## CSAS

Canadian Stock Assessment Secretariat
Research Document 2000/133

Not to be cited without
Permission of the authors ${ }^{1}$

## SCÉS

Secrétariat canadien pour l'évaluation des stocks
Document de recherche 2000/133

Ne pas citer sans
autorisation des auteurs ${ }^{1}$

# Redfish Catch Results from Summer 2000 Survey in Unit 2 

John McClintock

AMEC
95 Bonaventure Avenue
P.O. Box 2035

St. John's, Newfoundland
A1C 5R6
${ }^{1}$ This series documents the scientific basis for ${ }^{1}$ La présente série documente les bases the evaluation of fisheries resources in scientifiques des évaluations des ressources Canada. As such, it addresses the issues of halieutiques du Canada. Elle traite des the day in the time frames required and the documents it contains are not intended as definitive statements on the subjects addressed but rather as progress reports on ongoing investigations. problèmes courants selon les échéanciers dictés. Les documents qu'elle contient ne doivent pas être considérés comme des énoncés définitifs sur les sujets traités, mais plutôt comme des rapports d'étape sur les études en cours.

Research documents are produced in the official language in which they are provided to the Secretariat.

Les documents de recherche sont publiés dans la langue officielle utilisée dans le manuscrit envoyé au Secrétariat.

This document is available on the Internet at: Ce document est disponible sur l'Internet à:
http://www.dfo-mpo.gc.ca/csas/


#### Abstract

To enhance the fisheries research database in Unit 2, NAFO Divisions 3Pn, 3Ps, 4 Vn , and 4 Vs , the Groundfish Enterprise Allocation Council (GEAC) has funded redfish surveys during winter 1997, and summer 1998, 1999, and 2000. The continuing intent is to maintain a series of annual summer surveys to complement current resource assessment activities carried out by the Department of Fisheries and Oceans (DFO). GEAC funded and performed the surveys with scientific guidance from DFO in the design and execution of a stratified random survey and the associated sampling. The data collected during these surveys have been subsequently analysed on behalf of GEAC and for the additional intent of providing this information to DFO, for their databases and their assessment work. This is the fourth such GEAC redfish survey in Unit 2 following on the previous 1997 to 1999 surveys. Catch statistics, length distribution, and stratified analysis estimates of redfish abundance and biomass, and interpretation of results are presented. The Unit 2 biomass estimate is 169 ktonnes compared with the 1997 to 1999 values of 240, 222, and 94 ktonnes respectively. The 1980 year-class is still "prevalent" and increased in numbers for 4 Vn and 4Vs, with comparable numbers to 1999 in 3Ps and a slight reduction from 1999 in 3Pn. The 1988 year-class remains absent from 3 Pn and 4 Vn , is down slightly in 3Ps and up slightly from 1999 in 4Vs although still at levels slightly below those seen in 1997 and greatly reduced from those seen in 1998. The 1988 year class does appear to be gradually replacing the 1980 year class in the adult population as evidenced in 3Ps and 4Vs, although the 1988 year class is still not as strong is the 1980 year class. The 1994 year-class first seen in 3Pn in 1998 is now evident in 3Pn and also in 3Ps and 4Vn. The 2000 survey used a liner whereas the previous three years did not so that with this element of selectivity the surveys are not comparable in this one regard. Within the Laurentian Channel and slopes, where a great portion of the fish were caught in 2000 - the other area being on the southern reaches of the continental shelf - there continues to be a prevalence of fish towards the western reaches with a possible slight increase on the western 4 Vs side compared to that to the east and 3Ps. Depth and oceanographic conditions may be factors associated with these aggregations.


## Résumé

Pour améliorer la base de données de recherche sur les pêches pour l'unité de gestion 2 (sous-divisions 3Pn, 3Ps, 4Vn et 4Vs de l'OPANO), le Conseil des allocations aux entreprises d'exploitation du poisson de fond (GEAC) a financé des relevés du sébaste effectués àl'hiver 1997 et aux étés 1998, 1999 et 2000. Ces travaux ont pour but d'obtenir une série de relevés annuels d'été afin de compléter les activités d'évaluation des ressources que mène actuellement le Ministère des Pêches et Océans (MPO). Le GEAC a financé et réalisé les relevés avec l'aide du MPO, qui a fourni des conseils scientifiques pour la conception et la réalisation d'un relevé aléatoire stratifié et des échantillonnages connexes. Les données ainsi recueillies ont été analysées pour le compte du GEAC et en vue de les transmettre au MPO pour les bases de données et dans les travaux d'évaluation. Ce document aborde le quatrième relevé annuel du sébaste dans l'unité de gestion 2, lequel donne suite aux relevés effectués de 1997 à 1999. Le document présente des statistiques de capture, la distribution des longueurs, des estimations par analyse stratifiée de l'abondance et de la biomasse du sébaste ainsi que l'interprétation des résultats. La biomasse estimée pour l'unité de gestion 2 est de 169 kilotonnes, alors qu'elle se chiffrait à240, 222 et 94 kilotonnes en 1997, 1998 et 1999, respectivement. La classe d'âge de 1980 est encore dominante; son effectif a augmenté dans les sous-divisions 4 Vn et 4 Vs , s'est maintenue àun niveau semblable àcelui de 1999 dans 3Ps et a légèrement fléchi dans 3Pn, par rapport à 1999. La classe d'âge de 1988 est toujours absente dans 3Pn et 4 Vn ; par rapport à 1999, son effectif a légèrement baissé dans 3Ps et légèrement augmenté dans 4Vs, mais àdes niveaux un peu inférieurs àceux de 1997 et beaucoup plus bas que ceux de 1998. Même si la classe d'âge de 1988 n'est toujours pas aussi forte que celle de 1980, la première semble remplacer graduellement la deuxième dans la population adulte, comme l'indiquent les données pour 3Ps and 4Vs. Observée pour la première fois dans 3Pn en 1998, la classe d'âge de 1994 est maintenant bien représentée dans $3 P n, 3 P s$ et 4 Vn . Étant donné que, contrairement aux trois années précédentes, une doublure a été utilisée pour le relevé de 2000, les données des relevés ne sont pas comparables sur le plan de la sélectivité des engins. Dans le chenal Laurentien et ses pentes, où une partie importante des poissons ont été capturés en 2000 (l'autre secteur étant la partie sud du plateau continental), les poissons se concentrent davantage du côté ouest (4Vs), où leur nombre semble augmenter légèrement, plutôt que vers l'est et dans la sous-division 3Ps. La profondeur et les conditions océaniques pourraient être des facteurs liés à ces concentrations.

## Introduction

To enhance the fisheries research database in Unit 2, NAFO Divisions 3Pn, 3Ps, 4 Vn , and 4 Vs , the Groundfish Enterprise Allocation Council (GEAC) has funded redfish surveys during winter 1997, and summer 1998, 1999, and 2000. The continuing intent is to maintain a series of annual summer surveys to complement current resource assessment activities carried out by the Department of Fisheries and Oceans (DFO). GEAC funded and performed the surveys with scientific guidance from DFO in the design and execution of a stratified random survey and the associated sampling. The data collected during these surveys have been subsequently analysed on behalf of GEAC and for the additional intent of providing this information to DFO, for their databases and their assessment work. This is the fourth such GEAC redfish survey in Unit 2 following on the previous 1997 to 1999 surveys (CSAS Research Document 99/155 [1]). Under contract to GEAC, AMEC has taken the set catch and length frequencies data logged using the DFO FFS system, and performed a first analysis of the survey results. This document presents these results.

## Methods and Materials

A Stratified Random survey was carried out in Unit 2 by the M.V. Cape Beaver. A summary of the trip is presented below.

## Trip 3: Stratified Random Survey

Trip 3 was carried out from 15-23 August 2000. These dates match the 31 August to 9 September 1999 survey and 16-23 August 1998 survey. The 1997 survey was carried out from 1-12 December. The Cape Beaver was also used in the 1997 and 1999 surveys. The M.V. Cape Ballard, a ship of comparable size and design, performed the 1998 survey. During the trip, length sampling was carried out on board, and the set details and length frequencies data were logged onboard in the DFO FFS system.

Tows of duration 30 minutes were conducted at a speed of 3.5 knots using a commercial Engel 170' bottom trawl with a 105-110 mm lined cod end. Performance of the trawl was checked onboard using Scanmar sensors and logged using Seatrawl software. The trawl gear and configuration were identical to those used in the 1997 to 1999 surveys with the exception that the 1997 to 1999 surveys did not use a liner.

A total of 94 successful stratified random tow sets were completed. One set was unsuccessful.

## Results and Discussion

The set details and redfish length frequencies were exported from FFS to create ASCII digital data files.

ACON plots of the 2000 spatial distribution of catch weights are presented in Figure 1 together with results from the 1997 to 1999 surveys. Figure 1a shows a map illustrating the location of the strata surveyed. Table 1 presents a summary of the redfish set details and catch numbers and weights.

Nearly all sets were 30 minutes duration. Two sets 15 and 70 had durations of 20 and 15 minutes. The catches for all sets were adjusted to a standard 30 minute tow in the presentation of Table 1 and Figure 1 results and also in the stratified analysis (see below). The redfish were sampled in 1 cm length groupings and all ratio/percentages of catch measured were applied.

The mean redfish catch for the 94 stratified random sets is 553 fish and a mean catch weight of 256 kg . Redfish were caught in all successful sets.

Seven large catches exceeding 900 kg were obtained (sets $2,4,5,19,22,95$ ) with four along the deep slopes of the continental shelf and three others located along the western deep slope sides of the Laurentian Channel. Five of these seven sets were in 4 Vs including the three largest sets having catches of 2600 to 2825 kg . The two other largest sets are located in the southeast corner of 4 Vn just south of $46^{\circ} \mathrm{N}$ and in 3Ps just south of $45^{\circ} \mathrm{N}$. The majority of the remaining population is well distributed in numerous smaller sized pockets northwestward along the Laurentian Channel. Compared to the previous three years there appears to be some tendency for population concentrations towards the south. The pockets of catches in the 200 to 800 kg range present in 1997 and 1998 and to a lesser degree in 1999 located along the $4 \mathrm{~V}-3 \mathrm{P}$ border between $46-47^{\circ} \mathrm{N}$ are scaled down and/or appear to be more greatly dispersed in that region in 2000.

Stratified Random surveys analysis was carried out using the DFO stratified analysis STRAP software and applying the French Exclusion Zone around St. Pierre et Miquelon for area calculations. A wingspread of 69 feet was used, consistent with the 1997-1999 analyses.

Table 2 presents mean weight per set and biomass estimates. Observations to make include:

- In 3Pn, the biomass estimate of 6362 t is down $40 \%$ from 1999 and down no more than $30 \%$ from 1997 and 1998. The overall 3Pn mean weight per set is 90 kg , a decrease from the rising trend seen in the previous three years: 108, 127 , and 158 kg . In spite of this, the mean weights in 2000 are actually the largest in the four years for the 275-366 m "mid-depth" strata, eight to ten times larger than 1998 and 1999, and twice as large as that seen in 1997. The strata for the depths $185-274 \mathrm{~m}$ show the greatest reduction.
- In 3Ps, the biomass estimate of 37916 t is comparable to that for 1999 and $20 \%$ less than that for 1998, and $60 \%$ less than the 1997 estimate. The overall 3Ps mean weight per set is 128 kg and being of similar proportions less than the 1997 to 1999 counterparts. The range of mean weights, (95\% upper and lower value) 71 to 184 kg , is noticeably tighter though than for the earlier years. This is also evident in Figure 1.
- In 4 Vn , the biomass estimate of 32714 t is up $40 \%$ from 1999 , but still roughly half the estimates for 1997 and 1998. The overall mean weight has increased to 168 kg . The mean weights in strata 415 and 416 are decreased, while for the deeper water stratum 417, the value is double that of 1999.
- In 4Vs, the biomass estimate is 92020 t , the largest value in the four years. This is almost five times larger than the 1999 estimate, is comparable to the 1998 estimate and is up $45 \%$ from 1997. The mean weight per set for 4 Vs is 692 kg, with broad upper and lower limits.
- Overall, in Unit 2, the total biomass estimate for 2000 is 169 ktonnes, up $80 \%$ from the 1999 estimate of 94 ktonnes, and approximately $25 \%$ less than the 1997 and 1998 estimates of 240 and 222 ktonnes respectively.

Figure 2 presents the redfish survey abundance index at length values, by sex, for the 1997-2000 Unit 2 surveys. The 2000 distribution shapes are similar to those for 1999 with a general overall increase in abundance. Three modes are evident. The 1980 year class is clearly present in the $31-36 \mathrm{~cm}$ range. The 1988 year class is present in the $25-27 \mathrm{~cm}$ range for males and likely though not as evident, following on the mode in 1999, in the $28-31 \mathrm{~cm}$ range for females. A third mode $18-20 \mathrm{~cm}$ is also evident, most noticeably for females, likely the 1994 year class seen in 1998 in 3 Pn (Figure 3). Consistent with the previous years, female sizes appear to be 2-4 cm larger than their male counterparts for a given year class grouping.

Figure 4 presents the male and female abundance distributions for all four years together. Except for 1998, the 1980 year class shows a greater proportion of the male population than the 1988 year class in all survey years. The 1980 year class abundance in 2000 is comparable in size and shape to that seen in 1998, about twice as large as that seen in 1999, and about half that seen in 1997. The 1988 year class in 2000 is comparable in size and shape to that seen in 1999, less than half the magnitude as that seen in 1997 with an increased shift of about 4 cm in the distribution, and considerably less than that seen in 1998. For males, the peaks for the 1980 year class group have increased by about 1 cm per year, from 31 cm in 1997 to 32 cm in 1998 and 1999 and to 33 cm in 2000. The 1988 year class group peaks have similarly increased from 24 cm in 1997 to 25 cm in 1998 and to 26 cm in 1999 and 2000.

For females, the 1980 year class shows a greater proportion of the female population than the 1988 year class in all survey years. The 1980 year class abundance in 2000 is increased by about a half from 1999 but still about half that
seen in 1997 and 1998. The 2000 peak of the 1980 year class mode is about twice as large as that seen in 1999, and about half that seen in 1997 and 1998. The 1988 year class in 2000 is comparable in size and shape to that seen in 1999, and considerably less than those seen in 1997 and 1998. As mentioned above, a third mode that appears to correspond to the 1994 year class is present at lengths 18-20 cm . The peak of this mode is at 19 cm for females and 20 cm for males in 2000. In 1998, in division 3Pn, there was a similar small peak at 16 cm . For females, the peaks for the 1980 year class group have increased by about 1 cm per year, from 33 cm in 1997 to 34 cm in 1998, to 33 cm in 1999 and up to 35 cm in 2000. The 1988 year class group peaks have stayed at around 27 cm for 1997 to 1999. As noted the peak for 2000 is not well-defined; however, the largest value appears at 30 cm .

Figure 3 presents the length distributions for each division for all four years of the GEAC surveys. The mean number per standard tow is presented. Figure 5 presents the same information, arranged with all four years together in a graph for each division.

In 3Pn, there is a continued presence of the 1980 year class in the $32-34 \mathrm{~cm}$ range, somewhat reduced in magnitude from the previous three years. There is almost an absence of fish in the $22-27 \mathrm{~cm}$ range corresponding to the 1988 year class. And, consistent with the 1998 survey, the 1994 year class is again apparent.

In 3Ps, the 1980 year class is still evident in the 33-36 cm range. The 1988 year class numbers are down with there no longer being a well-defined peak for that mode. The 1994 year class may be evident in the 19-21 cm range. Except for this new feature, numbers are down in 3Ps pretty well uniformly across all other lengths from those values seen in 1997 to 2000.

In 4 Vn , the 1980 year class is present in the $32-35 \mathrm{~cm}$ range and up slightly from 1999 but noticeably reduced in magnitude from 1997 and 1998. As for 3Pn, there is almost a total absence of fish in the $22-27 \mathrm{~cm}$ range corresponding to the 1988 year class. And, as for 3Pn again, the 1994 year class is apparent at 19 cm .

In 4 Vs , the 1980 year class is evident in the $34-35 \mathrm{~cm}$ range. This grouping is increased from that observed in the previous three years. The 1988 year class numbers are up slightly from 1999 but are down from 1997 and 1998 and as for 3Ps, though perhaps not to the same extent, the well-defined peak for that mode is either reduced in size and/or has moved into the 1980 year class group. There is also a small presence in the $42-43 \mathrm{~cm}$ range not evident in the previous years or the other divisions.

## Summary

The following summary observations can be made:

- The Unit 2 biomass estimate of 169 ktonnes is up from the 1997 to 1999 values of 240, 222, and 94 ktonnes respectively more in keeping with the first
two years, although still down from those years but also suggesting that perhaps 1999's low values were an anomaly. A small caution with this estimate is that since a liner was used in 2000, some selectivity should be applied for comparison with the earlier years. At the same time, the additional redfish seen at the smaller lengths of 20 cm amount to $6 \%$ of the 2000 abundance estimate of 318 million. By comparison, very small amounts of about $1 \%$ or less of the fish caught in 1997 to 1999 are less than 20 cm , consistent with the absence of a liner. Overall, some level of stability can be inferred for the past four years. Continued annual surveys are required to monitor the stock status.
- The 1980 year-class is still "prevalent" and increased in numbers for 4 Vn and 4 Vs , with comparable numbers to 1999 in 3Ps and a slight reduction from 1999 in 3Pn.
- The 1988 year-class remains absent from 3Pn and 4 Vn , is down slightly in 3Ps and up slightly from 1999 in 4Vs although still at levels slightly below those seen in 1997 and greatly reduced from those seen in 1998. The 1988 year class does appear to be gradually replacing the 1980 year class in the adult population as evidenced in 3Ps and 4Vs, although the 1988 year class is still not as strong is the 1980 year class.
- The 1994 year-class first seen in 3Pn in 1998 is now evident in 3Pn and also in 3Ps and 4Vn. As noted above, the 2000 survey used a liner whereas the previous three years did not so that with this element of selectivity the surveys are not comparable in this one regard. GEAC indicate they will do comparison fishing in 2001 to determine differences with and without a liner to make earlier surveys more comparable.
- Within the Laurentian Channel and slopes, where a great portion of the fish were caught in 2000 - the other area being on the southern reaches of the continental shelf - there continues to be a prevalence of fish towards the western reaches with a possible slight increase on the western 4 Vs side compared to that to the east and 3Ps. Depth and oceanographic conditions may be factors associated with these aggregations.


## Acknowledgement

The author would like to thank Don Power of DFO, and is most appreciative of his assistance in this work.

## References

[1] Power, D., 1999. "The Status of Redfish in Unit 2." CSAS Research Document 99/155."

| Cape Beaver (vessel code 47) Trip 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  | Redfish |  | Set <br> Duration <br> (min) | Tow Distance (n.mi.) | Redfish Mean |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Unit | Set Location | ation | Catch ** | Catch ** |  |  |  |
| Set | Day | StrLin | Division | Area | Lat (N) Lo | Long (W) | \# of Fish | Weight (kg) |  |  |  |
| 1 | 15 | 451 | 4Vs | J34 | 44.17 | 58.29 | 236 | 25 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.11 |
| 2 | 15 | 468 | 4 Vs | к34 | 44.24 | 57.80 | 7535 | 2647 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.35 |
| 3 | 15 | 451 | 4 Vs | к34 | 44.35 | 57.65 | 367 | 87 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.24 |
| 4 | 15 | 399 | 4 Vs | L33 | 44.57 | 56.92 | 3512 | 2600 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.74 |
| 5 | 16 | 708 | 3 Ps | мзз | 44.85 | 55.70 | 5866 | 1686 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.29 |
| 6 | 16 | 708 | 3 Ps | мзз | 44.95 | 55.54 | 1574 | 523 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.33 |
| 7 | 16 | 707 | 3 Ps | N32 | 45.06 | 54.95 | 1367 | 218 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.16 |
| 8 | 16 | 318 | 3 Ps | N32 | 45.08 | 54.86 | 165 | 39 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.24 |
| 9 | 16 | 707 | 3 Ps | м33 | 44.98 | 55.53 | 1994 | 529 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.27 |
| 10 | 16 | 318 | 3 Ps | M33 | 44.95 | 55.63 | 927 | 103 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.11 |
| 11 | 16 | 706 | 3 Ps | L32 | 45.10 | 56.30 | 184 | 30 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.16 |
| 12 | 16 | 711 | 3 Ps | L32 | 45.01 | 56.39 | 507 | 288 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.57 |
| 13 | 16 | 398 | 4 Vs | L33 | 44.73 | 56.51 | 652 | 352 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.54 |
| 14 | 16 | 398 | 4Vs | L33 | 44.80 | 56.67 | 201 | 115 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.57 |
| 15 | 17 | 398 | 4 Vs | K33 | 44.78 | 57.02 | 1011 | 594 | 20 | 1.2 | 0.59 |
| 16 | 17 | 398 | 4 Vs | к33 | 44.85 | 57.02 | 228 | 145 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.64 |
| 17 | 17 | 398 | 4 Vs | L33 | 44.97 | 56.92 | 375 | 221 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.59 |
| 18 | 17 | 398 | 4 Vs | K32 | 45.09 | 57.07 | 202 | 125 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.62 |
| 19 | 17 | 397 | 4 Vs | K32 | 45.22 | 57.18 | 4449 | 2825 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.63 |
| 20 | 17 | 399 | 4 Vs | K32 | 45.14 | 57.45 | 255 | 157 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.62 |
| 21 | 17 | 400 | 4 Vs | K32 | 45.22 | 57.57 | 274 | 157 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.57 |
| 22 | 17 | 446 | 4 V s | K32 | 45.27 | 57.71 | 966 | 1000 | 30 | 1.8 | 1.04 |
| 23 | 17 | 446 | 4 Vs | K32 | 45.42 | 57.78 | 231 | 85 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.37 |
| 24 | 17 | 400 | 4 Vs | K32 | 45.47 | 57.62 | 203 | 120 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.59 |
| 25 | 17 | 397 | 4 Vs | к32 | 45.45 | 57.50 | 116 | 67 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.58 |
| 26 | 17 | 397 | 3 Ps | к32 | 45.44 | 57.15 | 192 | 119 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.62 |
| 27 | 17 | 712 | 3 Ps | K32 | 45.44 | 57.11 | 904 | 558 | 31 | 1.8 | 0.62 |
| 28 | 17 | 711 | 3 Ps | L32 | 45.31 | 56.96 | 224 | 142 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.63 |
| 29 | 17 | 711 | 3 Ps | L32 | 45.40 | 56.66 | 146 | 87 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.60 |
| 30 | 18 | 316 | 3 Ps | L32 | 45.42 | 56.47 | 381 | 58 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.15 |
| 31 | 18 | 706 | 3 Ps | L32 | 45.44 | 56.52 | 116 | 27 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.23 |
| 32 | 18 | 706 | 3 Ps | L32 | 45.48 | 56.55 | 253 | 91 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.36 |
| 33 | 18 | 712 | 3 Ps | L31 | 45.78 | 56.98 | 34 | 18 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.53 |
| 34 | 18 | 316 | 3 Ps | L31 | 45.85 | 56.86 | 407 | 146 | 31 | 1.8 | 0.36 |
| 35 | 18 | 705 | 3 Ps | к30 | 46.03 | 57.12 | 263 | 57 | 29 | 1.7 | 0.22 |
| 36 | 18 | 313 | 3 Ps | к30 | 46.16 | 57.19 | 165 | 50 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.30 |
| 37 | 18 | 712 | 3 Ps | K30 | 46.03 | 57.25 | 142 | 79 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.56 |
| 38 | 18 | 712 | 3 Ps | к31 | 45.88 | 57.39 | 146 | 90 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.62 |
| 39 | 18 | 415 | 4 Vn | K31 | 45.69 | 57.58 | 2024 | 1139 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.56 |
| 40 | 18 | 415 | 4 Vn | K31 | 45.86 | 58.00 | 225 | 126 | 31 | 1.8 | 0.56 |
| 41 | 18 | 416 | 4 Vn | J31 | 45.85 | 58.10 | 64 | 41 | 29 | 1.7 | 0.65 |
| 42 | 18 | 416 | 4 Vn | J30 | 46.02 | 58.35 | 108 | 61 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.56 |
| 43 | 18 | 416 | 4 Vn | J30 | 46.04 | 58.44 | 86 | 46 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.53 |
| 44 | 19 | 415 | 4 Vn | J30 | 46.09 | 58.11 | 274 | 161 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.59 |
| 45 | 19 | 415 | 4 Vn | J30 | 46.28 | 58.29 | 170 | 99 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.58 |
| 46 | 19 | 415 | 4 Vn | J30 | 46.31 | 58.31 | 1264 | 724 | 29 | 1.7 | 0.57 |
| 47 | 19 | 714 | 3 Ps | J29 | 46.53 | 58.03 | 123 | 77 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.63 |
| 48 | 19 | 713 | 3 Ps | K30 | 46.42 | 57.95 | 157 | 91 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.58 |
| 49 | 19 | 713 | 3 Ps | к30 | 46.36 | 57.89 | 141 | 84 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.60 |
| 50 | 19 | 713 | 3 Ps | K30 | 46.23 | 57.93 | 421 | 257 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.61 |
| 51 | 19 | 713 | 3 Ps | к30 | 46.23 | 57.72 | 168 | 102 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.61 |
| 52 | 19 | 313 | 3 Ps | K30 | 46.26 | 57.28 | 100 | 16 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.16 |
| 53 | 19 | 705 | 3 Ps | к30 | 46.36 | 57.39 | 122 | 55 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.45 |
| 54 | 19 | 713 | 3 Ps | к30 | 46.40 | 57.59 | 60 | 34 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.57 |
| 55 | 19 | 310 | 3 Ps | K29 | 46.70 | 57.46 | 99 | 49 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.49 |
| 56 | 19 | 716 | 3 Ps | K29 | 46.78 | 57.54 | 117 | 55 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.47 |
| 57 | 20 | 715 | 3 Ps | K29 | 46.71 | 57.74 | 246 | 121 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.49 |
| 58 | 20 | 715 | 3 Ps | J29 | 46.93 | 58.03 | 171 | 95 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.56 |
| 59 | 20 | 714 | 3 Ps | J29 | 46.96 | 58.08 | 71 | 38 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.54 |
| 60 | 20 | 714 | 3 Ps | J28 | 47.07 | 58.30 | 133 | 73 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.55 |
| 61 | 20 | 714 | 3 Ps | J29 | 46.85 | 58.73 | 69 | 43 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.62 |
| 62 | 20 | 714 | 3 Ps | J29 | 46.72 | 58.46 | 160 | 99 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.62 |
| 63 | 20 | 714 | 3 Ps | J29 | 46.69 | 58.23 | 99 | 58 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.59 |
| 64 | 20 | 415 | 4 Vn | J29 | 46.61 | 58.55 | 89 | 51 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.57 |
| 66 | 20 | 415 | 4 Vn | J30 | 46.46 | 58.53 | 160 | 96 | 29 | 1.7 | 0.60 |
| 67 | 20 | 415 | 4 Vn | J30 | 46.37 | 58.60 | 209 | 125 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.60 |
| 68 | 20 | 415 | 4 Vn | J29 | 46.51 | 58.73 | 180 | 107 | 31 | 1.8 | 0.60 |
| 69 | 20 | 415 | 4 Vn | J29 | 46.60 | 58.83 | 177 | 106 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.60 |
| 70 | 21 | 416 | 4 Vn | H29 | 46.55 | 59.27 | 342 | 186 | 15 | 0.9 | 0.54 |
| 71 | 21 | 415 | 4 Vn | H29 | 46.71 | 59.34 | 283 | 174 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.61 |
| 72 | 21 | 415 | 4 Vn | H29 | 46.86 | 59.37 | 86 | 55 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.64 |
| 73 | 21 | 415 | 4 Vn | H29 | 46.94 | 59.53 | 55 | 31 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.56 |
| 74 | 21 | 415 | 4 Vn | H28 | 47.14 | 59.54 | 55 | 34 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.62 |
| 75 | 21 | 417 | 4 Vn | G28 | 47.07 | 60.10 | 317 | 141 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.44 |
| 76 | 21 | 417 | 4 Vn | G28 | 47.21 | 60.28 | 612 | 76 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.12 |
| 77 | 21 | 415 | 4 Vn | H28 | 47.32 | 59.77 | 123 | 43 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.35 |
| 78 | 21 | 415 | 4 Vn | H28 | 47.37 | 59.61 | 56 | 30 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.54 |
| 79 | 21 | 304 | 3 Pn | H27 | 47.50 | 59.33 | 1010 | 567 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.56 |
| 80 | 21 | 303 | 3 Pn | H28 | 47.50 | 59.23 | 355 | 120 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.34 |
| 81 | 21 | 304 | 3 Pn | H28 | 47.43 | 59.01 | 485 | 210 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.43 |
| 82 | 22 | 305 | 3 Pn | H28 | 47.31 | 59.35 | 256 | 179 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.70 |
| 83 | 22 | 305 | 3 Pn | H28 | 47.08 | 59.07 | 35 | 23 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.66 |
| 84 | 22 | 305 | 3 Pn | J28 | 47.10 | 58.95 | 29 | 17 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.59 |
| 85 | 22 | 305 | 3 Pn | J28 | 47.21 | 58.73 | 27 | 16 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.59 |
| 86 | 22 | 303 | 3 Pn | J27 | 47.51 | 58.12 | 31 | 14 | 29 | 1.7 | 0.47 |
| 87 | 22 | 303 | 3 Pn | J28 | 47.40 | 58.04 | 105 | 18 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.17 |
| 88 | 22 | 306 | 3 Ps | J28 | 47.16 | 58.02 | 165 | 37 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.22 |
| 89 | 22 | 306 | 3 Ps | к30 | 46.28 | 57.83 | 151 | 72 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.48 |
| 90 | 22 | 309 | 3 Ps | K28 | 47.27 | 57.20 | 417 | 240 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.58 |
| 91 | 22 | 716 | 3 Ps | K28 | 47.05 | 57.21 | 123 | 78 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.63 |
| 92 | 22 | 716 | 3 Ps | K28 | 47.04 | 57.10 | 162 | 104 | 29 | 1.7 | 0.64 |
| 93 | 22 | 310 | 3 Ps | K29 | 46.91 | 57.21 | 178 | 118 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.66 |
| 94 | 22 | 309 | 3 Ps | K28 | 47.02 | 57.50 | 163 | 65 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.40 |
| 95 | 23 | 468 | 4 Vs | J35 | 43.90 | 58.77 | 2069 | 945 | 30 | 1.8 | 0.46 |
| ** set ca | tch num | mbers a |  |  | Minimum |  | 27.0 | 14.5 | 15.0 | 0.9 | 0.11 |
| weights | adjuste | ed to a | standard |  | Maximum |  | 7535.0 | 2825.0 | 31.0 | 1.8 | 1.04 |
| 30 minu | te tow | at 3.5 kn |  |  | Mean |  | 552.6 | 256.2 | 29.7 | 1.7 | 0.50 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Median |  | 182.0 | 95.6 | 30.0 | 1.8 | 0.57 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Standard Error |  | 12.2 | 5.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total Count |  | $\begin{array}{r} 51948.6 \\ 94 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 24084.3 \\ 94 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2793.0 \\ 94 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 162.9 \\ 94 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 47.00 \\ 94 \end{array}$ |

Table 2 Mean weight (kg) of redfish caught per standard 30 minute tow and survey biomass in UNIT2
during GEAC surveys from 1997-2000. (Numbers in brackets are successful sets, "-" indicates strata not sampled). Total abundance estimates are noted at the bottom of the table.

| STRATUM | Depth Range (m) | Area sq. n. mi. | $\begin{array}{r} 1997 \\ \text { Dec } 1-12 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1998 \\ \text { Aug16-23 } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1999 \\ \text { Aug31-Sep9 } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2000 \\ \text { Aug15-23 } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 Pn |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 303 | 185-274 | 554 | 187.8 (2) | 651.2 (2) | ) 271.4 (3) | 50.9 (3) |
| 304 | 275-366 | 151 | 194.2 (2) | 49.8 (2) | ) 36.3 (2) | 388.5 (2) |
| 305 | 367+ | 733 | 27.2 (2) | 76.8 (2) | ) 96.7 (4) | 58.8 (4) |
| Upper |  |  | 828.3 | 982.8 | 443.2 | 175.8 |
| Mean |  |  | 108.4 | 126.7 | 157.7 | 90.4 |
| Lower |  |  | -611.6 | -729.4 | -127.8 | 5.0 |
| Biomass (me | tric tons) |  | 7630 | 8918 | 11100 | 6362 |
| 3 Ps |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 306 | 185-274 | 363 | 0.1 (2) | 11.7 (2) | ) 9.2 (2) | 54.5 (2) |
| 309 | 185-274 | 296 | 10.7 (2) | 106.4 (2) | (2) 411.0 (2) | 149.0 (2) |
| 310 | 185-274 | 170 |  | 20.7 (2) | ) 8.4 (2) | 70.5 (2) |
| 313 | 185-274 | 165 | 10.6 (2) | 10.6 (2) | ) 5.0 (2) | 33.0 (2) |
| 316 | 185-274 | 189 | 40.6 (2) | 68.3 (2) | ) 19.1 (2) | 104.5 (2) |
| 318 | 185-274 | 129 | 1697.5 (2) | - | 173.6 (2) | 71.0 (2) |
| 705 | 275-366 | 195 | 105.8 (2) | 29.1 (2) | ) 32.5 (2) | 56.6 (2) |
| 706 | 275-366 | 476 |  | 97.4 (2) | ) 58.3 (3) | 49.3 (3) |
| 707 | 275-366 | 74 | 707.3 (2) | 931.2 (2) | ) 202.0 (2) | 373.5 (2) |
| 715 | 275-366 | 128 | 204.3 (2) | 397.1 (2) | ) 249.5 (2) | 108.0 (2) |
| 716 | 275-366 | 539 | - | 195.4 (2) | ) 88.1 (3) | 80.0 (3) |
| 708 | 367-549 | 126 | 1267.8 (2) | 995.3 (2) | ) 1906.5 (2) | 1104.5 (2) |
| 711 | 367-549 | 593 | 482.1 (2) | 173.1 (2) | (2) 75.0 (3) | 172.3 (3) |
| 712 | 367-549 | 731 | 74.5 (3) | 160.4 (2) | (2) 64.9 (4) | 190.8 (4) |
| 713 | 367-549 | 851 | 1285.5 (4) | 31.1 (3) | ) 123.1 (5) | 113.6 (5) |
| 714 | 367-549 | 1047 | 236.2 (3) | 312.4 (3) | ) 99.3 (6) | 64.7 (6) |
| 709 | 550-731 | 147 |  | - | - |  |
| Upper |  |  | 903.1 | 267.4 | 552.2 | 184.2 |
| Mean |  |  | 444.4 | 173.3 | 135.5 | 127.6 |
| Lower |  |  | -14.2 | 79.2 | -281.2 | 71.0 |
| Biomass (me | tric tons) |  | 106329 | 50412 | 40273 | 37916 |
| 4 Vn |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 417 | 185-274 | 387 | 17.9 (2) | 347.6 (2) | ) 332.1 (2) | 108.5 (2) |
| 416 | 275-366 | 671 | 73.7 (2) | 242.5 (2) | ) 118.6 (4) | 83.8 (4) |
| 415 | 367-532 | 2915 | 416.7 (7) | 347.6 (8) | ) 92.5 (16) | 195.5 (16) |
| Upper |  |  | 1010.0 | 648.2 | 145.1 | 287.5 |
| Mean |  |  | 319.9 | 382.9 | 120.3 | 168.2 |
| Lower |  |  | -370.2 | 117.6 | 95.4 | 48.9 |
| Biomass (me | tric tons) |  | 62219 | 74474 | 23391 | 32714 |
| 4 Vs |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 446 | 185-366 | 313 | 32.4 (2) | 3550.8 (2) | ) | 542.5 (2) |
| 451 | 185-366 | 147 | 1995.7 (3) | - | - | 56.0 (2) |
| 452 | 185-366 | 345 | - | - | - | - |
| 397 | 367-549 | 540 | 1403.5 (3) | 279.0 (2) | ) 106.2 (2) | 1003.7 (3) |
| 398 | 367-549 | 833 | 51.1 (4) | 558.4 (3) | ) 320.6 (3) | 258.7 (6) |
| 399 | 367-549 | 465 | 56.3 (3) | 132.4 (2) | (2) $\quad 97.3$ (2) | 1378.5 (2) |
| 400 | 367-549 | 270 | 36.6 (2) | 78.4 (2) | ) 93.4 (2) | 138.5 (2) |
| 468 | 367-549 | 148 | 1077.6 (2) | - | - | 1796.0 (2) |
| Upper |  |  | 828.8 | 6604.9 | 357.5 | 1924.1 |
| Mean |  |  | 478.5 | 747.6 | 187.3 | 692.1 |
| Lower |  |  | 128.1 | -5109.7 | 17.1 | -540.0 |
| Biomass (metric tons) |  |  | 63619 | 88601 | 19329 | 92020 |
| TOTAL GEAC SURVEY BIOMASS |  |  | 239797 | 222405 | 94093 | 169012 |
| TOTAL ABUNDANCE (millions) |  |  | 486 | 497 | 182 | 318 |



Figure 1 Redfish Catch Weight Distributions from GEAC Stratified Random Surveys, Unit 2, 1997-2000.
200,400 , and 800 m depth contours are shown


Figure 1a Stratum boundaries within Unit 2.
Numbered strata indicate those surveyed during summer GEAC survey of Unit 2.


Figure 2 Redfish survey abundance index at length from GEAC Industry surveys of UNIT 2 from 1997-2000


Figure 3 Length distributions from stratified-random GEAC industry surveys to UNIT2 for 1997-2000. Plotted are mean number per standard ( 1.75 n . mi.) tow. X-axis is forklength in centimetres. The 1997 and 1999-2000 surveys were conducted by the MV Cape Beaver and the 1998 survey by the MV Cape Ballard. All surveys utilized an Engel 170 trawl. The 2000 survey also utilized a liner.


$$
\text { _Male } 1997 \text { Male } 1998 \text { ——Male } 1999 \text { _—— Male } 2000
$$


——Female 1997 ——Female 1998 ——Female 1999 ——Female 2000

Figure 4 Redfish survey abundance index at length from GEAC Industry surveys of Unit2, 1997-2000. Distributions are shown for male and for female populations.

3Pn


4Vn


3Ps


4Vs


Figure 5 Length distributions as per Figure 3, showing 1997-2000, one panel for each division. Plotted are mean number per standard ( 1.75 n . mi.) tow. X -axis is forklength in centimetres. Note different y -axis scales.

