumn Spawners |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1979 | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | 1 | 1 | 7 | 1 | 7 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 4 | 1 | 48 | 9 | 22 | 9 | 23 | 1 | 7 | 4 | 64 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 17 | 3 |
| 5 | 84 | 50 | 87 | 12 | 38 | 19 | 36 | 5 | 3 | 16 | 7 | 1 | 9 | 4 | 8 |
| 6 | 25 | 79 | 65 | 39 | 26 | 19 | 6 | 50 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 26 | 16 |
| 7 | 185 | 8 | 12 | 19 | 13 | 1 | 25 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 12 | 38 |
| 8 | 44 | 32 | 27 | 20 | 1 | 1 | 12 | 17 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 7 | 12 |
| 9 | 310 | 15 | 5 | 11 | 27 | 1 | 6 | 12 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 5 |
| 10 | 125 | 27 | 1 | 7 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 11+ | 793 | 97 | 85 | 45 | 9 | 2 | 18 | 12 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 5 |
| Total | 1570 | 359 | 300 | 178 | 133 | 70 | 108 | 108 | 20 | 93 | 18 | 12 | 27 | 76 | 91 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | a | a | a | a |
| Age | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 10 |
| 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 10 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 8 | 1 |
| 5 | 4 | 1 | 6 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 25 | 65 |
| 6 | 7 | 5 | 1 | 12 | 8 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 26 | 205 |
| 7 | 11 | 5 | 6 | 17 | 1 | 3 | 11 | 1 | 25 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 27 | 44 | 75 |
| 8 | 25 | 1 | 31 | 7 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 31 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 36 | 65 |
| 9 | 10 | 13 | 3 | 54 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 10 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 1 |
| 10 | 5 | 1 | 17 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 16 | 84 |
| 11+ | 14 | 10 | 5 | 5 | 1 | 5 | 26 | 14 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 148 | 251 |
| Total | 80 | 41 | 75 | 114 | 22 | 24 | 48 | 24 | 74 | 12 | 11 | 11 | 38 | 312 | 759 |

Spring and Autumn Spawners

|  | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 | 1975 | 1976 | 1977 | 1978 | 1979 | 1980 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Total | 43485 | 12551 | 8873 | 3109 | 1619 | 3224 | 3990 | 4504 | 1508 | 321 | 77 | 51 | 69 |
| $\%$ SS | 96.4 | 97.1 | 96.6 | 94.3 | 91.8 | 97.8 | 97.3 | 97.6 | 98.7 | 71.0 | 76.6 | 76.5 | 60.9 |
| $\%$ AS | 3.6 | 2.9 | 3.4 | 5.7 | 8.2 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 1.3 | 29.0 | 23.4 | 23.5 | 39.1 |


|  | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 20 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 509 | 315 | 425 | 327 | 411 | 377 | 621 | 747 | 1499 | 338 | 390 | 22 | 1791 | 3084 | 6525 |
| \% SS | 84.3 | 87.0 | 82.4 | 65.1 | 94.6 | 93.6 | 92.3 | 96.8 | 95.1 | 96.4 | 97.2 | 50.0 | 97.9 | 89.9 | 88.4 |
| \% AS | 15.7 | 13.0 | 17.6 | 34.9 | 5.4 | 6.4 | 7.7 | 3.2 | 4.9 | 3.6 | 2.8 | 50.0 | 2.1 | 10.1 | 11.6 |

a - preliminary

Table 11. Mean weights at age ( g ) of spring-spawning herring, by stock area, from samples collected January to June, 1996-2001. Sample sizes are in parenthesis.

| Stock Area | Age |  | 1996 |  | 1997 |  | 1998 |  | 1999 |  | 2000 |  | 2001 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| WB-NDB | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 106 | (1) |
|  | 3 | - | - | 106 | (8) | 112 | (33) | - | - | 116 | (6) | 134 | (12) |
|  | 4 | 154 | (1) | - |  | 147 | (375) | 155 | (277) | 170 | (37) | 149 | (204) |
|  | 5 | 167 | (124) | 230 | (1) | 170 | (1) | 176 | (363) | 193 | (184) | 185 | (51) |
|  | 6 | 201 | (703) | 192 | (175) | 201 | (3) | 216 | (5) | 214 | (130) | 215 | (325) |
|  | 7 | 239 | (31) | 223 | (332) | 227 | (42) | 245 | (3) | 261 | (2) | 238 | (120) |
|  | 8 | 254 | (62) | 250 | (25) | 237 | (160) | 254 | (58) | 302 | (2) | 265 | (2) |
|  | 9 | 274 | (198) | 259 | (48) | 248 | (5) | 259 | (85) | 300 | (4) | 330 | (3) |
|  | 10 | 289 | (12) | 292 | (80) | 283 | (21) | 294 | (12) | 320 | (6) | 327 | (2) |
|  | 11+ |  | (49) | 354 | (93) | 363 | (185) | 340 | (78) | 378 | (44) | 336 | (5) |
| BB-TB | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 101 | (4) | 97 | (1) |
|  | 3 | - | - | 115 | (13) | 143 | (12) | 168 | (1) | 139 | (4) | 145 | (45) |
|  | 4 | 161 | (7) | - | - | 172 | (60) | 187 | (262) | 186 | (26) | 164 | (44) |
|  | 5 | 189 | (827) | 203 | (19) | 219 | (2) | 207 | (108) | 225 | (209) | 194 | (24) |
|  | 6 | 215 | (127) | 214 | 1044) | 238 | (18) | 234 | (6) | 243 | (122) | 243 | (182) |
|  | 7 | 258 | (31) | 235 | (128) | 245 | (746) | 246 | (12) | 251 | (15) | 261 | (72) |
|  | 8 | 271 | (40) | 272 | (36) | 254 | (59) | 275 | (574) | 276 | (8) | 283 | (12) |
|  | 9 | 280 | (135) | 287 | (33) | 256 | (2) | 282 | (26) | 312 | (450) | 288 | (18) |
|  | 10 | 308 | (20) | 301 | $(91$ | 293 | (16) | 287 | (4) | 325 | (50) | 304 | (106) |
|  | 11+ | 345 | (194) | 341 | (179) | 339 | (74) | 340 | (34) | 332 | (53) | 328 | (208) |
| SMB-PB | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 2 | - | - | 71 | (4) | 79 | (7) | 157 | (4) | 113 | (6) | 79 | (5) |
|  | 3 | - | - | 122 | (19) | 130 | (161) | 143 | (266) | 135 | (56) | 138 | (15) |
|  | 4 | 170 | (179) | 112 | (1) | 178 | (37) | 175 | (72) | 170 | (219) | 166 | (16) |
|  | 5 | 224 | (499) | 211 | (134) | 205 | (4) | 198 | (27) | 192 | (50) | 189 | (170) |
|  | 6 | 270 | (34) | 251 | (562) | 258 | (37) | - | ( | 228 | (130) | 244 | (104) |
|  | 7 | 301 | (16) | 278 | (64) | 286 | (376) | 264 | (50) | 239 | (7) | 266 | (32) |
|  | 8 | 353 | (4) | 312 | (16) | 300 | (57) | 309 | (147) | 271 | (38) | 289 | (13) |
|  | 9 | 349 | (21) | 317 | (8) | 328 | (14) | 298 | (17) | 300 | (53) | 280 | (25) |
|  | 10 | 388 | (2) | 331 | (4) | 326 | (7) | 322 | (8) | 306 | (24) | 312 | (37) |
|  | 11+ | 426 | (97) | 413 | (126) | 424 | (68) | 394 | (57) | 352 | (66) | 341 | (120) |
| FB | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 79 | (10) |
|  | 3 | - | - | 121 | (7) | 99 | (1) | 103 | (787) | - | - | 128 | (2) |
|  | 4 | 167 | (61) | 168 | (4) | 186 | (2) | 152 | (38) | 148 | (94) | 177 | (7) |
|  | 5 | 205 | (89) | 190 | (274) | - | - | 185 | (23) | 186 | (25) | 179 | (365) |
|  | 6 | 237 | (77) | 226 | (152) | 227 | (302) | 217 | (18) | 218 | (9) | 214 | (69) |
|  | 7 | 256 | (8) | 262 | (90) | 250 | (71) | 249 | (285) | 226 | (8) | 251 | (57) |
|  | 8 | 292 | (12) | 285 | (12) | 281 | (90) | 279 | (113) | 255 | (126) | 260 | (60) |
|  | 9 | 309 | (150) | 287 | (14) | 292 | (11) | 303 | (37) | 296 | (137) | 278 | (133) |
|  | 10 | 337 | (16) | 317 | (66) | 320 | (13) | 323 | (17) | 311 | (36) | 303 | (75) |
|  | 11+ | 391 | (257) | 384 | (326) | 360 | (185) | 373 | (242) | 361 | (232) | 338 | (287) |

Table 12. Commercial catch ( $t$ ) and number of fish sampled (bold print) for 2001, by stock area, gear type and month. Boxed areas indicate the catch - sample combinations used for calculating commercial catch at age.


Table 13. Spring research gill net catch rates at age (numbers per days fished), spring spawners only, by stock area and year.

White Bay - Notre Dame Bay

| Age | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4.7 | 16.0 | 83.5 | 11.0 | 0.0 |
| 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.9 | 43.3 | 51.6 | 247.1 | 21.5 |
| 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 22.2 | 11.2 | 52.9 | 28.8 | 493.7 |
| 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 59.6 | 126.9 | 16.3 | 13.7 | 33.5 |
| 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5.6 | 182.9 | 144.6 | 7.5 | 13.7 |
| 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4.7 | 9.7 | 195.5 | 84.2 | 10.3 |
| 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12.0 | 16.0 | 11.5 | 164.3 | 47.2 |
| 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.8 | 24.3 | 26.5 | 21.9 | 127.9 |
| 11+ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 34.1 | 56.4 | 97.1 | 106.1 | 110.8 |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |  | 146.4 | 486.4 | 678.8 | 684.6 | 858.6 |


| Age | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  |
| 2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 |  |
| 3 | 1.2 | 0.6 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.2 | 7.9 | 6.5 | 0.3 | 0.6 |  |
| 4 | 10.9 | 232.0 | 18.5 | 0.9 | 0.6 | 117.6 | 70.3 | 2.6 | 46.4 |  |
| 5 | 51.0 | 14.6 | 300.1 | 47.9 | 3.2 | 0.2 | 85.1 | 14.7 | 9.3 |  |
| 6 | 359.9 | 52.1 | 20.2 | 286.0 | 77.1 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 16.8 | 39.9 |  |
| 7 | 18.8 | 182.7 | 45.9 | 12.7 | 139.5 | 10.3 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 16.4 |  |
| 8 | 6.7 | 14.1 | 104.1 | 21.6 | 8.6 | 43.3 | 9.5 | 2.3 | 0.1 |  |
| 9 | 13.4 | 7.6 | 8.4 | 74.2 | 17.6 | 1.7 | 15.0 | 0.9 | 0.2 |  |
| 10 | 29.7 | 12.9 | 9.5 | 5.2 | 31.0 | 6.9 | 2.8 | 0.3 | 0.7 |  |
| $11+$ | 115.9 | 69.1 | 52.1 | 21.1 | 39.4 | 56.8 | 18.0 | 0.6 | 0.1 |  |
| Total | 606.9 | 585.7 | 559.8 | 469.5 | 320.0 | 246.0 | 202.1 | 48.8 | 113.6 | 32.8 |

Bonavista Bay - Trinity Bay

| Age | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5.6 | 2.3 | 8.8 | 0.9 | 0.3 |
| 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.3 | 21.8 | 8.2 | 50.1 | 1.2 |
| 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2.3 | 0.9 | 27.7 | 12.0 | 46.2 |
| 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 29.2 | 5.5 | 4.5 | 27.9 | 8.1 |
| 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.5 | 57.7 | 12.2 | 3.2 | 10.3 |
| 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.4 | 0.9 | 60.8 | 19.8 | 2.3 |
| 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 62.3 | 17.6 |
| 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.0 | 0.7 | 3.2 | 3.8 | 34.8 |
| 11+ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12.2 | 5.5 | 8.9 | 8.3 | 16.8 |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |  | 51.2 | 96.1 | 135.1 | 188.2 | 137.6 |


| Age | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  |
| 2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.2 |  |
| 3 | 2.6 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.8 | 1.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 4.1 |  |
| 4 | 1.7 | 16.6 | 34.3 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 5.7 | 17.6 | 2.6 | 4.4 |  |
| 5 | 8.2 | 9.6 | 8.2 | 140.9 | 3.3 | 0.2 | 7.2 | 11.9 | 2.9 |  |
| 6 | 50.6 | 12.6 | 1.7 | 20.8 | 181.9 | 1.7 | 0.4 | 5.8 | 14.2 |  |
| 7 | 6.4 | 65.0 | 4.6 | 5.3 | 23.7 | 62.3 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 3.5 |  |
| 8 | 7.0 | 6.5 | 19.9 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 4.6 | 29.8 | 0.2 | 0.6 |  |
| 9 | 3.7 | 8.9 | 2.6 | 20.8 | 7.0 | 2.1 | 1.4 | 12.7 | 1.1 |  |
| 10 | 13.1 | 7.5 | 3.0 | 3.7 | 16.7 | 1.3 | 0.3 | 4.1 | 4.5 |  |
| $11+$ | 20.2 | 40.1 | 25.0 | 31.4 | 38.2 | 5.9 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 5.7 |  |
| Total | 113.5 | 167.6 | 99.2 | 229.1 | 278.9 | 83.0 | 59.9 | 40.5 | 41.1 | 22.4 |

Table 13 (cont.'). Spring research gill net catch rates at age (numbers per days fished), spring spawners only, by stock area and year.

St. Mary's Bay - Placentia Bay

| Age | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 2 | 0.2 | 1.6 | 0.7 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 |
| 3 | 0.2 | 10.2 | 18.6 | 59.3 | 0.3 | 13.7 | 2.3 | 23.5 | 11.2 | 0.9 | 2.7 |
| 4 | 0.6 | 1.8 | 21.9 | 5.9 | 125.6 | 1.7 | 4.2 | 6.0 | 19.5 | 16.5 | 0.7 |
| 5 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 7.0 | 9.9 | 8.5 | 152.1 | 2.7 | 1.8 | 5.7 | 7.1 | 21.8 |
| 6 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 2.7 | 6.9 | 17.4 | 11.6 | 100.2 | 3.5 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 3.8 |
| 7 | 0.2 | 3.2 | 0.9 | 2.4 | 3.4 | 17.7 | 6.2 | 64.3 | 5.0 | 0.5 | 2.4 |
| 8 | 1.7 | 0.4 | 7.3 | 2.1 | 2.6 | 4.0 | 14.4 | 3.3 | 69.9 | 1.1 | 1.0 |
| 9 | 0.4 | 4.7 | 0.2 | 8.6 | 0.1 | 2.1 | 3.0 | 12.6 | 2.4 | 8.3 | 1.6 |
| 10 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 10.1 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 0.6 | 0.1 | 3.1 | 16.7 | 1.1 | 7.5 |
| $11+$ | 6.5 | 19.4 | 47.0 | 45.4 | 12.1 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 4.9 | 6.8 | 4.8 | 13.1 |
| Total | 11.9 | 43.8 | 116.3 | 143.1 | 172.5 | 210.7 | 140.7 | 123.2 | 139.5 | 42.3 | 54.8 |


| Age | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  |
| 2 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 1.1 | 0.2 | 0.4 |  |
| 3 | 3.5 | 15.6 | 11.3 | 0.0 | 4.1 | 22.6 | 67.7 | 11.6 | 6.2 |  |
| 4 | 3.3 | 25.4 | 49.2 | 54.9 | 0.3 | 5.5 | 21.4 | 74.2 | 7.0 |  |
| 5 | 1.5 | 2.9 | 1.8 | 159.8 | 20.4 | 0.3 | 8.0 | 13.8 | 122.7 |  |
| 6 | 12.1 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 9.3 | 66.7 | 10.1 | 0.0 | 6.1 | 35.3 |  |
| 7 | 2.4 | 6.9 | 0.8 | 5.9 | 12.6 | 26.2 | 13.0 | 0.1 | 13.0 |  |
| 8 | 2.7 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.4 | 4.4 | 31.2 | 2.2 | 6.6 |  |
| 9 | 1.1 | 3.8 | 1.2 | 5.9 | 2.2 | 1.3 | 4.4 | 3.2 | 8.7 |  |
| 10 | 2.1 | 3.2 | 0.3 | 0.8 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 8.8 |  |
| $11+$ | 17.2 | 45.6 | 3.5 | 28.0 | 26.8 | 7.9 | 15.1 | 11.6 | 2.8 |  |
| Total | 46.2 | 105.9 | 70.3 | 266.3 | 135.8 | 79.8 | 164.3 | 124.7 | 212.7 | 373.8 |

Fortune Bay

| Age | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 2 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| 3 | 0.6 | 8.4 | 0.0 | 14.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 12.1 | 98.8 | 0.6 | 0.3 |
| 4 | 0.8 | 6.0 | 22.1 | 2.8 | 224.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 1.4 | 54.4 | 3.6 |
| 5 | 0.6 | 3.9 | 15.0 | 204.5 | 8.8 | 532.2 | 3.1 | 0.9 | 0.0 | 16.8 | 61.3 |
| 6 | 0.1 | 3.1 | 6.1 | 69.2 | 69.9 | 11.7 | 420.7 | 15.8 | 0.0 | 2.2 | 11.6 |
| 7 | 0.2 | 2.4 | 1.4 | 15.7 | 48.3 | 48.3 | 9.8 | 659.3 | 6.2 | 1.7 | 1.3 |
| 8 | 6.0 | 2.7 | 4.1 | 4.6 | 10.0 | 20.7 | 50.6 | 14.8 | 236.8 | 21.9 | 1.7 |
| 9 | 0.3 | 44.0 | 0.3 | 8.8 | 0.8 | 4.8 | 11.4 | 64.9 | 19.7 | 283.8 | 6.3 |
| 10 | 0.8 | 4.6 | 4.4 | 6.5 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 2.1 | 33.4 | 59.0 | 38.1 | 70.3 |
| 11+ | 0.8 | 53.7 | 102.5 | 135.3 | 35.9 | 71.8 | 19.6 | 124.3 | 56.1 | 141.4 | 175.0 |
| Total | 10.3 | 128.7 | 156.0 | 461.6 | 399.3 | 690.2 | 516.8 | 927.3 | 479.4 | 560.9 | 331.4 |


| Age | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  |
| 2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  |
| 3 | 0.0 | 1.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.4 | 82.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  |
| 4 | 0.0 | 32.1 | 22.6 | 19.0 | 0.0 | 3.7 | 36.7 | 124.2 | 1.2 |  |
| 5 | 9.1 | 14.0 | 85.4 | 134.5 | 89.2 | 0.0 | 21.3 | 40.7 | 257.5 |  |
| 6 | 140.4 | 21.4 | 8.9 | 112.1 | 193.1 | 514.2 | 15.4 | 8.7 | 54.8 |  |
| 7 | 5.0 | 252.5 | 19.8 | 12.1 | 103.9 | 144.5 | 245.8 | 10.9 | 66.4 |  |
| 8 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 258.4 | 19.0 | 19.6 | 161.6 | 161.3 | 124.2 | 78.1 |  |
| 9 | 0.0 | 12.0 | 39.0 | 187.1 | 17.6 | 19.6 | 40.1 | 109.7 | 124.7 |  |
| 10 | 9.5 | 12.0 | 12.3 | 19.0 | 104.9 | 28.2 | 21.3 | 55.9 | 117.7 |  |
| $11+$ | 245.3 | 319.3 | 237.2 | 360.4 | 451.8 | 350.2 | 230.4 | 251.4 | 464.8 |  |
| Total | 413.0 | 668.0 | 683.6 | 862.3 | 980.0 | 1224.3 | 853.5 | 726.6 | 1165.0 | 512.8 |

Table 14. Biological sampling details of herring, Valerie Amanda II, Trip \#2, White bay - Notre Dame Bay, November - December, 2000.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stratum | Survey Date(s) | Sample Date | Sample Location | Gear Type | Sample \#'s | $n$ | Mean Lgt. Mean Wgt. <br> $(\mathrm{mm})$ | $(\mathrm{g})$ |

Table 15. Mean lengths and weights, by stratum, used to calculate target strengths for 2000 White Bay - Notre Dame Bay survey.

| Stratum | Combined Samples | Mean Lgt. <br> $(\mathrm{mm})$ | Mean Wgt. <br> $(\mathrm{g})$ | TS / fish <br> $(\mathrm{dB})$ | $\mathrm{TS} / \mathrm{g}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22 and 24 | $203,202,198$ | 307 | 240 | -35.76 | -59.56 |

Table 16. White Bay - Notre Dame Bay herring biomass estimate from the 2000 acoustic survey.


Table 16 (cont.'). White Bay - Notre Dame Bay herring biomass estimate from the 2000 acoustic survey.


Table 16 (cont.'). White Bay - Notre Dame Bay herring biomass estimate from the 2000 acoustic survey.


Table 17. Comparison of population numbers at age (millions) and biomass estimates ( t ), spring spawners only, from acoustic surveys of White Bay - Notre Dame Bay.

| Age | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 0 | 623.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 14.6 | 0.1 |  |  |
| 1 | 979.1 | 187.7 | 0.0 | 12.6 | 0.4 | 29.6 |  |  |
| 2 | 33.0 | 572.2 | 438.6 | 4.3 | 5.1 | 2.2 |  |  |
| 3 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 832.5 | 27.1 | 1.6 | 1.3 |  |  |
| 4 | 81.5 | 3.5 | 9.5 | 212.8 | 24.5 | 0.9 |  |  |
| 5 | 4.2 | 34.2 | 0.0 | 17.6 | 65.4 | 9.5 |  |  |
| 6 | 4.2 | 8.0 | 12.9 | 32.0 | 2.0 | 28.9 |  |  |
| 7 | 22.2 | 6.1 | 0.0 | 36.2 | 1.8 | 2.0 |  |  |
| 8 | 0.0 | 15.4 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 4.4 | 4.0 |  |  |
| 9 | 9.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.3 | 1.3 | 5.2 |  |  |
| 10 | 0.0 | 3.2 | 0.0 | 7.5 | 0.8 | 1.1 |  |  |
| $11+$ | 54.3 | 162.8 | 26.1 | 70.7 | 2.9 | 12.3 |  |  |
| Total | 1815.1 | 997.7 | 1319.6 | 421.9 | 124.8 | 97.1 |  |  |
| Biomass (t) | 136000 | 78700 | 198400 | 126200 | 30900 | 22500 |  |  |


| Age | 1992 | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 3226.3 |  | 0.0 |  |  |  | 28.6 |  | 0 |
| 1 | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  |  |  | 29.0 |  | 0 |
| 2 | 70.7 |  | 0.0 |  |  |  | 1.9 |  | 0 |
| 3 | 2.1 |  | 0.4 |  |  |  | 53.0 |  | 0.1 |
| 4 | 7.2 |  | 4.2 |  |  |  | 34.1 |  | 0 |
| 5 | 191.5 |  | 0.1 |  |  |  | 0.0 |  | 0.5 |
| 6 | 22.5 |  | 0.1 |  |  |  | 0.0 |  | 0.3 |
| 7 | 10.1 |  | 2.9 |  |  |  | 1.0 |  | 0 |
| 8 | 9.3 |  | 0.1 |  |  |  | 1.9 |  | 0 |
| 9 | 16.4 |  | 0.2 |  |  |  | 0.8 |  | 0 |
| 10 | 57.2 |  | 0.2 |  |  |  | 0.4 |  | 0 |
| 11+ | 18.8 |  | 0.6 |  |  |  | 0.9 |  | 0 |
| Total | 3632.1 |  | 9.7 |  |  |  | 151.8 |  | 0.9 |
| Biomass (t) | 104500 |  | 2100 |  |  |  | 19200 |  | 230 |

Table 18. Biological sampling details of herring, Three T's 1, Trip \#2, Fortune Bay, March 2001.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stratum | Survey Date(s) | Sample Date | Sample Location | Gear Type | Sample \#'s | $n$ | Mean Lgt. <br> $(\mathrm{mm})$ | Mean Wgt. <br> $(\mathrm{g})$ |
| 84 | Mar. 19-23 | Mar. 22 | Long Harbour | Res. PS | $1,2,4,5,6$ | 250 | 310 | 223 |

Table 19. Mean lengths and weights, by stratum, used to calculate target strengths for 2001 Fortune Bay acoustic survey.

| Stratum | Combined Samples | Mean Lgt. <br> $(\mathrm{mm})$ | Mean Wgt. <br> $(\mathrm{g})$ | TS / fish <br> $(\mathrm{dB})$ | TS / g |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 84 | $1,2,4,5,6$ | 310 | 223 | -35.67 | -59.16 |

Table 20. Fortune Bay herring biomass estimate from the 2001 herring acoustic survey.


Table 20 (cont.'). Fortune Bay herring biomass estimate from the 2001 herring acoustic survey.


Table 21. Comparison of population numbers at age (millions) and biomass estimates ( t ), spring spawners only, from acoustic surveys of Fortune Bay.

| Age | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 | 1990 | 1991 | 1992 | 1993 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0.0 |  |  |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  |
| 1 | 0.0 |  |  |  | 0.0 |  | 0.2 |  |
| 2 | 0.0 |  |  |  | 0.0 |  | 5.1 |  |
| 3 | 0.0 |  |  |  | 22.4 |  | 0.1 |  |
| 4 | 18.4 |  |  |  | 2.2 |  | 0.7 |  |
| 5 | 0.6 |  |  |  | 0.3 |  | 9.2 |  |
| 6 | 2.1 |  |  |  | 0.3 |  | 0.7 |  |
| 7 | 1.8 |  |  |  | 7.3 |  | 0.0 |  |
| 8 | 0.9 |  |  |  | 19.3 |  | 0.4 |  |
| 9 | 0.6 |  |  |  | 0.8 |  | 5.6 |  |
| 10 | 1.5 |  |  |  | 0.8 |  | 22.8 |  |
| 11+ | 3.5 |  |  |  | 2.2 |  | 13.0 |  |
| Total | 29.4 |  |  |  | 55.6 |  | 57.8 |  |
| Biomass (t) | 9100 |  |  |  | 14400 |  | 18400 |  |


| Age | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  |  |
| 1 |  | 0.6 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  |  |
| 2 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  |  |
| 3 |  | 14.2 |  | 1.3 |  | 161.3 |  |  |
| 4 |  | 1.9 |  | 1.1 |  | 5.4 |  |  |
| 5 |  | 4.4 |  | 47.2 |  | 2.4 |  | 8.1 |
| 6 |  | 0.0 |  | 9.3 |  | 1.1 |  | 0.7 |
| 7 |  | 0.0 |  | 6.7 |  | 23.7 |  | 0.2 |
| 8 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.2 |  | 4.6 |  | 1.2 |
| 9 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.8 |  | 1.7 |  | 1.8 |
| 10 |  | 0.0 |  | 1.1 |  | 0.8 |  | 0.5 |
| 11+ |  | 0.3 |  | 5.3 |  | 10.0 |  | 2 |
| Total |  | 21.4 |  | 72.9 |  | 211.1 |  | 14.6 |
| Biomass (t) |  | 2500 |  | 15500 |  | 30000 |  | 3215 |

Table 22. Parameters, catch rates and abundance indices, by stock area and year, from commercial gill net logbook data.

| Stock <br> Area | Year | Number <br> of <br> Fishers | Mean Age of Fishers | Fishing Start | Dates End | Total Nets Fished | Total Nights Fished | Mean Mesh Size (mm) | Mean Panel Size (sq m) | Total Logbook Catch (t) | Total Comm. Catch <br> (t) | Catch / Std. Net/ Night Fished (kg) | Current Year Abundance Index | Previous Year Abundance Index | Current Year Spawning Index |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| WBNDB | 1981 | 8 |  | 01-Apr | 23-May | 110 | 60 |  |  | 50.5 | 2855 | 68.5 |  |  |  |
|  | 1983 | 38 |  | 18-Apr | 14-Jul | 78 | 1017 |  |  | 68.0 | 406 | 41.8 |  |  |  |
|  | 1996 | 16 |  | 01-Apr | 18-Jun | 108 | 440 | 64.7 | 299 | 68.5 | 229 | 38.4 |  | 5.75 |  |
|  | 1997 | 9 | 45.3 | 10-May | 30-Jun | 35 | 265 | 63.8 | 205 | 9.2 | 20 | 36.7 | 5.00 | 5.85 | -7.00 |
|  | 1998 | 13 | 46.7 | 15-Apr | 30-Jun | 49 | 486 | 62.6 | 237 | 8.7 | 31 | 14.9 | 3.00 | 3.33 | 3.91 |
|  | 1999 | 5 | 38.2 | 20-Apr | 30-Jun | 24 | 214 | 63.3 | 363 | 9.7 | 34 | 17.3 | 5.83 | 3.67 | 73.80 |
|  | 2000 | 8 | 47.1 | 15-Apr | 10-Jul | 19 | 306 | 63.4 | 310 | 6.8 | 19 | 22.5 | 2.69 | 3.93 | 3.55 |
|  | 2001 | 10 | 45.1 | 05-May | 12-Jul | 28 | 325 | 60.8 | 201 | 8.2 | 4 | 25.3 | 4.60 | 2.83 | - 4.42 |
|  | 2002 | 6 | 48.5 | 30-Apr | 21-Jun | 14 | 188 | 60.6 | 263 | 2.7 |  | 1.3 | 2.33 |  | 1.00 |
| BBTB | 1981 | 10 |  | 02-Apr | 04-May | 89 | 145 |  |  | 33.0 | 1766 | 25.9 |  |  |  |
|  | 1983 | 18 |  | 18-Apr | 25-Jun | 30 | 494 |  |  | 11.5 | 69 | 15.5 |  |  |  |
|  | 1996 | 11 |  | 02-Apr | 05-Jun | 94 | 252 | 65.3 | 214 | 51.5 | 378 | 52.6 |  | 6.17 |  |
|  | 1997 | 6 | 45.0 | 07-Apr | 27-Jun | 38 | 287 | 66.1 | 312 | 39.4 | 201 | 27.9 | 8.00 | 5.80 | - 8.33 |
|  | 1998 | 6 | 45.0 | 02-Apr | 21-Jun | 52 | 191 | 66.0 | 245 | 16.3 | 170 | 13.5 | 5.00 | 6.00 | - 7.33 |
|  | 1999 | 5 | 51.0 | 02-Apr | 29-Jun | 19 | 173 | 66.0 | 330 | 28.7 | 195 | 27.8 | 6.00 | 3.70 | - 3.50 |
|  | 2000 | 9 | 48.7 | 08-Apr | 30-Jun | 29 | 316 | 65.3 | 349 | 23.6 | 202 | 36.7 | 4.27 | 4.45 | - 3.71 |
|  | 2001 | 10 | 46.3 | 13-Apr | 30-Jun | 27 | 357 | 66.3 | 298 | 22.3 | 56 | 33.2 | 3.82 | 2.17 | 73.60 |
|  | 2002 | 7 | 51.8 | 20-Apr | 21-Jun | 14 | 227 | 66.4 | 320 | 1.2 |  | 5.5 | 1.40 |  | 2.00 |
| SMBPB | 1983 | 6 |  | 18-Apr | 29-Jun | 10 | 192 |  |  | 1.2 | 40 | 3.4 |  |  |  |
|  | 1996 | 13 |  | 19-Mar | 15-Jun | 54 | 499 | 67.1 | 261 | 45.3 | 38 | 31.4 |  | 5.50 |  |
|  | 1997 | 6 | 50.3 | 12-Feb | 24-Jun | 39 | 334 | 68.3 | 265 | 15.4 | 20 | 20.7 | 3.50 | 3.29 | - 4.50 |
|  | 1998 | 8 | 52.4 | 17-Mar | 25-Jun | 41 | 1046 | 68.2 | 257 | 25.9 | 19 | 20.2 | 2.57 | 3.38 | - 4.83 |
|  | 1999 | 6 | 51.0 | 21-Feb | 29-May | 31 | 577 | 65.6 | 319 | 11.9 | 1 | 12.0 | 2.75 | 4.50 | - 1.83 |
|  | 2000 | 1 | 56.5 | 01-Apr | 26-May | 5 | 56 | 66.7 | 334 | 2.7 | 0 | 10.1 | 4.00 | 2.80 | - 2.00 |
|  | 2001 | 3 | 51.6 | 28-Apr | 23-Jun | 8 | 88 | 65.3 | 226 | 2.0 | 39 | 10.0 | 3.00 | 3.00 | - 3.25 |
|  | 2002 | 3 | 56.3 | 20-Feb | 08-Jun | 10 | 180 | 65.8 | 263 | 13.8 |  | 22.9 | 3.67 |  | 4.00 |
| FB | 1996 | 11 |  | 08-Apr | 10-Jun | 40 | 837 | 68.6 | 304 | 60 | 30 | 37.5 |  | 7.33 |  |
|  | 1997 | 13 | 49.8 | 29-Mar | 28-Jun | 57 | 1350 | 66.9 | 271 | 68.9 | 28 | 39.4 | 7.60 | 6.55 | - 8.43 |
|  | 1998 | 11 | 49.3 | 01-Apr | 17-Jun | 34 | 898 | 65.2 | 218 | 41.3 | 1 | 54.7 | 7.40 | 8.38 | - 7.22 |
|  | 1999 | 8 | 49.0 | 21-Mar | 15-Jun | 23 | 498 | 65.8 | 313 | 36.1 | 29 | 37.9 | 8.14 | 8.10 | - 7.14 |
|  | 2000 | 11 | 49.8 | 25-Mar | 12-Jun | 28 | 618 | 68.3 | 274 | 81.3 | 16 | 74.0 | 8.45 | 7.63 | - 8.09 |
|  | 2001 | 8 | 53.8 | 28-Mar | 21-Jun | 20 | 667 | 65.6 | 311 | 54.6 | 0 | 38.2 | 6.75 | 7.40 | - 6.00 |
|  | 2002 | 5 | 54.0 | 28-Mar | 29-Jun | 11 | 353 | 65.5 | 302 | 31.4 |  | 56.7 | 7.20 |  | 7.00 |

Table 23. Number of herring purse seine fishers who participated in the fishery and number of respondants to the questionnaire, by year, bay, and stock area.

|  | 1996 |  |  | 1997 |  |  | 1998 |  |  | 1999 |  |  | 2000 |  |  | 2001 |  |  | 2002 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Area | Fished | Respond | \% | Fished | Respond | \% | Fished | Respond | \% | Fished | Respond | \% | Fished | Respond | \% | Fished | Respond | \% | Fished | Respond | \% |
| wB | 7 | 7 | 100 | 2 | 2 | 100 | 2 | 2 | 100 |  | 22 | 100 |  | 64 | 67 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | - - |
| NDB | 11 | 10 | 91 | 13 | 12 | 92 | 4 | 4 | 100 | 5 | 5 | 100 |  | 65 | 83 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | - - |
| WB-NDB | 18 | 17 | 94 | 15 | 14 | 93 | 6 | 6 | 100 | 7 | 7 | 100 | 12 | 29 | 75 | 0 | 0 |  |  |  | - - |
| BB | 13 | 13 | 100 | 8 | 7 | 88 | 7 | 6 | 86 | 8 | 8 | 100 |  | 65 | 83 | 4 | 4 | 100 |  |  | - - |
| тв | 8 | 8 | 100 | 8 | 8 | 100 | 6 | 5 | 83 | 6 | 66 | 100 |  | 10 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |  |  | - - |
| вв-тв | 21 | 21 | 100 | 16 | 15 | 94 | 13 | 11 | 85 | 14 | 4 | 100 |  | 75 | 71 |  | 5 | 80 |  |  | - |
| Smb | 5 | 4 | 80 | 5 | 5 | 100 | 6 | 5 | 83 | 0 | 0 |  |  | 00 |  | 1 | 1 | 100 | 1 | 1 | 1100 |
| PB | 5 | 5 | 100 | 10 | 10 | 100 | 9 | 8 | 89 | 3 | 32 | 67 |  | 1 | 100 | 1 | 1 | 100 | 4 | 4 | 4100 |
| SMB-PB | 10 | 9 | 90 | 15 | 15 | 100 | 15 | 13 | 87 | 3 | 32 | 67 |  | 1 | 100 | 2 | 2 | 100 | 5 | 5 | 5100 |
| Overall | 49 | 47 | 96 | 46 | 44 | 96 | 34 | 30 | 88 | 24 | 423 | 96 | 20 | - 15 | 75 |  | 7 6 | 86 | 5 | 5 | 5100 |

Table 24. Herring purse seine fleet characteristics, average vessel length (ft.), average vessel capacity (lbs.), average seine lengths and depths (fathoms), by year and stock area.

| Area | Parameter | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 |
| :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| WB-NDB | Vessel Length | 54.3 | 51.6 | 50.5 | 47.8 | 52.3 | - | - |
|  | Vessel Capacity | 91353 | 70867 | 67500 | 82000 | 85000 | - | - |
|  | Seine Length | 150 | 149 | 145 | 146 | 147 | - | - |
|  | Seine Depth | 23 | 22 | 24 | 21 | 22 | - | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BB-TB | Vessel Length | 46.2 | 45.5 | 43.1 | 45.4 | 44.8 | 46 | - |
|  | Vessel Capacity | 58095 | 56133 | 48364 | 59124 | 70000 | 68750 | - |
|  | Seine Length | 150 | 141 | 137 | 136 | 137 | 140 | - |
|  | Seine Depth | 24 | 22 | 22 | 23 | 23 | 24 | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SMB-PB | Vessel Length | 49.9 | 50.1 | 50.6 | 43.5 | 42.0 | 48.7 | 43.6 |
|  | Vessel Capacity | 74556 | 69800 | 64923 | 37500 | 38000 | 46667 | 45800 |
|  | Seine Length | 189 | 198 | 194 | 163 | 165 | 175 | 157 |
|  | Seine Depth | 33 | 32 | 30 | 30 | 25 | 33 | 27 |

Table 25. Landings, discards, and total removals (landings plus dead discards) by stock area and year (all amounts are in metric tons).

| Area | Parameter | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 | 2002 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| WB-NDB | Total Landings (questionnaire) | 391.9 | 1800.5 | 301.9 | 882.4 | 651.0 | - | - |
|  | Total Landings (Statistics) | 435.0 | 2375.0 | 606.0 | 1011.0 | 1071.0 | 13.0 |  |
|  | Discarded at Sea | 445.5 | 2045.0 | 540.0 | 115.8 | 130.0 | - | - |
|  | Survival of Discards (\%) | 48.8 | 96.8 | 93.3 | 39.4 | 100.0 | - | - |
|  | Total Removals | 620.0 | 1865.6 | 338.4 | 952.8 | 651.0 | - | - |
|  | Ratio (Removals : Landings) | 1.58 | 1.04 | 1.12 | 1.08 | 1.00 | - | - |
|  | Effort (Sets / Fisher) | 1.5 | 21.0 | 18.0 | 10.0 | 2.4 | - | - |
| BB-TB | Total Landings (questionnaire) | 737.5 | 736.0 | 621.0 | 893.5 | 344.0 | 259.5 | - |
|  | Total Landings (Statistics) | 358.0 | 650.0 | 661.0 | 809.0 | 495.0 | 259.0 |  |
|  | Discarded at Sea | 209.0 | 47.0 | 8.5 | 219.0 | 264.0 | 2030.0 | - |
|  | Survival of Discards (\%) | 50.0 | 59.8 | 50.0 | 68.8 | 94.8 | 82.5 | - |
|  | Total Removals | 842.0 | 754.9 | 625.3 | 961.8 | 357.7 | 614.8 | - |
|  | Ratio (Removals : Landings) | 1.14 | 1.03 | 1.01 | 1.08 | 1.04 | 2.37 | - |
|  | Effort (Sets / Fisher) | 4.4 | 9.1 | 10.1 | 8.8 | 14.6 | 31.5 | - |
| SMB-PB | Total Landings (questionnaire) | 459.5 | 4400.9 | 1726.9 | 186.0 | 400.0 | 429.5 | 690.0 |
|  | Total Landings (Statistics) | 446.0 | 3836.0 | 2310.0 | 330.0 | 0.0 | 451.0 | - |
|  | Discarded at Sea | 225.0 | 403.0 | 790.0 | 0.0 | 105.0 | 100.0 | 150.0 |
|  | Survival of Discards (\%) | 50.0 | 81.9 | 98.8 | - | 90.0 | 95.0 | 97.5 |
|  | Total Removals | 572.0 | 4474.0 | 1736.1 | 186.0 | 410.5 | 434.5 | 693.8 |
|  | Ratio (Removals : Landings) | 1.24 | 1.02 | 1.01 | 1.00 | 1.03 | 1.01 | 1.01 |
|  | Effort (Sets / Fisher) | 1.8 | 21.1 | 10.8 | 13.0 | 24.0 | 5.5 | 6.2 |

Table 26. White Bay - Notre Dame Bay performance table to the spring of 2002.


Table 27. Bonavista Bay - Trinity Bay performance table to the spring of 2002.


Table 28. St. Mary's Bay - Placentia Bay performance report to the spring of 2002.


Table 29. Fortune Bay performance table to the spring of 2002.

| The Fishery | Observation |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reported Landings | Landings increased from 850 t in 2000 to 1300 t in 2001; $47 \%$ of the TAC was taken in 2001; average landings of 200 t during 1990's; peak landings in 2001 (since large mobile purse seine fishery in 1960's). To June 30, 2002 the catch was 2711 t , over double the catch in all of 2001. |  |  |  |  |
| Total Removals | In addition to reported landings in 2001, an unknown amount of herring (considered to be less than 400 t ) was caught in the gillnet bait fishery. |  |  |  |  |
| Geographic Distribution of Fishery | Effort in 1980's and 1990's was very low; gillnet effort peaked in 1997 and has since declined by $87 \%$; there is no purse seine fishery in Fortune Bay; the current fishery is primarily by bar seine for which no effort information is available. |  |  |  |  |
| Exploitation Pattern | The 2002 spring bar seine fishery was concentrated in the Long Harbour area; the gillnet fishery, from early April to late June, was distributed throughout Fortune Bay. |  |  |  |  |
| Abundance Indices | Observation | Interpretation |  |  | Evaluation |
| Research Gillnet Catch Rates | Decreased from 2001 to 2002; catch rates below average but still very high. | Recent decrease in abundance but still at a high level, relative to other stocks. |  |  | + |
| Acoustic Biomass Estimates | 2001 estimate second lowest of 7 surveys since 1986; increasing trend until 1999. | Abundance in 2001 lower than in previous surveys and second lowest in series. |  |  | = |
| Commercial Gillnet Catch Rates | No trend; catch rates have fluctuated at high levels for several years. | Current abundance stable at a high level. |  |  | + |
| Gillnet Fisher Observations | Abundance in 2002 perceived to be above average and stable or decreasing marginally. | Current abundance high and stable or decreasing marginally. |  |  | + |
| Recruitment (year classes since 1998) | 1998 and 1999 year classes detected in commercial bar seine catches; however, no estimates are available for these year classes. | Minimal evidence of recruitment; not quantified. |  |  | $?$ |
| Biological Characteristics | Observation | Interpretation |  |  | Evaluation |
| 2001 Age Compositions (ages 4+) | Dominated by one age group (1996 year class); fish aged $11+$ very well represented. | Population age structure is considered to be stable due to substantial contribution of older fish. |  |  | $\pm$ |
| Weight at Age | Weights at most ages have decreased continuously since the early 1980's. | Potential increase in fishing mortality per tonne caught. |  |  | $?$ |
| Length and Age at Maturity | Currently maturing at smaller lengths than in the early 1980's; age at maturity is older. | Reduction in number of eggs deposited due to lower fecundity. |  |  | $?$ |
| Ecological Considerations | Observation | Interpretation |  |  | Evaluation |
| Predation | No predation data available. |  |  |  |  |
| Water Temperature <br> (at 10 m in Arnold's Cove, PB) | Mean annual temperature decreased from $6.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in 1990 to $5.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in 1992 ; increased gradually to $7^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in 2000. | May have reduced herring growth rates in the 1990's; lower temperatures may also adversely affect recruitment. |  |  | $?$ |
| Water Salinity <br> (at Station 27, off St. John's) | Mean annual salinities decreased from 1990 to 1991 and have remained at levels lower than in the 1980's. | Lower salinities may adversely affect recruitment. |  |  | $?$ |
| STOCK STATUS | Interpretation |  | Evaluation |  |  |
| Current | Current abundance due to one year class is at a high level relative to the 1980's; population age structure is considered to be stable. |  | + |  |  |
| Prospect | One dominant year class considered to be mod other mature year classes considered weak recruitment. | derate, at best; unquantified | $?$ | Uncertainty of Interpretation |  |
| All available data indicate that this stock is at a high level due to low fishing mortality over the past fifteen years. Prospects are questionable due to potential poor recruitment of year classes since 1998. Stock status has not changed since the last assessment in 2000, when it was classified as moderate to good. |  |  |  | Positive Evaluation |  |

Table 30. Commercial purse seine effort (sets/fisher) calculated from purse seine questionnaire data.

| Stock Area | Year | \# of Fishers | \# of Sets | Sets / Fisher |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| WB-NDB | 1996 | 17 | 26 | 1.5 |
|  | 1997 | 14 | 294 | 21.0 |
|  | 1998 | 6 | 108 | 18.0 |
|  | 1999 | 7 | 70 | 10.0 |
|  | 2000 | 12 | 29 | 2.4 |
|  | 2001 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| BB-TB | 1996 | 21 | 93 | 4.4 |
|  | 1997 | 15 | 136 | 9.1 |
|  | 1998 | 11 | 111 | 10.1 |
|  | 1999 | 14 | 123 | 8.8 |
|  | 2000 | 5 | 73 | 14.6 |
|  | 2001 | 4 | 126 | 31.5 |
| SMB-PB | 1996 | 9 | 16 | 1.8 |
|  | 1997 | 15 | 316 | 21.1 |
|  | 1998 | 13 | 141 | 10.8 |
|  | 1999 | 2 | 26 | 13.0 |
|  | 2000 | 1 | 24 | 24.0 |
|  | 2001 | 2 | 11 | 5.5 |
|  | 2002 | 5 | 31 | 6.2 |

Table 31. Commercial gill net effort (net nights per fisher) calculated from logbook data.

| Stock Area | Year | \# of Fishers | \# of Nets Fished | \# of Nights Fished | Net Nights / Fisher |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| WB-NDB | 1996 | 16 | 108 | 440 | 2970 |
|  | 1997 | 9 | 35 | 265 | 1031 |
|  | 1998 | 13 | 49 | 486 | 1832 |
|  | 1999 | 5 | 24 | 214 | 1027 |
|  | 2000 | 8 | 19 | 306 | 727 |
|  | 2001 | 10 | 28 | 325 | 910 |
|  | 2002 | 6 | 14 | 188 | 439 |
| BB-TB | 1996 | 11 | 94 | 252 | 2153 |
|  | 1997 | 6 | 38 | 287 | 1818 |
|  | 1998 | 6 | 52 | 191 | 1655 |
|  | 1999 | 5 | 19 | 173 | 657 |
|  | 2000 | 9 | 29 | 316 | 1018 |
|  | 2001 | 10 | 27 | 357 | 964 |
|  | 2002 | 7 | 14 | 227 | 454 |
| SMB-PB | 1996 | 13 | 54 | 499 | 2073 |
|  | 1997 | 6 | 39 | 334 | 2171 |
|  | 1998 | 8 | 41 | 1046 | 5361 |
|  | 1999 | 6 | 31 | 577 | 2981 |
|  | 2000 | 1 | 5 | 56 | 280 |
|  | 2001 | 3 | 8 | 88 | 235 |
|  | 2002 | 3 | 10 | 180 | 600 |
| FB | 1996 | 11 | 40 | 837 | 3044 |
|  | 1997 | 13 | 57 | 1350 | 5919 |
|  | 1998 | 11 | 34 | 898 | 2776 |
|  | 1999 | 8 | 23 | 498 | 1432 |
|  | 2000 | 11 | 28 | 618 | 1573 |
|  | 2001 | 8 | 20 | 667 | 1668 |
|  | 2002 | 5 | 11 | 353 | 777 |



Figure 1. Area map indicating herring stock complexes within the Newfoundland Region.


Figure 2. East and southeast Newfoundland herring catches and TAC's, by stock area.


Figure 3. Age distribution of herring from the commercial fishery, White Bay - Notre Dame Bay, Bonavista Bay - Trinity Bay, St. Mary's Bay - Placentia Bay, and Fortune Bay, 1999 2001.


Figure 4. Mean weights at age (three year moving average) of spring spawning herring, by stock area and year, from samples collected January to June.


Figure 5. East and southeast Newfoundland herring research gill net locations.













Figure 6. Age distribution (by number) of herring from the spring research gill net program, by stock area, 1999 - 2001.


Figure 7. Spring research gill net catch rates (numbers per days fished), spring spawners only, by stock area and year.


Figure 8. Herring age distributions (by number), 1999 - 2001, and catch rates (numbers per days fished), 1988 - 2002, from the spring research gill net program for WB-NDB separately.


Figure 9. Herring age distributions (by number), 1999-2001, and catch rates (numbers per days fished), 1988 - 2002, from spring research gill net program for BB-TB separately.


Figure 10. Herring age distributions (by number), 1999-2001, and catch rates (numbers per days fished), 1988 - 2002, from the spring research gill net program for SMB-PB separately.


Figure 11. Estimation of relative year class sizes at age 4 from research gill net catch rates.


Figure 12. Area map of Notre Dame Bay indicating survey strata and transects for the 2000 inshore acoustic survey.


Figure 12 (cont.'). Area map of White Bay and Green Bay indicating survey strata and transects for the 2000 inshore acoustic survey.


Figure 13. Distribution and density of herring on transects during the 2000 inshore acoustic survey of White Bay - Notre Dame Bay. Relative densities of herring are represented by expanding black symbols.


Figure 13 (cont.'). Distribution and density of herring on transects during the 2000 inshore acoustic survey of White Bay - Notre Dame Bay. Relative densities of herring are represented by expanding black symbols.



Figure 14. Age distributions from the 1998 and 2000 White Bay - Notre Dame Bay acoustic surveys.


Figure 15. Area map of Fortune Bay indicating survey strata and transects for the 2001 inshore acoustic survey.


Figure 16. Distribution and density of herring on transects during the 2001 inshore acoustic survey of Fortune Bay. Relative densities of herring are represented by expanding black symbols.


Figure 17. Age distributions of herring from the 1999 and 2001 Fortune Bay acoustic surveys.


Figure 18. Annual parameters derived from commercial gill net logbooks for White Bay Notre Dame Bay.


Figure 19. Commercial herring gill net locations, by year, for White Bay - Notre Dame Bay, from commercial gill net logbooks.
Catch Rates from Logbooks

Abundance Estimates from Logbooks


$$
\text { - Current Year } \quad \text { Previous Year }
$$



Figure 20. Annual abundance indices derived from commercial gill net logbooks for White Bay - Notre Dame Bay.


Figure 21. Annual parameters derived from commercial gill net logbooks for Bonavista Bay Trinity Bay.


Figure 22. Commercial herring gill net set locations, by year, for Bonavista Bay - Trinity Bay, from commercial gill net logbooks.


Figure 23. Annual abundance indices derived from commercial gill net logbooks for Bonavista Bay - Trinity Bay.


Figure 24. Annual parameters derived from commercial gill net logbooks for St. Mary's Bay Placentia Bay.


Figure 25. Commercial herring gill net set locations, by year, for St. Mary's Bay - Placentia Bay and Fortune Bay, from commercial gill net logbooks.




Figure 26. Annual abundance indices derived from commercial gill net logbooks for St. Mary’s Bay - Placentia Bay.


Figure 27. Annual parameters derived from commercial gill net logbooks for Fortune Bay.


Figure 28. Annual abundance indices derived from commercial gill net logbooks for Fortune Bay.


Figure 29. Responses to questions regarding abundance (numbers) of herring in home bay in current year and previous year (left panels) compared to when you first started fishing herring (right panels). Solid circles represent means for the current year; x's represent means for the previous year as estimated during the current year. Vertical lines represent range of responses; sample sizes are listed above each vertical line and bar.


Figure 30. Age range and experience of purse seine fishers. Solid circles represent means for the current year, vertical lines represent the range of responses, and sample sizes are listed above each line.


Figure 31. Responses to questions regarding bays fished (left panels) and months fished (right panels). Solid circles (right panels) represent means, horizontal bars represent the range of responses, and sample sizes are listed at the top.


Figure 32. Responses to questions regarding the number (left panels) and size (middle panels) of herring schools detected (per day) during the fishery in the current year compared to the previous year, and abundance during the current year fishery compared to when you first started fishing herring (right panels). Sample sizes are listed above each bar.


Figure 33. Responses to a question regarding locations of successful sets (sets in which herring were caught) in White Bay - Notre Dame Bay.


Figure 33 (cont.'). Responses to a question regarding locations of successful sets (sets in which herring were caught) in Bonavista - Trinity Bay.


Figure 33 (cont.'). Responses to a question regarding locations of successful sets (sets in which herring were caught) in St. Mary's Bay - Placentia Bay.


Figure 34. Comparison of landings from purse seine questionnaires and from commercial statistics, 1996 - 2001.


Figure 35. Responses to a question regarding why herring were discarded during the fishery.


Figure 36. Responses to questions regarding the amount of herring discarded during the fishery in the current year compared to the previous year (left panels), and responses regarding the seasonal timing of herring migration in the current year compared to the previous year (right panels). Sample sizes are listed above each bar.


Figure 37. Comparison of water temperatures (two year running mean), 1983 - 2000, from Placentia Bay, Bonavista Bay, and Notre Dame Bay, with Station 27 (off St. John’s).


Figure 38. Mean salinities at 0, 20, and 50 m, from Station 27 (off St. John's), 1983 - 2001.


Figure 39. Comparison of length and age at maturity ogives for White Bay - Notre Dame Bay spring spawning herring for the periods 1982 - 1984 and $1999-2001$.


Figure 40. Comparison of length and age at maturity ogives for Bonavista Bay - Trinity Bay spring spawning herring for the periods 1982 - 1984 and $1999-2001$.


Figure 41. Comparison of length and age at maturity ogives for St. Mary's Bay - Placentia Bay spring spawning herring for the periods 1982 - 1984 and $1999-2001$.


Figure 42. Comparison of length and age at maturity ogives for Fortune Bay spring spawning herring for the periods 1982 - 1984 and 1999 - 2001.


Figure 43. Proportion of herring in harp seal diet, winter and summer, in inshore areas of NAFO Div. 2J3KL, 1986 - 1998.


Figure 44. Comparison of acoustic biomass estimates for Bonavista Bay - Trinity Bay, 1984 1999.


Figure 45. Comparison of acoustic biomass estimates for St. Mary's Bay - Placentia Bay, 1986-2000.


[^0]:    * This series documents the scientific basis for the evaluation of fisheries resources in Canada. As such, it addresses the issues of the day in the time frames required and the documents it contains are not intended as definitive statements on the subjects addressed but rather as progress reports on ongoing investigations.
    * La présente série documente les bases scientifiques des évaluations des ressources halieutiques du Canada. Elle traite des problèmes courants selon les échéanciers dictés. Les documents qu'elle contient ne doivent pas être considérés comme des énoncés définitifs sur les sujets traités, mais plutôt comme des rapports d'étape sur les études en cours.

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[^1]:    ${ }^{\text {ºn }}$ provisional

[^2]:    * provisional

